

# The Daily Examiner.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

This is true Liberty, when Free-born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free.—EURIPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1884.

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ALMANAC FOR FEBRUARY, 1884.

MOON'S CHANGES.

First Quarter, 4th day, 1h. 44 7m., a. m.  
Full Moon, 11th day, 0h. 35 4m., a. m.  
Last quarter 18th day, 1h. 0 2m., p. m.  
New Moon 26th day, 2h. 25 3m., p. m.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Moon	High	Days
M	risings	sets	water	len h.
1 Friday	7 28 4	59 9 24	1 0	9 29
2 Saturday	27 5 01	9 54	1 42	31
3 Sunday	26 3 10	30 2 29	3 34	34
4 Monday	24 5 11	10 3 29	3 37	37
5 Tuesday	23 6 11	56 4 48	4 40	40
6 Wednesday	21 8 aft	48 6 17	4 47	47
7 Thursday	19 9 1 47	7 39	4 50	50
8 Friday	18 10 2 52	8 39	5 0	50
9 Saturday	17 11 3 58	9 29	5 2	52
10 Sunday	16 13 5 6	10 13	5 4	54
11 Monday	14 15 6 13	10 57	5 7	57
12 Tuesday	12 16 7 16	11 27	10 1	1
13 Wednesday	11 18 8 22	aft 0	4	4
14 Thursday	9 19 9 24	0 34	7	7
15 Friday	8 21 10 18	1 9	10	10
16 Saturday	7 22 11 25	1 31	13	13
17 Sunday	5 24	morn 2 27	16	16
18 Monday	3 25 0 23	3 14	19	19
19 Tuesday	2 27 1 20	4 18	23	23
20 Wednesday	0 28 2 13	5 32	26	26
21 Thursday	6 58	29 3 5	6 46	29
22 Friday	57	31 3 51	7 51	32
23 Saturday	55	32 4 35	8 44	35
24 Sunday	54	34 5 13	9 28	38
25 Monday	52	35 5 49	10 9	42
26 Tuesday	50	36 6 42	10 47	45
27 Wednesday	48	37 6 53	11 21	48
28 Thursday	47	39 7 25	morn 51	51
29 Friday	45	41 7 57	0 4	55

SULLIVAN & MACNEILL,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Solicitors in Chancery,

NOTARIES PUBLIC, &c.

OFFICES—O'Halloran's Building, Great George Street, Charlottetown.

Money to Loan.

W. W. SULLIVAN, Q. C. | CHESTER B. MACNEILL  
Jan. 16, '83.

LIFE INSURANCE.

United States Life Insurance Co.

—OF THE—

CITY OF NEW YORK.

ORGANIZED 1850.

New Features, Incontestable Policies, Prompt Settlement of Claims Guaranteed.

Apply at residence, Weymouth Street, from 8 to 10 a. m., and 4 to 6 p. m.

A. H. McPHERSON,  
Agent.

Sept. 25, 1883.—2aw

STANDARD

LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

At the 57th Annual General Meeting of the Standard Life Assurance Company, held at Edinburgh on Tuesday, the 24th of April, 1883, the following results for the year ended 15th November, 1882, were reported:—

3,038 new proposals for life assurance were received the year for \$ 9,754,085 38  
2,561 proposals were accepted, assuring 7,239,048 13  
The total existing assurances in force at 15th November, 1882, amounted to \$6,936,302 91 (Of which \$7,753,031 15 was reassured with other offices)  
The claims by death which arose during the year amounted, including bonus additions, to 2,462,226 59  
The annual revenue amounted at 15th November, 1882, to 4,267,546 00  
The invested funds at same date amounted to 29,503,416 00  
Being an increase during the year of 1,062,648 35

JOHN LONGWORTH,  
Agent for Charlottetown.

THOMAS KERR,  
Inspector of Agencies.  
Ch'town, August 3, 1883.

DR. BENNET

CALLS attention to "THE ELECTRO MAGNETIC CORSET," exact pattern as worn by the Princess of Wales, the health-giving powers of which, especially in female diseases, are very great. Can be had at FRASER & REDDIN'S. To be worn as an ordinary corset and lasting longer and fitting superbly trimmed with Valenciennes lace.  
Dec. 3, 1883.

JUST RECEIVED,

ALL SIZES ENGLISH

Iron Bedsteads and Cribs,

MARKED LOW.

Largest and best assortment of PICTURE MOULDING in the city, selling by the foot or made up very cheap.

500 LOOKING GLASSES, every variety and price, from 6s to 24s 6d. New Plates for old frames.

FANCY GOODS, in every variety, viz:—Brackets, Music Stands, Escabe, and Canterbury, Fire Screens and Tables (combined), Flower Stands and Light Stands, Folding Chairs and Rocking Chairs, Chess Table and Ladies' Work Table (something new), Smokers' Stands, Parlor Easels, etc., etc.

Two very fine BAGETELLE BOARDS.

FRAMED CHROMOS.

MANTLE MIRRORS (new patterns).

Upholstering Department,

Under the management of MR. DREW, a veteran in the trade.

We have just received our Fall and Winter Stock of Goods, comprising forty-five different pieces of Furniture Coverings, Gimp and Buttons to match, Hessian's Tickings, Hair Cloth, imitation of Leather, etc., etc. In this department to give satisfaction, as our stock was purchased in the cheapest markets and marked accordingly.

HAIR MATTRESSES, FLOCK do., EXCEL-SIOR do., STRAW do., FEATHER BEDS.

Every variety of Spring Beds, Dominion Wire Mattresses, best in the market, every bed warranted, price \$5.00.

We have now on hand (and are manufacturing daily) a large and varied stock of Household Furniture, comprising many new and beautiful designs. Particular attention given to ordered work.

KILN-DRIED STOCK and BEST WORK-MANSHIP, every time.

Venetian Blinds, Inside and Outside Shutters, School and Church Furniture.

Machine Jobbing, Wood Turning, etc., etc. Prices low.

Factory, Office and Showrooms,

King Square.

Branch Show Rooms, 83,

Queen Street.

MARK WRIGHT & CO.

Ch'town, Nov. 1883.—2aw

MONCTON

Sash and Door Factory.

MR. P. LEA, in returning thanks to the public for the liberal patronage extended to him while in business in Charlottetown, begs leave to inform his old customers and the public generally, that he, in company with Mr. William Rogers, has appointed

Messrs. B. Williams & Co.

Lumber and Coal Dealers, Pownall Wharf, Charlottetown, our agents, who will keep constantly on hand a full supply of Mouldings, Window Sashes, Doors, etc., at

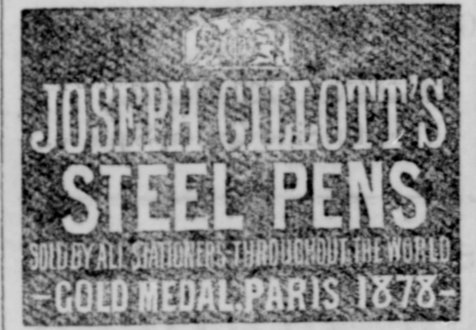
LOWEST CASH PRICES.

All orders entrusted to them will receive prompt attention.

LEA & ROGERS,

Moncton, N. B.

Sept. 5, 1883.—2aw wly



TO THE TRADE!

ON Consignment and for sale very low, at my Auction Room, Queen Street.

TEA—50 Half Chests Prime.  
APPLES—150 barrels No. 1 Choice.  
HERRING—15 Quintals.  
CODFISH—15 Quintals.  
GREY COTTONS—7 bales all prices.

WRAPPING PAPER, Paper Bags, etc., very cheap. TERMS CASH.

A. McNEILL,  
Auctioneer.

Ch'town, Jan. 14, 1884.—tf wklly 2t.

P. E. Island Pottery.

WE are Agents for the P. E. Island Pottery. Orders sent to us will receive prompt attention. Jars, Jugs, Bean Pots, Mugs, Flower Pots, Spoons, Stone Stones, etc., etc., in stock.

BEER & GOFF

AGENTS

Ch'town, Oct. 26, '83.

THE CHARLOTTETOWN  
FLOUR, FEED AND PROVISION,  
STORE,

South Side Queen Square, near Queen Street,

HAVE to announce that they have on hand the following goods, which they are prepared to sell at reasonable prices and in quantities to suit purchasers:

Flour (Superior Extra, Strong Bakers' and Patent)

OATMEAL, CORNMEAL, BRAN, SHORTS, OATS,

CRUSHED FEED, either Oats and Barley or Oats, Barley and Corn. APPLES, which will be sold by the barrel or by the pound, at rates very little over barrel prices.

Ch'town, Dec. 18, 1883.

D. A. BRUCE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

IS OVER-STOCKED with the following GOODS, and offers them at a

REDUCTION OF TWENTY PER CENT.

Gents' Woollen Underwear, Flannel Shirts, Fur Caps, Kid Mitts, Sleigh Robes.

OVERCOATINGS,

WHICH YOU CAN HAVE

MADE TO YOUR MEASURE

Cheaper Than Imported Ready Made.

D. A. BRUCE,

Dec. 20, 1883.—eod wklly

72 Queen Street, Charlottetown

1884. JANUARY. 1884.

Annual Clearance Sale At

J. B. MACDONALD'S.

I AM now having my Annual Clearance Sale, and will CLEAR OUT Wool Goods in

Scarfs, Clouds, Wool Squares,  
Heavy Winter Cloths, Winter Dress Stuffs,  
Ladies' Fur Caps and Muffs,  
Ladies' Fur Tippets,  
Ladies' Felt and Fur Hats,  
Men's Fur and Cloth Caps,  
Men's and Boys' Ulsters, Overcoats and Reefing Jackets,  
Also Remnants in Cloths, Remnants in Dress Stuffs, Remnants in Prints, and Remnants in Canton Flannels.

These goods must be cleared out and Bargains Extraordinary will be given.

J. B. MACDONALD'S,

Ch'town, Jan. 12, 1884.—2aw wklly.

Queen Street.

THE EXAMINER  
JOB PRINTING OFFICE

HAS LATELY BEEN REPLENISHED WITH

A Large Supply of Printing Types and Material

OF THE LATEST INVENTION AND BEST DESCRIPTION,

AND WE ARE NOW PREPARED,

Under the Careful and Skilful Supervision of Mr. J. W. Mitchell,

TO PRINT

BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS,  
BLANK CHEQUES, RECEIPTS,  
NOTES OF HAND, POSTERS,  
HAND BILLS, DODGERS, &c. &c.,

On Short Notice, in Good Style, at Cheap Prices.

FOUL PLAY.

By Charles Reade.

CHAPTER XLVII.

That cloud was really the smoke of the "Springbok," which had mounted into air so thin that it could rise no higher. The boat herself was many miles to the northward, returning full of heavy hearts from a fruitless search. She came back in a higher parallel of latitude, intending afterward to steer N. W. to Easter Island. Then the life was gone out of the ship; the father was deeply dejected, and the crew could no longer feign the hope they did not feel. Having pursued the above course to within four hundred miles to Juan Fernandez, General Rolleston begged the captain to make a bold deviation to the S. W., and then see if they could find nothing there before going to Easter Island.

Captain Moreland was very unwilling to go to the S. W., the more so as coal was getting short. However, he had not the heart to refuse General Rolleston anything. There was a northerly breeze. He had the fires put out, and, covering the ship with canvas, sailed three hundred miles S. W. But found nothing. Then he took in sail, got up steam again, and away for Easter Island. The ship ran so fast that she had got into latitude thirty-two by ten a. m. next morning.

At 10h. 15m. the dreary monotony of this cruise was broken by the man at the mast-head.

"On deck there!"

"Halloo!"

"The schooner on our weather bow!"

"Well, what of her?"

"She has luffed."

"Well, what of that?"

"She has altered her course."

"How many points?"

"She was sailing S. E., and now her head is N. E."

"That is curious."

General Rolleston who had come and listened with a grain of hope, now sighed and turned away.

The captain explained kindly that the man was quite right to draw his captain's attention to the fact of a trading vessel altering her course. "There is a sea-graunter, General," said he, "and when one seaman sees another violate it, he concludes there is some reason or other. Now, Jack, what d'ye make of her?"

"I can't make much of her; she don't seem to know her own mind, that is all. At ten o'clock she was bound for Valparaiso or the island. But now she has come about and beating to windward."

"Bound for Easter Island?"

"I dunno."

"Keep your eye on her."

"Ay, ay, sir."

Captain Moreland told General Rolleston that very few ships went to Easter Island, which lies in a lovely climate, but is a miserable place; and he was telling the General that it is inhabited by savages of a low order, who half worship the relics of masonry left by their more civilized predecessors, when Jack hailed the deck again.

"Well," said the captain.

"I think she's bound for the 'Springbok.'"

The soldier received this conjecture with astonishment and incredulity not to be wondered at. The steamboat headed N. W., right in the wind's eye. Sixteen miles off, at least, a ship was sailing N. E. And there hung in the air, like a black mark against the blue sky, a fellow whose oracular voice came down and said B was endeavoring to intercept A.

Nevertheless, time confirmed this conjecture; the schooner having made a short board to the N. E. came about and made a long board due west, which was as near as she could lie to the wind. On this Captain Moreland laid the steamboat's head due north. This brought the vessels rapidly together.

When they were about two miles distant, the stranger slackened sail and hoisted, hoisting stars and stripes at her mizen.

The union-jack went up the shrouds of the "Springbok" directly, and she pursued her course, but gradually slackened her steam.

General Rolleston walked the deck in great agitation, and now indulged in wild hopes, which Captain Moreland thought it best to discourage at once.

"Ah, sir," he said, "don't you run into the other extreme and imagine he has come on our business. It is at sea as it is ashore; if a man goes out of his course to speak to you, it is for his own sake, not yours. This Yankee has got men sick with scurvy, and is come for lime-juice. Or his water is out."

Or—halloo, savages aboard!

It was too true. The schooner had a cargo of savages, male and female; the males were nearly naked, but the females, strange to say, were dressed to the throat in ample robes, with broad and flowing skirts, and had little coronets on their heads. As soon as the schooner hove to, the fiddle had struck up, and the savages were now dancing in parties of four; the men doing a sort of monkey hornpipe in quick pace, with their hands nearly touching the ground; the women, on the contrary, erect and queenly, swept about in slow rhythm, with most graceful and coquetish movements of the arms and hands, and bewitching smiles.

The steamboat came alongside, but at a certain distance to avoid all chance of a collision; and the crew clustered at the side and cheered the savages dancing. The poor General was forgotten at the merry sight.

Presently, a negro in white cotton, with a face blacker than the savages, stepped forward and hoisted a board, on which was printed very large, ABE YOU.

Having allowed this a moment to sink into the mind, he reversed the board, and showed these words, also printed large, THE "SPRINGBOK!"

There was a thrilling murmur on board; and, after a pause of surprise, the question was answered by a loud cheer and waving of hats.

The reply was perfectly understood; almost immediately a boat was lowered by

some novel machinery, and pulled toward the steamer. There were two men in it; the skipper and the negro. The skipper came up the side of the "Springbok." He was loosely dressed in some light drab-colored stuff and a huge straw hat; a man with a long puritanical head, a nose inclined to be aquiline; a face bronzed by weather and heat, thin resolute lips and a square chin. But for a certain breadth between his keen grey eyes, which revealed more intellect than Cromwell's, Ironsides were encumbered with, he might have passed for one of that hard-praying, harder hitting fraternity.

(To be continued.)

The Great Organ Factories of Wm. Bell & Co.

(From the Mechanical and Milling News.)

Guelph can boast of having the largest organ factory in the Dominion, which in itself turns out more than one-half of all the organs manufactured in Canada. The proprietors are the well-known firm of Wm. Bell & Co., who have been for years recognized as makers of the very best of musical instruments. This now so flourishing business was started about twenty years ago in a small way, and by the perseverance and push of the proprietors has been steadily worked up until to-day it stands in the front rank in its line. The product is now about three hundred and fifty organs a month, while the capacity of the works is twenty-five per day. The firm do a very large export trade. Last year over 700 organs were sent to England alone, and this trade has since been increased to an average now of a car load per week direct to London, from where they are sent all over England and Scotland. Besides this shipments are made to nearly every country on the European continent, to Australia, South America, South Africa, and also to Japan, where the firm have established a regular agency. The firm operate two large factories, one of which, erected in 1881, is an imposing structure, and an ornament to the whole city. The factories are located, only about 200 yards apart, on Market Square. Any one who has gone through these factories and has had an opportunity to observe the systematic way everything is handled is at once impressed and convinced that the same care and supervision is bestowed on every one instrument, whether it is intended for the home trade or for London, England, the Cape of Good Hope, or Japan. The home trade of the firm is, of course, very extensive too, and the Bell Organs have become almost household articles throughout Canada. The organs manufactured by this firm are exclusively reed-organs, and every instrument is guaranteed for five years from date of manufacture. Between 150 and 200 skilled workmen are constantly employed in the two factories.

[Mr. C. P. Fletcher, of Charlottetown, is the General Agent for P. E. I., for the above firm, and does a very extensive business with the celebrated Bell Organ.]

The manufacture and exportation of "imitation butter" is becoming one of the standard industries with our Republican cousins over the border. For the ten months ending on the 31st of October last, the exports of that article amounted to 1,698,712 pounds, valued at \$198,925. During the same period "oil" to the amount of 31,600,926 pounds, and valued at \$4,104,105, was also exported. In fact, oleomargarine as an article of export would almost seem to be driving genuine butter out of the market. During these same ten months the total export of butter was only 18,884,346 pounds, valued at \$3,414,299, being over forty per cent. less in quantity, and twenty per cent. less in value than the bogus article. The nuisance of it is that oleomargarine is succeeding on its own merits. It is better than nine-tenths of the butter that is made.

The population of the United Kingdom in 1881 was 34,884,848 exclusive of absentees in the army, navy, and shipping service, and the inhabitants of a few small islands in the British seas, numbering in all 356,534. By comparison with the returns of 1871 the increase is 3,241,482 or 10.7 per cent. during the decade, against 8.6 per cent. during the preceding ten years. The population of British India and Ceylon was at the same time 206,637,887, and of other possessions 12,463,306, making the aggregate population of the British Empire in 1881, 254,187,630, exclusive of some 50,000,000 of feudatory and subject tribes and people in India not strictly parts of the Empire, but more or less tributary. This makes the whole population under the sway of the British Queen three years ago 304,005,549 nearly equal to the whole inhabitants of practically Europe.

Peter Dunne, housekeeper of the Dominion Senate, at eight o'clock on the night of the 29th, took by mistake thirty grains of nox vomica and was almost fatally poisoned. The timely use of stomach pumps relieved him and now he is slowly improving, but is yet very low. It is feared that the poison has got into his blood, in which case death will certainly ensue before morning. The medicine taken by Mr. Dunne had been prescribed by Dr. Paquette for Senator Chapais, to be used externally.

Baron A. de Rothschild is having built one of the largest steam yachts that was ever constructed. She is 246 feet long and twenty-seven feet beam; her engines are expected to develop 1,400 horse-power, and the speed expected is fourteen and one-half knots. She will be ready for sea by June, and her name will be "Eros."

Mgr. Capel horrified the High School pupils in Washington by asking how many of them expected to be domestic servants and how many to carry loads and mortar.