

MEETING AT LOT 11.

At a Public Meeting held at the new School House, Lot 11, on Friday evening the 31st June, which was very numerously attended, Mr. John Kilbride in the Chair, the following Resolutions were proposed, and passed with acclamation:—

1. **RESOLVED**, That this Meeting are rejoiced to learn that the Hon. James Warburton, our late worthy Representative, proposes to offer himself as a Candidate at the approaching Election, on the third day of July next, to represent the First District of Prince County in the General Assembly.

2. **RESOLVED**, That it is the opinion of this Meeting that the Hon. James Warburton truly and faithfully represented the interests of this District, while he occupied a seat in the House of Assembly; and that he entitled himself to the confidence of not only the people of this District, but to the respect and admiration of the great majority of the People of Prince Edward Island, by the manly and independent stand which he, the said Hon. James Warburton, occupied in the Legislature, in defending the claims of the People of this Colony to a just and impartial system of Government—in voting invariably with the Liberal Party in the House of Assembly, and in generally advocating the rights, the interests and the opinions of the People,—uninfluenced by an Official Family Compact.

3. **RESOLVED**, That every Elector at this Meeting hereby pledges himself, heart and hand, not only to vote for the Hon. James Warburton, but to use all legal influence and exertion to get other of the Electors to do likewise.

4. **RESOLVED**, That this Meeting sincerely believes that the majority of the House of Assembly who expelled Mr. Warburton from his Seat in that Body, are enemies to the social and political advancement of this Island; and so expelled him, not because he forfeited his seat, but because he would not support the arrogant and selfish pretensions of a small batch of Charlottetown Officials.

5. **RESOLVED**, That this Meeting has heard, with a great deal of surprise and disgust, that James Yeo, Esq., intends to oppose Mr. Warburton at the forthcoming Election.—That Mr. Yeo, in doing so, will be acting an unmanly and inconsistent part, because he did, at the late Election in 1846, use every influence to procure the return of Mr. Warburton, who violated no promise—or abandoned no principle since then; and this Meeting further believes that Mr. Yeo is induced to oppose Mr. Warburton merely for the sake of gratifying the wishes and desires of the Compact Party in Charlottetown; and regarding his opposition in this light, this Meeting does not hesitate to pledge itself to do every thing in its power to prevent Mr. Yeo's return to the House of Assembly.

MEETING AT GRAND RIVER.

At a Public Meeting held at Grand River, Lot 14, Prince County, on Friday the 31st June, Mr. Edward Gorman in the Chair, the following Resolution was proposed, seconded, and unanimously adopted:—

RESOLVED, That it is the opinion of this Meeting that the conduct of our late Representative, the Hon. James Warburton, during his sitting in the House of Assembly as a Member for the First District of Prince County, has been such as to deserve the unqualified approbation of the Electors, as he has constantly voted in his place in Parliament with the true friends, and for the real interests of the country; and that this Meeting heard of his expulsion from the Legislature with feelings of sorrow and surprise, inasmuch as other gentlemen forming part of the majority of the House of Assembly, who carried his expulsion, accepted seats, on a former occasion, in the Executive Council, without being compelled to return to their constituents. And this Meeting sincerely believes that the feeling herein expressed is entertained by a very large portion of the Electors of this District.

Building Lots for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale three BUILDING LOTS, situate in Georgetown,—two of these Lots front on the Main Street, 30 feet, and 55 feet to the rear; the other fronts on the Common, immediately adjoining, 32 feet, and runs back 60 feet. This property is too well known to require further description. Also—An Eight Acre LOT on the reserved Land in the neighbourhood, and within ten minutes' walk of the Town. This Lot is all cleared, and in a good state of cultivation.

If the above Property is not disposed of before the 19th of July next, it will then on that day be put up at Public Auction. Georgetown, May 6.—p. WILLIAM RYAN.

News by Thursday's Colonial Mail.

The Colonial Mail arrived here on Thursday evening from Pictou. Below we give all the news that is of any importance.

NOVA SCOTIA.

Business in this City is unusually dull for the Season,—but whithersoever we turn our eyes whether to the surrounding Colonies or the neighbouring States, we cannot but feel in a commercial and business point of view we are infinitely better off than most of our colonial neighbours, and scarcely worse off than the people of Boston, New York, and other American Cities. Trade is almost entirely paralyzed in Canada and New Brunswick, while in P. E. Island a great proportion of the people are in a state of positive destitution. In Boston money commands an interest of 2½ per cent. per month. The tightness of the Money Market is caused by the large loans negotiated by the Government, the drain on the U. S. Treasury to sustain the Mexican War, and immense exportation of Specie—amounting to \$7,323,606! Much of this Specie is employed on the Continent, in making cash purchases. The present season, in the large cities of the United States, however, is generally dull, leading merchants and business men betaking themselves to the shady groves of fashionable watering places, during the hot weather.

The Flour Market at last accounts was dull. Oswego and Michigan, sold at \$5,25c a \$5,37½c; Genesee at \$5,50c a \$5,87½c.

Flour for family use can seldom be bought in New York for less than \$6,50c per bbl.—and there is very little difference, at present, between the New York and Halifax four-penny loaf of Bread, the difference in weight, if any, in favour of the loaf on our side.—*Irish Volunteer.*

There has been a terrible slaughter among the Tory Journals since the fifth of August. *The Standard*, issued from the office of Messrs. Gossip and Code, was stricken down and buried with the hopes of the Tories a few weeks after that eventful day—and the *Times*, the oldest of the Conservative papers, after an ineffectual attempt at sale, will be among the things that were, on the 30th of June. Last, but not least, the *Post*, we perceive, is advertised for Public Sale, stock and fluke, on Wednesday next. Who'll buy? Who'll buy?—*Novascotian.*

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.—A new Division of this order was opened on Tuesday evening last at Dartmouth, under the name of the Mechanics' Division.

CANADA.

The number of emigrants which have arrived from various ports in Great Britain and Ireland to this port up to the 1st inst., is 6,560, including 155 cabin passengers. The few that have landed in Quebec appear healthy and respectable, and well provided with baggage and money. An elderly man from Ireland, dressed very plain, with knee breeches, and indigent looking, landed here with his family, with the intention of settling in Canada East; but after having taken a survey of the land for a few miles around, determined to proceed to Canada West, and left Quebec 8 or 10 days ago with 1700 sovereigns in his pocket, and a large quantity of baggage. Another family arrived here since from the North of Ireland, and now in Quebec, where they will probably not remain, are known to be possessed of at least 400 or 500 sovereigns, with plenty of baggage, including a beautiful eight day clock.—*Quebec Freeman's Journal.*

Seventy-five houses were destroyed by fire at Sorel, Canada East, on the 28th ult.

A portion of the Marmora iron works, near Kingston, was destroyed by fire last week.

The steamer Dawn, one of the splendid new boats which ran between Quebec and Montreal, was recently lost in descending the Lachine rapids. She had on board about 60 passengers and 2000 bbls. of flour, about 400 bbls. of which were thrown overboard to lighten her. The mail steamer Gildersleeve had also a very narrow escape from coming into collision with her, missing her only by a few inches.

UNITED STATES.

EXCITEMENT AMONG THE IRISH.—Great excitement was produced among the Irish in New York by the news of the conviction of Mitchell. At Meetings at the Shakespeare Hotel and in the open air on Tuesday, a resolution was unanimously adopted, authorizing the appointment of a committee who will use all and every means to rescue Mitchell from the British authorities at Bermuda. One of the speakers described the locality of Bermuda, and told how easily the exile could be rescued. Col. Ming offered his services in the expedition, stating that he only asked 2,000 men for the purpose. A Mr. Mooney coolly exhorted the Irishmen present not to be afraid of the law of the United States with respect to organizing a brigade for Ireland; for he (Mr. M.) would offer himself to the district attorney and say he broke the law, but where would a jury be found to convict him when going for liberty? A sentiment which, as we are told, was received with immense cheers. A genuine Irish pike was borne through the streets of

New York yesterday by a detachment of Irish Brigade. The Express says, the pike is a savage-looking, death-dealing instrument, a sort of union of the meat-axe and reaping hook, upon a twelve-foot pole!—*Boston Transcript.*

The Presidential campaign has fairly opened in all parts of the Union. The Whigs are said to enter upon the canvass of 1848 under encouraging auspices; and that the whole country is sick of Loco focoism.

The first arrival of troops from Mexico was at New Orleans on the 16th ult.

A shocking occurrence took place on the 15th ult., in Point Coupee parish, at the residence of Eugene Oubre, Esq. A large and brilliant company had assembled to mingle in the festivities of a Ball, and nothing amid all the beautiful manifestations of joy seemed to portend a bloody termination to the pleasures of the evening. Two gentlemen, Elijah Adams and Rowland Robertson, who were known to each other, on account of a dispute about property, were observed to walk, arm in arm, to a position where their conversation might be strictly private. Suddenly Robertson was seen to give Adams a violent blow, who immediately drew a revolver and shot the former through the body. Mr. Robertson had a short time been married, and the wife was called from a scene of unmingled joy to look upon the bleeding form of a dying husband. The men had been brothers-in-law. Robertson expired on the succeeding evening. The case was judged, after examination by the proper court, to be one of manslaughter, and Adams was held to bail in the sum of \$500. This he gave on the spot.

DOING A TOLENEBLY GOOD BUSINESS.—The Yankees have sold to the Mexican authorities a great many old muskets, cartridge boxes, and bayonets and scabbards, at government prices; also a large quantity of ordnance stores. After using them for several years, and finally against themselves with complete success, and then selling them at full price, is not such a bad operation.

Peaches were among the luxuries at New Orleans on the 15th ult.

LATEST FROM MEXICO.

Later advices from Mexico state that the troops were moving towards the sea coast.—General Patterson's division left the city of Mexico on the 30th. Marshall's was to leave on the 31st. Gen. Butler and Commissioner Sevier were to leave on the 5th inst. The latter was still at Queretaro, unwell.

Gen. Butler had put a stop to the Yucatan expedition. Herrera was elected President of the Republic of Mexico by the vote of eleven States; Santa Anna had three votes. The latter is believed to be still in correspondence with his friends in the Mexican Congress.

A law presented in the Mexican Congress for colonizing the Isthmus of Tehuantepec. Propositions were also presented for the composition of the army and navy; concerning public security, and for the reduction of convents.

An explosion of powder occurred at Vera Cruz in a house occupied by forty washerwomen. Twenty or thirty of the women were killed.

BERMUDA.

The Bermuda *Royal Gazette* speaks confidently that Governor Reid has resigned the Administration of the Government at Barbadoes, in consequence of the issue of the Torrens affair with Chief Justice Reddie of St. Lucia.—Government, as we all along expected, says that paper, not having sustained the views of the Commissioners who were appointed to investigate it.

TROUBLES IN CUBA.—We learn from the papers received yesterday by the *America* that an insurrectionary rising is threatened in Cuba. From the vague accounts given, it would appear there are two causes—discontent on the part of the American inhabitants, complaining of want of sufficient legal protection to rights and properties, and a strong party feeling against the newly appointed President. Bennett's *Herald* talks largely of annexing the island to the United States, should she be dissevered from Spain, an occurrence which appears very probable. The *Herald* calculates as to what might be expected to follow should England interfere in the matter. We shall see what we shall see.

IMPENDING REVOLUTION IN CUBA.—The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Bulletin says—"I am informed, with what degree of certainty I cannot say, that our Consul at Havana has despatched a communication to the President, in which he states it as his firm impression that a general uprising will shortly take place in the Island, on the part of the Republican portion of the inhabitants, and that he thinks there is every probability of the success of their plans, supplied as they are with arms, &c."

Fourth June Packet from England.

The "Peri," bringing the 4th June Mail from England, arrived at this place about 12 o'clock to-day. The English Mail was brought by the *Caledonia* to Halifax in 12 days from Liverpool. The intelligence is quite unimportant and uninteresting. France continued greatly excited. In the House of Commons a discussion had taken place on West India affairs, and on a motion for Reform, submitted by Mr. Hume.