HASZARD'S GAZETTE.

FARMERS' JOURNAL, AND COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER.

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Haszard's Gazette.

GEORGE T. HASZARD, Proprietor and Publisher Published every Tuesday evening and Saturday morning Office, South side Queen Square, P. E. Island.

TERMS—Annual Subscription, 15s. Discount for cash in advance.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For the first insertion, occupying the space of 4 lines including head, 2s.—6 lines, 2s. 6d.—9 lines, 3s.—12 lines 3s. 6d.—16 lines, 4s.—20 lines, 4s. 6d.—25 lines, 5s.—30 lines, 5s. 6d.—36 lines, 6s.—and 2d. for each additiona line. One fourth of the above for each continuance. Advertisements sent without limitation, will be continued until forbid.

NEW FIRM.

GEORGE T. HASZARD, would respectfully intimate that he has taken into partnership Mr. George W. Owen. The Printing, Bookselling and Stationery business heretofore carried on by him, will from the 1st of January next, be conducted under the Firm of

Haszard and Owen.

Mr. Haszard will attend more particularly to the Printing department, and Mr. Owen to the Bookstore. By this means and with increased Capital, they hope especially to merit the patronage of the Public.

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Tenders for Steam Communication.

Colonial Secretary's Office, P. E. Island, November 27, 1854.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at this Office until the 27th day of February next, (1855,) from any person or persons willing to contract to run, for one or three years, a good and sufficient Steamboat, of competent power, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, twice in each week, between Charlottetown and Pictou, and once in each week between Charlottetown and Bedeque, from the opening to the closing of the navigation in each year, and on such days and hours in the week as may be appointed for that purpose by the Government.

Tenders will also be received to contract to run, for one or three years, a good and sufficient Steamboat, of competent power, to carry Her Majesty's Mails, three times in each week, between Bedeque and Shediac, during the like above named period in each year, and on such days and hours as may be appointed by the Government.

Each of these Steam Vessels must be fitted and provided with good accommodation and capacity for the conveyance of Passengers and Freight; also have on board competent Engineers, and be sufficiently manned, furnished, and equipped for the performance of the service, and be subject to the approval of Commissioners to be appointed by the Government.

GEORGE COLES, Colonial Secretary.

Elkington & Co's. Patent Electroplate.

HAS now been before the public since 1841, and after the most severe test of wear, in the vessels of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company, the Peninsular and Oriental Company, the General Screw Steam Ship Company, the Pacific Steam Navigation Company, and numerous Club Houses, Hotels, and Private Houses, in every part of the world, continues to give the most unqualified satisfaction, supplying as it does all the advantages of silver in utility and beauty of effect; and it will be found that the interest of money upon the cost of silver Goods for a period of seven years, is alone sufficient to purchase Electro Plate, and this, with the now established fact of its extreme durability, makes it a matter of great importance to all purchasers of such articles. It must be evident that the wear of all articles depends on the thickness of the deposit, and the Patentees refer with great satisfaction to the award made by the Royal Commission of the Great Exhibition, 1851, [illegible] FIRST CLASS OR COUNCIL MEDAL for [illegible] productions.

A large assortment of the above Goods has just arrived per Cicely, direct from the manufacturers, and is now ready for sale.

WILLIAM HEARD.

NEW GOODS—Fall 1854.

EX *Cicily* from London, *Peeping Tom* and *Annie* [illegible]ll from Liverpool, *Olive Branch* from Halifax, the Subscribers have completed their importations for the season, which having been selected by one of the firm at some of the first Houses in London, Manchester, Glasgow, and Birmingham, they are enabled to recommend them to their customers and the public, and offer them for sale at extremely low [illegible] for Cash. The assortment consists of—

[illegible]0 Cases and Trunks Ready-made Clothing,
[illegible] Trunks Boots and Shoes,
5 Cases Hats & Caps, 5 do Silks & Silk Dresses,
4 do Ladies' Robes,
4 do Coburgs, Orleans, Alpaccas,
1 do Millinery, 1 do Gloves, 2 do Shawls,
2 do Jewelry, 10 bales Paper Hangings,
8 Bales Cloths, 5 do Carpetings and Rugs,
5 do white & grey Calicoes,
2 do striped Shirting, 2 do Flannels,
5 do Linen Drapery,
50 Packages Ironmongery, 30 Chests Tea,
10 Tons Bar Iron, 5 Hhds. Sugar,
2 Tons Pot Metal, &c., &c.

D. & [illegible] DAVIES.

Queen Square, Nov. 16, 1854. on

Books just Published.

The Spelling Book Superseded.

OR

A new and easy way of teaching the spelling, meaning, and pronunciation of all difficult words in the English Language, with exercises on verbal distinctions,

By ROBERT SULLIVAN, L. L. D.

☞ The above work has been printed principally for a firm in New Brunswick, a few copies are for Sale in this Island.

Price 1s 3d.

THE MINISTER'S FAMILY,

BY THE

REV. W. M. HETHERINGTON.

AUTHOR OF

A HISTORY OF THE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

☞ The above Book of 304 pages, has just been printed for a firm in New York, a few copies have been retained for Sale in this Island. It is an interesting and entertaining work, as the following extract from the preface will shew:—

"When the Author of the following little work states, that it is not only "founded on facts," but is indeed almost devoid of any fictitious admixture whatever, he would not be understood to assert, that the events of the narrative occurred exactly in the order and connexion in which they are related, and befel the members of exactly such a family as is here described. Had this been the case, the production would have been merely a biographical treatise, with the real parties thinly veiled under fictitious names. Such is not its nature; and yet there is not a character, attempted to be drawn, nor an event of any importance narrated, which is not an exact transcript of some character or event that occurred within the range of the Author's own knowledge. At the same time, it is hoped that the work contains nothing which, even were it divulged, could in the slightest degree prove offensive or painful to any person to whom it may be conjectured to refer.

But, while both facts and feelings are, in a very strict sense, true, the names of persons and places are intentionally and entirely fictitious in every instance but one. The name here referred to is that of her Royal Highness the Princess AUGUSTA, in the incident related in the last part of chapter 8. That incident occurred precisely as there related; and the Author thought it due to the Illustrious Lady to record this specimen of that frankness, benevolence, and kindly considerate attention to all around her, by which her Royal Highness is distinguished. Having in this one instance withdrawn the veil, he avows it, and states the reason,—hoping also to preclude the inference, that what remains more concealed may on that account be considered the less real. Where he has not withdrawn it, he trusts it will be allowed to rest;—and believes that any attempt further to withdraw it, will prove ineffectual, as not even the discovery of the writer would necessarily unravel the texture of that curtain which he has chosen to draw over his truthful tale,—or involve such an application of it to individuals as might injure the feelings of the most sensitive.

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Containing the present Government of the British American Colonies, Imports, Exports and Revenue of this Island, and all the usual lists of Courts, Magistrates, Commissioners, &c., &c.

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H. J. CUNDALL.

April 7th, 1854. Agent for P. E. I.

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T. HEATH HAVILAND, jr. Agent for Prince Edward Island.

☞ Office, Queen Square, Charlottetown.

September 5, 1853. Isl

Charlottetown Mutual Insurance Company,

Incorporated by Act of Parliament in 1848.

T[illegible]S COMPANY offers the best guarantee in ca[illegible] of loss, and accepts Risks at a saving of fully 50 p[illegible] cent, to the assured.

The prese[illegible] reliable Capital exceds £1700. Persons having p[illegible]operty in Charlottetown, or vicinity, should lose no [illegible] in applying to the Secretary of this Company for [illegible]licies or Information.

☞ One of Phi[illegible] Fire Annihilators has been purchased by the Co[illegible]y, for the benefit of persons insured in this Office. [illegible] case of Fire, the use of it can be obtained immed[illegible]ly, by applying at the Secretary's Office.

W. [illegible]ARD, President

HEN[illegible] PALMER. Sec[illegible] and Treasurer.

[illegible]ecretary's Office, Kent Street, August 5th, 1853.

LIVER COMPLAINT,

JAUNDICE, DYSPEPSIA, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all diseases arising from a disordered liver or stomach, such as Constipation, inward Piles, fullness, or blood to the head, acidity of the stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, disgust for food, fullness or weight in the stomach, sour eructations, sinking, or fluttering at the pit of the stomach, swimming of the head, hurried and difficult breathing, fluttering at the heart, choking or suffocating sensations when in a lying posture, dimness of vision, dots or webs before the sight, fever and dull pain in the head, deficiency of perspiration, yellowness of the skin and eyes, pain in the side, back, chest, Limbs, &c., sudden flushes of heat, burning in the flesh, constant imaginings of evil, and great depression of spirits, can be effectually cured by

DOCTOR HOOFLAND'S CELEBRATED *GERMAN BITTERS,*

prepared by DR. C. M. JACKSON, German Medicine Store,

No. 120 Arch St., one door below Sixth Philada.

Their power over the above diseases is not excelled, if equalled, by any other preparation in the United States, as the cures attest, in many cases after skilful physicians had failed.

These Bitters are worthy the attention of Invalids. Possessing great virtues in the rectification of the liver and lesser glands, exercising the most searching power in weakness and affections of the digestive organs, they are withal safe, certain, and pleasant.

Testimony from Maine.

CAPT. DANIEL ABBOTT, Brooklyn, Maine, July 16, 1843, says: "I was taken sick one year ago, last April, upon my passage from Havanna to Charleston, S. C. At the latter place I took medicine and procured a physician, but for ten days could obtain no relief, no sleep or appetite. At last taking up a newspaper having your advertisement of 'Hoofland's German Bitters' in it, I sent for some immediately, this was about 10 o'clock, at 11 o'clock I took the first dose, and another at 6 o'clock. The effect was so rapid on me, that I had a good appetite for supper, and rested well that night, and the next day found me a well man. I have not been without your medicine since, having been sailing between Baltimore, Charleston and the West India Islands ever since. I have now given up going to sea, and reside in this place, where you should have an agency, as you could sell large quantities of it."

JOS. B. HALL & Co., Presque Isle, Aroostook Co., Maine, April 24, 1854, say: "We herewith send you a certificate of a cure performed by the use of *only one bottle* of the German Bitters, we think Mr. Clark to be a man of veracity, and have no doubt of the truth of his story."

Messrs. Jos. B. Hall & Co.—Gentlemen—In answer to your inquiries, I will state that my daughter, aged about 16 years, had been complaining of a pain in her side, for six or seven years, and about the first January last, was taken down and confined to her bed. The pain in her side was very severe, besides being troubled with pains between her shoulders and in her breast. From reading a number of cures performed by "Hoofland's German Bitters" I was induced to try it in her case, and sent to your store and purchased *one bottle.* She had taken it but a few days when she began to improve, and now, after taking *only one* bottle, she is enjoying better health than she has for years. She feels no pain in her side or in any part of her body, and attributes her cure *entirely* to the German Bitters. WILLIAM CLARK,

Salmon Brook, Aroostook Co., Me.

You should bear in mind that these Bitters are ENTIRELY VEGETABLE, thereby possessing advantages over most of the preparations recommended for similar diseases.

For sale by respectable dealers and storekeepers generally.

T. DESBRISAY. & Co., General Agency

And by

Mr LEMUEL OWEN, Georgetown,
" EDWARD GOFF, Grand River,
" EDWARD NEEDHAM, St. Peter's Bay,
" J. J. FRASER, St. Eleanor's,
" GEORGE WIGGINTON, ra paud
" JAS. L. HOLMAN, do.
" WM. DODD, Bedeque,
" JAMES PIDGEON, New London.

NEW ADVERTISEMENT.

TIMOTHY AND FLAX SEED.

THE highest price will be paid for TIMOTHY and FLAX SEED, during the present year, at George T Haszard's Book Store.

MONEY TO LEND

ON FREEHOLD ESTATE.

T. HEATH HAVILAND. Barrister at Law, Queen Square, Charlottetown.

November, 11th, 1854.

Dixon's Fulling, Dyeing and DRESSING ESTABLISHMENT,

ST. PETER'S BAY.

THESE MILLS are now in full operation, and finish the Cloth in a superior manner. Specimens of the work can be seen of the following

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Charlottetown.—GEO. T. HASZARD'S Book Store.
Georgetown.—Hon. JOSEPH WIGHTMAN.
Mount Stewart.—Mr. KEMBLE COFFIN.
Pinette Mills.—Mr. ALEX. DIXON.
Vernon River.—Mr. JAMES HAYDEN, Alexander's son.

☞ Two Prizes were awarded to pieces of cloth full dressed at the above Establishment.

Mr. Jacob Lippincott, of the firm of Lippincott & Co., Nova Scotia, is the Superintendent of the above Establishment.

JOHN DIXON.

Sleigh and Furs.

FOR SALE, a double-seated Sleigh, fitted for one or two Horses, and complete. Apply at Mr. George T. Haszard's, Book Store

JAMES N. HARRIS has replenished his Stock of FURNITURE, desires purchasers to call and see his Cottage and other Bedsteads, including a four post Mahogany, large Kitchen and other common Tables, Feather Beds, Mattrasses, Washstands, Chests, Toilet Tables, Sofa, Chests of Drawers, Commodes, Chairs, Stretchers, Franklin and other Steves.

Jan. 17, 1855. 3w.

LAKE OF KILLARNEY.

The lake of Killarney, in the province of Munster and conty of Kerry, affords the most beautiful and picturesque prospects in nature. This lake is divided into three parts, called the upper, middle, and lower lake, The northern, or lower lake, is six miles in length, and from three to four in breadth. On the side of one of the mountains is O'Sullivan's Cascade, which falls into the lake, making a noise which strike the spectator with awe. The view of this sheet of water is uncommonly fine, appearing as if descending from an arch of wood which overhangs it above seventy feet in height from the point of view. The islands are not so numerous in this as in the upper lake; but there is one of uncommon beauty, called Innisfallen, nearly opposite O'Sullivan's Cascade, which contains Irish acres. In this island are the ruins of an ancient abbey, founded by St. Finian, the patron saint of those parts, the situation of which is romantic and retired. There was formerly a chronicle kept in this abbey, called the Annals of Innisfallen. They contain a sketch of universal history, from the creation of the world to the year 430; but from that period, the annalists has amply prosecuted the affairs of Ireland down to his own time, (1215.) The promontory of Mucross, which divides the upper from the lower lake, is a perfect land of enchantment; and a road is carried through the centre of this promontory, which unfolds all the interior beauties of the place. Among the distant mountains, Turks appears an object of magnificence, and Mangerton's more lofty and more interesting summit soars above the whole.

The passage of the upper lake is round the extremity of Mucross, which confines it on one side, and the approaching mountains on the other. Here is a celebrated rock, called the Eagle's Nest, which produces wonderful echoes. A French horn sounded here, raises a concert superior to that of a hundred instruments: and the report of a single cannon is answered by a succession of peals resembling the loudest thunder, which seems to traverse the surrounding scenery, and die away among the distant mountains. The upper lake is four miles in length and from two to three in breadth. It is almost surrounded by mountains, from which descend a number of beautiful cascades. The islands in the lake are numerous, and afford an amazing variety of picturesque scenes. The centre lake, which communicates with the upper, is small in comparison with the other two, and cannot boast of equal variety; but the shores are, in many places, indented with beautiful bays, surrounded by dark groves of trees. The eastern boundary is formed by the base of Mangerton, down the steep side of which descends a cascade, visible for 150 vards. This fall of water is supplied by a circular lake near the summit of the mountain, called the Devil's Punch-Bowl, which, on account of its immense depth, and the continual overflow of water, is considered as one of the greatest curiosities of Killarney.

One of the best prospects which this admired lake affords, is from a rising ground, near the ruined cathedral of Aghadoe. The depth of this lake is equally surprising,—places under the rocky shores being from fifteen to twenty fathoms, and some parts from seventy to eighty fathoms deep.

The island of Innisfallen, in the lower lake, already mentioned, is generally the dining place, where there is a kind of hall fitted up by Lord Kenmare. What is very surprising here, is the spontaneous production of the arbutus, or strawberry-tree, which is found in great plenty and perfection in many of these islands; it was probably introduced here by the monks who inhabited this place at a very early period. This plant was not much known about London so late as 1770. Near the lake of Killarney, there is a rich copper mine wrought, which produces from fifty to sixty tons of ore per week.—*Clarke's Wonders.*

THE CLIFF SWALLOW.

A beautiful story is going the rounds, taken from an old number of the *Greenfield* (Massachusetts) *Advertiser*, of the Cliff Swallow, which species has recently made its appearance, and begun to make settlements under the eaves, in Delaware county, Pennsylvania, its nest being in the shape of a retort with a long neck. The story referred to is of one of these swallows, which was seen to linger after the tribe had taken its usual flight to the tropics, apparently alone, through the autumn and winter. The following is the explanation:

Spring came, and he was there. An occurrence so singular, and contrary to the habits of the migrating tribes, caused his motions to be watched with more attention. At length another head was observed protruding from one of the nests, which seemed to be the abode of the bird which had been remarked with so much interest. On examining the nest the mystery was beautifully solved. Another swallow was found there a prisoner.

One of its legs had become entangled by a thread of hair, which had been used in the lining of the nest, and held it there a captive. Yet it was not deserted by its faithful mate. Through all the long and dreary winter, this patient self-devoting love supplied her wants. He saw without regret, but for his hapless consort, the deepening gloom of the fading year; he felt without feeling, but for her, the advancing rigor of winter; and if he, at times, remembered the sunny skies of the South, and the pleasures his tribe were then enjoying, it was only to sigh that she could not partake of them. By night and by day in sunshine and in cloud, in the calm and the tempest, he was with her, ministering to her wants, and cheering the hours of her hopeless captivity by his caresses and untiring devotion.

GLEANINGS FROM LATE PAPERS.

PENNSYLVANIA TOWN IN KANSAS.—A Pennsylvania town in Kansas has been founded by the colony which lately went out from the Western part of this State. Five of the men who have located their claims and returned for their families, say that it is the place formerly known as Council City, but which the new colonists have re-christened Eureka. At the opening of spring these five men will charter a steamboat and head a new expedition to Kansas, which they will lead to Eureka. There is good steamboat navigation from Pittsburgh to within eighteen miles of that place, which lies about forty miles west of Missouri, and has an abundance of good water, a rich soil, and is in the neighbourhood of fine timber. The new settlers have found bituminous coal of a very good quality in the vicinity of their claim, where it had been uncovered by the action of the elements, and can be had without trouble.

CONSUMPTION OF COPPER.—The consumption of copper in the United States is put down at between 8000 and 9000 tons annually, of which only about 1800 tons are produced in the country. About 7000 tons are consumed by rolling mills, and distributed over the different markets of the Union, the remaining 1600 tons being disposed of in the manufacture of sheet brass, kettles, wire, buttons, &c. There are six copper works, containing seven rolling mills and three smelting furnaces in the States.

THE IMMACULATE CONCEPTION.—A despatch has been received in Paris, announcing the result of the deliberations of the bishops assembled at Rome to consider the Immaculate Conception. The number of votes was 576, including proxies, and about 120 bishops actually present. Of these, 540 pronounced by acclamation for the new dogma; 32 voices questioned the appropriateness of such a discussion just now; while only four votes protested both against the dogma, and against the right of the Holy See to decide a question of that importance without a regular council. Of these four votes, two, it is rumoured, are contributed by French prelates, namely, M. Oliver, Bishop of Evreux, and the other the Archbishop of Paris himself. The Paris *Univers* adds, "Rome was intoxicated with joy." A telegraph despatch in the Paris *Univers* announces that the Pope promulgated on the 10th the decree which declares that the Immaculate Conception is an article of faith of the Church, and that whoever denies it is a heretic. A form of prayer for the conversion of the schismatic Greeks (the "orthodox" of Russian proclamations) to the Roman Catholic faith, has been prescribed at Rome, and an indulgence of 300 days is accorded to those who recite it devoutly. Those who recite it every day for an entire month, and then confess and take the communion, are to have a plenary indulgence.

LOYAL JEWS.—The London Jews, to manifest their loyalty, have determined to raise a regiment, to be equipped at their own expense. The Barons Rothschild and Sir Moses Montefiore are at the head of the movement.

RUSSIAN TREASURE.—A letter from a gentleman at St. Petersburg, states that within the last six months, Russian treasure to the extent of $125,000,000, has been transmitted from St. Petersburg to Moscow.

WASTE PAPER IN DEMAND.—The *Manchester* (New Hampshire) *Granite Farmer* says that *eighty tons* of the back numbers of *Gleason's Pictorial* have been purchased by the paper mill in that city, to be re-worked into white paper.

DEATH OF MR. SIGOURNEY.—*Charles Sigourney, [illegible] merchant of* Hartford, Connecticut, *and husband of* the celebrated poetess, died of apoplexy, on the 30th ult.

SEBASTOPOL AND BOSTON.—One of the Boston papers states, that from a comparison of tables, it appears that ten of the months are warmer at Sebastopol than at Boston; that the cold months are, on the average, about six degrees warmer than here, and the whole year is nearly four degrees (3⅔) warmer.

A SENSIBLE MAN.—George D. Prentice, Esq., the distinguished editor of the *Louisville Journal*, having lately been challenged to fight a duel, declined the challenge, in a note to the party who sent it, in which he says:—"I have not the least desire to kill you, or to harm a hair on your head, and I am not conscious of having done anything to entitle you to kill me. I do not want your blood on my hands, and I do not want my own upon anybody's."

STUART PAPERS.—Mr. Macaulay is said to have made an important discovery of a mass of Stuart papers relating to a period immediately anterior to the death of Queen Anne. The discovery, while adding to the value and importance of what he is about, will delay, at the same time, the long looked for day when two new volumes are to appear.