

THE DAILY EXAMINER

FEBRUARY 6, 1883.

Editorial Notes.

Our esteemed correspondent "voter" advances several good practical reasons for preferring open voting to the ballot.

A Temperance Convention was lately held at Toronto, and the opinion expressed that public opinion in Canada is ripe for total prohibition than is generally supposed.

Speaking in the French Chamber of Deputies on the 1st inst., M. Paul De Cassagnac said: "The army belongs to France. When you tell us to go get killed for France we shall go, but not for the Republic."

Having had a war, the people of Egypt are suffering the consequent distress. The poorer class of Europeans are the greatest sufferers. It is said that the Khedive's Government will be compelled to take some action speedily to prevent widespread destitution.

In France, matters political are still in doubt and difficulty, and a late despatch says "the conviction is gaining ground that the French are on the eve of fresh troubles." France is sadly in need of a great patriot; and, like P. E. Island, she has too many small, self-seeking politicians.

The Toronto Globe's Ottawa correspondent reports that "in the King's County, P. E. Island double return case, both contestants have been allotted seats" in the House of Commons. But Dr. Robertson remains at Montague. It is reported that he awaits the receipt of a telegram from Ottawa—whether from Sir John or Mr. Blake the rumor does not say.

Referring to the inadequate means of communication between the mainland of Canada and this Province, the St. John News says: "The Islanders are about to press their claim on the Dominion Government and Parliament anew for the improvement of their communications all the year round with the mainland. No doubt they will get a favorable hearing. The justice of their claim will be readily admitted. But they must not expect impossible results."

Advices from England state that the radicals among the British farmers are becoming dissatisfied with the Liberal Ministry. It is said they are much disappointed that among the subjects recently mentioned by members of the Ministry as likely to occupy the attention of Parliament during the coming session the question of tenants' compensation has found no place. They think also that the Government having received the report of the Royal Commission on Agriculture, and having legislated upon the Irish land question, the farmers of England and Scotland have "a right to claim that their interest shall now be considered and dealt with."

The Moncton Transcript is responsible for the following, which will be read with interest—especially by persons most directly interested in the improvement of the Capes route:—

THE CAPE RAILWAY.—The construction of the Cape Tormentine Railway was commenced on the Sackville end in August last, and has been going ahead steadily ever since. The total length of the line is thirty-nine miles of which ten are already graded. The work across the marshes has been finished, and the construction crews are now working in the woods near Mirigic. There are at present between fifty and sixty men engaged in the cuttings, most of which, so far as reached, are gravel. One of the contractors says that, if the same favorable circumstances continue, the road will be in running order by next fall. No rails have been laid as yet, but as soon as the spring opens up will be put down, and a construction train put on."

The first instalment of the evidence in the Muttart-McIntyre case will be found in another column of THE EXAMINER. No doubt it will be particularly interesting to our readers in King's County; for they will learn from it the peculiar advantages they possess in having Mr. J. R. McLean "in the Lower House," and Dr. McIntyre "in the Dominion House." They will also learn from it that it is as useless to approach a true thorough-going Conservative with the offer of "something handsome," as it is to tempt his party allegiance with a "treat" out of a bottle of rum. It is hinted in the evidence that Mr. McLean "washed his hands," and it is, at all events, quite certain that, wash as he may, his hands will never again be quite clean in the eyes of the electors. The washing of his hands, reminds us that a cert in Roman Governor, on a particular occasion did the same thing. Did Mr. McLean wish to show by the act that he was innocent of the offence of introducing the rum bottle into the canvass?

An enormous public work has just been completed in India—the Sirhind Canal, which is 500 miles long and has subsidiary channels of 2,000 more miles. The canal takes water from the Sutlej, and will bring into cultivation by irrigation 750,000 acres of very rich lands. A few more such works as these and the day of Indian famines will be over.

According to a calculation made by Mr. J. R. Dodge, the statistician of the Agricultural Bureau in Washington, the amount of grain harvested in the United States in 1882 was 502,798,600 bushels of wheat, 1,624,917,800 bushels of corn, and 475,655,700 bushels of oats. This estimate is a good deal lower than the reports of the different States.

Switzerland has rejected the naturalization treaty submitted by the United States.

CORRESPONDENCE.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions or statements of our correspondents.

West Kent Street School.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

SIR.—Yesterday's EXAMINER contains an anonymous letter in reply to mine of the 3rd inst. The writer is well known to me as one who has no personal interest in the matter respecting which he has written. It is very questionable whether he was ever in the West Kent Street School Building twice during the winter season, and therefore his knowledge of its "heating and ventilating arrangements," must be very limited. I decline to discuss the matter with any writer who does not attach his real name to his statements. Any person who will take the trouble to call at the Office of the School Board can have all necessary information with respect to any of the Schools.

Yours, &c., ISAAC OXENHAM,

Civic Matters.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

DEAR SIR.—Considering the times, I think one would be comparatively safe in stating that the one who signs himself "One who pays his bills," in an article in THE EXAMINER of the 1st instant, would not venture to make public his name, for fear of having his mind, which already seems to be in an unsatisfactory state, considerably disturbed by "dunners" on the "warpath." As he has decided not to follow "Civis" in "his wanderings," but only to speak of the Bell Tower contract, and as I am acquainted with that contractor, I assume the right to answer him in it. He says Blake Brothers took the lower flat some five years ago, when no other butcher would take it. Did the Council ask any other butcher to take it? Did they try to lease it in any way after taking it off the hands of the parties who first took it? Can it not be let to any other trade besides the butchering business? Or do they now acknowledge that it is part and parcel of the Market House. If the members of the Council who voted for a renewal of that case consider that they did a good thing for the city, why do they remain silent and in no way attempt to defend their actions? You think they (the outgoing Council) did well for the city and should have been returned. I must say that it looks now as though there are a good many not of your opinion. Your interest however does not seem to centre on Civic matters, you seem rather pleased to get what you consider an opportunity, to give vent to your spitefulness and to show to your advantage how malicious it is possible for a narrow contracted mind to be. What has your Bank of P. E. Island figures got to do with civic matters. Any intelligent person can see that they were used for the sole purpose of a slur; but, as I am not aware who the person is who signs himself "One who pays his bills," and as he is in the same position with regard to "Civis," I will not at present go further, but will leave the remainder of his letter for "Civis" to answer, and in conclusion will say that life is not made up of simply paying one's bills, and that the oft-repeated, and now monotonous attempts to damage the character of those who are defaulters to the old Bank, has proved a great failure, and particularly in the case cited by "One who pays his bills," for, if after conducting a business in one place for over twenty years, there can be nothing else brought against a man save that he has been unsuccessful, and that under such circumstances as existed, he was unfortunate enough to have an overdraft in the Bank at the time of its failure, is of itself a character which few equal and none can better, for it is not in mortals to command success, and the wheel of fortune turns incessantly round, and who can say within himself I shall to-day be uppermost.

Yours etc., CIVIS No. 2.

Trotting Horses.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

SIR.—Allow me to say to my learned friend V. D. N. O., that his reply is quite satisfactory. I never hinted that he could do impossibilities. Laws should either be respected or repealed. And if he can show reason why the act in question should be repealed, I, as an elector shall vote repeal. But he has not given the shadow of an argument. Opinions are not arguments.

ANTI-HUMBUC.

A Panama despatch of Jan. 24th says the details of the capture of Esmeralde, Ecuador, by revolutionists, show that a small force of revolutionists attacked the outposts in three different quarters and drove them in. The central division of assaults reached the square and occupied the houses, while the second division seized the first line of trenches in front of them. The besiegers all threw up earthworks. The garrison in the inner trenches resisted forty-four hours. The firing was continued. The garrison finally abandoned their position after sacking stores and dwelling houses, and firing the city in three places. The attacking party had 13 killed and 26 wounded. The dictator lost 40 killed and an equal number wounded. The defeated Government troops left and went to Guayaquil. The revolution was almost a complete success. The Columbian exiles in Oleando crossed the river and defeated the Government forces at San Luis. Haight, the revolutionary Governor, will expel Jesuits and establish restrictions upon prerogatives of the clergy. In Guayaquil a panic prevails; the people are fleeing. This is the last stronghold of the dictator. He was pressing men and horses and everything available to militia service. The people generally are highly pleased at the success of the revolution. A Government has already been nominated with a supreme director—Alfaro and four ministers.

The Times in reviewing the circumstances of the agrarian difficulty in the Isle of Skye says an accident at any time may open a new and more bitter phase of the controversy.

The Art Congress has decided to hold a national exhibition at Rome every four years, and a national exhibition every two years in the city of the Eternal City.

Local and Other Items.

The market to-day was very small. Prices unchanged.

There are already many applications for the office of City Clerk.

Every horse owner caring the least for his stock, believes in St. Jacobs Oil.

His Lordship Bishop McIntyre, and Rev. Dr. McDonald arrived home last night.

To-morrow is Ash Wednesday. Service commences in St. Dunstan's Cathedral at 8 o'clock.

The boot and shoe lasters' strike in Montreal has collapsed completely, the masters having carried their point.

Timber is beginning to arrive in fair quantities by road and railway. The quality this year is said to be very good.

Rev. Father Osborne, will give an instruction in St. Peter's Church on Ash Wednesday evening, at 7.30, on "How to keep Lent."

Mr. Otto Weeks, a prominent Grit politician of Halifax, was arrested on the 1st inst., on a charge of assaulting Margaret Johnston, his colored servant.

The members of the Literary Institute of Mount Stewart intend giving an entertainment at Mount Stewart Hall, on the evening of Monday, the 26th inst.

Mr. Oxenham is wrong. The writer of the letter signed "Paterfamilias" is a parent, and has at least one child in attendance at the West Kent Street School.

Mr. J. S. Lefavour, artist, Salem, Mass., reports that he used St. Jacobs Oil with rare satisfaction and surprising benefit for rheumatism of twenty years standing.

The annual meeting of the Diocesan Church Society will be held to-morrow evening, at half-past seven o'clock. His Lordship the Chief Justice will take the chair.

At Winnipeg the custom receipts for the month of January were \$52,245.95; for the corresponding month last year \$43,246.58, and for January, 1881, \$14,646.88.

The mails left Cape Tormentine this morning at ten o'clock, and arrived at Cape Traverse at three o'clock, p.m. The mails from Cape Traverse landed at Cape Tormentine at 1.30 p.m.

I might also add that the Great German Remedy, St. Jacobs Oil, has proved serviceable for animals as well as for man. It has done wonders—never disappointing, says Mr. S. H. Dimick, chemist, Ypsilanti, Mich.

FATAL RAILWAY ACCIDENT.—An Antigonish despatch to the Halifax Chronicle, dated January 31, says:—"Hayes and Kiely, section men at South River, were this morning thrown from a trolley upon which they were riding, by an engine with snow plough coming suddenly upon them without warning. The former is seriously injured. Kiely has died since the accident."

The Commissioner of Agriculture for Quebec speaks very encouragingly of the prospects of the beet root sugar industry in that Province. The Chronicle says:—"We yearly expend millions—about \$11,000,000 a year—for imported sugar in the raw state. It would enrich us very materially, and add to the wealth of the Province, if we could only make the enterprise a real industry of the place and work it as it should be worked."

OBITUARY.—A cablegram has been received at Windsor announcing the death of the Right Rev. Thomas G. Suther, D. D., D. C. L., Lord Bishop of Aberdeen and the Isles, Scotland. The deceased prelate was a graduate of the University of King's College, Windsor, taking a B. A. degree in 1833, and B. C. L. and D. C. L. in 1852. He was a ripe scholar, a deep thinker and profound theologian, and his loss will be severely felt by the Anglican Church.—Hx. Chronicle.

SOME days ago the Halifax Bank sent by mail to its agency, in Lunenburg, a package which, when it left the Bank, contained \$5,000 in notes. When it arrived at Lunenburg, however, in place of the valuable paper was found nothing better than some rubbish so arranged as to look like the original parcel. The Bank and Post Office authorities were communicated with and enquiries set on foot which resulted in the arrest of a Bank attaché named Guy who had the handling of the money.

PRESENTATION.—A party of friends from the Bonshaw and DeSable section lately waited upon their pastor, the Rev. A. McLean, at the Manse, Hampton, and presented him with a very valuable buffalo robe, and the balance of their contribution in money. Most of them took baskets with them, and appeared bent upon having a good time. After enjoying an excellent tea, the evening was spent in a very pleasant way, including music, both vocal and instrumental. The friends of the Tryon and Crapaud sections also made a donation visit to the Manse recently. For these tokens of kindness and appreciation of his labors among them as their pastor, Mr. McLean returns his hearty thanks.

Weather Bulletin.

Probabilities for the next 24 hours for the Maritime Provinces.

TORONTO, Feb. 6—10 a. m.

Moderate to fresh southwesterly to south-easterly winds; fair to clear weather, slightly higher temperature.

SHIP NEWS.

At at Cienfuegos, Jan. 21.—schr Moselle, Gould, Kingston. In port Jan. 17—barque John F. Robertson, Olston, from Parahiba for Liverpool, will probably be condemned. Sailed from Leith, 30th ult., barque Lucy Pope, McPhee, for New York. From Batavia, Dec. 6th, barque Kewatin, McDonald, for Tegal.

W. & A. BROWN & CO.

Will close out (during the month of January and February) the balance of their large Stock of

WOOLLEN GOODS,

Including Shawls, Squares, Clouds, Scarfs, Children's Hoods, Ulsters and Underwear, Ladies' Vests, Mitts, Cuffs, Hosiery, Gents' Cardigan Jackets, Gloves, etc.

Fur Goods, Dolmans, Mantles, Ulsters, and Millinery Goods.

Also, the remainder of their Choice Stock of Scotch, Brussels, and Tapestry Carpets and Hearth Rugs,

AT A LARGE DISCOUNT.

GREAT BARGAINS MAY BE EXPECTED.

Ch'town, Jan. 18, 1883.

JANUARY.

ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE, BEFORE STOCK TAKING.

J. B. MACDONALD will, during this month, clear out lots of Goods in every Department:

- A Lot of Ladies' Dress Goods, A Lot of Clouds and Scarfs, A Lot of Men's Scarfs, A Lot of Tweeds and Heavy Cloths, A Lot of Mantle and Ulster Cloths, A Lot of Fur Caps Mitts and Gloves, A Lot of Men's and Boys' Ulsters, A Lot of Winceys and Flannels.

J. B. MACDONALD.

Also, 100 Chests of Fine Congou Tea, very cheap, by the Chest or Package.

J. B. MACDONALD,

Ch'town, Jan. 10, 1883—w'ly pat, pres ne

QUEEN STREET.

WEST INDIA WAREHOUSE! WINTER 1883 STOCK

- 50 Brls. GRANULATED SUGAR, 50 do. CONFECTIONER'S A SUGAR, 25 do. VACUUM PAN do., 150 do. YELLOW SUGARS (Assorted), 10 Hbds. WEST INDIA SUGAR, 2 do. VACUUM PAN do., 50 Pans. CHOICE MOLASSES, 10 Tierces GOLDEN SYRUP, 100 Brls. PASTRY FLOUR (Hexel), 300 do. PATENT PROCESS FLOUR, 1000 do. SUP. EXTRA MARITIME ROSE, 100 Half Chests CONGOU TEAS, 30 do. INDIA TEA, 50 Caddies TOBACCO, AT LOWEST WHOLESALE PRICES.

HORACE HASZARD.

- 100 Quintals LARGE CODFISH, 50 do. No. 2 do., 100 do. No. 1 HAKE, 20 do. No. 1 HADDOCK, 50 Brls. No. 1 HERRING, 50 do. No. 2 do., 25 Half-Barrels No. 2 HERRING, 10 Cases PRESERVED SALMON, FOR SALE BY

HORACE HASZARD.

- TIN PLATES INGOT TIN, etc., 750 Cases TIN PLATES, 14 x 20, 250 do. do. 10 x 14, 80 Ingots REFINED TIN, 50 Pigs SOFT LEAD, 5 Bars SQUARE COPPER, 1 1/2 and 1 1/4 in., 1000 Cases TALL (1 lb.) CANS, FOR SALE BY

HORACE HASZARD.

- 2 Tons WHEAT SHORTS, 2 do. do. BRAN, 1 do. CHOPPED FEED, FOR SALE BY

HORACE HASZARD.

- WHITE COTTONS, GREY COTTONS, PRINT COTTONS, PLAIN WINCEYS, GREY BLANKETS, WOOL UNDERCLOTHING,

AT LOWEST WHOLESALE PRICES.

HORACE HASZARD

Lower Water Street.

Charlottetown, Jan. 4, 1883—1m

L. E. PROWSE

Will, for the next Two Weeks, give

SPECIAL BARGAINS,

—IN—

Men's Overcoats, Reefers & Ulsters, MEN'S FUR CAPS,

Tweeds, Winceys, Wool Squares, Scarfs, Sacques, &c

Everyone should call and see those Goods, as Great Bargains will be given.

L. E. PROWSE,

Ch'town, Dec. 19, 1882.

74 Queen Street.

NOTICE.

HAVING received from L. W. Harris, the agency for the celebrated Cooling Creamer Can, manufactured by him, I will be in a position, when the spring opens, to supply my customers with any number required.

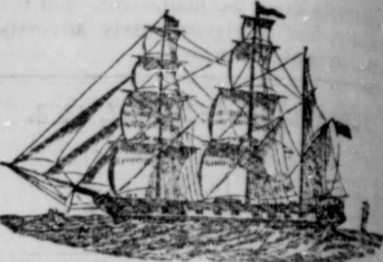
D. MACEACHERN & CO. Diamond Grocery, Feb. 5 '83.

Diocesan Church Society.

THE Annual General Meeting of the Society, will be held in the St. Paul's School Room, Charlottetown, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, the 7th FEBRUARY, at half-past seven o'clock. Chief Justice Palmer will occupy the chair.

D. FITZGERALD, Secretary. Ch'town, Jan. 29, '83.—dy 5i. pat wy 11.

REGULAR TRADERS.



From Liverpool and London

Charlottetown, P. E. Island,

DIRECT.

SPRING TRIPS, 1883.

THE CLIPPER BRIG

"ALPHA"

299 tons Register, and classed 9 years, A at Lloyd's, now on the berth for cargo, will sail from

Liverpool for Charlottetown, on or about the 25th March,

FOLLOWED BY THE

Splendid Clipper Barkentine

"ETHEL BLANCHE"

428 tons Register, coppered, and classed 10 years A1 at Lloyd's,

John Graham, Commander

WILL SAIL FROM

Liverpool for Charlottetown, on or about the 1st April.

ALSO, THE FAST SAILING BARKENTINE

"EREMIA,"

R. Rendie, Commander,

WILL SAIL FROM

London for Charlottetown, on or about the 1st April.

Freight Carried at Through Rate to Pictou, Georgetown, Summerside, Souris and Shediac.

Shippers will please forward their orders time, so as not to detain the vessels. For freight or passage apply, in London, to John Pitcairn & sons, 16 Great Winchester Street, E. C.; in Liverpool, to Pitcairn Brothers, 51 South John Street; or here to the owners,

PEAKE BROS. & CO.

Charlottetown, Feb. 2, 1883.

HERRING.

A1 Labrador Herring

100 Brls. } Extra No. 1. 100 Half-Barrels } 50 Quarter-Barrels, Extra No. 1.

100 tons Nut and Round Coal

For Sale by the Subscriber.

DAVID SMALL

Ch'town, Feb. 2, '83.—1m pat

Coke. Coke.

(COKE is considered to be one of the best and cheapest kinds of fuel for FURNACE STOVES and particularly adapted for the DENMARK SOFT COAL STOVE now so much in use. A first-class quality of Coke can now be had at the Gas Works, ten cents per bushel. Ch'town, Jan. 8, 1883.—1m cod

WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.

LOST—On Thursday night last, between the Ladies' Dressing Room & City Skating Rink and the sidewalk, a GOLD EAR-RING. The finder will be rewarded by leaving the same at this office.

LOST—Between Euston Street and the M. C. A. Hall, on Monday evening, a Blue Nigh Cushion. The finder will be rewarded by leaving the same at this office.

STRAYED—On Monday night, 29th ult., a young RED HORSE. Information will lead to the recovery of the same, will be liberally rewarded by R. bert White, Wagonman, Spring Park, Charlottetown. [Jan 31 dy 5i]

TO LET—A Dwelling House pleasantly situated on Prince Street. Apply to Peake Bros. & Co.

TO LET—Immediate possession of a desirable residence, situated on Hillborough Street. Rent low to a tenant. Apply at the Merchants Bank of E. I. to Mr. F. S. Moore.