

# THE DAILY EXAMINER.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, MONDAY, AUGUST 20, 1888.

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## The Daily Examiner

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Advertising at most moderate rates.  
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### ALMANAC FOR AUGUST, 1888.

MOON'S CHANGES.  
New Moon 7th day, 2h, 8.5m. p.m., S. W.  
First Quarter 14th day, 0h., 31.6m., p. m., E.  
Full Moon 21st day, 0a., 7.5m., p. m., N.  
(below horizon.)  
Last Quarter, 29th day, 10h., 5.8m., a.m., S.W.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Sun	Moon	High	Day's
M	rises	sets	rises	water	low
1 Wednesday	4 47	7 25	5 33	14 38	
2 Thursday	4 8	23 0	6 43	35	
3 Friday	4 21	0 50	7 45	33	
4 Saturday	5 1	21 35	8 19	30	
5 Sunday	5 21	19 25	9 25	27	
6 Monday	5 33	18 35	10 9	25	
7 Tuesday	5 46	16 42	10 47	22	
8 Wednesday	5 59	15 58	11 26	19	
9 Thursday	6 11	14 49	12 17	17	
10 Friday	6 22	13 21	1 4	14	
11 Saturday	6 33	11 53	2 41	11	
12 Sunday	6 44	10 25	3 10	9	
13 Monday	6 55	9 15	3 24	6	
14 Tuesday	7 6	8 11	3 25	3	
15 Wednesday	7 17	7 11	3 25	0	
16 Thursday	7 28	6 16	3 26	1357	
17 Friday	7 39	5 21	3 26	54	
18 Saturday	7 50	4 26	3 26	52	
19 Sunday	8 0	3 31	3 26	49	
20 Monday	8 11	2 36	3 26	46	
21 Tuesday	8 22	1 41	3 26	42	
22 Wednesday	8 33	12 46	3 26	39	
23 Thursday	8 44	11 51	3 26	36	
24 Friday	8 55	10 56	3 26	33	
25 Saturday	9 6	9 51	3 26	30	
26 Sunday	9 17	8 56	3 26	27	
27 Monday	9 28	7 51	3 26	24	
28 Tuesday	9 39	6 56	3 26	21	
29 Wednesday	9 50	5 51	3 26	18	
30 Thursday	10 1	4 56	3 26	15	
31 Friday	10 12	3 51	3 26	12	

### D. A. MACKINNON, L.L.B.,

Attorney, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c.

—HAS OPENED HIS—

### Law Office in Georgetown,

King's County,

where he will attend to professional work, and loan money on Real Estate.

nov25—wky

### L. ARTHUR & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

RECEIVERS OF

Mackerel, Butter, Cheese EGGS

Poultry, Potatoes, Fruit &

Vegetables.

142, 144 Commercial Street,

BOSTON, MASS.

FOR

B-O-S-T-O-N

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

THE PALACE STEAMERS

OF THE

INTERNATIONAL S.S. CO.

Leave St. John for Boston, via Eastport and Portland, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7 25 a. m.

Fare from Charlottetown to Boston, \$6.50, 2nd class; \$3.50, 1st class.

For tickets and other information apply to

G. A. SHARP, F. W. HALE, P. E. L. RY., P. E. L. Steam Nav. Co.

or to your nearest Ticket Agent.

May 7, 1888—wky

JAMES A. MORRISON. GEORGE MUSGRAVE

### MORRISON & MUSGRAVE,

BROKERS

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

HALIFAX

Consignments of Island produce will receive prompt attention.

REFERENCES: Thomas Fyfe, Esq., Cashier Bank of Nova Scotia, Halifax; George Macleod, Manager Bank of Nova Scotia Charlottetown.

### WARREN & JONES,

TEA MERCHANTS.

71 EAST CHEAP AND 9 & 14 MINCING LANE,

LONDON, ENGLAND.

## NOBODY HURT CHEAP FLOUR.

But the Manufacturers.

\$7,000 WORTH OF READY-MADE CLOTHING, FOR MEN AND BOYS,

Bought at a Great Sacrifice, and will be cleared out at Slaughter Prices.

A LOT OF BANKRUPT CLOTHING.

SAMPLE PRICES:  
550 suits selling for - - - \$3.75  
800 suits " - - - 4.60  
750 suits " - - - 5.50

Come straight along for the Best Bargains to

### J. B. MACDONALD'S.

Ch'town, June 14, 1888—dy & wky

## PERKINS & STERNS.

Seasonable Dry Goods at the Lowest Prices.

Muslins,	Print Cottons,	Dress Goods,	Fannelettes,	White Cottons,
CHEAP.	CHEAP.	CHEAP.	CHEAP.	CHEAP.
Ginghams,	Parasols,	Umbrellas,	Silk Gloves,	Millinery,
CHEAP.	CHEAP.	CHEAP.	CHEAP.	CHEAP.
Corsets,	Shirtings,	Ribbons, Laces,	Straw Hats,	White Shirts
CHEAP.	CHEAP.	CHEAP.	CHEAP.	CHEAP.
Table Linen,	Cloths, Tweeds,	Bed Ticking,	Carpets, Rugs,	Oil Cloths,
CHEAP.	CHEAP.	CHEAP.	CHEAP.	CHEAP.

## PERKINS & STERNS.

Charlottetown, July 7, 1888.

## WALK RIGHT IN, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

—TO—

### JOHN NEWSON'S FURNITURE ESTABLISHMENT,

AND GET BARGAINS.

Largest, Oldest and Best Place in the City.

NEVER IN A DILEMMA!

Can supply you all, and give you the best value. Sales daily increasing. No stop work. Furniture as represented. He does not advertise much, but gives his customers the benefit of this saving.

Don't forget the place—OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

JOHN NEWSON.

Charlottetown, July 7, 1888.

## TRYON WOOLEN MILLS DEPOT,

Cameron Block, Charlottetown Agency.

MR. J. D. REID having given up the above Agency, and sold out his Stock-in-Trade to us, we give notice that we shall continue the business as a SALES DEPOT for CLOTHS, TWEEDS, BLANKETS and YARNS of our own manufacture. MR. R. D. COFFIN will remain in charge.

Wool that has been left with our Agent (J. D. Reid) will be settled for on demand as well as any other liabilities that he has incurred in connection with said business. We also collect all debts due to him. All imported goods, excepting Cloth and Tailors Trimmings, will be closed out regardless of cost during the next thirty days.

A large stock of our own manufactures will be kept constantly in stock to exchange for Wool at Mill prices. CASH FOR WOOL.

TRYON WOOLEN M'FG CO.

TRYON WOOLEN MILLS DEPOT,

Cameron Block, July 18, 1888—dy & wky

## Gleanings From My Common-place Books.

THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF CANADA A POLITICAL DOCTOR.

I am conscious that the only personal claim I have to represent Her Majesty in this country is that I have had some experience in that great law making assembly in Great Britain, her House of Commons. But here I occupy a position unknown in the constitution of other countries, as a political doctor, because whatever prescriptions I give must be such that they can hardly be visible to or appreciated by the public. They must be written in invisible ink, and I can only give a prescription at all when I meet with other physicians in consultation; and any remedy given must be given, not by myself, although it may be administered by any others of those whom I meet in consultation. This is a peculiar position and one which is totally incomprehensible to many foreign doctors.—The Marquis of Lorne at Kingston, in June, 1879.

LORD CHIEF JUSTICE MANSFIELD'S ADVICE TO A GENERAL ABOUT TO ACT AS A COLONIAL JUDGE.

A general officer in the army, a friend of Lord Mansfield, came to him one day in great perplexity, saying that he had got the appointment of Governor of a West India Island, which made him very happy till he found that he was not only to be Commander-in-Chief, for which he thought himself unfit, but that he was likewise required to sit as Chancellor and to decide causes, whereas he was utterly ignorant of law, and had never been in a court of justice in his life. Lord Mansfield said to him, "Be of good cheer—take my advice, and you will be reckoned a great judge as well as a great Commander-in-Chief. Nothing is more easy; only hear both sides patiently—then consider what you think justice requires, and decide accordingly. But never give your reasons; for your judgement will probably be right, but your reasons will certainly be wrong."

THE PULTENEY GUINEA.

William Pulteney, afterwards Earl of Bath, was remarkable alike for his oratorical talents, and his long and consistent opposition to the measures of Sir Robert Walpole, the great Whig Minister. On the 11th of February, 1741, a time when party feeling was at its height, Walpole received an intimation in the House of Commons that it was the intention of the Opposition to impeach him. To this menace he replied with his usual composure and self-complacency, merely requesting a fair and candid hearing, and winding up his speech with the quotation from Horace of—  
"Nil conscire sibi, nulli pallescere culpa."  
(To be conscious of no guilt, and to turn pale at no charge.)

With his usual tact, Pulteney immediately rose, and observed, "that the right honorable gentleman's logic and latin were alike inaccurate, and that Horace whom he had just misquoted had written, 'nulla pallescere culpa.' Walpole maintained that his quotation was correct, and a bot was offered. The matter was thereupon referred to Nicholas Hardings, Clerk of the House, an excellent classical scholar, who decided against Walpole. The Minister accordingly took a guinea from his pocket and flung it across the house to Pulteney. The latter caught it, and holding it up exclaimed: "It's the only money I have received from the Treasury for many years, and it shall be the last. This guinea, having been carefully preserved, finally came into the hands of Sir John Murray, by whom it was presented in 1828, to the British Museum. The following memorandum in the handwriting of Pulteney, is attached to it: "This guinea I desire may be kept as a heir-loom. It was won of Sir Robert Walpole in the House of Commons; he asserting the verse in Horace to be 'nulli pallescere culpa,' whereas I laid the wager of a guinea that it was 'nulla pallescere culpa.' He sent for the book, and, being convinced that he had lost, gave me this guinea. I told him I could take the money without any blush on my side, but believed it was the only money he gave in the House when the giver and receiver ought not equally to blush. This guinea, I hope, will prove to my posterity the use of knowing Latin, and encourage them in their learning."

GUILLOTINE.

This instrument of death was not, as is generally supposed, invented by Dr. Guillotine nor was he one of its victims, as has been frequently asserted. Dr. Guillotin had nothing whatever to do with it, though by a combination of circumstances it came to be eventually called by his name. It was first called La Louison, from Louis, an eminent surgeon and secretary to the College of Surgeons in Paris, who, in March, 1792, improved the mechanism and recommended the adoption of an old instrument of the same kind. Dr. Guillotin was very much annoyed at finding his name attached to this instrument of death; but he lived to the Restoration in extensive professional practice, and was much respected, in spite of the afflicting associations of his name.

INDEX EXPURGATORIS.

The "Index Expurgatorius" means at Rome, where the expression originated, "A catalogue of the books whose publication is only prohibited until they have been purged or corrected." The "Index Purgatorius," or simply the "Index," means "A catalogue of the books actually and strictly forbidden or prohibited to be read."

LAUDAUT QUOD NON INTELLIGUNT.

"They praise what they do not understand." A very common practice; much more so, indeed, than is generally imagined. The author of "Adventures in the North of Europe, illustrative of the Poetry and Philosophy of Travel," a man, by-the-by, who confesses himself utterly ignorant of

the Danish language, says, "The clergyman of the Lutheran Church at Elsinore had a quiet earnestness of manner, and a persuasive eloquence, that pleased and attracted. I admired his discourse, though I did not understand a word of it."

A DUTCHMAN'S TESTIMONY.

"I will tell you, such is de powers of de Shakspeer, that I vunce saw de plays arcted in English languish, in Holland, where der was not vun persons in all de house but myself could understand it; yet dare vas not a persons in all dat house but vas vas in tears, dat is, all crying, blouding de nose, and weep very much, couldn't understand vun vurd of de play, yet all voeping. Such vas de powers of de Shakspeer."

TENEZ BOUNE TABLE ET SOIGNEZ LES FEMMES.

Tenez bounne table et soignez les femmes, was the sum of the great Napoleon's instructions to the Abbe de Pradt, when despatched to gain over Poland to his cause: that is to say, keep a good table, give good dinners, good spreads, and pay attention to the ladies; don't forget or neglect the ladies.

August 20, 1888. T. H. H.

### Boston Markets.

BOSTON, Aug. 16.

EGGS.—Receipts for the week 222 boxes 28 bbls., 11,444 cases; last week, 9 boxes, 25 bbls., 9,481 cases. The arrivals have been considerably larger than last week, and demand has been rather slow, especially for western. Strictly extra eastern continue in moderate supply, and sell without difficulty at 20c. Choice P. E. Island, N. S. and N. B. sell fairly at 18c. but are hard to place at anything above this figure.

POTATOES.—The market has been well supplied with choice Rose at about \$2 per bushel. Natives are supplying the larger part of the trade, and range from \$1.75 to \$2 as to quality. Very choice Bristol Ferry stock is offering freely at \$2. Jerseys are rather ordinary compared with New England stock, and more slowly at \$1.75.

FISH.—Codfish are in large supply, and lower, having only a moderate sale at quotations. Mackerel more plenty, and ranging about \$1 lower than last week.

### A Lively Eviction Scene.

A Dublin despatch of the 11th says:—Eleven persons were arrested yesterday at the eviction of Farmer Somers at Colliole. Somers and his assistants offered strenuous resistance to the evictors all day but were finally overpowered. Two hundred police armed with a battering ram attacked the house, which was fortified with earthworks and surrounded by trenches. After three hours of hard fighting an American gentleman who was present among the spectators, offered to pay half of Farmer Somers' rent if the police would cease their attack. This offer was, however, refused. The attack was resumed and an unsuccessful battle waged by the constables till 6 o'clock, when the gate of the house caught fire. Mr. Redmond, M. P., and Canon Doyle, who were present, then advised the defenders of the place to leave the burning building. This they did, and all who had been in the house were arrested.

### A Wounded Heart.

A novel breach of promise case is threatened in Moncton, in which William Crawson is the plaintiff and Mrs Gaskin defendant. Crawson is a widower and Mrs. Gaskin a widow who lives at Coverdale, about three miles from Moncton. The fair widow is the owner of a fine farm, and Crawson has been more or less about the place for some years, part of the time as farmer in charge. The couple at one time frequently drove to church together and were in each other's company to such an extent as to cause some gossip, but in the course of time love did not run smooth in this case, the pleasant relations between the couple were ruptured and Mr. Crawson wants \$5,000 as a solace for his affections. The fair defendant is reported to be about 45 years of age and has a grown up daughter.

### Italians and Finns.

About three hundred Italians and Finns from New York, arrived here this week, and will go through to the provinces. They are secured under contract to work on the Bay Chaleur R. R. some 130 miles from Moncton, N. B., which is now being constructed. Mr. Hornebeck, the superintendent of construction on this road, and a veteran railroad builder and contractor, is in the city to-day, and he says that men for railroading are scarce in the provinces, and they cannot get men enough to do the work. He pays the Italian workmen from \$1 to \$1.40 per day, but the men can live well on \$2.50 a week in that country.—Ranger Commercial.

### Detective Power's Claim.

A Saco, Me., despatch of the 15th inst., says: Detective Nicholas Power of Halifax, who last winter presented a claim to the Saco and Biddeford Savings Institution for services in arresting defaulter Frank C. McNeally last September, and a claim for the reward offered by the bank for the stolen securities, has begun legal proceedings against the bank. A writ of attachment to the amount of \$10,000 has been served on Treasurer Melville H. Kelly. The case will be tried at the September term of the Supreme Court of York county. Frank C. McNeally, the young defaulter, is still in the Dominion of Canada. He has not yet settled down to work. It is believed that the bank paid him all or part of the reward offered for the stolen bonds after they were returned to the institution.

TO THE DEAF.—A person cured of Deafness and noises in the head of 23 years' standing by a simple remedy will send a description of it FREE to any person who applies to NICHOLSON, 30 St. John Street, Montreal. 4m—m14

**WOODILL'S**  
**GERMAN**  
**BAKING**  
**POWDER**

As Good as any on the Market,  
—RETAILS AT—  
5c., 10c. and 20c. per Packet, and  
32c. per Pound.  
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