

Electors, Attention!

The Liberal-Conservative Committee on revision of the Voters' List respectfully notifies voters not already registered, as well as those whose registration requires correction, to apply immediately at the office of John T. Mellish, Esq., Barrister-at-Law, Queen Square, where every facility will be freely afforded to secure proper registration. The office is open during the day and also in the evening after 7 o'clock. Applications must be made before the 1st of August.

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

JULY 24, 1889.

THE FRANCHISE.

Just before the last election many Conservatives, in Charlottetown and elsewhere, would have given hundred of dollars for the right to vote which they forfeited by simply neglecting to take the steps necessary to have their names placed upon the voters' list. But it was, then, too late. They could not vote; and the province has suffered a heavy loss—a loss which can never be made up.

It is now hoped that every man will see to it that his name is duly and properly registered on the voters' list. Remember that this is the last week in which the preliminary steps can be easily taken. Every man who has an application to make, should make it at Mr. Mellish's office at once. We are pleased to learn that large numbers have already performed this simple but important duty. No man should fail to do it. The privilege of the franchise is inestimable—let it not be lost for the want of a little care and trouble—now.

Sugar.

Those men who are forever declaiming against the National Policy of Canada and the "infamy of a protective tariff," and who would, at the same time, cajole the country into a commercial union under which the customs tariff would, necessarily, be higher and much more protective than the tariff which they denounce, are men whom it is hard to understand.

A case in point is furnished by the Patriot, which speaks, no doubt, for the leaders of the Liberal party in this Province. The Patriot denounces the protection given to our sugar refineries as "one of the infamies," and quotes the Montreal Herald to convince its readers that the Government are "directly grinding the faces of the poor to make millionaires of a few dozen cotton lords." But both journals would be willing (if the people would only let them) to apply the sugar duties and the sugar trusts of the United States under a scheme of commercial union.

The Patriot would probably refer its readers to a much more reliable authority than the Montreal Herald—as to the prices of sugar—if it were to quote from the housekeeping accounts of its chief editor or anyone else who keeps housekeeping accounts. The accounts of the year from 1874 to 1878 would show that the prices of sugar, at retail ranged in those notable free trade years, from eight to twelve cents per pound! Before the National Policy began to work, the price of even the lowest grades of sugar was rarely, if ever, less than eight cents. But after the National policy was enacted, and sugar refineries were established and began to work in Canada, and the element of home competition was introduced, the prices of sugar went down from two to three cents per pound. Now, however, owing partially to a shortage in the crop of raw material, and partially, perhaps, to the ability of the people to pay higher prices and the consequent determination of the sugar dealers to make them do so, the prices of sugar are up again—ranging, at retail, from 8½ to 10½ cents. But it is hardly possible that these abnormal prices—abnormal while the National Policy prevails and our sugar refineries are kept running—can be maintained. The supply of sugar must enlarge, and the prices of sugar must, ere long, come down.

Suppose, however, that they do not come down, and that the standard prices of ante-National Policy days, will be maintained,—isn't it just as well that the millions of profits resulting should roll into the pockets of sugar refiners in this country, as that an equal number of millions should be distributed among dealers, brokers, etc., who live and move and have their being abroad? Our sugar refiners have invested a large amount of capital in this country; they keep hundreds of men employed in Montreal, Moncton and Halifax; they keep hundreds of thousands of dollars in Canada which, but for them, would be expended in England, Scotland, the United States and elsewhere.

As mere Prince Edward Islanders, the people of this Province do not, perhaps, care where the profits of the sugar trade go. But, as Canadians, having at heart the interests and the prosperity of the Dominion at large, they would certainly rather see them go into the pockets of

their fellow Canadians than into the pockets of outsiders and foreigners.

We have not one word to say in favor of "combinsters," whether abroad or at home. On the contrary, we sincerely hope that they will all be speedily brought to confusion. What we do contend is that the facts in the history of the sugar trade, do not justify the Patriot's conclusion that the present high prices are due to the National Policy.

Telegraphic Odds and Ends.

A BUDGET OF GENERAL NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

QUEBEC, July 22.—A scheme is on foot here to organize a syndicate with \$100,000 to go into the shipbuilding business. The promoters say there is money in it.

MONTREAL, July 22.—The belief is gaining ground in political circles that Premier Mercier contemplates an early appeal to the province, and it is believed by many there will be an election this fall.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 22.—Bands of Cretan insurgents have seized the towns of Vamos and Cidonia. They expelled the authorities of the towns and burned the archives. A number of Turkish peasants who fled from the district occupied by the insurgents have taken refuge in Restymio.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., July 22.—The list of the drowned by the flood, so far learned, numbers seventeen. It is thought the death list will be much larger when districts now cut off from the outside world are heard from. The village of Morristown in Wiert county was swept entirely away. The damage to property cannot be estimated. Hundreds of people lost all they possessed, and many families are homeless. Great suffering exists among the victims.

BASTROP, Texas, July 22.—An incipient race war has begun in Bastrop county. At the last election the negroes were in the majority and elected several of their number to office. The overbearing conduct of these officials has been such as to cause white people much discomfort, all of which was quietly borne, however, until a few days ago, when a respectable white man was shot and instantly killed by a colored justice without the slightest reason. The whites in the county became enraged at the negroes, and people armed with revolvers and knives hastened to the scene of the shooting. The wildest excitement took place, and in the fighting which ensued four whites and four negroes were killed and five or six others fatally wounded. Further trouble is feared.

OTTAWA, July 22.—It is understood that the Government has offered to withdraw proceedings in the Mattie Whinship case if the owners pay \$2,000 forfeit, together with accrued costs.

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OTTAWA, July 22.—The circulating rumors regarding Ottawa cabinet changes originated in the imagination of a reporter of Montreal's "only religious daily," in which truth is religiously suppressed.

CAIRO, July 22.—Eight hundred more British troops have started for Assouan.

LONDON, July 27.—A despatch from Erzeroum to the Standard says there is an unusual movement of Russian troops between the Turkish frontier and Kutais, Tiflis, Alexandropol and Erivan. It is estimated that eighty thousand men are already concentrated, and more are coming.

DUBLIN, July 22.—Mr. Kennedy, formerly member of parliament for Cavan, succeeds Mr. Sexton as Lord Mayor of Dublin. Mr. Dickson, member of parliament for the St. Stephen's Green division of Dublin, has purchased 20,000 acres of land in Parageay.

Meeting of Grand Division.

The 17th inst. was a red letter day for the Grand Division of P. E. Island, and the temperance people of Alberton. On board the special train we found one hundred delegates, and among them were Rev. R. Alder Temple, Most Worthy Patriarch of the National Division of N. A.

The Grand Division met and opened at 1 p. m. with the following officers present: Rev. Wm. P. Archibald, G. W. Patriarch; Edwin Proctor, G. W. Associate; Jesse S. Burns, G. Scribe; D. W. Henderson, G. Treasurer; Rev. A. F. Carr, G. Chaplain; Miss Ada Wadman, G. Conductor; S. W. Crabbe, P. G. W. Patriarch.

After the opening ceremonies, the M. W. P. was announced and introduced by the senior P. G. W. P., and welcomed according to the usual forms of the order. A large number of new members were now announced, admitted and initiated, after which the following committees were appointed: Finance, S. W. Crabbe, John Anderson and Dan Stewart; State of the Order, J. R. Edwards, Henry Rackham, A. B. Dickieson; On G. W. P.'s report, Wm. Simpson, Geo. W. Wakeford, Jas. Carruthers. The reports of the G. W. Patriarch, Grand Scribe and Grand Treasurer were now read by those officers. These reports, as well as verbal reports of representatives showed this grand old order to be holding its own in the affections of the people of this province.

The M. W. P. expressed himself as pleased with his visit to the province, and to the Grand Division, and congratulated them upon the success which had attended their labors in the past, and the unmistakable signs of vitality shown by the Order in this jurisdiction.

A public meeting was held in the Presbyterian church in the evening, at which a very large concourse of people gathered.

The chair was occupied by Rev. Mr. Fisher, while with him on the platform were Rev. R. Alder Temple, Rev. A. F. Carr, Rev. W. P. Archibald, Rev. W. M. Tufts, and Rev. Mr. Kinley. Mr. Kinley opened the meeting with prayer, after which addresses were given by Rev. A. F. Carr, Rev. W. P. Archibald, Wm. Simpson, David Small, and the Rev. R. Alder Temple. While all the speeches were remarkably good, that of Mr. Temple deserves more than a passing notice. He is perfectly at home on the platform, and can,

with seemingly no effort, hold an audience in breathless attention, and sway them at will. He seems to be a born orator and leader of men.

Before the programme was fully carried out the time had come when delegates who came by the special had to leave, and the meeting was brought to a close. Beautiful music was furnished by a local choir, a song by Prof. Ross, and cornet solo by two quite young boys, did much to make the meeting interesting. The audience was one of the most intelligent and respectable that could be brought together in any community on the Island.

What shall one say of the hospitality of the good people of Alberton? Well, only this: we want to go back again, and hope when we again meet in Grand Division at Alberton, we will be able to remain about two weeks. Au revoir.—Com.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

OSBORNE HOUSE.

July 23—W A Cheverie, Souris; James P Cunningham, Alberton; W J S Ellis and wife, Worcester, Mass; G Smith, Mrs Smith, Sadie Macdonald, Boston; C Pease, Woodstock, N B.

HOTEL DAVIES.

July 23—John B Hill, Montreal, S N Clift, St John's, N F; C S Martin, C A Welsh, Boston; J A Morrison, Halifax; James Johnson, Montreal; Rev W M Tufts, North Bedque.

RANKIN HOUSE.

July 24—J D McDonald, wife and son, Boston, Mass; P J Bolger, Wm Bolger, Montague; G C Tybe, John Fisher, Mount Stewart; P Rice, Cardigan; Daniel McMillan, Portland, Me; Mrs A McDonald, Brooklyn, N Y; D Munn, Little Sands; Edmund Flynn, Michael Flynn, St Peter's; Roderick Steel, Dundas.

CALEDONIAN CLUB OF P. E. ISLAND.

The Annual Scottish Gathering WILL BE HELD AT THE New Driving Park and Exhibition Grounds, Charlottetown, ON THURSDAY, AUG. 15th.

For further particulars as to Prizes, traveling arrangements from all points by Railways and Steamers at special rates, etc., see programme.

JAMES D. IRVING, President. JOHN M. CAMPBELL, Secretary.

July 24—dy tl dte wky 3i

NOTICE.

TENDERS for the Building of a School-house at Long Creek, Lot 65, according to plans and specifications to be seen at Joseph H. Stretch's, Long Creek, will be received until the 15th OF AUGUST, 1889. Good securities must accompany each tender. The Trustees do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

D. K. McNEILL, Secretary. Long Creek, July 26, 1889—wky 3i pd

BY AUCTION.

I WILL sell by Auction, To-morrow, Thursday, at 9 o'clock, a. m.:— 75 Tons LIME STONE, ex schr. "Bonny Kate," at Lord's Wharf.

July 24 GEO. M. HARRIS, Auctioneer.

Furniture, Carpets, &c.

BY AUCTION, AT MY SALESROOM, ON FRIDAY, 26th INSTANT, AT 1.30 O'CLOCK, P. M.:

Parlor, Bedroom and Dining Room Sets, Carpets, Pictures, Crockery, &c.

Also—1 Range in good order, Kitchen Utensils, &c., &c.

July 24 GEO. M. HARRIS, Auctioneer.

ANTHRACITE COAL.

DISCHARGING to-day, per Brig. Cor—sican, 300 Tons Anthracite Coal, (EXTRA QUALITY.)

July 23, 1889. C. LYONS.

HARD COAL.

ARRIVED Ex. Schr. Carrie Easter, and will be discharging to-morrow (Wednesday), 225 Tons Anthracite Coal, EGG AND CHESTNUT SIZES.

This is the same quality as gave such good satisfaction last year, and will be sold at lowest possible prices. CAPT. JOHN HUGHES, Water Street. Ch'town, July 23, 1889—5i dy.

HARD COAL!

NOW LANDING, At McMillan's Coal Depot, Ex Schr. "Kalevala," from New York, A Cargo of Superior Hard Coal Selling Low.

July 22—3i R. McMILLAN.

MILDSUMMIER. SEASONABLE GOODS AT EXCEPTIONALLY LOW PRICES.

Ladies' and Childrens' HOSIERY, Hats, Flowers, Plushes, Silks, Velvets, BEST GOODS and LOWEST PRICES. WHITE GOODS, in Victoria and Bishop's Lawns, Mulls, Nainsooks, Swiss and Lawn Stripes and Checks, Lace Stripes and Checks, etc., a large assortment and prices low. DRESS GOODS, light fabrics; newest shades. Rouillon's and Dent's KID GLOVES, Silk Gloves, Lisle Gloves and Lace Mitts. EMBROIDERIES! EMBROIDERIES! All widths, nice patterns, and very cheap. Grey, Print and White Cottons, Seersuckers and Gingham. PARASOLS, in Cream, Fancy Colors and Black. Silk and Alpaca Umbrellas.

STANLEY BROTHERS, BROWN'S BLOCK.

SLAUGHTER OF Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

W. N. TANTON will sell for THIRTY DAYS, at from 20 TO 33 1-3 PER CENT. DISCOUNT, his Stock consisting of

American and Swiss Watches, American Clocks, Gold, Silver and Plated Jewelry, Electro-Plated Ware, Spectacles & Eyeglasses.

The Entire Stock must be cleared out within Thirty Days. No old stock on hand.

W. N. TANTON, UPPER QUEEN STREET.

NOTICE.—All Watches or other articles left to be repaired, and not called for within Thirty Days from date, will be sold to pay expenses. 2aw d w—jy16

SOLID SATISFACTION.

Our Friends, the Public and Ourselves all evidently in a Happy Frame of Mind.

EVERY WEEK, since we opened our beautiful stock of SPRING GOODS, business is increasing, as our wonderful Bargains are distributed over this and other provinces.

To further increase our sales, we are now offering better value in Custom and Ready-made Clothing Suits, \$3 50 up.

Two Cases American Felt and Straw Hats, all of the latest styles, shipped by mistake, were bought by us at half price, and will be sold at regular first cost.

D. A. BRUCE,

Charlottetown, June 28, 1889—eod & wky MERCHANT TAILOR.

GOFF BROS.

Are Away Ahead of Competitors for Boots and Shoes, Cheap, Durable and Stylish.

5 MILES under all circumstances, and over all kinds of roads, and have comfortable and dry feet all the time when I buy my footwear at

GOFF BROS. Charlottetown, June 5, 1889—eod wky

CUSTOMERS

Will find at our Store, which has been newly fitted up, many new productions of both

Watches and Jewelry,

THOROUGHLY RELIABLE AS TO QUALITY.

LARGE STOCK OF SILVERWARE AND CHEAP CLOCKS.

A very extensive stock of SPECTACLES. Odd and complicated eyes measured by the Ophthalmoscope.

E. W. TAYLOR,

Watchmaker, Jeweler and Optician, CAMERON BLOCK, CITY. Charlottetown, May 2, 1889—2aw wky

Here We Are Again!

McLEOD & McKENZIE,

STAR MERCHANT TAILORS,

The Original and Peerless Artists of Our Day.

THE ABOVE HAS BEEN A SETTLED FACT FOR YEARS, and to keep before the public what is so well known to every good dresser in this Province, may seem superfluous. But as a good dinner tends to give a quietus to the disturbing influences within the inner man, so a thorough knowledge of our capabilities will give a quietus to anyone who may have had the good fortune of being dressed by us. The sun rises and sets, and it appears to the ordinary judgment that the sun revolves around the earth instead of the earth revolving around the sun; so we, through the immense strides we have taken in our art, would appear to the uneducated to be moving around our many friends, instead of they moving around us; like the sun imparts its warm rays to revive drooping nature, so we are the benefactors of our people, by aiming high and attaining to a STYLE and FINISH in our Garments, which cannot but commend us as the MERCHANT TAILORING PHILANTHROPISTS of our day.

Are you anxious to test the foregoing? Come in, then, and see our line of Goods, which are superior, in every sense of the word, and we will fit you out with a Suit which will doubtless draw the loving remark from your best girl that she has "the best dressed young man in town." Call early, if you must have it before 1st July.

HATS and FURNISHING GOODS in the LATEST STYLES.

McLEOD & McKENZIE, FASHIONABLE MERCHANT TAILORS.

Charlottetown, June 28, 1889.—dy wky