LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS.

SIR JOHN A. MACDONALD'S continued ill health gives great anxiety to his friends.

SALMON PLANTING!—Mr. Wilmot has deposited 10,000 salmon fry in Salmon River, Ontario.

THE Rev. Dr. Read acknowledges with thanks, a donation of $20, from Rustico Church congregation, by the kindness of P. Mutch Esquire, Church Warden.

MANITOBA—POLITICAL.—It is reported that the Local Government of Manitoba has been defeated, and that Mr. Royal has been called up to form a new administration.

ELECTIONS.—The elections for Napiersville, Provencher, Vercheres, and West Elgin are to be held under the new election law. The writs have been signed by the Governor General.

"THE FARADAY SAFE."—The Steamer *Faraday*, reported to be wrecked on the coast of Nova Scotia between Halifax and Tor Bay, is safe. She was delayed by continuous fogs.

THE *Alhambra* took on her last trip from this port, 65 crates, 876 boxes 44 barrels eggs, for Boston; and 25 barrels pork to Halifax. The first cost of the eggs was nearly $4,000.

THE FAMINE IN INDIA.—By a late depatch reports from the famine districts are of the most favorable nature. The crops are in excellent condition. The number of persons employed at the relief works has decreased to 25,000, and only 400,000 are now being fed by Government.

A VALUABLE HORSE.—Advices from Sanfrancisco, California, report that the trotting horse, *Sam Purdy*, was recently sold at auction there for $21,500. It might pay some of our horse dealers to send their trotters over by the Pacific Railway.

PACIFIC RAILWAY. — The Toronto *Globe* says.—"It is, we understand, the intention of the Government to lose no time in commencing the great work of opening up communications with the North-west Territory.' We shall see.

MILITARY COLLEGE.—An Ottawa despatch reports:—"The Premier intends leaving Monday afternoon for Quebec to make an inspection of its advantages in order to decide upon a site for the new military college.'

TRADE WITH MONTREAL.—The cargo of the S. S. *California*, from Montreal, on the 7th inst., consisted of 650 bbls. flour, 12 boxes cheese, 64 packages cordage, 46 cases boots and shoes, 2 boxes scales, 10 bdls. paper, 3 cases drugs, and a quantity of dry goods. The *Hadji* arrived on the 9th with 1986 bbls. flour, and a large quantity of assorted merchandize.

EXCURSIONISTS from the United States and Canada are pouring into the Maritime Provinces. A large number have already arrived at Charlottetown. When all our hotels and public and private boarding houses are over-crowded, it will be a good time for some of our men of means to sit down and calculate the number of dollars lost to the city and the Province for want of accommodation for travellers who will be obliged to pass by our doors

TEMPERANCE PIC NIC. — It is gratifying to be able to announce that the first Temperance demonstration which has taken place for some years past near the city, was a grand success. On the 9th inst., the St. Patrick T. A. Society, held its first Picnic on St. Dunstan's College grounds. The weather was most auspicious, the attendance large and very respectable, and the means for enjoyment innocent, varied and attractive. The members of the Society marched from and to their Hall in the most orderly style, headed by Galbraith's band. It is universally acknowledged that it was the most orderly assemblage ever known in this vicinity, for, after notice of dispersing was given, the grounds were cleared in about five minutes. This augurs well for future demonstrations by this Society, which, though only in its infancy, counts over five hundred members. The Managing Committee deserve special credit for their pains in completing the arrangements which tended so materially to the success of the Picnic. The proceeds amounted to $170.

BOARD OF TRADE.—The following subjects will be considered at the meeting of the Dominion Board of Trade to be held in St John, N. B:—

1. Reciprocal Trade Relations with the United States — The Fisheries—Coasting Trade - Canals.
2. Trade between the Dominion and the West Indies, &c.
3. The Manufacturing, Mining, and Commercial interests of the Maritime Provinces
4. The Bay Verte Canal.
5. The proposed new Bankruptcy Law
6. Uniformity of condition in Insurance Policies.
7. Intimate Relations with the British Association of Chamber of Commerce—Appointment of Delegates to the Autumn Meeting at Newcastle on-Tyne.
8. General Law for organizing Boards of Trade in Canada. Boards affiliated with the Dominion Board of Trade to be registered under that Law, instituted by special act of Parliament.

INTERNAL REVENUE.—The following statement was prepared by the officers of Internal Revenue in this Province. It was first published in the *Patriot* of Thursday last:—

CHARLOTTETOWN DIVISION, 1873-4.

Amount Collected.

Licenses,	$1,050 00
Malt made in this Division,	3,320 97
Spirits " " "	164 18
Spirits received " "	4,081 52
Tobacco made " "	16,700 85
Tobacco received "	5,347 79
Total Collections,	$30,665 31

Tobacco Statement.

Materials imported—Leaf Tobacco, 89,-217 lbs; Liquerice, 3,863 lbs; Sugar, 2,265 lbs; Gum, 59 lbs. Total 95,404 lbs.

Tobacco Manufactured, 116,251 lbs; Duty paid ex factory, 31,167 lbs, Total, 85,084 lbs. Bonded since June 30, 1874, 966 lbs. Total to account for 84,118 lbs.

Tobacco Bonded from Manufactories, 84,118 lbs; Tobacco Bonded from other Divisions, 46,726 lbs Total in Bond, 130,-844 lbs.

Tobacco ex Warehouse, for Home Consumption, 112,155½ lbs for Exportation, 451. Balance in Bond, 18,337½ lbs.

Grain Statement.

Barley used, 9,741 bushels, 467,568 lbs.
Malt made, 10,392 bushels, 356,200 lbs.
Malt used, 347,405 lbs.
Beer, 111,817 gallons.

Spirit Statement.

Spirits made in this Division, 260,61 gallons; Spirits received in this Division, 10,-100.48 gallons, Total to account for 10,-361.00 gals.

Spirits paid duty ex factory, 260 61 gals., Spirits paid duty ex warehouse, 6,255.88 gallons; Spirits for exportation, 153.75 gallons. Balance in Bonded Warehouse, 3,690.85 gallons.

The Sultan has written to the Khedive of Egypt, cordially confirming the good relations between the Porte and Egypt.

LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS.

THE ship *Concordia* arrived from Cardiff, G. B., on the 7th inst., with 3,578 bars railroae iron and 1,390 pkgs. nuts and bolts.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.—One hundred and eighteen persons in the Dominion Civil Service are over sixty fixe years of age.

THE principal items of U. S. exportations received last week, consisted of 308 pkgs. svndry merchandize by *Alhambra*, and 216 pkgs. by the schr. *Amenta*.

PERSONAL.—Mayor Rankin and Mrs. Rankin, of this city, are in Halifax. Cartwright has left England to return to Canada. Dr. and Mrs. Gauverau are on a uisit to their friends here.

CIVIC ELECTIONS.—The Annual Civic Elections will take place on the first Tuesday of August—only three weeks hence. One or two candidates are in the field, and canvassing has already commenced.

HISTORY OF P. E. ISLAND.—Mr. Campbell, the historian of Nova Scotia has been in this Province for several weeks. It is rumoured that he is collecting materials to form a history of the Island.

EXPORTS.—A small craft took $1760 worth of wool to Pugwash the other day. It seems odd that we cannot manufacture our own wool to advantage, when Nova Scotians New Brunswickers and Yankees can purchase from us to such advantage that they can return us a manufactured article, certainly not better, but much cheaper than ours.

ECCLESIASTICAL. — The Synods of the Church of England in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, have decided to unite with the Provincial Synod of Canada. The Parishes of St. Paul and St. George's, Halifax, sent delegates to the Provincial Synod this year. Every Parish in Nova Scotia is now represented in the Synod of the Province.

ACCIDENT.—Mrs. McNally—widow of the late John McNally—for many years a resident at Battery Point, Lot 35, Hillsborough River—fell from a truck on her way home from Charlottetown, on Saturday evening, 4th inst. On Tuesday, the 7th, she died from the result of the fall. She had been in a weakly condition for a long time previous.

MOWING MACHINES.—We invite the attention of farmers to Blatch & McKenzie's advertisments of Mowing Machines. We have seen it set up for exhibition on Market Square, and to us it appears to be a perfect model of simplicity and lightness. If it will do the work that they claim it will do, it certainly must be a great improvement on the heavy complicated machines hitherto used here. At any rate farmers should call and examine, before purchasing a heavy cumbrous machine.

IMPORTS.—The importations last week consisted principally of the following items, exclusive of the two cargoes of flour and merchandise mentioned elsewhere:—444 tons coal, 445 tons lime and building stone, 501,000 sup. feet boards and deals, 2,000 pieces scantling, 41,000 feet pine, 20,000 palings, 71 M shingles, 201 M laths, 4,600 pieces deals and planks, and 38 masts and spars; 75 bbls and 11 hf. bbls mackerel, with 18 bbls. herring from St. Pierre; and 4 qtls. codfish, with 290 boxes preserved salmon, and 3 bbls herring from N. fld.; 524 pkgs. assorted mdse. from the United States; 10 tons grindstones from N. B., and a considerable quantity of liquors from Montreal.

STABBING AFFRAY.—Last evening, a man named John Kavanagh, a barber by trade, while under the influence of liquor, went into Mrs. Doyle's house, at the south end of Maitland Street, and cautioned her about harboring his sister. The woman did not give him much satisfaction. He then took up a knife which was lying on the table, and stabbed her in the breast, the blade glancing off towards the shoulder, inflicting a severe wound. After the deed was done, he ran away, and afterwards gave himself up at the Police Station at 11.30 o'clock. Kavanagh does not bear a good reputation, and was before the Police Court a short time ago for breaking Mrs. Doyle's windows.—*Hx. Reporter.*

"THE COMET" has, during the past week, been visible on fine evenings. The comet will reach that point (its perihelion) in its path nearest the sun, about the 8th July, but will be nearest the earth and brightest about the 20th July. Its least distance will be about that of Venus. The reports about the disasters which will occur should the comet's tail come in contact with the earth are purely sensational, since it is known that stars of small as the ninth magnitude have been distinctly observed through the densest portion of the nucleus of comets. No influence whatever on the weather, the climate or the health of the inhabitants of our planet from comets has ever been determined.

'IS IT TRUE?'—If all stories be true, King's County is a sort of paradise for smugglers. Brandy, we hear, can be purchased very cheap, and white sugar is a drug in the market. The best tobacco only, on which the eyes of an excise officer have never rested, is, in that happy country, smoked by the lovers of the weed. Cases of Holland Gin are snugly stored in many convenient nooks, waiting for the thirsty summer. Custom Houses, so the story goes, are considered there unnecessary institutions, and officers of the revenue mere ornamental figure-heads, whose sole duties are to live and let live. Gentlemen there, we are told, defer paying their notes until they have made the next run from French St. Peter's.—*Patriot.*—[Query? Is this true?—EDITOR EXAMINER.]

A PLEA FOR BACK HAIR. — Of all the fashions indulged in by our female friends, none has provoked more criticism and ridicule than that of wearing a redundancy of hair behind the head in the form of chignons, etc., and the fashion has been generally spoken of as a means of 'balancing the mental capacity in front,' or else as a proof that the fair sex are disbelievers in the assertion that beauty unadorned is adorned the most. It has never entered the craniums of the adverse critics that there was a useful as well as ornamental purpose served by the wearing of the hair in the manner referred to. It is our pleasant duty to-night to record a case where the back hair of a young lady saved her from, at least, a most serious accident. Yesterday afternoon the young lady alluded to visited, in company with others, McNab's Island, and during the afternoon indulged in a 'swing,' which she was enjoying right heartily, when suddenly she slipped from her seat and fell to the ground, the board attached to the swing striking her on the head with great violence after she fell. Fortunately, her 'back hair' was set pretty high up (whether from forethought or fancy we are not informed) so that the force of the blow, which otherwise must have been great, was warded off, and no serious injury was done. The moral adorning this tale is easily seen. Ladies, when you mount a swing, see that your hair is in good position.—*Hx. Reporter.*

LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS.

SCHOOL ENTERTAINMENT.—Go to the entertainment to be given by the pupils of St. Patrick's School on Thursday evening next. The programme is interesting.

WANTED—'A MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT.'—The Trustees of the Lunatic Asylum for the Insane, advertize that they require the services of a gentleman versed in the treatment of lunatics to be Superintendent of the Institution. They also want a matron and supervisor.

POSTAL ROBBERY.—Mr. Isaac L. Barnhill, senior postal clerk on tee railway line be tween Halifax and Pictou, has been arrested, charged with stealing money from letters. Evidence in the case was taken before the Stipendary magistrate of Halifax, and Barnhill has been committed for trial in the Supreme Court.

"OUR FISHERIES" — The following extract from the Report of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, shows the steady increase in the value of 'our fisheries' during the past four years:—

Provinces.	Years. 1870.	1871.	1872.	1873.
N. Scotia	$4,019,423	6,570,389	6,016,835	6,577,086
N. Bruns	1,131,435	1,578,695	1,965,469	2,285,661
Quebec	1,161,551	1,092,612	1,320,189	1,391,564
Ontario	264,982	213,177	167,633	293,090
P. E. Island				207,590

THE INSPECTION LAWS.—The Dominion Government has, we understand, deigned to ask the opinion entertained by our Chamber of Commerce respecting the "Inspection Law, 1874." This law provides for the inspection of corn and meal, wheat and other grain, beef and pork, pot ashes and pearl ashes, pickled fish and fish oil, butter, leather and raw hides. A short summary of the law is unavoidably crowded out of this issue of the EXAMINER.

TRADE OF THE DOMINION, 1873.—The *Monetary Times*, in an elaborate article on the trade, says:—"The total volume of trade in 1873 was $217,304,516. This is a large business for less than four millions of people to transact in twelve months. But its significance is all the more marked when we recollect that in 1869—only four years previously—our total transactions were under $128,000,000. How steadily, as well as rapidly, this expansion has gone on, will be seen at a glance by the following:

In 1870 the expansion was			$20,510,878
In 1871	"	"	12,733,271
In 1872	"	"	29,227,679
In 1873	"	"	26,955,737

These figures show an increase of $89,-427,565 in our commerce for four years, being at the rate of nearly twenty-two millions and a half per annum.

THE STEAM DREDGE.

THE STEAM DREDGE, now at work in Charlottetown Harbor, is a novelty to the people of this Province; and a short description of it will, doubtless, prove interesting.

Its strength and its ugliness, first strike the minds of observers. It is, we think, as ungainly a combination of wood and iron as was ever fashioned by the hand of man. Imagine a huge, flat-bottomed scow, eighty feet long, twenty-four feet broad, and seven feet deep; supported at each of its four corners by a piece of timber forty feet long; surmounted by a strong rough "hog frame;" and attached at one end to a 'crane,' in which a scoop, measuring two square yards, and fastened to a handle twenty or thirty feet long, moves up and down and around, with the regularity of clock work, as propelled by a sixty horse power engine, which the hand of the engineer controls. But let us inspect a little more closely. The frame of the dredge is exceedingly strong. The knees which strengthen it are of juniper. It is covered by a double diagonal planking—each two inches in thickness—and by a coat of ship plank four inches in thickness. To each of the 'spuds,' or posts at the corner, is attached a 'shoe' six feet long. These shoes go down into the mud to the depth of twenty feet. They keep the dredge stationary while at work. The machinery with which the dredge is fitted out was made at the 'Pound Manufacturing works,' Lockport, N. Y. It is the most powerful of its class; and it has been specially strengthened in parts where there is greatest strain. The Boiler is called a 'Return Flue Boiler.' It is twelve feet nine inches in length, and six feet six inches in diameter. The furnace is six feet long, and four feet six inches wide. There is a 'feed pump' with which to supply water to the boilers. The 'scoop' is made to perform its part by means of an elaborate combination of strong cogs, wheels and chains. And it, certainly, does its part well. Worked by Mr. John McCordrick, of St. John, N. B., Cranesman, it will lift one scoopful—each containing two square yards—every minute.

The dredge is attended by four scows. Each of these will hold about sixty square yards of mud. Each is furnished with an appliance, by which means it can be unloaded in a few seconds—both sides opening out at a given signal, and allowing the mud to go to the bottom.

The dredge was designed by, and constructed under the supervision of, John Boyd, Esq., C. E. She is commanded by Captain Henry Mutch, a man every way fitted for the responsible position. Her engineer is Mr. James G. Payne, of Ontario. Properly managed, she will be of inestimable benefit to the Island.

ANOTHER VICTORY.

GEORGE BROWN, of Halifax, is the Champion Oarsman of America. There is no doubt of it. In the contest at Springfield, Mass., with Scharff on Wednesday last, he won handsomely. The *Chronicle* gives the following particulars of the race:—

"Shortly after 5 o'clock the word 'Go' was given by the referee, Commodore Brady, of New York, and the men went off splendidly. Scharff took the water first, and, rowing 41 strokes a minute, got a slight lead. Brown pulled his average stroke, 38 very powerfully, and very soon shoved ahead. The lead once obtained was never lost. Scharff appeared to take a straight course, while Brown rowed a little wide and had to close in suddenly, coming so near Scharff that there appeared danger of a foul; but none occurred. Both men slackened their stroke a little after the first half mile. Scharff continued to row the fastest, but the long and powerful strokes of Brown proved best. Brown approached the stake boat by a less direct course than Scharff, but what he lost in that way he nearly made up by getting the current to assist in turning. He turned eight or ten seconds ahead, and quickly sought the western side of the river, where there was shelter from the broiling sun, Scharff following a length or two behind. The race was now in Brown's hands, and he took things easy, slowing down to 32 strokes, while Scharff labored hard at 36. This was kept up to the end, Brown crossing the line a length and a half or two lengths ahead. Scharff rowed over to him and shook hands. 'Is it a fair race?' asked George. 'Yes,' replied Scharff; 'you have beaten me fairly, and I believe you are the only man living can do it." Scharff's friends all admit that Brown won fairly, and they are enthusiastic in praising his abilities. There is great rejoicing among the Halifax men, many of whom have won largely. The stakes of four thousand dollars, and all bets will be paid over at once. Most of the Halifax men leave for Boston to-night. The rest to-morrow. Brown will not return for some days. He will remain to visit a married sister, who resides near this city. The time of the race was about thirty-six minutes, twenty-five seconds. No official time was taken."

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE ASYLUM.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE EXAMINER.

SIR.—All honor to Mr. Carvell, without whom nothing would have been done, for his spirited exposure of the infamous state of the Asylum. Although done is done, and cannot be undone, there is no reason why it should be repeated or continued; and I should like to give an opinion, as to how this unspeakable disgrace is to be remedied. The first step to be taken, is the instant and unconditional dismissal of Gidley, for his unheard of inhumanity. The report is sufficient condemnation, without further investigation. I am no lawyer, and do not not know whether anything can be done with the Trustees, for their very gross neglect of duty. Place the establishment under the management of a young and active medical man *for the present*; even if unused to the treatment of the insane, he will have some bowels of compassion for the unfortunates committed to his care. Then, to prevent all possibilty of the appointment being made a political job, procure some scientific physician, from England or elsewhere,—a gentleman well versed in the treatment of insanity,—pay him at least £500 stg. a year, and make him answerable for the good conduct of his subordinates, with the power of dismissal if their conduct is not satisfactory. Appoint (say three) salaried trustees, whose duty it shall be, to visit and thoroughly inspect the Asylum, singly or together, at least once a fortnight, *without previous notice*. The cry will be raised "Where is the money to come from? Our taxes are too heavy already!" I will tell you. There is no need whatever for further taxation. Amalgamate the two Houses of Legislature into one, reducing the whole number to fifteen. Do away with the absurdity of an Attorney General and Solicitor General for 90,000 people. Liverpool with 400,000 is satisfied with a Recorder! Many other offices, the mere outcrop of political jobbery, could be dispensed with. Take the money thus saved, and apply it to the effectual alleviation of the most dreadful of all human afflictions. Whoever has the courage to take the bull by the horns and do this, will indeed deserve well of his country.

Yours, obediently,
COSMOPOLITAN.

Charlottetown, July 9, 1874.

RIOT AT FREDRICTON.

LENT'S Circus performance at Fredricton on Monday evening last, ended in a bloody riot. In a special despatch to the St. John *Globe* the details of the fray are given as follows;—

"The company gave two entertainments, afternoon and evening. The latter was followed by a concert, at the conclusion of which, and after most of the spectators had departed, the riot began by a tussle near the tent ropes, in which the circus men finding themselves worsted had resource to their revolvers, firing several shots into the crowd. This, instead of intimidating, only served to incense those present, and as the wounded were carried away, others took their places. The riot soon assumed formidable proportions. The fire-bell was rung, and hundreds crowded to the scene of the conflict. The report of fire arms, mingled with the cries of the combatants, and the groans of the wounded alarmed the whole city. Mayor Wetmore was summoned and instantly took steps to quell the riot. A large number of citizens assembled at the City Hall, where nearly two dozen special constables were sworn in before Justice Richards, acting in place of Police Magistrate, John L. March. These men reinforcing policeman Woodward and Mulligan (who had worked like heroes) soon cleared the square, and conducted to jail thirteen of the circus hands. The wounded citizens are Samuel Macauley, shot in in the leg; David Carr, bullet in the hip, not yet extracted; McLean, pistol wound in the head, and Lowry shot in the thigh. Several of the lookersson narrowly escaped and it is estimated that over twenty shots were fired by the circus men. The provocation was slight and but that the circus hands fired into the crowd the riot would have been of short duration. There is no doubt the trouble originated at the ticket office, the several rumours tending to confirm the idea that the crowd was incensed by the roughness and brutality of the outside men is generally believed. On the other hand the circus folks claim that the provocation came from the citizens. Be this as it may, the resource to fire arms was unjustifiable, and but for that the police could have quelled the disturbance."

HOME RULE.

In the British House of Commons, on the second inst., "Dr. Butt's Home Rule motion," was defeated by a vote of 458 against 61. During the discussion of the motion Mr. Daniel O'Donoghue, member for Tralee, said that the Home Rule movement was a miserable compromise, conceived by those who did not dare to face the penalties of Fenianism. He acknowledged the desire of England to conciliate Ireland, and said that preseverance in this agitation would be in defiance of gratitude, justice and common sense. He said that the ultimate object of the leaders of the movement was to incite Irishmen to force a repeal of the Union, and their success would plunge Ireland into civil war, and annul the recent progress in that country. He said further that if England continued to remove every pretext for the plea of misgovernment in Ireland, the result would be a disgraceful failure of the movement. He firmly believed its sucess would bring ruin to the interests of every man in Ireland. Mr. Robert Lowe, member for the University of London, said the establishment of a local Irish Parliament would involve the necessity of similar bodies in Scotland and England, and the result would be constant disputes and difficulties. Mr. Disraeli was unable to agree that Ireland had a right to a greater amount of self-government than Scotland or England. He demonstrated the groundlessness of the complaint that Irishmen were not appointed to high offices of the Government, and denied that Ireland was treated as a conquered country. He said that the two separate would be constantly in collision. The minority in the Irish Parliament would be constantly appealing to the Imperial Parliament. He opposed the motion because it would be injurious to both countries. At the great crisis of the world, which was nearer than some supposed, he wished the people to be united. To accept this motion would produce disintegration in England, and might result in the destruction of the Empire,

MARRIED.

On the 2nd inst., in the city of St. John, by the Rev. W. P. Evarett, assisted by the Rev. Mr. Pope, Rev. J. A. Simpson. of Summerside, P. E. Island, and Miss Hattie A. Stilwell, daughter of D. C. Stilwell, Esq., of the parish of Canning, Scatchtown, Queen's County, N. B.

At Alberton, on the 29th ult., by the Rev. A. F. Carr, A. M., Mr. James S. McNeill, of the above place, to Miss Eliza Ann Dunbar, youngest daughter of the late Rev. Hugh Dunbar, of New London.

DIED.

At Fortune Road, on Friday, the 19th inst. after a lingering illness of twelve months which he bore with christian patience and resignation to the Divine Will, Dennis Whitty, in the 32nd year of his age, leaving a wife and 4 children to mourn their loss. May he rest in peace.

In Boston, on the 27th April last, Mary, the beloved wife of W. T. Whitford and second daughter of the late Capt. R. McLellan, of this city.

PRICES CURRENT.

Ch'town, Juyl 10, 1874.

MEAT.	
Beef, (small pieces) per lb	$0.08 to 0.15
Beef, per lb (by the quarter)	0.07 to 0.10
Ham, per lb	0.12 to 0.14
Lamb, per quarter	0.40 to 1.00
Mutton, per lb	0.07 to 0.12
Pork, (small pieces) per lb	0.07 to 0.10
Pork, per lb (by the carcass)	00.07 to 0.07½
Veal, per lb	0.04 to 0.07
POULTRY	
Chickens, per pair	$0.40 to 0.60
Ducks, (each)	0.20 to 0.24
Fowls, (each)	0.25 to 0.50
Geese, each)	0.56 to 0.70
Partridges, (each)	none
Turkeys, (each)	1.00 to 2.00
Wild Geese (each)	0.00 to 0.00
BREADSTUFFS.	
Buckwheat Flour, per lb	0.03 to 0.03
Flour, perbbl	7.30 to 8.60
Flour, per 100 lbs	3.50 to 4.00
Oatmeal, per 100 lbs	4.00 to 4.50
FISH.	
Codfish per qtl	2.60 to 3.25
Herring per bbl	4.87 to 6.49
Mackerel per doz.	0.48 to 0.72
BOARDS.	
Hemlock, 100 feet.	0.81 to 0.97
Pine do	1.62 to 2.48
Spruce do	0.81 to 1.09
Shingles, per M.	2.11 to 2.34
MISCELLANEOUS.	
Apples per bushel	0.72 to 1.00
Barley per bushel	1.25 to 1.50
Butter (fresh) per lb	0.18 to 0.20
Butter per lb by the tub	0.61 to 0.18
Calfskins, per lb	0.06 to 0.12
Cheese (new milk) per lb	0.14 to 0.16
Cheese, per lb	0.05 to 0.00
Clover seed, per lb	0.00 to 0.00
Eggs, per doz.	0.12 to 0.14
Hay, per ton	12.00 to 14.00
Hides, per lb.	0.6 to 0.06
Honey, per lb.	0.24 to 0.25

PASSENGERS.

PER STEAMER ALHAMBRA FROM BOSTON—Messrs. Kinley, J. A. Adams, C. H. Lockerby, Phinney, McDougall, D. Nicholson; Miss V. J. Walker, Mary Halfpenny, Annie Halfpenny, Mrs. Hurley, Miss Silaphant, Mrs. Donald, Miss Henderson, Mrs. McDonald, Mrs. Roberts, Miss T. A. Campbell, Mrs. Latham, Louise McQuarrie, Florence McDonald, Hannah Nicholson, Florence McPhee, Ellen McDonald, Miss J. Dumphy, Miss Smith, Miss Mary Callaghan; Mr. T. J. Swallow, Mr. Edward Worcester, Mr. Theodore Worcester.

PER STEAMER ALHAMBRA TO BOSTON—Ellen Gillboy, Catherine McLeod, Mary Ann McCormack, Miss Harris, John Owen, Mrs. John Owen, John McDonald, Mrs. John McDonald and two children, Mr. F. McDonald, Andrew Daly, Peter Daly, Jacob H. Jackson, John McGregor.

SYRUPS!

PINE APPLE,
STRAWBERRY,
RASPBERRY,
SARSAPARILLA,
LEMON,
APPLE,
ASSORTED.

IN CASES OR BOTTLES.

Cameron & Saunders.

June 22, 1874.—4in ne h

Tea. Tea.

PER *Lady Rodney*, 135 Chests, selected specially for our trade, and we can guarantee quality.

CARVELL BROS.

June 15, 1874.—8w

FLOUR!

To arrive per "Laodamma,"

FROM MONTREAL.

887 barrels Flour,

For sale Low.

HYNDMAN BROS.

Ch'town, June 29, 1874.—3w

TO THE LADIES!

A CARD.

AS my connection with the Wesleyan Academy ceases at the expiration of the Vacation, I purpose taking pupils during the hours recently given them, viz: from 9 a. m., till 2 p. m. Arrangements can be made so that hours can be given to suit the convenience of all pupils. At the end of every Quarter, pupils will perform before parents and friends. Application must be made at once, as a limited number only can be taken.

First Quarter will commence on Monday, July 6.

TERMS WILL BE AS FOLLOWS:

For Quarter of 24 lessons, Instrumental Music per half hour's duration,	$5.00
For Quarter of 24 lessons, Instrumental Music, 1 hour's duration,	10.00
Lessons in Vocal Music only	10.00
Instrumental Lessons of an hour's duration, with the first rudiments of thorough Bass and Transposition &c.,	15.00
Vocal and Instrumental, half hour's duration,	7.00
Lessons on the Organ,	20.00
Cabinet Organ and Melodeon,	15.00

No Pupil will be taken for less than six months.

Orders taken for the best Pianos and Organs, and the utmost satisfaction is guaranteed.

S. N. EARLE.

Ch'town, June 29, 1874.

ROYAL MAIL STAGE!

Important to Travellers.

AN Express Team will leave Georgetown for Charlottetown, on arrival of Boat from Pictou, every alternate Saturday, commencing July 11, and will return to Georgetown next day in time to connect with boat for Pictou.

NOTE.—All orders and parcels for the daily mail or Express must be left at the "O'Neill House," opposite W. R. Watson's Esq., Queen Street, Ch'town.

GEORGE O'NEILL,
Proprietor.

"Halfway House" Vernon River.
June 29, 1874. h 2m

REMEMBER

The only place in P. E. Island, to buy

MacGill's Prize
TURNIP SEED,

IS AT

HENRY A. HARVIE'S.

Charlottetown, June 1, 1874.

SALT.

Landing ex *Lavinia*, from Liverpool

300 Bags Liverpool Salt,

In strong sacks and splendid condition.

For Sale Low.

FENTON T. NEWBERY.

June 29, 1874. 2w

Notice to the Public.

SOUTH PINETTE BRIDGE will be broken up for repairs during one month from First of July next.

JOHN McDONALD, Contractor.

June 29, 1874.

Notice.

On and after TUESDAY, the 9th June, the Steamers

ST. LAWRENCE & PRINCESS OF WALES,

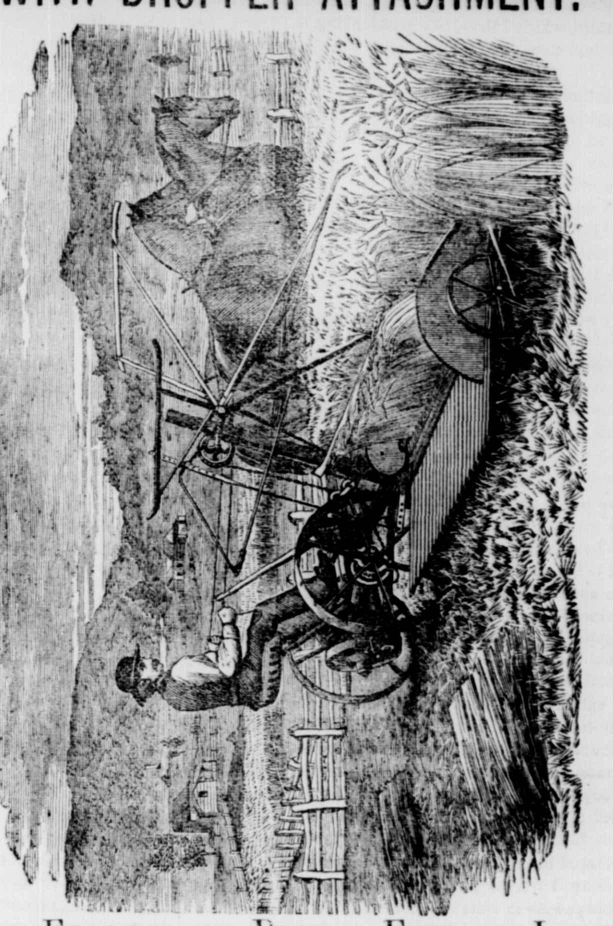
Will leave for PICTOU, at three o'clock in the morning instead of five as heretofore. This will enable passengers to take the 8, a. m. train for Halifax, arriving there at 3.25, p. m., and return next day.

F. W. HALES.

Ch'town, June, 8, 1874.

WITH DROPPER ATTACHMENT.

NEW MODEL BUCKEYE MOWER.



LIGHTEST DRAFT MOWER IN THE WORLD.

TO THE FARMERS OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

The above cut represents an Iron Mowing Machine, with Dropper Attachment for Reaping, for the sale of which we have been appointed agents by

The Richardson Manufacturing Company, of Worcester Mass.

In offering it to your favorable consideration we have every confidence in its utility. It is the lightest draft machine in the world; it is strong and simple in its construction, and so small and compact that it can be easily removed from one field to another, passing through an ordinary gate without any difficulty.

Farmers who desire to purchase the cheapest and best Machine now in the market will do well to call and examine the **New Model Buckeye**. Also

WHITCOMB'S PATENT

SELF-OPERATING HORSE HAY RAKE, WITH STEEL TEETH.

We have on hand for the season a number of these excellent Rakes. It is unnecessary for us to say anything in their favor, as they have recommended themselves wherever they have gone.

BUCKEYE AND MANNY EXTRAS.

We keep constantly on hand a supply of Buckeye and Manny Extras. Parties wanting any should apply early.

BLATCH, McKENZIE & Co.

Charlottetown, June 22, 1874.—1m

LONDON HOUSE.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

WE HAVE

JUST OPENED

A

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT

OF

Spring & Summer Goods

(*CAREFULLY SELECTED BY MR. HARRIS,*)

WHICH WE OFFER AT

CASH PRICES.

GEORGE DAVIES & Co.

Ch'town, May 11, 1874.

QUEEN STREET

NO. 39.

C. ROBERTSON,

Is now prepared to give the best value in clothing that is to be had in the City.

Having imported his Goods Direct and on the BEST TERMS he can

GUARANTEE SATISFACTION!

IN

QUALITY & PRICE.

MR. McLEOD, well and favourably known to the public, has charge of the Cutting and Manufacturing Department.

COLOURED AND WHITE CONGRESS SHIRTS, ALL SIZES.

Charlottetown, May 25, 1874.

To Mill Owners.

FOR Descriptive Circular of our

Patent Lever-Feed Shingle Machine,

AND THE

'Leffel Double Turbine Water Wheel.'

ADDRESS

Smallwood & Bovyer.

Ch'town, June 8, 1874.—6m is sp.

13 CASES

OF

AMERICAN CLOCKS

AND

TIMEPIECES,

JUST RECEIVED.

These Clocks are well assorted in

Patterns and Prices,

AND

Warranted to give Satisfaction.

W. W. WELLNER,

81 North Side Queen Square.

Ch'town, June 22, 1874. 4in

NAILS. NAILS.

Received per *St. Lawrence* & *California*.

150 KEGS NAILS, assorted, for Sale low.

SIMON W, CRABBE,
Sign of the Stove.

109 Queen Street, Charlottetown,
June 22, 1874. 4in

ROOFING MATERIAL.

RECEIVED per Schr. *Robert Byron*,
150 rolls Roofing FELT,
50 bbls PITCH,
35 rolls Tarred PAPER,
10 rolls Dry Carpet PAPER.

S. W. CRABBE.
Sign of the Stove.

Queen Street, Charlottetown,
June 22, 1874.—4i

Girls Wanted,

AT THE

ISLAND PARK HOTEL.

Ten Girls as Waiters and Chambermaids, &c. Reference required. Wages, $5 to $8 per month.

J. L. HOLMAN.

Summerside, June 1, 1874.—tf

LEVER WATCHES.

A Large and Well Assorted

LOT OF

Gold and Silver

LEVER WATCHES!

Just Received.

ALSO,

A fine Selection of

COLORED & BRIGHT GOLD,

FILIGREE SILVER,

Gold Plated, Jet, and Horn Jewelry,

AT

WELLNER'S.

81 North Side Queen Square.

Ch'town, June 22, 1874.—4in

COAL!

Victoria Mines, Sydney.

THE above Mines are delivering a superior article this season, quite free from slate, from a depth of 135 feet below any previous year. We can recommend this COAL to consumers and dealers, and feel confident that it will give satisfaction.

The Company are enabled to deliver largely in excess of previous years. Vessels will have no delay in getting their cargo.

Prices $3 for Round, $1 for Slack.

Terms, sixty days or 2½ per cent discount for Cash.

HYNDMAN BROS.
Agents for P. E. I.

Ch'town, June 8, 1874.—ar pa 3mo

Wooden Ware.

RECEIVED per Steamers *Somerset* and *Hadji*—

50 CHURNS, American,
75 doz. BUCKETS.
25 nest TUBS,
30 boxes CLOTHES PINS,
10 doz. BUTTER PRINTS,
60 doz. BROOMS.

SIMON W. CRABBE,
Sign of the Stove.

109 Queen Street, Charlottetown,
June 22, 1874. 4in

Sugar & Molasses.

TO Arrive, *Sea Foam*, from Halifax.

16 hhds } Bright Crocery Sugar,
33 bbls }
10 puns } MOLASSES,
11 tierces }

For Sale Low.

HYNDMAN BROS.

Ch'town, June 22, 1874. 6w

Montreal & Acadian S. S. Company.

WEEKLY LINE.

THE undermentioned Steamships will Form a Regular Weekly Line between

Montreal, Shediac, Charlottetown and Pictou.

S. S. COLUMBIA,
S. S. CANADA,
S. S. CALIFORNIA.

HYNDMAN BROS,
Agents.

Apply in Montreal to

DAVID SHAW,
305 Commissioners Street.

Ch'town, June 22, 1874. tf

BOSTON STEAMERS.

SEASON 1874.

THE Steamers "Alhambra" 782 tons, and Caroll," 1372 tons, having both being thoroughly overhauled, and fitted with very superior accommodation for passengers, will leave Boston during the season alternately every Saturday at noon, and returning will leave Charlottetown alternately every Thursday at five p. m., calling at Halifax and Canso both ways.

For freight or passage apply to

CARVELL BROS, Agents

Ch'town, June 1, 1873.—a p is

JUST ARRIVED.

PER S. S. *Somerset*, from Boston, and Schr *Bonnibell* from New York,

2,500 Barrels Flour & Cornmeal

which will be sold in quantities to Traders, very cheap for cash, or at 3 months on approved paper.

OWEN CONNOLLY.

Office, old stand, Dorchester St

Ch'town, May 4, 1874,

ROOM PAPER!

—AT—

HALF PRICE.

CALL AT

HARVIE'S BOOKSTORE.

Ch'town, May 11, 1874.

Manilla!

The best and the cheapest in the market, and and manufactured by the

Canada Cordage Co., Montreal.

WE SOLICIT ORDERS, at manufacturer's lowest prices, and deliver at Charlottetown on the shortest notice.

Samples always in Stock.

We refer shipbuilders and all dealers to the accompanying certificate.

CARVELL BROS., Agents.

Ch'town, 15th June, 1874.

CERTIFICATE.

Having used largely during the past year, MANILLA, the manufacture of the Canada Cordage Company, ordered through Messrs CARVELL BROS., and having submitted it to the severest tests, we highly recommend its use to all shipowners.

PEAKE BROS., & CO.,
JAMES DUNCAN & CO.,
HYNDMAN BROS.,
ARTEMAS LORD,
LONGWORTH & CO.,
BOURKE GILLAN & CO.,
WELSH & OWEN.

2mo

1874. FRESH SEEDS. 1874.

THE Subscriber has received via Halifax, from COVENT GARDEN, London, A LARGE SUPPLY OF

Field, Garden and Flower Seeds,

Warranted the growth of 1873.

WM. R. WATSON,

City Drug Store, May 4, 1874. tf

Turnip Seed,

TURNIP SEED!

GET THE BEST.

Farmers buy your TURNIP SEED from

HENRY A. HARVIE.

Ch'town, June 1, 1874.

ALE, PORTER, &C.

BASS & CO.'S PALE ALE in Bottles,
MACEWAN'S SCOTCH do.

Allsopp's Pale Ale on Draught,

GUINNESS'S STOUT, (Bottled by Burke.)

CAMERON & SAUNDERS.

Queen St., June 22, 1874.—4in ne h

100 CASES

BRANDY, SCOTCH WHISKEY, IRISH do old TOM GIN, Schiedam SNAPPS, John Bull and Stoughton BITTERS. To the trade cheap.

CAMERON & SAUNDERS.

Ch'town, June 22, 1874.—4in n era her