

## LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL ELECTION.

Liberal-Conservative Candidate for  
Charlottetown,  
**HENRY LONGWORTH, ESQ.**

## THE DAILY EXAMINER.

OCTOBER 12, 1878.

### The Coming Contest in the City.

If the approaching contest in Charlotte-town were merely an ordinary "Legisla-tive Council Election," it would not be necessary—as it certainly is necessary—to defeat the Hon. Thomas W. Dodd. Mr. Dodd has been a model Legislative Council-licitor. He has done no good. He has done no harm. And he has cost the coun-try between two and three hundred dollars a year!

But the approaching contest in Charlotte-town is not an ordinary Legislative Council Election. It is a struggle for the life or death of the obnoxious Local Government. On the 12th day of September last the Hon. Thomas W. Dodd allied himself with Messrs. Davies and Stewart, and was appointed a member of the Executive Council and Provincial Secretary-Treasurer. On that day he took upon himself all the offences of which the Local Government stand charged by the people of Prince Edward Island; and on that day his former election became "null and void," and his seat in the Legislative Council became empty and vacant. (*Vide Independence of Parliament Act, 1876, sec. 8.*)

The fact is denied by the Hon. Thomas W. Dodd and his friends. Mr. Dodd has issued a "card," in which he says, "my seat has become vacant by lapse of time." But the truth is that, had not Mr. Dodd's election become "null and void," his term as Legislative Councillor would not have lapsed until the third of December—within twenty days of which the law specifies that a general Legislative Council election may be held. To prove this fact beyond a doubt, we have only to quote the Writ—issued by Mr. Dodd himself—requiring the High Sheriff to give notice of an election; and to make the fact more clear we quote Mr. Dodd's Writ to the Sheriff in juxtaposition with Mr. Dodd's Circular to the Electors:—

#### Mr. Dodd's Circular.

CHARLOTTETOWN,  
Sept. 28, 1878.

SIR,—Six years ago I had the honor of being elected to represent Charlottetown and Royalty in the Legislative Council. MY SEAT HAS BECOME VACATED BY LAPSE OF TIME, and I have again to appeal to my constituents for re-election. I propose holding a meeting of my supporters in the Athenaeum on Tuesday evening, 1st Oct., at 7.30, to make the necessary arrangements for the election, and shall be glad to see you present.

I have the honor to be  
Your obedient servant,  
THOMAS W. DODD.

#### Mr. Dodd's Writ.

CHARLOTTETOWN,  
Sept. 28, 1878.

MR. DODD requires the Sheriff to "cause to be made Public Notice and Proclamation in some of the most public places within the polling divisions for Charlottetown with the Common and Royalty thereof, for all persons duly qualified by law to vote for members to serve in the Legislative Council for the said town of Charlottetown with the Common and Royalty thereof to appear before me to nominate, elect, and choose one able and discreet man for business to represent the said town of Charlottetown with the Common and Royalty thereof in the Legislative Council, in the place of the Honorable Thomas Walker DODD, WHO HAS ACCEPTED THE OFFICE OF PROVINCIAL SECRETARY AND TREASURER OF THE SAID PROVINCE, AND WHOSE SEAT HAS BECOME VACANT BY LAW," etc., etc.

If Mr. Dodd had been frank and ingenuous towards the electors of Charlotte-town, his Circular to them would have been to the following effect:—

CHARLOTTETOWN, Sept. 28, 1878.

SIR,—Six years ago I had the honor of being elected to represent Charlottetown and Royalty in the Legislative Council. My seat is not yet vacated by the lapse of time. I have accepted the office of Provincial Secretary and Treasurer; and, according to law, my election is null and void. I have, therefore, again to solicit your suffrages. As the Government have deemed it inexpedient to have two elections following close upon each other, the election will not take place until the fourteenth of November, by which time the law will permit Legislative Council elections to be held throughout the entire Province. You will, therefore, have ample time to criticise my acts as your representative. By accepting office I have endorsed every measure of the present Administration.

I have the honor to be,  
etc., etc., etc.,

It is clear, then, that on the 12th of Sep-tember—the day on which Mr. Dodd took office—Mr. Dodd's seat was not vacant by the lapse of time; and that Mr. Dodd is obliged to appeal to his constituents by reason of his acceptance of a seat in the Government.

But there is another graver reason why Mr. Dodd is obliged to appeal to his constituents. Mr. Dodd has violated the plain letter of the law for securing the Indepen-

dence of Parliament; and he has there-by forfeited his seat. The law reads:—

"No person whose office or enjoying, undertaking or executing directly or indirectly alone or with any other, by himself or by the interposition of any trustee or third party any contract or agreement with Her Majesty, or with any public officer or department, with respect to the public service of the Province of Prince Edward Island, or under which any public money of the Province of Prince Edward Island is to be paid for any service or work or who shall become surety for the same, shall be eligible as a member for either the Legislative Council or of the House of Assembly, nor shall he sit or vote in the same respectively: Pro-vided that nothing herein contained shall be construed to apply to any person holding a share in any incorporated company."

Mr. Dodd is the leading member of a firm which has contracted with the Govern-ment for the supply of glass, register grates and many other articles for the lunatic asylum; and, if we are not misin-formed, he has received large sums of pub-lic money by the supply of hardware to the Government. He now therefore presents himself to the electors of Charlottetown as a violator of the law which he, himself, helped to make.

Under these circumstances the duty of the electors of Charlottetown is quite plain. Their duty is to transfer their confidence from the Hon. Mr. Dodd—who has issued a disingenuous card, who has endorsed the rash acts of the present administration, who has violated the law of the land, who stands to-day the sole remaining prop of a hated government—to one of the oldest and wealthiest of their fellow-citizens, viz., HENRY LONGWORTH, ESQ.

### That Glass.

It gives us great pleasure to note that the *Patriot* does not renew, against THE EXAMINER, its wild charges of falsehood and of traducing the Hon. Mr. Dodd. It is evident that the *Patriot* is, at last, impressed with the axiom, that "people in glass houses should not throw stones."

The gist of the *Patriot's* article is, that Mr. Chance cheated Messrs. Dodd & Rogers, and that the Government knew nothing whatever of the matter. We sincerely trust that this is the right solution of the glass question. It is painful to think that any one on the Island could be mixed up in a transaction in which a superior article was bargained for, and an inferior article supplied.

Before saying more about it, we should like to know whether or not any of "Chance's No. 1 glass (as per tender) is available?" And if not, whether or not it can be obtained in time for use before the winter sets in.

### THE NEW GOVERNMENT.

SIR JOHN McDONALD, Dr. Tupper and Mr. Tilley are engaged in the formation of a new Cabinet. The result of their labors will probably be known in the course of a few days.

### Exit.

This is the way the *Ottawa Herald* (Liberal) speaks of the late government:—

"The policy of the late government has been singularly disastrous to those who supported it, and it would be vain to attempt concealing the fact that the Liberal ministry retires without even a share of sympathy which, in most cases, accom-panies men in their position. The feeling that they have misused their opportunities, neglected their friends, crouched to their enemies, succumbed to their own timidity, is felt throughout the land. As leaders they have failed to satisfy those who placed them in power. No doubt they tried to be as honest as men in their peculiar position could be, but the Nemesis of the Pacific scandal wreaked its revenge upon them for the manner in which it had been discovered. The Reform party had long been divorced from office. Their leaders had no sime of administration to answer for, yet, in five years, by pursuing a policy of masterly in-activity, they have fallen from power and place, simply by their inability to control the forces at their disposal. Of course the long continued commercial depression had its effect upon them; but the people lost heart and confidence at the unvaried croak-ing which was the distinguishing feature of Mr. Cartwright's budget speeches. It was bad policy to rob the people of hope. Even at the worst of times the human mind takes comfort from the thought that there are brighter days in store. Mr. Cartwright never held out the slightest glimmer of a brighter future. At last the people got tired of the raven and his eternal "never-more" and when the opportunity came sent him packing after

"—his unhappy master  
Whom unmerciful disaster  
Followed fast, and followed faster,"

till the general elections sealed his doom. During their administration the Liberal Government has enacted some good and some questionable legislation. On the whole the balance is in their favor. Like the peas in the pod, as Hans Christian Andersen tells, they looked around and all within their little pod was green and flourishing, so they thought all the world was in the same happy condition. The little ministerial pod, however, has burst, and the cabinet peas are learning that things are by no means what they, in their innocence, imagined."

### McKenzie's Moderation.

OUR Grit friends are rather priding them-selves that in going out of power Mr. Mc-Kenzie has withstood so much of the temptation to appoint his friends to office. For their benefit we publish the following little anecdote:—

A colored brother whose eyes were watery, and who had evidently been im-bibing experience whiskey, was telling his young friend George that he ought to "gine too." Said George: "I would, but de temptation to do wrong is too strong for me." "Whar's yer backbone, dat ye can't rose up and stand temptation?" explained brother Peter. "I was dat way myself once. Right in dis yere town I had a chance to steal a pair of boots—mighty fine ones, too. Nobody was dar to see me, and I reached out my hand and the debil said 'take 'em.' Den a good spirit whispered for me to let dem boots alone." "An' you didn't take 'em?" "No, sah, not much. I took a pair o' cheap shoes off de shelf, an I left dem boots alone!"

Our Grit friends have been very much tempted to take some big boots, but have contented themselves with "a pair o' cheap shoes off de shelf!"—*Halifax Herald.*

### Earl Dufferin's Reply to Roman Catholic Ecclesiastics.

The following is the Governor General's reply to the address presented him by the Archbishop and Bishops of the ecclesiastical Province of Toronto during His Excel-lency's recent visit to Ottawa:—

"Your Grace and My Lords—I can as-sure you it is with feelings of the very deepest satisfaction that I acknowledge the address with which you have honored me. I am well aware that throughout Canada there does not exist a more patriotic body, one more devoted to the interests of the country, or more attached to the Empire of Great Britain, than that great ecclesiastical community over which you preside as its spiritual pastors, and I rejoice to think that under your advice and guidance it should be so ready, as on all occasions I have found it, to acknowledge the justice and benignity of Her Majesty's rule in Canada. That personages in your exalted position should address me personally in such flattering terms is very gratifying to my feelings, and I shall ever retain the most grateful recollection of the courtesy I have always received at the hands of the Catholic Hierarchy of Canada. I shall have great pleasure in conveying to Her Majesty the sentiments of loyalty to her throne and affection for her person you have requested me to repeat in your behalf. In leaving Canada I carry away with me an increased appreciation of what can be done to super-induce a sentiment of good will and content amongst a population composed of different religious convictions, by the administration of equal laws and an impartial justice."

The address was signed by Archbishop Lynch and the Bishops of London, King-ston, Hamilton and Surepta.

### Indian Outrages.

A FEARFUL STORY OF BLOOD AND RAPINE.

A Kansas city despatch says: The In-dians crossed the Kansas Pacific road Tues-day, and, proceeding north, sacked the Post Office, but Bayless, the Postmaster, escaped. They then went in a north-easterly direction and killed every person and sacked everything in their way. Near Beacon Creek they attacked a ranch owned by Thomas Lynch, who fled to a dug-out with his wife and two children. The In-dians came up, but Lynch killed two with a revolver, and the rest fled. On Sappa Creek the demons came suddenly upon the house of H. Long, and, after killing the father and two sons, outraged the mother and two daughters; then saturating the house with kerosene, set it on fire. The two little daughters were only eleven and thirteen years of age, and are now in a state of semi-madness, all of them escaping from the burning building after the red devils left. Just north of Long's place, Kate Abernathy, a school teacher, was also ravished and murdered. Seventeen dead bodies were gathered up by the settlers and buried at Bowden, all of whom were known, besides nine unknown and unrecognized ones. Until after the In-dians passed Beaver Creek, they killed men, women, children and stock with guns; but after leaving that stream they were evidently short of ammuni-tion, and used axes to kill in nearly every instance, crushing faces and skulls and mutilating bodies in the most barbarous man-ner. Among those known to have been killed where Mr. Humphrey, from Illinois, Geo. Smith, H. Long and two sons, H. Hudson, D. Westfall and two sons, George Evans, Henry Abernathy, Mrs. Westfall, (outraged and terribly wounded), Frank Lull, Frederick Walters, ranchmen from New York, R. Kelly, Theodor Young, and eight children found strewn along the prairies with brains beaten out. The situa-tion is frightful; but the Indians have now left the State and the people will now re-turn to their homes. During all this time the troops were only a few hours in the rear, and the stockmen and settlers are very severe in their denunciation of the way they were handled. One one occasion about 200 soldiers came up with the In-dians, but neglected to engage them, giving as an excuse that the soldiers were tired out and needed rest. General Jeff C. Davis had his headquarters at Wallace, but did not take the field in person, and Gen-eral Pope, department commander, seemed to have little knowledge of the state of affairs, as he telegraphed on the day the men were killed south of Buffalo, that "there was not an Indian in Kansas."

## CLOCKS

A LARGE LOT OF THIRTY HOUR AND EIGHT DAY CLOCKS just re-ceived, and will be sold at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

W. W. WELLNER,  
81 North Side Queen Square.  
Ch'town, Oct. 12—wklly 2 pres ar sj h 4i

REMOVAL.—GEORGE E. MILLNER, Tinsmith, Gasfitter, &c., has removed his place of business from Great George Street to DesBrisay's Block, Upper Queen Street, where he will be pleased to attend to all orders entrusted to him, at the shortest notice, and on reasonable terms.—Tinware and Stovepipe constantly on hand.  
Charlottetown, Oct. 12, 1878—6i 2aw

Merchants Bank Notes Taken at Their Face For  
**65,000** FEET SPRUCE BOARDS,  
4,500 CLAPBOARDS.  
F. S. HANFORD & CO.,  
Oct. 11—3i Water Street.

Merchants Bank Notes  
TAKEN AT THEIR FACE in exchange for Boots and Shoes, at  
E. W. SMITH'S,  
Mrs. Stamper's Corner.  
Oct. 11, 1878—

### NOTICE.

THE S. S. "M. A. STARR" will take Potatoes, at fifty-five cents per barrel, through freight from Charlottetown to Baltimore or New York, via Halifax, N. S., until further notice. Apply to Purser on board.  
F. W. FISHWICK, Halifax.  
Ch'town, Oct. 11, 1878—tf

### SCHOONER WANTED.

WANTED—A Schooner of about 4,000 bushels capacity, to load Potatoes for the United States. Apply immediately.  
HASZARD BROS.  
Ch'town, Oct. 11, 1878—2i

### NOTICE.

MERCHANTS BANK NOTES taken at their face in exchange for goods, by the Subscriber, at the Glasgow House.  
FREDK. LEPAGE.  
Oct. 11, 1878—2i

### SPECIAL NOTICE.

A SPECIAL MEETING of the Share-holders of the St. Lawrence Marine Insurance Company will be held at the Exchange Reading Room on MONDAY, 28th October, instant, at 2 p. m., to take into consideration the advisability of winding up the affairs of the Company, or otherwise.  
By order,  
FRED. W. HYNDMAN,  
Secretary.

St. Lawrence Ma. In. Co.,  
Ch'town, Oct. 8, 1878. } 11th—t meeting

## REGATTA!

THE REGATTA will take place in the Harbor, at Georgetown,  
On Wednesday, the 16th inst.  
OVER \$100 GIVEN IN PRIZES.

Regatta open to all-comers. Excursion Return Tickets will be issued at all points along the Railway at single rates. For particulars, prize list, &c., see hand bills.  
P. MCCOURT, Sec. & Treas.  
Georgetown, Oct. 11—2i

### Prime Labrador Herring.

HOURLY EXPECTED, per Schooner "Ada R.," direct from Labrador, a full cargo of about 1,200 Barrels, which we will sell cheap while landing.  
MATTHEW, McLEAN & HEARTZ.  
Ch'town, Oct. 11—dy pat

## COAL! COAL!

Arrived, per schooner "Lusteria,"  
**180 TONS Govrie Mines Small**  
Coal—will be sold low while landing.  
Oct. 8—3i WM. KOUGHAN.

## GANG PLOWS!

THE BRANTFORD  
—AND—  
NATIONAL GANG PLOWS,  
which were so much admired at the trial held on the day of Exhibition at Summerside, are for sale by  
DONALD FERGUSON,  
Charlottetown.  
Oct. 8—3w

J. G. ECKSTADT,  
SURGEON CHIROPODIST.  
Office, Lower Hillsborough Street, near the Railway Station.

BEGGS to inform the public that he is now ready to attend to the duties of his profession. Banions, Clibblains, Ingrown Nails, Club Nails, etc., cured. All who may favor him with a call will receive prompt attention. Satisfaction guaranteed. Corns extracted, 25 cents.  
Ch'town, Oct. 7, '78.—1m

## Legislative Council Campaign COMMENCED!

Abolition of Legislative Council!

Economy and Reform in the Civil Service of the Province.

Reduction of Expenditures, and Low Taxation!

MEETINGS of the electors of the First Electoral District of Queen's County will be held at the following places, viz.:—

Breadalbane Station, Saturday, 12th Oct., at 2 p. m.  
Stanley Hall, New London, 15th Oct., at 4 p. m.  
Bonshaw, Friday, 18th October, at 2 p. m., to nominate a Candidate for the Legislative Council.  
1st District Queen's County, }  
8th October, 1878. } pres 2i ar li

## ST. MARGARET'S HALL, HALIFAX, N. S.

Diocesan Seminary for Young Ladies

VISITOR:

The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Nova Scotia;

PRINCIPAL;

The Rev. John Padfield.

THIS SCHOOL offers, at a moderate cost, the advantages of a thorough and refined education and a comfortable home.

The course of instruction, which is conducted by four resident Governesses and two Waiters, is the same as that of first-class schools in England. Arrangements are being made whereby pupils who desire it can present themselves for examination; and if successful, obtain certificates from the University of King's College, Windsor.

TERMS.—Board with tuition in the English Branches, Latin, French, Drawing, Celiethenics and Music, with use of Piano for daily practice, \$300 per annum, to be paid quarterly in advance.

Next Term Commences Oct. 31st.  
Halifax, Oct. 3, 1878.—2w

## Look Here!

THREE PRIZES IN 12 MONTHS.

W. G. MUGFORD, sole Licensee for City and Queen's County, for Lambert's Patents for Permanent Photographs Being composed of Indian Ink and Parchment, they CANNOT FADE.

Took 1st Prize at Provincial Exhibition last Fall at Georgetown; Diploma for Excellency of Work at New York, Jan. 1st, 1878—contesting with the United States and Dominion of Canada.—and

1st Prize at Summerside, Oct. 3, '78.  
DAVID WILSON'S OLD STAND, CH'TOWN.  
Oct. 5, 1878—3m law

## Don't You Believe It,

WHEN they tell you that the Steam Pump at the Gas House is pumping all the wells dry. They cannot lower the Tubular Wells put in by JONES for

Thomas Caseley,  
Wm. Murphy,  
Paul Lee,  
E. J. Hodgson,  
Archibald Holmes,  
John Morris,  
&c., &c., &c.,

or any other man, when a living vein of spring water is pierced, as has been done at the Gas House and at Quirk's pump.

C. C. JONES.

Ch'town, Sept. 21—4f

## Wants, Lost, Found, &c.

Advertisements under this heading, in space not exceeding half an inch, will be inserted for Ten Cents per day.

LOST—Between the Revere House and Post Office, a Leather POCKET BOOK, containing about sixty dollars and five blank checks. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at the EXAMINER Office.  
Oct. 10—

\$50 PER WEEK made by agents. Send twenty-five cents for sample, and try it. No humbug. Send for circular. Address, with stamp, P. O. Box 163, Ch'town, P. E. I. Oct. 9, '78.—tf

\$100 PER MONTH made at the Tubular Well business. Tools and stock furnished to agents at cash prices. No capital required until it is made out of the business. Send for circular. Address, P. O. Box 163, Charlottetown, P. E. I. Oct. 9, '78.—tf

TO LET.—The two story Dwelling House, Garden, Coach House, &c., opposite the residence of the subscriber, Grafton Street, west end. Apply to JOHN WM. MORRISON.  
Oct. 9, 1878—eod

OFFICES TO LET.—Three large and commodious Rooms, suitable for offices or Sample Rooms, in the business part of the city. Rent moderate. Apply to FREDK. LEPAGE.  
Oct. 9, 1878—3i

TO LET—Half the House and Shop situated at corner of Hillsborough and Water Streets, near the Railway. Apply to WM. G. WRIGHT, Prince Street.  
Oct. 8—pat eod

TO LET—A House containing two tenements of three rooms each and a large yard. Apply to JOHN MORRIS.  
Oct. 8, 1878—