

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

AUGUST 6, 1889.

A Mean Attack.

The Patriot is ready to make any little capital that can be made out of the refusal of the Governor General in Council to interfere with the Legislation of Quebec in respect to the Jesuits' estates—though it is "not in active sympathy" with the agitators of Ontario, and though its party, including Messrs. Davies, Welsh, and other members from this province, voted with the Conservatives in support of the Government's action! The Patriot declares that the Governor General has been guilty of "lecturing" the gentlemen who waited upon him at Quebec the other day, and petitioned him to disallow the Jesuits' Estates Act in spite of his responsible advisers, and in the face of an almost unanimous vote of parliament. Certainly, His Excellency explained to the "reverend and learned divines" why he could not, as a constitutional Governor, act in accord with the prayer of the petitioners. But he need not have made any explanation whatever. He might have dismissed the deputation with a simple intimation that the petition would be referred to his responsible advisers. Had he taken this course, he would, with some force, be charged with having treated the "reverend and learned divines" with scant courtesy; and our facile Patriot would, no doubt, be prepared to lead the attack. He chose, instead, to state "his reasons." It is needless to say that he did so after the manner of a gentleman. There is not in the address he delivered to the deputation the slightest hint of "lecturing" or of anything other than the highest respect for the person, and character, and position of his hearers. The Patriot throws "the responsibility" for the Governor-General's address upon the Government. Well, the Government can afford to bear the responsibility—though there is, of course, no truth whatever in the statement that the address was prepared or dictated by the Government. His Excellency spoke frankly as became a man, and with a power obtained by long experience in the practical affairs of British statesmanship. When he pointed out that "moral claims" are frequently recognized in the old country, he spoke of facts with which he is personally familiar; and when he showed that there is not, in the Act referred to, anything which detracts from the supremacy of her Majesty the Queen, he spoke of that about which the constitutional lawyers of the country, of both parties, with but one or two exceptions, are in perfect agreement. It is, however, satisfactory to have the explicit statement of His Excellency; for, as the Montreal Gazette aptly remarks, "when the Queen's representative finds nothing derogatory to Her Majesty's dignity or supremacy in the legislation in question, it is hardly becoming for any individual, no matter how high his ambition may soar, to lash himself into a fury on the subject."

The Governor-General's language on this point is worthy of particular attention. His Excellency says:

"There were two sets of claimants at least to the Jesuits' estates. It was unnecessary to arrange to whom compensation should be made, and insure a division which would be accepted by all. It is true that the Pope, as an authority recognized by both sets of claimants, was to be called upon to approve or disapprove the proposed division as far as Roman Catholic claimants were concerned, but this appears to me to relate not to the action of the Legislature of the Province, but to the division of the funds after they had been paid over. It is arguable that as a matter of fact there is no reference to the Pope's authority at all in the executive portion of the act. It is undoubtedly the case that the preamble to the act—an unusually long one, by the way,—contains a recital of events which led to the introduction of the bill, and that in the correspondence so set out authority had been claimed on behalf of the Holy See, to which, however, the First Minister did not assent. The introduction of the name of the Pope may be unusual and very likely unpalatable to some, as Protestants; but as it appears in course of a recital of facts which had previously occurred and which, of course, legislation could not obliterate or annul, and there being, moreover, no such reference to the holy of holies, I did not consider that Her Majesty's authority was in any degree weakened or assailed, nor that I was compelled, in the exercise of my duty as her representative, to disallow the act on that account."

The Patriot's attack upon the Government—over the shoulders of the Governor-General—is characteristically mean. It acquiesces, with its party, in the justice of the Government's action; and yet it strives to injure the Government on account of that action. It would like to wound the Government; and yet it is afraid to strike fairly and manfully, lest its own friends, (who are, in respect to the matter, in the Government's boat) should be killed. It had better be quiet.

While important business interests in both the Eastern and Western States are quaking at the thought of any interference by the Washington authorities with the railway competition supplied by Canadian railways, the Dominion can afford to smile at the dilemma of its neighbors. A report that duty would be collected on Canadian freight cars entering the States draws a groan from the Cleveland Press to the effect that "to the Western shippers, which means the Western farmers as well as all who use goods shipped west from the east, this autocratic mandate will come as a hardship." The policy which has made Canada so essential a factor in our neighbors' comfort is the policy of Sir John Macdonald's administration.

No Cause For Surprise.

SOME surprise is expressed at the action of the Dominion Government in building the new scows for the dredge at Pictou instead of Charlottetown. We must say that to us the action of the Government does not appear in any way surprising. The Minister of Public Works has evidently made a note of some of Mr. William Welsh's speeches in the House of Commons. In the face of Mr. Welsh's declaration that the work on the dredge last summer, which cost about \$12,000 in Charlottetown, would have been better done in Pictou for \$5,000, it is not reasonable to expect that much Dominion work will be put in the way of Prince Edward Island mechanics. It is most unfortunate that our mechanics should be branded as incompetent and extortionate by the men they have elected to Parliament. Surely the influence of Pictou in matters of patronage is strong enough without our members throwing their influence against our own people.

Notes and Comments.

The last sugar refinery at Bristol, England, closed last week. Formerly this industry gave employment to thousands of the townsmen. Free admission of the bounty-assisted product of foreign refineries is the cause of the evil. The same thing shut up the Canadian sugar refineries previous to 1878, and sent the workmen adrift to find a living wherever they might, as the British refiners' employees are being sent to-day.

Lieut.-Governor Shultz has in him a good deal of the hero. He is now, it appears, engaged in a conflict with his Executive Council, to show that a Governor may still be something more than a figurehead. It is reported that he goes carefully into the details about almost every matter brought before him and asks for no end of statistics and information. This the Ministers positively refuse to give, saying they have no time to collect it, and that they are not going to do so. The result is that orders in council remain unsigned for weeks.

A writer in the Edinburgh Review somewhat gloomily disposes of the Suez Canal as a British war route to the East. The canal could easily be blocked by an enemy in time of war and the transport of troops or munitions of war rendered impossible. This conclusion has been reached before, and is not, therefore, startlingly new. Britain can afford to regard the Suez canal's ineffectiveness in this respect with perfect equanimity, for it will never be required as a war route. The best route to the East is now through British territory over the Canadian Pacific Railway, and this is one of the great features of our national line which has lifted it in importance quite beyond the ordinary railway.

Grip fancied, says the Kingston News, that it had done something clever when it represented the increase of British investments in the United States as a defeat for the protectionists, who are credited by Grip and other Grits with some fanciful idea of excluding foreigners and foreign capital entirely. On the contrary, the growth of British investments in the United States and Canada is one of the triumphs of the protective policy. It has never been the theory of the intelligent protectionist that foreign capital should be kept from finding employment in the country. The great need of a new country is capital, and the judicious protectionist welcomes any addition to the industry-starting forces of the country, his object being to make his country as self-sustaining as possible.

The Belleville Intelligencer thinks the name of the member of North Norfolk should be "Charlatan," owing to his many hypocritical changes. He has been, like the Globe, for and against every question, and on every occasion was on the make or lookout for the main chance. It says: Mr. Charlton was one of "the noble thirteen," composed of eight Conservatives and five Grits, who voted for Col. O'Brien's motion. But he never censures Messrs. Laurier, Blake, Cartwright, McKenzie, Mills, Davies, Mulock, Paterson, or any of the seventy-three members of his party who voted with the Government. All Mr. Charlton's denunciations are poured out against the Administration and the Conservative party. Mr. Charlton is a nice advocate of "Equal Rights." The only "rights" which he recognizes or regards are the "rights" of the Grit party to the spoils of office, and of Mr. Charlton to the gains of his business. By all means let him be re-christened "Charlatan."

The EXAMINER is indebted to Mr. E. L. Lydiard for the following statement of exports of produce from Queen's and King's Counties for the month of July:—

Table with columns for commodity (e.g., OATS, POTATOES, EGGS, FISH, LOBSTERS, MEATS, HORSES AND CATTLE, STARCH, MISCELLANEOUS), quantity, and value. Total value is \$100,925.

SAVAGES expect to imbibe bravery by drinking the blood of their brave enemies. A more enlightened method of vitalizing the blood is by taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It braces up the nerves and gives strength and fortitude to endure the trials of life.

Charlottetown Markets.

The market to-day was largely attended, both inside and out. The different quotations remained about the same as previous markets. Below we quote prices:—

Beef (small) per lb.	0.07 to 0.12
Beef (quarter) per lb.	0.06 to 0.09
Beets	0.03 to 0.00
Butter, fresh, per lb.	0.17 to 0.18
Butter, tub, per lb.	0.14 to 0.17
Blueberries, per quart.	0.06 to 0.07
Beans (green, string) per quart.	0.00 to 0.05
Cheese (broad) per quart.	0.14 to 0.16
Cheese per lb.	0.00 to 0.50
Cabbage, per doz.	0.40 to 0.60
Carrots, per bush.	0.40 to 0.60
Chickens	0.40 to 0.45
Codfish, (corned) per doz.	0.30 to 0.40
Currants, Black, per quart.	0.10 to 0.12
Currants, Red, per quart.	0.07 to 0.08
Ducks, per pair.	0.00 to 0.00
Eggs, per doz.	0.13 to 0.14
Flour, per cwt.	2.50 to 0.00
Fowl	0.55 to 0.60
Geese	0.00 to 0.15
Gooseberries per quart.	0.09 to 0.12
Ham, per lb.	0.15 to 0.16
Hay, per 100 lbs.	0.00 to 0.30
Herring per doz.	0.00 to 0.25
Lamb, per lb.	0.07 to 0.10
Lard per lb.	0.14 to 0.10
Lettuce per bunch.	0.05 to 0.00
Mackerel (each).	0.07 to 0.10
Mutton, per lb.	0.09 to 0.12
Oats (black) per bush.	0.32 to 0.33
Oatmeal, per cwt.	2.35 to 2.40
Pigs per pair.	4.00 to 6.00
Pork, small.	0.12 to 0.15
Pork (carcase), per lb.	0.06 to 0.03
Potatoes (new) per bush.	0.40 to 0.50
Potatoes (old) per bush.	0.25 to 0.30
Peas (green)	0.09 to 0.10
Raspberries per quart.	0.06 to 0.10
Radishes, per bunch.	0.10 to 0.00
Rhubarb, per bunch.	0.10 to 0.00
Straw, per load.	0.00 to 2.50
Sheep pelts.	0.00 to 0.00
Turnips, per bush.	0.20 to 0.21
Turkeys.	1.55 to 1.75
Veal, per pound.	0.03 to 0.07
Wood, per load.	0.00 to 0.00

AUCTION.

Farm, Crop, Stock, Farming Implements and Household Furniture.

THE Subscriber, having fully decided to give up Farming, will sell at Auction, on THURSDAY, 15th INSTANT, AT 2 O'CLOCK, SHARP,

His Freehold Farm, situated at Centreville, Bedeque, containing about 100 acres of land; about 80 acres clear and in good cultivation; the balance covered with Fencing. This farm is first-class, has a good shore with abundance of seaweed, a large marsh and all necessary buildings; and being so well known needs no further description. Also the standing crop, consisting of Wheat, Oats, Potatoes and Turnips, and 50 tons Hay in barns.

STOCK—2 good brood Mares, Cows, Sheep, Pigs, Hens. Steel Horse Rake, Potato Scuffler, plough, Harrows, Cart, Truck, Wood Sleigh, 2 Riding Wagons, 2 sets Driving Harness, Cart Harness, Threshing Machine with Shaker, 1 set good Fanmills, and many other articles. Also, Cook, Franklin and Parlor Stoves, Chairs, Tables, Washstands, Bedroom Setts, Carpets, Mats, 1 Mason & Hamlin Organ, with a full variety of Household effects. Terms on Farm very liberal. ARTEMAS HOOPER, Centreville, Bedeque, Aug. 6, 1889—w jr pio

DR. AND MRS. ASHLEY, King and Queen of Dentists,

WHO have recently arrived in this city, are meeting with unparalleled success. The Doctor advertises to Extract Teeth Free of Charge and Without Pain,

and all people with swollen jaws and aching faces should avail themselves of Dr. Ashley's generosity. His wife is also an adept at the business, and takes up the forceps when he gets tired. The Doctor will be at the Osborne House for one week or longer, commencing Aug. 1st. The Doctor will remove CANCERS and TUMORS at his office, free of charge. OFFICE HOURS 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Do not fail to pay him a visit.

TESTIMONIAL. DR. ASHLEY,—For seven years I was stricken with private complaints. I tried doctors here and in Halifax, and they told me I could not be cured. I am happy to congratulate you. Your Medicine and Linctament has entirely cured me. I am ever so much obliged to you, and can never thank you enough. Your humble servant, MRS. ELLEN BLACKBURN, Charlottetown, Aug. 3, 1889. aug 6 tf

FIRE INSURANCE

The Eastern Assurance Co. of Canada. Incorporated by Dominion Act, 1888.

HEAD OFFICE, HALIFAX. JOHN DOULL, Esq., President,

Capital subscribed, \$1,000,000.00 Paid up, 250,000.00 FRED. W. HYNDMAN, Agent for P. E. I. Charlottetown, Aug. 6, 1889—tf

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A MAN to drive an Ice Wagon. Must come well recommended. Good Wages and steady employment. Apply at the Fish Market. J. H. MYRICK & CO. Aug. 6, 1889—3i

Provincial Rifle Association PRIZE MEETING

COMMENCES ON— Wednesday, 7th of August,

At 9 A. M., Sharp. LT. COL. IRVING, B. M., CAPT. CROCKETT, 82ND, LIET. COL. STEWART, G. A., Executive Committee. LIET. COL. DOGHERTY, Range Officer. MAJOR G. L. DOGHERTY, Secretary.

GRAND MOONLIGHT EXCURSION.

THE BEST OF THE SEASON. THE ARTILLERY BRIGADE BAND intend having their Annual Moonlight Excursion on

Wednesday, 7th August. Steamer ST. LAWRENCE will leave the Steam Navigation Co's. Wharf at 8 o'clock, p. m. The String Band will furnish music for dancing. Refreshments on board.

TICKETS—Ladies, 30c.; Gentlemen, 40c. To be had at the Drug Stores and at the wharf on the evening of the Excursion. Should the weather prove unfavorable, the Excursion will be held the following Friday evening. H. HERMANS, Secretary.

Sabbath School Picnic.

ST. JAMES' SCHOOL PICNIC WILL BE HELD AT RED POINT WHARF, ON

Thursday, the 8th of August,

The steamer Southport will leave Ferry Wharf at 10.30 a. m., and 2.30 p. m.; returning, will leave Red Point Wharf for town at 6 in the evening. Refreshment table and tea table will be provided for visitors. Races and games will be provided for the children. A Moonlight excursion will be held on the beautiful Hillsboro'. The steamer will leave Ferry Wharf at 8 o'clock. Ladies 10 cents; Gents 15 cents. Proceeds in aid of the Sabbath School. August 3, 1889.

CARVELL BROS.

HAVE arranged to receive into Stock daily, Fresh Biscuit of all kinds and Ship's Bread, and will supply the trade to very best advantage in Boxes and Barrels. Soda Biscuit, Wine Biscuit, Fruit Biscuit, Sugar Biscuit, Family Pilot, Boston Pilot, Hard and Soft Biscuit, &c. &c. &c.

CARVELL BROS. FURNITURE, MATTRESSES, &c.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED A Large Consignment OF NEW HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CONSISTING OF—

Plush, Brocade and Hair Cloth Parlor Suites, Walnut and Ash Bedroom Suites, Hall Stands, Tables, etc., etc. Also—Hair and Flock Mattresses. This is a very choice lot of Furniture. Come early and select from this large stock. GEORGE M. HARRIS, 129 Queen Street, Charlottetown. jy31—tf

CALEDONIAN CLUB OF P. E. ISLAND.

The Annual Scottish Gathering WILL BE HELD AT THE New Driving Park and Exhibition Grounds, Charlottetown, ON THURSDAY, AUG. 15th.

For further particulars as to Prizes, traveling arrangements from all points by Railways and Steamers at special rates, etc., see programme. JAMES D. IRVING, President. JOHN M. CAMPBELL, Secretary.

Desirable Residence.

NO LET.—That comfortable and convenient Residence, with nice Garden, Stables, etc., belonging to the Charlottetown Gas Light Company. Possession immediately. Apply at Gas Company's Office. jy30

BEAUTIFUL WEDDING PRESENTS.

E. W. TAYLOR, CAMERON BLOCK. August 6, 1889—1w

BUY CORSETS! We have a Large Stock in the Best Makes, including the Celebrated D. & A. CORSETS.

PERKINS & STERNS.

BARGAINS IN Print Cottons, Gingham, Flannelettes, Silk Gloves, Ribbons, Laces, Bath Towels, Bathing Drawers, etc., etc. Summer Millinery cut away down.

DRY GOODS OF ALL KINDS CHEAP.

McLEOD & McKENZIE, Star Merchant Tailors,

Have entered upon their Semi-Annual Season of giving Rare Bargains

SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR,

FALL IMPORTATIONS.

This step was unavoidable, and as a consequence you may anticipate rare plums. HOURS—FROM SEVEN TO SIX. McLEOD & McKENZIE. Charlottetown, July 31, 1889.

Lime Juice, &c.

The Hot Weather is here, and Everyone wants Something Cool and Invigorating to Drink.

BEER & GOFF

HAVE just received another lot of the celebrated MONT-SERRAT LIME JUICE (in pint and quart bottles), which is said to be the purest and most wholesome drink in the world. If you want something to brace you up in this hot weather, try a bottle of this famous Juice. They have also a very fine Lime Juice in draft, which they sell in any quantities from a pint up.

SYRUPS.

We always keep a large stock of Raspberry and Lemon Syrups on hand, which we can recommend as equal to any in the market.

Nuts, Confectionery, &c. Filberts, Walnuts, Brazils and Almonds, fresh and good; Mixtures, Gum Drops, Chocolate Goods, Cream Caramels, &c., always in stock, Wholesale and Retail. BEER & GOFF, Queen & King Square Stores. Ch'town, Aug 2, 1889—oaw & wky