

THE DAILY EXAMINER OCTOBER 26, 1881.

The Future of Canada.

The New York Post in an article in review of a work just issued from the pen of Mr. Fraser Rae, entitled "Newfoundland to Manitoba," quotes from the work as follows:—

Prince Street School.

In such weather as this, there is still no warmth in the class-rooms of the Prince Street School; and children go there to shiver for a few hours and return home with blue-cold noses and chattering teeth.

Caution to Bank Directors.

The Directors of the Bank of Ontario, which has been recently in some trouble, have been sued under the following circumstances: In May last they declared a half-yearly dividend of three per cent., and strongly represented the condition of the Bank to be flourishing; and on the strength of their report, Mr. Adam Darling, as trustee for heirs in Scotland, invested largely in the stock of the bank; it has transpired that the report was not true—that the bank was not at that time in a flourishing condition; and Mr. Darling has entered an action against the directors for the loss he has sustained.

Progress of Montreal.

It is said that the change for the better in Montreal during the past two years in everything but its civic government and the filth of its streets is marvellous. A correspondent in city is assured by real estate agents of high standing that they have ten or twelve applications for every eligible vacant house they have to offer. Residential property in the city is going up in value very rapidly, the increase within two years being from 25 to 30 per cent.

Garfield's Literary Remains.

It is announced that a collection of General Garfield's literary remains will be made and published; and Col. Rockwell makes the following statement respecting them:—

"To those best acquainted with the great capacity for work and the vast versatility of General Garfield, the extent, variety and orderly arrangement of his intellectual estate are amazing. Fully appreciating its value, and believing that the most enduring monument of the late President must be erected upon the granite foundation of what he said and did and was, Mrs. Garfield purposes affectionate, careful work in this direction. Such a monument, therefore, illustrating a life which cannot be written until the world has moved far enough away from him to take in the grandeur of his career and character, may be expected only after measured deliberation, and as coming from her sanction and authority."

Reforms in Spain.

The Government of Spain have introduced a new code reforming the marriage laws, re-establishing civil marriage, and enforcing the inscription of all religious marriages on the civil register to make them valid. The code contains also new rules for judicial separation and for the legitimization of natural children, fixing the legal capacity of both sexes at twenty three instead of twenty-five, increasing the paternal liberties over wills and legacies, improving the condition of married women, and preparing the way to establish trial by jury, by decreeing the public and oral trial of criminal cases in the presence of the accused. This is the most sweeping legal, civil, and law reform in Spain since the revolution of 1868.

A cablegram speaks of a St. Petersburg despatch having reached London stating that the Russian and British Governments some time since came to an agreement that the former should not send an agent to Herat, nor the latter one to Afghanistan. The Russians have no proper business at Herat, but the Anglo-Indian Government has long had close relations of one sort or another with Afghanistan, which holds the chief gateways of the historic roads from Central Asia to the plains of India. Still, the Gladstone Government may have trammelled itself with an agreement of the sort named.

The imports of gold into the United States since 1st August 1879, are set down at \$200,000,000. United States mines have produced since then \$65,000,000. A small portion of this specie has gone into the United States Treasury, but the gold has chiefly gone into circulation, thereby adding to the currency which has not otherwise been decreased. Besides silver dollars and certificates, we may say that \$205,000,000 have been thus added to the currency.

Mr. Goldwin Smith on Canada.

THE CANADIAN TARIFF A FISCAL NECESSITY—OUR RELATIONS WITH THE UNITED STATES AND ENGLAND.

The following is an extract from the address of Mr. Goldwin Smith at the Social Science Congress on October 6th:—

With regard to the new Canadian tariff, I must say here what I have said elsewhere—it was a measure of fiscal necessity. There was a deficit which could be filled only by an increase of the import duties, direct taxation in those communities being fraught with social danger, as well as vexatious and difficult of collection. The only tax which is protectionist—that is, imposed for the purpose, not of revenue, but of protection—is the coal tax, laid on in the interest of Nova Scotia, and with a view of securing her adhesion to the general policy. In the selection of the classes of goods there is an attempt to discriminate in favor of England against the United States, which, by the result, appears to have been not unsuccessful. Of course taxes imposed on the importation of goods of the same kind as those which are made in the country gives what is called incidental protection to the home manufacturer, and the tariff is accordingly welcomed by the protectionists, whose support the Government does not refuse. But there is a rider to the tariff, looking to the mutual reduction of duties by Canada and the United States. The deficit which created the necessity was caused by expenditure for political objects on public works. That the objects were political is not a condemnation, provided the policy was sound. Other things are entitled to consideration besides wealth, as Adam Smith in his defence of the Navigation Laws has emphatically declared. Political economy rests not on any religious principle, but on expediency, which must be enlarged so as to take in all reasonable motives, and to embrace the future as well as the present. That he is sacrificing, and deliberately sacrificing, the present advantage to larger gains in the future is the position of the American protectionist; and whether the belief as to the future profit will be well or ill founded in his case, we must meet him in argument on his own ground. For my part I see little prospect of a change in the American tariff except through the reduction of the debt, which will diminish the need of revenue.

The Champion Creamer.

This Creamer was exhibited at the recent Exhibition in this city by the proprietor—John E. Hicks, of Windsor, P. Q., and was universally admired by those interested in dairy work. The special points claimed for this Creamer are its simplicity, the rapidity with which the cream may be raised, and the effectual mode of drawing off the sediment, thereby leaving the bottom perfectly clean when the cream arrives there. A glass is placed at the top showing when the milk is separated from the cream. Its ventilation for the escape of all impurities in the milk is a great point in favor of this machine.

The Montreal Gazette, in reviewing the leading inventions at the Montreal Exhibition, in September last, says, in reference to the champion creamer, that "J. E. Hicks, of Windsor Mills, Quebec, shows his champion creamer in operation, which from four and a half gallons of milk from the Jersey cows of Mr. W. Raeburn, St. Anne's, produced cream six inches deep in four hours, thereby fully sustaining its character of "champion." The special points of merit in this creamer are simplicity, rapidity, effectual mode in drawing off sediment, purity of cream, ease in churning and cheapness. After several practical tests in both Canada and the United States, the result is unqualified praise. The champion takes first prize and a highly commended ticket award."

We learn that several prominent dairies in this city are already supplied with this creamer and that it gives most perfect satisfaction.

Summerside News.

(From the Pioneer.)

Business very lively here just now—every one up to their eyes in it; indeed, we don't remember seeing so much stir of late years.

As we write, active preparations are being made for launching Capt. Richard's three-masted schooner. She is a superior vessel about 600 tons burden.

On Sabbath last Mr. David Schurman, who is about removing to Ontario, was presented with a complimentary address from his fellow-workers in the Presbyterian Sabbath School. Mr. Schurman has filled the office of Secretary and Treasurer to the school for several years with great efficiency. He goes west to seek a change of climate for the health of a member of his family. We sincerely hope the change may prove advantageous.

Hum in potato trade at present is something extraordinary. Since last addressing readers, prices have advanced nearly if not quite ten cents a bushel, so that at time of writing they may be quoted from forty to fifty cents per bushel, and stiff at that. Last fall they readily changed hands at fourteen to sixteen cents, and allowing there is only half crops in the country, when farmers get over twice the figures of ordinary years and three and a half times as much as for tubers last year, they must be unreasonable to complain very hard. As we write, over a dozen vessels are at the wharves taking in potatoes, and we believe that producers who market their surplus without loss of time will be in pocket. Prices are at a point which should satisfy any reasonable person, and they will not likely endure such tension for any length of time. The vessels now with hatches off to receive cargo will likely betake themselves to other ports if not accommodated here within a few days. In that case prices would inevitably come down with a jerk. Some will probably surmise that as the vessels are here they must get their loads at whatever price. This is a mistake, and we have no doubt some will find it out too late.

Weather Bulletin.

Probabilities for the next 24 hours for the Maritime Provinces.

TORONTO, October 26—10 a. m.

Strong winds and gales from the west and north, fair, cooler weather with showers of rain or snow.

News Notes.

Leoprosy is on the decrease at Lepreaux, New Brunswick.

Accounts of shipping disasters continue to come from all around the coast of Great Britain.

The Queen has accepted a copy of the book "From the Log Cabin to the White House."

Shop-breakers are operating almost every night in Toronto and Montreal, and the police don't catch them worth a cent.

It is openly stated in Government circles at Berlin that the sole object of King Humbert's visit to the Emperor of Austria is to join the Austro-German alliance.

The Irish Times states that a company is being formed, with a capital of about \$15,000,000, at the head of which will be a member of the royal family, for the purpose of purchasing waste lands in Ireland, to be reclaimed and let or sold to tenants for cultivation on easy terms.

Prof. King, the missing aeronaut, is reported safe. He went up in his balloon at Chicago October 13, and came down in a Wisconsin swamp, 500 miles distant, the next night. He reached an altitude of 9,600 feet. The party were five days getting out of the swamp to a place where communication could be had with the outside world.

One of the few English landlords who appear now to be doing anything of note for the improvement of their estates is the Duke of Portland. His grace recently borrowed the sum of \$250,000 for use on his land in Derbyshire, Lincoln, Nottingham and Worcester, and has just secured an additional loan of \$100,000 for expenditure in improving his estates in Northumberland.

The potatoe boom witnessed on every side throughout Canada is very remarkable. From Sarnia to Sydney the same story is told, the same activity shown in potato shipments to the United States. It is good to be a Canadian farmer these times. He fares better on the whole than the men of his class generally anywhere else the wide world over. His burdens press on him very lightly, and he can obtain fair prices for all he has to sell.

Journals of Southern California express the opinion that the project of dividing the State into two, which has been so actively advocated for a time, is a failure. They believe the present rapid development and increase in wealth and population in the southern counties, and the conflict between their interest and those of the northern counties, will in time force a division, but the movement is now premature, and is regarded generally as an attempt on the part of interested politicians to create a batch of new offices.

The temperance folks of Kansas are beginning at last to get the upper hand of the liquor sellers and drinkers. For a time it was impossible to convict under the new laws, even in the clearest cases and upon the plainest evidence; but the Prohibitionists have subscribed money, held mass meetings, and taken solemn resolutions not to rest until the stringent statute relative to liquor selling should be enforced, and now they have succeeded in obtaining convictions and the imposition of heavy fines in Topeka, Florence and Ottawa.

A SCHOONER LOST.—The schooner Speculator, 78 tons, owned by Edward Milliken, of Shediac, sailed from the Bay of Islands, Nfld., on Monday, Oct. 10th, with a cargo of 685 bushels Labrador herring, 160 quintals dry codfish, 78 quintals green codfish and a few thousand feet dry pine boards. On Monday night the schooner struck on the Goose Shoals, P. E. I., and soon sprung a leak and filled. The crew managed to hold on by the rigging till daylight and by that time the wind and sea had gone down, so much that they were able to get the boat lashed, and managed to reach the shore in safety. There was no insurance on the vessel or cargo, which were valued at \$7,000, and all will be a total wreck.

Captain Weldon, of the schooner Speculator, announced as lost above, has got into a serious difficulty in Newfoundland. The particulars so far received are not very definite or full, but it seems that Capt. Weldon had some trouble with one of his crew and shot him. The authorities went after him, and he took to the woods, thus escaping from them. The search and pursuit was continued after him however and he was eventually caught. The latest particulars state that his position is a grave one. Captain Weldon belongs to St. John, having resided in Portland.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN.

ENTERED.

Oct 26—Schr Fear Not, Concord, North Sydney, coal; Ella, Loop, Halifax, herring; Laura C. Pollard, Bay Verte, lumber; Alma, Ritchey, Glass Bay, coal; Lydia, Robertson, Griffin, Halifax, molasses; Eidor, Griffin, Lockport, ballast; Anna Gray, Gillan, Caledonia, coal; St Luce, Mosson, Caledonia, coal.

CLEARED.

Oct 26—Schr Emeline, Butler, St Pierre, potatoes and hay; Minnie E. Neel, Boston, produce; Erik Alaska, Young, Montague, ballast; Mr Annie Laurie, Merriam, Pietou, ballast; Miramichi, McFayden, Crapaud, mdse; Star, Vatch, Cape Breton, ballast; Bonabel, Griffin, Vernon River, plank.

DIED.

At French Village, Lot 27, on the 20th of August, at the residence of her son, Elijah K. Coffin, Esq., Margaret, relict of the late Kimball Coffin, aged 90 years.

I lay my sins on Jesus, the spotless lamb of God.

He hears them all and frees us from the accursed load;

I bring my guilt to Jesus to wash my criminal stains

White in his blood most precious, till not a spot remains.

Hallelujah, Jesus saves me, He makes me white as snow.

At the residence of his sister, Mrs. McKenna, Elm Street, Leaville, Colorado, Oct. 14th, of typhoid fever, Norman Beaton, aged 21 years. The deceased was formerly of Victoria Cross, Lot 51, King's County, P. E. I. He was a young man of amiable Christian principle, deeply beloved in life, and now, in his death, greatly mourned. Among other kind friends to bid him farewell, was Mr. Michael Walsh, of Cornwall, P. E. I.

Lord Lorne on the North-West.

(From the Monetary Times.)

More than one country may have reason to thank Lord Lorne for crossing under the discomforts of summer heat, our expansive Western prairies to the foot of the Rocky Mountains. Canada wants this noble expanse of fertile country peopled; other peoples, having surplus populations, require land to cultivate. This North-West of ours is undoubtedly the noblest heritage that has ever fallen to the lot of any people. What is necessary is that its capabilities should become generally known. Lord Lorne's visit took place just at the right time. In two years the Syndicate promises to have the rails laid as far as the Rocky Mountains. Settlement will then be possible along the whole line over a thousand miles of the noblest prairie lands in the world.

"Nothing," says the Governor General, "can exceed the fertility and excellence of the whole course of the Saskatchewan." This accords with all the evidence we have of this country. Even districts once set down as barren are now known to be fruitful. The great American desert, which was thought to extend over a large area north of 49° proves, on our side of the line, to be little more than a myth. Where the winters are as severe as they are out there, an abundant supply of fuel is a necessity. The woods that fringe the valleys of the lakes and rivers are exceptional and limited; but of coal, a sort of cross between lignite and true soft coal there is, as Lord Lorne observes, an abundance, and it is often found in such positions that it can be easily floated down the great streams. The climate of this new country has been misrepresented and misunderstood. If we trust to the thermometer alone, we shall be mistaken; the readings of the thermometer need to be corrected by personal experience of the effect of cold, in a dry climate, on the sensations. "It is," as Lord Lorne remarks, "the moisture in the atmosphere that makes the cold tell; and the Englishman, who, with the thermometer at zero in his moist atmosphere would be shivering, would here find one fannel shirt sufficient while working."

The Englishman with his home experience of frost often shrinks from encountering a far greater degree of cold, as measured by the thermometer, and without reference to the dryness or moisture of the atmosphere, under the belief that it would be unbearable. This is one of the main reasons why Australia and New Zealand have got many of the best emigrants. The climates of Australia and New Zealand do not admit of comparison with that of our North West, so great are the differences; but it is probable that the average of human life will be longer in the country which has colder winters and greater variety of seasons. Variety of seasons is an agreeable spicing of the otherwise monotony of life; and this very variety, now dreaded by many who do not fully comprehend it, will one day be a recommendation.

From the old settled parts of Canada, from Europe, from Montana, Texas, Oregon, people have gone to take up their homes in this new country, and their universal testimony is that they are well satisfied with it, and would not, on any account, change. The attractions are so powerful that we may expect to see emigrants rushing in increasing numbers from all countries in which the adventurous spirit is strong or in which there is a surplus population. The world is just beginning to realize the magnificence of the great country to which the Governor General has just made an extended visit; and the desire for additional information is increasing.

The want, we may be sure, will in one way or another be supplied. The condition of the English farmer is most precarious, and his temptation to emigrate would be strong if he were in possession of the necessary information. France, whose renewed interest in Canada is one of the features of the time, shows a disposition to try the experiment of emigration; and the day is past when German emigrants thought there was no other country than the United States to go to. The population actually going into our North West carries with it enough capital to ensure an unusual rate of progress; and we may reasonably expect that ten years will do for that region what it took fifty to do for the most fertile of our old settlements.

Principal Grant has been giving words of counsel and of cheer to college students. To many the beginning of a session is a turning point in life, a point at which more depends upon themselves than upon others. Adversaries and self-control are then to take the place in a great measure of external authority. The fees they have to fight are:

The World; The flesh; The Devil, Society; Self; Satan.

according to his re-arrangement of the trio. "Strength, moral strength, strength of character is one thing needful to make true men and women." This is true of students at a University, a Technical School or a Commercial College.

If you want an Overcoat or Suit, made to order, good style, and cheap; try L. E. FROWSE.

Apples, &c.

BY AUCTION, TO-MORROW (Thursday), October 27th, at two o'clock, 45 bbls Cooking Apples, (N. S.) 1 Franklin Stone (Model Parlor No. 1), 1 Cook S'ove (Magician No. 9), 1 (small).

A. McNEILL, Auct'r.

Oct. 26, '81.

NOTICE!

THE party who took an old writing desk out of A. Hermans & Son's Shop would do well by returning the same, and thus saving further trouble. No questions asked.

A. HERMANS & SON.

Ch'town, Oct. 25, '81—3i

ANTHRACITE COAL.

LEHIGH VALLEY,

CHESTNUT AND EGG SIZES

IN STORE.

R. McMILLAN. Oct. 25, '81—2w eod, wkly, pd

London House.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

OUR Fall and Winter

DRY GOODS

JUST RECEIVED

BY S. S. PRINCE EDWARD

FROM LIVERPOOL,

and Anchor and Allan Line Steamers,

NOW OPEN!

—COMPRISING—

A Large Assortment of

PLAIN and FANCY DRESS GOODS, Black Cashmeres, Lustres, Meltons, Serges, best value.

WINCEYS—Plain and Twilled, all Colors and Qualities.

COTTONS—White, Grey and Printed, in English, Canadian and American makes.

MANTLE CLOTHS, Beavers, Pilots, Worsted Coatings, Scotch, English and Canadian Tweeds, a fine assortment.

MILLINERY—Ladies' Plush, Beaver and Straw Hats, Feathers, Flowers and Ornaments.

SKIRTS, SHAWLS, GLOVES, Hosiery, Thompson's Glove-fitting Corsets.

MEN'S and BOYS' HATS and CAPS, Fur and Cloth.

FLANNELS, Sheetings, Towels, Napkins, Table Linens.

CANVAS, Siliesias, Casbains, Linings.

CANADIAN AND SCOTCH Wool Shirts and Drawers, Wool Scarfs, Blankets and Quilts, Small Wares, Braces, Braids, Buttons, Threads, Needles.

CASH BUYERS

will find this Stock complete,

and very best value.

GEO. DAVIES & CO.

September 30, 1881.

Very Valuable and Handsome HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT WOODLAWN.

I AM instructed by Hon. JOSEPH POPE to sell AT AUCTION, at his residence, "Woodlawn," Easton Street, on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, 26th and 27th at 11 o'clock, all his very valuable and handsome

Household Furniture and Effects,

Handsome Rosewood and Turkish Cloth Drawing Room Suit, with set-a-tela Sofa; Rosewood Sofa Table, handsome Rosewood Centre Table, with carved pedestal; Rosewood Card Tables, Rosewood Chess Table (gilded with marble), Rosewood prie Dieu Chair, Rosewood Fender and Foot Stools, five o'clock Tea Tables, handsome Statuary, in Parian Marble and Alabaster, very handsome Mantel and Wall Mirrors, 1 Gilt and Marble Top Console, with Mirror, Crayons and Pencillings, Velvet Pile, Brussels and Tapestry Carpets, French Damask and Lace Curtains and Hangings, Chandeliers, Register Grates, Fenders, Fire Irons, &c., very handsome Dining Room Furniture in Mahogany Extension Dining Table, Mahogany Side Board, Mahogany and Leather Seat Dining Chairs, Mahogany Dumb Waiter (3 shelves), Butlers Trays and Stands, Marble 8-Day Clock, Bronze Ornaments, very handsome Oil Paintings, and Oil Chromos, Crinoline, Damask and Lace Curtains, Poles and Rings, very handsome and expensive sets Dinner, Dessert and Fish Knives and Forks, in Mahogany cases, Plated ware, Glassware, China and Crockery, Lamps, etc. Very Handsome Hall Furniture, in Mahogany and Marble Top Tables, Hat and Umbrella Stand, Chairs, Steel Engravings and Oil Paintings Oil Cloth, Base Burner Stove, Bagatelle Boards, etc. Handsome Mahogany and Polished Birch Bedroom Suite, with Canopy Tops and Damask Hangings. Very handsome double winged Mahogany Wardrobe, with mirror front (cedar drawers and shelves), Mahogany Dressing Cases and Glasses, Toilet Sets, Feather Beds, Mattresses, Palliases, Blankets, Sheets, Counterpanes, Chests of Drawers, Wash Stands, Comodes, Bedcotes, etc. Rosewood, Rotary Library Table, Mahogany Book Case, Lounges, Easy Chairs, Wal. Pianoforte, (French) 6i oct., Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine, wal. boxed, lined with satin wood, etc., Kitchen and Pantry Furniture, "American Kitchen Range," Tinware, Crockery, Cooking Utensils, etc. Iron Axle Cart, Driving Sleigh, Box Sleigh, Wheelbarrow, Lawn Mower, Harness, Garden and Stable Tools, etc.; 1 superior Milk Cow, 2 Guns (one a Breach-Loader; 1 Colt's Revolver and Case, 1 Sword, 1 waterproof Fishing Bag, 1 pair Saddle Bags, 1 Sextant, 1 Washing Machine and Wringer, &c., &c.

Full particulars by catalogue, to be had after Wednesday next, at the office of WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.

Oct 15, 1881.—eod

ROBBS, BLANKETS, CLOTHS, TEA, &c.

AT AUCTION.

TO ARRIVE, and will be sold by Auction, at the

Queen Street Auction Rooms,

—ON—

Thursday, 27th inst.,

AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M.,

1 bale Wolf Robes,

1 bale Grey Blankets,

2 cases Cloths,

1 case Heavy Clothing,

1 case Underclothing,

1 case Sheets,

Cottons, Prints, Italian Cloths, Tailors' Findings.

—ALSO—

100 half-chests superior Tea,

200 dozen assorted Brooms.

Sale positive. — No reserve.

Terms—All sums over \$50, three months; from \$100 to \$50, four months—approved paper.

W. D. STEWART,

Oct. 18, '81.—eod Auctioneer.

BEER & GOFF

HAVE

300 BBLs. BEST BRANDS

Choice Flour Baking Powder

National Policy, Woodill's,

Famous Superior, Cook's Friend,

Kent and and Princess.

other Brands, Crockery,

LAMPS, Table Knives,

VERY CHEAP, and Forks.

TEA!

AT 32, 34, 36 and 40 etc., WARRANTED. Wholesale and Retail. BEER & GOFF. Oct. 24, '81.

TO LET. THE commodious HOUSE owned and occupied by the subscriber, in Water Street. Possession given middle of November. Oct. 24, '81.—tf R. LONGWORTH.

COAL. COAL. A WAYS ON HAND, Pictou Found and Nut Coal and Old Mines Sydney coal. Customers can be supplied at all times. Prices as low as any in the city. Terms cash. CAPT. JOHN HUGHES, July 12—law tf Water Street.