

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

AUGUST 7, 1895. HON. MR. CURRAN'S ADDRESS.

The Irishmen of P. E. Island were particularly fortunate in their celebration of the anniversary of the birth of O'Connell. Finer weather or a more eloquent and fervid orator could not be desired. Of the force and clearness of Mr. Curran's voice no better evidence is needed than the fact, vouchered for upon the highest authority, that every word of his address could be heard in the Governor's car standing at the station house, fully two hundred yards distant from the field in which he spoke. There was, naturally, much in the address which related to the virtues and abilities of Irishmen in general, and O'Connell in particular. But its keynote was found in O'Connell's celebrated motto that "Nothing is politically right which is morally wrong." The duty of the men of each of the great races of which Canada is composed to stand shoulder to shoulder and work together for the strengthening and upbuilding of this Canada of ours was strongly enforced. While memories of the triumphs and glories of our fatherlands may well be kept alive and perpetuated, let race prejudices, and national enmities, and religious animosities be forgotten in this new land, won and developed by the mingled blood and toil of our forefathers, and let even-handed justice prevail. It is significant that this grand sentiment, eloquently expressed, was applauded and cheered—evidently received with pleasure—by the Irishmen and their sons who yesterday honored, at Emerald, the festival of the birth of Ireland's great emancipator. Under the just and free institutions of Canada, a people who love justice and appreciate freedom, and hate iniquity in its course of development. If it were not so we should have reason to tremble for the stability of our country made up of elements so diverse and strong as those of the people of Canada. Perhaps he did not intend it, but it certainly grew out of his subject, but Mr. Curran made a capital hit in respect to the Manitoba School Question when he invoked such a spirit of justice as would ensure respect for the rights of minorities and would render grievances impossible. It is true that some interested persons say that the minority in Manitoba has no grievance. But the impartial Judicial Committee of the Privy Council has declared, after full investigation and careful consideration, that the minority in Manitoba has a grievance which, in justice, ought to be redressed. In this view the Government of Canada ought not to be compelled to exert the power vested in it by the constitution; the Government and people of Manitoba ought, at once, to amend their educational law upon the lines indicated by the highest court in the Empire.

The address, of which a brief and imperfect report will be found in THE EXAMINER, at once removes every doubt which anyone present may have entertained concerning Mr. Curran's ability as a popular orator. It was short and pointed, warm and fresh. There was in it the ring of the true metal, together with graceful and forcible speech and action. We can now readily understand the reason why the Halifax Chronicle and other Opposition organs are attempting, in advance, to discount, by scurrilous and disgraceful articles to his disparagement, the favorable impression he is sure to make in Cape Breton and Nova Scotia. Mr. Curran is certainly one of the most eloquent of Irish Canadians; and as such the people will certainly hear him with pleasure and with profit. The Hon. Mr. Ferguson aptly and truly said yesterday that the mantle of D'Arcy McGee had fallen upon worthy shoulders—the shoulders of his successor in the representation of Montreal Centre.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

Statistics show a considerable increase of trade between Canada and the United States. It is stated that the two Dakotas, Minnesota and Manitoba and the Northwest will produce not less than 175,000,000 bushels of wheat; and it will largely average No. 1 hard. The Western farmer is in luck this year. On 30th June, 1895, Canada had 15,668 miles of railways, a gain of 43 miles in the year. In addition there are 2,617 miles of sidings. There are in actual operation 15,627 miles. The paid-up capital of Canadian railways is \$87,975,926. The gross earnings for the year were \$49,352,528, and the running expenses were \$35,218,433, making the net earnings \$14,334,095. Not bad for a hard year! It is intimated that Mr. Gully will be re-elected to the speakership of the British House of Commons without Government opposition, and a cable dispatch says the Radicals are disappointed. The Montreal Gazette remarks that the English Radicals appear to be much like the Canadian Liberals. They would sooner see something done wrong than have an opportunity to growl. The Chicago Journal says: "The fathers of the Republic, in their wisdom, adopted the English common law bodily, and their descendants have so corrupted all that portion of it that pertains to the punishment of crime, that it is now nearly worthless. But in every part of the British Empire the criminal laws have been made more stringent, and the execution of these laws more speedy and certain. If Canadian laws and courts are what the people want, why not have them?" There appears to be some reason for the notion that the Japanese is not over, whether the Chinese be so or not. Japan was naturally very unwilling to be deprived of the legitimate fruits of her victory over China, and she is said to be making vigorous preparations for more warlike operations. Her preparations need, be great, she needs to be "loaded for bear," for it is Russia that stands in her way, not China. Every event in the East seems to tend to bring Great Britain and Japan closer together and to make more probable their alliance for defensive, if not for offensive purposes.

O'CONNELL'S ANNIVERSARY.

Summary Report of Hon. J. J. Curran's Address at Emerald.

Enthusiastic Vote of Thanks and Cheer.

At three o'clock yesterday afternoon, upon the conclusion of the games, those who had the good fortune to be present at the B. I. S. Picnic assembled on and around the grand stand. Peter House, Esq., President of the Charlottetown branch of the B. I. S., presided, and delivered a short introductory address, in the course of which he referred to the fact that the Society had been in existence in Charlottetown for seventy years. The Provincial President of the A. O. H. in this city, Mr. M. P. Hogan, then read and presented the following address: Hon. J. J. Curran, Q. C., M. P. for Montreal Centre, Solicitor-General of Canada: HONORABLE SIR,—Having learned that you were about to pay a visit to our Island, the Ancient Order of Hibernians thought they would be remiss in their duty if they allowed you to leave without testifying to the respect and esteem in which you are held by our countrymen in general, but more particularly by the A. O. H., who glory in the progress made by one of our own kind and kin. We feel proud of our countrymen in "the Canada of ours," whose race or creed is no barrier to their advancement, that they are able to hold their own with the different nationalities of which our common country is composed; and it is no small source of satisfaction to us to know that you were chosen out of the length and breadth of Canada to occupy the responsible position of Solicitor-General for which you are so eminently qualified. The struggles of that "Old Land," whose children we are, whether by birth or descent, for the same rights to make laws to govern themselves that we in Canada enjoy, have always found in you an able champion, both in your place on the floor of the House of Commons and on the platform, and you can rest assured your countrymen in Prince Edward Island have looked upon your actions in this matter with pardonable pride, and we trust that your able advocacy of that cause will soon be rewarded by seeing a native Irish Parliament established in College Green. It is very gratifying to us, the exiled children of the Gael, that our lot has been cast in this the grandest part of Her Majesty's dominions, and we firmly believe that there is a great future for the Irish race in this country, where at the present time some of them are distinguishing themselves in the highest offices in the gift of the country. Bidding you a "Cead Mille Failte" to our Island home, and trusting that you will be long spared to battle for Canada and Erin. We have the honor to remain, Yours, &c., &c., M. P. HOGAN, Provincial President, W. J. O'RIELLY, President, JOHN CONNOLLY, JOHN MCKENNA, EDWARD TRAINOR, Committee. Charlottetown, P. E. I., Aug. 6th, 1895.

THE SOLICITOR GENERAL'S RECEIPT. Hon. J. J. CURRAN, who was received with loud cheers, said the addresses which had just been presented to him, the warm and enthusiastic reception he had been greeted with last night at Summerside, were very gratifying, but the presence of so many beautiful ladies to honor the speech he was about to deliver, ladies whose beauty and graces would do credit to any land under the sun, caused the cup of his gratification to overflow. (Cheers.) It was a pleasure to find the different societies working hand in hand for the noble purposes for which they had been banded together, but of any patriotic Canadian it was a source of pride and gratification that whilst they treasured the traditions of the Old Land, they were loyal and true to their Canadian home. The addresses gave him no slight task to reply to; they referred not only to the occasion of their meeting, but to the position of the Irish race in Canada. He had the honor of addressing them in the presence of a son of Ireland, the Lieutenant-Governor of the Province, Hon. Mr. Howland. (Cheers.) No more patriotic and progressive son of the Old Land could be found. Were he to speak of the Irishmen of Prince Edward Island alone, it would occupy the whole of his address. Their Chief Justice was a distinguished Irish Canadian. Men like Whelan and others had identified the Irish name with the history of the Island. Were he to travel over the old province the Irish names like McGee, Hincks, Drummonds, Kennys and hosts of others, in every department of life public or private, were household words. McGee had popularized the idea of Canada's Confederation and his glowing description of the greatness of Canada Confederated, were now realities. (Cheers.) Mr. Curran then gave a splendid account of the doings of men of different races and creeds in Canada, and amidst great enthusiasm stated that the only hope of true greatness of this country was in the union of hearts and hands of the men from England, Ireland and Scotland with descendants of old France. We do not repudiate the glories and traditions of the past. We revive at due intervals all that is inspiring in the history of our ancestors. We look to them for examples of heroism; and amongst the intellectual giants of the recent past no name stood higher as the friend of mankind as well as of his native land than Daniel O'Connell. He was a great liberator, a great emancipator, the friend of the serf at home and the slave abroad. His motto was: "Nothing is politically right which is morally wrong." His praise had been spoken, written and sung in every language in every civilized land. (Cheers.) Phillips the great American orator speaking of O'Connell in Boston on the occasion of his centennial celebration has stated: "We of other races may well join you in tribute since the cause of constitutional government owes more to O'Connell than to any other political leader in the last two centuries." Lacordaire, the greatest of French preachers, had exhausted his eloquence in a magnificent eulogy of Ireland's great son. Hon. D'Arcy McGee in the course of one of his speeches in the old Parliament of Great Britain answering a charge of former days rendered with the great leader, spoke of O'Connell in the following terms: "Sir, I had the honor to know him slightly in his latter days, and the misfortune to differ from that illustrious man, to whose memory I may be permitted to render the homage of my more mature judgment. It has been my lot, sir, to have seen many and to have known a few, a very few historical persons, but I can truly say that, apart from the exaggeration of native patriotism, I never approached a person who seemed more truly deserving the title of 'great' than Mr. O'Connell. When I consider his exclusively Gaelic origin, his provincial birth, his proscribed creed, his foreign education, when I consider that the English tongue, destined to be his sole arsenal, equipment and resource, was neither the language of his childhood in Kerry, nor of his studies in France, when I consider all the foes he overcame within and without, when I remember that he entered the Imperial Parliament for the first time at the age of 54, and the position he maintained till the last in that fastidious assembly,—I feel that I do not place him too highly, when I claim that he should be ranked among the most original politicians of modern times." O'Connell had appeared on the scene of his native country like the rainbow after the terrible deluge. His genius flashed through the dark clouds that had hung over that land for centuries. He had made possible the later efforts of other patriots and he had taught his people the utility of armed resistance and the safe and sure course of constitutional agitation. He said, in his address, they had referred to Home Rule the natural sequel of O'Connell's teaching. The cause was still bright before the eyes of his people, the people of Ireland were a unit in their desire and aspiration. Nothing could damp their ardor or destroy their hope for a glorious future. Vestal Virgins of old kept alive the sacred fires on the altars of the Roman gods. Ministering angels would keep alive in the hearts of millions yet unborn the sacred fires of patriotism until Ireland holds the proudest position in the mighty empire of which she forms part. Then will a union exist that may be prayed for in the words of Gratian, "Eato perpetua," a union not recking with bribery, but a union based on Englishman, Irishman and Scotchman a union of hearts, a union based upon justice, within the four corners of which each great branch of the Imperial family will be enabled to make their own domestic laws upon their own soil, and in the great councils of the empire legislate for the peace and progress of the realm upon which the sun never sets, and for the benefit of the whole human race. To closing, the speaker again referred to our own Dominion. He said it was a land in which all races should strive to eliminate every grievance. The rights of the Dominion were sacred, the rights of provinces were sacred, but no rights were more sacred than those of minorities. Their voice, however weak, should be not only heard, but respected to the full extent of their rights. Let the constitution be our guide, let us be a people with whom parliamentary compacts will always remain inviolable. Thus respecting the rights and privileges of every section of the community, our people, with their religious training leading them to do unto others as they would wish others to do unto them, with the great educational advantages they possess, and the limitless natural resources at their command, would achieve a place in the world's history unparalleled in the past, and in that glorious future he hoped and felt that the children and grand children of his fatherland would perform a part worthy of the ancient race from which they sprang. The Hon. gentleman concluded a magnificent speech, of which the foregoing is a mere outline, amidst enthusiastic cheering.

After a splendid song by Mr. McNally, "An proud an' an Irishman's son," and upon the call of the chairman and many others, the Rev. Dr. Doyle, for twenty-five years Priest at Emerald and Kinkora, addressed the assemblage upon the topics of the day, and referred to the prosperity and well-being of the Dominion and integrity of its people. Mr. Dillon followed, giving a carefully prepared and valuable statement concerning the dairy industry in this Province, for which we shall find place tomorrow. Father Burke, who was introduced by the chairman as one of the most active, energetic and enlightened clergymen in the Province, then delivered a short and eloquent address. Richard Hunt, Esq., moved that a vote of thanks be tendered the Hon. J. J. Curran. The motion was seconded by Hon. D. Ferguson, supported by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor Howland, Mr. Yeo, High Sheriff Gaffney and United States Consul Kane, all of whom spoke briefly. It was carried enthusiastically. Cheers were then given for Mr. Curran and the Queen. After an exceedingly pleasant passage on the special, under Conductor Tanton, the party from the city together with Mr. Curran and Father Burke, arrived in Charlottetown about half-past eight o'clock. Received Seats, 50 cents—on sale at Dodd's and Rankin's. Unreserved, 25 cents—for sale at the door.

A RECEPTION TO BROTHER HON. J. J. CURRAN. After the return to the city of the B. I. S. special, branch 216 of the C. M. B. A., whose members were in regular session, was visited by Hon. Solicitor-General Curran. He was accompanied by the Rev. A. E. Burke, the District Deputy of the Province, and the Revs. Peter Curran and P. J. Hogan. At the proper time, being requested by the President, Mr. Blanchard, Hon. Mr. Curran delivered a splendid address, eulogistic of the Association of which he was a pioneer member, having been one of the first to join Branch 26 of Montreal at its inception. Much that was of deep interest to the brethren ran through the whole of his address, particularly the reference to the splendid showing made by the C. M. B. A. in the statistics concerning it by the Dominion Insurance Inspector. After the Rev. District Deputy had made a few appropriate remarks and extended the welcome of the whole Association in P. E. Island to Brother Curran, a vote of thanks, proposed in neat speeches by Brothers McIsaac and Reddin, was enthusiastically offered to the distinguished visitor, who then made the personal acquaintance of the members and withdrew much pleased with what he saw of the C. M. B. A. in Charlottetown.

TRADE IN NEWFOUNDLAND.—Mr. Chesley Woods, of the firm of John Woods & Son, St. John's, Nfld., is in town and is stopping at the Queen. He is interviewing produce shippers. He reports a large increase of cash trade in Newfoundland, and a general healthy prospect for shippers to St. John's. Messrs. Woods & Son are entering largely into the commission business, and their firm is one of the oldest and most reliable in Newfoundland.

Don't you know that Hood's Sarsaparilla will overcome that tired feeling and give you renewed vigor and vitality? The special bargains in toilet soaps at Watson's Drug Store will be continued till Saturday morning. Read the ad!

Don't forget that we are clearing out the balance of summer underclothing at cost.—Prowse Bros. 21—aug 7

IT IS HERE! The Preserving Season is here. We are ready for it with a large stock of GEM JARS, which we are selling cheaper than ever before. SUGAR, too—Raw, Yellows and Granulated—at right prices. SANDERSON & CO., Cash Grocers. P. S.—Try some of our new Summer Drink—FLORIDA ORANGE CIDER put up in pints and quarts, 15 and 25 cents per bottle. July 24

—Montreal Gazette: A local Liberal paper speaks of the Dominion Government as being on the school question, to turn the devil and the deep sea. Mr. Green way, who raised the disturbance, is, of course, the representative of his infernal majesty, while Mr. Laurier's profound silence as to what his program on the issue is plainly points him out as the deep and changing sea part of the illustration. The idea was an apt one.

—It is understood, says the Montreal Times, that Mr. Josiah Wood has resigned his seat in the House of Commons and accepted the seat in the Senate made vacant by the death of A. E. Botsford. Mr. Wood had had the matter of accepting the seat under consideration for some time, and has been influenced in his present course largely by the indifferent state of his health which rendered the prospect of an inevitable winter or early spring campaign in a large constituency like Westmorland decidedly unpleasant. And besides it has long been known that Mr. Wood, while willing to serve his country and his party in any useful capacity, had little real liking for the hurly-burly of active politics.

—The Hon. gentleman concluded a magnificent speech, of which the foregoing is a mere outline, amidst enthusiastic cheering. After a splendid song by Mr. McNally, "An proud an' an Irishman's son," and upon the call of the chairman and many others, the Rev. Dr. Doyle, for twenty-five years Priest at Emerald and Kinkora, addressed the assemblage upon the topics of the day, and referred to the prosperity and well-being of the Dominion and integrity of its people.

Mr. Dillon followed, giving a carefully prepared and valuable statement concerning the dairy industry in this Province, for which we shall find place tomorrow.

Father Burke, who was introduced by the chairman as one of the most active, energetic and enlightened clergymen in the Province, then delivered a short and eloquent address.

Richard Hunt, Esq., moved that a vote of thanks be tendered the Hon. J. J. Curran.

The motion was seconded by Hon. D. Ferguson, supported by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor Howland, Mr. Yeo, High Sheriff Gaffney and United States Consul Kane, all of whom spoke briefly. It was carried enthusiastically.

Cheers were then given for Mr. Curran and the Queen. After an exceedingly pleasant passage on the special, under Conductor Tanton, the party from the city together with Mr. Curran and Father Burke, arrived in Charlottetown about half-past eight o'clock.

Received Seats, 50 cents—on sale at Dodd's and Rankin's. Unreserved, 25 cents—for sale at the door.

A RECEPTION TO BROTHER HON. J. J. CURRAN. After the return to the city of the B. I. S. special, branch 216 of the C. M. B. A., whose members were in regular session, was visited by Hon. Solicitor-General Curran. He was accompanied by the Rev. A. E. Burke, the District Deputy of the Province, and the Revs. Peter Curran and P. J. Hogan.

At the proper time, being requested by the President, Mr. Blanchard, Hon. Mr. Curran delivered a splendid address, eulogistic of the Association of which he was a pioneer member, having been one of the first to join Branch 26 of Montreal at its inception.

Much that was of deep interest to the brethren ran through the whole of his address, particularly the reference to the splendid showing made by the C. M. B. A. in the statistics concerning it by the Dominion Insurance Inspector.

After the Rev. District Deputy had made a few appropriate remarks and extended the welcome of the whole Association in P. E. Island to Brother Curran, a vote of thanks, proposed in neat speeches by Brothers McIsaac and Reddin, was enthusiastically offered to the distinguished visitor, who then made the personal acquaintance of the members and withdrew much pleased with what he saw of the C. M. B. A. in Charlottetown.

TRADE IN NEWFOUNDLAND.—Mr. Chesley Woods, of the firm of John Woods & Son, St. John's, Nfld., is in town and is stopping at the Queen.

He is interviewing produce shippers. He reports a large increase of cash trade in Newfoundland, and a general healthy prospect for shippers to St. John's.

Messrs. Woods & Son are entering largely into the commission business, and their firm is one of the oldest and most reliable in Newfoundland.

Don't you know that Hood's Sarsaparilla will overcome that tired feeling and give you renewed vigor and vitality?

The special bargains in toilet soaps at Watson's Drug Store will be continued till Saturday morning. Read the ad!

Don't forget that we are clearing out the balance of summer underclothing at cost.—Prowse Bros. 21—aug 7

TELEGRAPHIC.

SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER. Arrested, Charged With Murder! HALIFAX, Aug. 7. Lawrence Walsh was arrested here yesterday, charged with murdering Wm. McCarthy in St. John's, Nfld., January, 1894.

Fire at Amherst. AMHERST, Aug. 7. The residence occupied by B. C. Munroe was gutted by fire yesterday.

DISASTROUS FIRE AT SPRINGHILL. SPRINGHILL, Aug. 7. A fire at Springhill Mines yesterday was the most disastrous in the town's history. It started in Glendinning's livery stables, and soon jumped to the Niagara Hotel and other large business houses and factories, including Murray's store, Hefferman's furniture store, J. W. Fraser's and about fifty others. Five horses in Glendinning's barn were burned, besides all his carriages and sleighs. The fire was got under control at Mrs. Byrne's residence, which was not burned. It is estimated that the loss is \$100,000, insurance \$35,000.

During the fire some minor accidents occurred, the first being to Ernest Devine, who fell from a ladder and broke his leg in two places.

Boys and youths ready-made clothing cheaper than the cheapest at J. B. Macdonald & Co's. Look for big bargains in shoes and buttoned boots at J. B. Macdonald & Co's.

Do You Want a HAMMOCK? We are selling off the balance of our Hammocks at greatly reduced prices, as we do not want to carry any over. Now is the time to buy.

GEO. CARTER & CO., Books and Fancy Goods.

School Books, College Books, NOW OPENING.

HASZARD & MOORE. Charlottetown, Aug. 7, 1895.

SOMETHING NEW. Roger Gallet's Perfumes on draught. Peau D'Espagne and the other favorites. Other good Perfumes, 20 and 25 cents by the ounce and in bottles. A full stock of Toilet Requisites.

REDDIN BROS. Madam, A Word With You! No doubt you want to buy Boots cheap. Well, to-night we are going to place on our counter 60 pairs Ladies' Dongola Lace Boots, regular price \$1.70. Our price to-night 99 cents a pair. Remember, these goods are NEW STOCK, just arrived. We have them in all sizes. Yours for Shoes at Low Prices. A. E. McEACHEN, THE SHOE MAN. July 27

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

MONSTON WOOLLEN MILLS. Masonic. Temple Building, Grafton Street. THREE DOORS BELOW J. D. McLEOD'S CORNER. W. C. TURNER, Agent. Charlottetown, July 2, 1895—135 & wks

Wool! Wool! Taken to Card. Taken to Manufacture Taken in Exchange for Cloth. Bought for Cash. Highest Price Allowed. We call special attention to our fine Tweeds, which we manufacture from imported Marino Wool. Also to the fact that we have a Scotch Dyer in the Mill, so that we can give you a good standing color. Another important fact is that our goods are all made from pure Wool only. Wholesale and retail. Wholesale orders delivered from Charlottetown.

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

TELEGRAPHIC.

SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER. Arrested, Charged With Murder! HALIFAX, Aug. 7. Lawrence Walsh was arrested here yesterday, charged with murdering Wm. McCarthy in St. John's, Nfld., January, 1894.

Fire at Amherst. AMHERST, Aug. 7. The residence occupied by B. C. Munroe was gutted by fire yesterday.

DISASTROUS FIRE AT SPRINGHILL. SPRINGHILL, Aug. 7. A fire at Springhill Mines yesterday was the most disastrous in the town's history. It started in Glendinning's livery stables, and soon jumped to the Niagara Hotel and other large business houses and factories, including Murray's store, Hefferman's furniture store, J. W. Fraser's and about fifty others. Five horses in Glendinning's barn were burned, besides all his carriages and sleighs. The fire was got under control at Mrs. Byrne's residence, which was not burned. It is estimated that the loss is \$100,000, insurance \$35,000.

During the fire some minor accidents occurred, the first being to Ernest Devine, who fell from a ladder and broke his leg in two places.

Boys and youths ready-made clothing cheaper than the cheapest at J. B. Macdonald & Co's. Look for big bargains in shoes and buttoned boots at J. B. Macdonald & Co's.

Do You Want a HAMMOCK? We are selling off the balance of our Hammocks at greatly reduced prices, as we do not want to carry any over. Now is the time to buy.

GEO. CARTER & CO., Books and Fancy Goods.

School Books, College Books, NOW OPENING.

HASZARD & MOORE. Charlottetown, Aug. 7, 1895.

SOMETHING NEW. Roger Gallet's Perfumes on draught. Peau D'Espagne and the other favorites. Other good Perfumes, 20 and 25 cents by the ounce and in bottles. A full stock of Toilet Requisites.

REDDIN BROS. Madam, A Word With You! No doubt you want to buy Boots cheap. Well, to-night we are going to place on our counter 60 pairs Ladies' Dongola Lace Boots, regular price \$1.70. Our price to-night 99 cents a pair. Remember, these goods are NEW STOCK, just arrived. We have them in all sizes. Yours for Shoes at Low Prices. A. E. McEACHEN, THE SHOE MAN. July 27

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

PLEASE THE EYE AND EAR, And You Will Win the Heart. We please your eyes with Choice Goods. We please your ears with Low Prices. We try to win your hearts by Honesty. We hope thus to reach your pocket-book. We want your trade, and we mean to get it, and we surely will if Low Prices can attract you. The balance of our Shirt Waists at your own price. The balance of our Shirt Fronts at 50c, worth 70c. Ladies' Summer Underwear at half price.

JAMES PATON & CO. Established 1797. Fire Insurance Society. NORWICH, ENGLAND. CAPITAL, \$5,500,000.00. Two Dollars of Cash Assets for Every Dollar of Liabilities. Low Rates. Prompt Settlements. E. R. BROW, Agent for P. E. Island. Charlottetown, June 10, 1895—14

THIS WEEK ONLY! Bargains in Soaps at Watson's Drug Store. For Example:—55 cents worth of the purest White Castile Soap (direct from the makers) for 40 cents. SEE THE WINDOW! Charlottetown, August 7, 1895.

DON'T FORGET OUR GREAT SALE OF HATS, Readymade Clothing. AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHINGS. D. A. BRUCE. Charlottetown, July 24, 1895—14

Wool! Wool! Taken to Card. Taken to Manufacture Taken in Exchange for Cloth. Bought for Cash. Highest Price Allowed. We call special attention to our fine Tweeds, which we manufacture from imported Marino Wool. Also to the fact that we have a Scotch Dyer in the Mill, so that we can give you a good standing color. Another important fact is that our goods are all made from pure Wool only. Wholesale and retail. Wholesale orders delivered from Charlottetown.

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

Buttons NEVER COME OFF. Latest Button Machine Fasteners. Buy Your Boots at GOFF BROS., and have the Buttons put on free. Charlottetown, August 5, 1895—135

Attend to the Great August Sale at Stanley Brothers.

WHITE WEAR. For Less than Materials alone would cost. See prices. Stanley Brothers

WHITE SKIRTS! 45 cents for 25 cents. 58 " for 40 " 65 " for 50 " 81 " for 65 " \$1.20 for 90 " \$1.50 for \$1.00. \$2.10 for \$1.50.

NIGHT DRESSES. 85 cents for 55 cents. 90 " for 65 " \$1.25 for \$1.00. \$2.19 for \$1.50. \$2.50 to \$3.75, one-third off. Stanley Brothers

Drawers, Chemises, Corset Covers, ONE THIRD OFF. Stanley Brothers

ALL OUR MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF—OF—Print