

The Daily Examiner.

TERMS—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free-born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, MONDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1884.

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ments, on application.

ALMANAC FOR OCTOBER, 1884.
MOON'S CHANGES.
Full Moon, 4th day, 5h. 47.5m., p. m.
Last Quarter 11th day, 10a. 16.7m., a. m.
New Moon 18th day, 5h. 18.9m., p. m.
First Quarter, 27th day, 0a. 41.9a., a. m.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	Moon sets	High water	Low water	Days len
1 Wednesday	6 35	36 35	5 55	7 52	11 23		
2 Thursday	5 34	4 26	8 43		29		
3 Friday	6 32	4 57	9 26		26		
4 Saturday	7 29	5 29	10 6		22		
5 Sunday	8 24	6 3	10 46		19		
6 Monday	9 18	6 41	11 27		16		
7 Tuesday	10 12	7 24	12 8		12		
8 Wednesday	11 5	8 14	0 51		9		
9 Thursday	12 20	9 10	1 39		6		
10 Friday	1 10	10 11	2 32		2		
11 Saturday	17 16	11 16	3 38	10 59			
12 Sunday	18 14	12 16	4 58	10 56			
13 Monday	19 12	0 23	6 21	10 53			
14 Tuesday	21 11	1 29	7 31	10 50			
15 Wednesday	23 9	2 36	8 25	10 46			
16 Thursday	24 7	3 40	9 9	10 43			
17 Friday	25 5	4 45	9 48	10 40			
18 Saturday	27 4	5 47	10 24	10 37			
19 Sunday	28 2	6 49	10 58	10 34			
20 Monday	29 0	7 50	11 32	10 31			
21 Tuesday	31 4	8 48	12 0	10 27			
22 Wednesday	32 5	9 44	0 6	10 24			
23 Thursday	33 5	10 35	0 40	10 21			
24 Friday	35 5	11 22	1 16	10 18			
25 Saturday	37 5	12 5	1 58	10 15			
26 Sunday	38 4	0 40	2 42	10 12			
27 Monday	41 4	1 20	3 37	10 9			
28 Tuesday	42 5	1 52	4 33	10 6			
29 Wednesday	43 4	2 24	5 38	10 3			
30 Thursday	44 4	2 55	6 43	10 0			
31 Friday	45 4	3 24	7 9	9 59			

THE RAILWAY TIME TABLE.
(Charlottetown Time.)

GOING WEST.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Charlottetown	6 47	9 12	4 27
Hunter River	7 47	10 55	5 47
Kensington	8 42	12 22	7 05
Summerside, { arrive	9 07	12 57	
Summerside, { depart	9 27	2 32	7 37
Port Hill	10 30	4 15	
Alberton	12 05	6 57	
Tignish	12 42	7 47	
FROM WEST.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.
Tignish	2 02	6 47	
Albion	2 40	7 57	
Port Hill	4 15	10 25	
Summerside, { depart	5 17	12 07	
Summerside, { arrive	5 42	1 22	6 57
Kensington	6 07	2 09	7 30
Hunter River	7 02	3 25	8 47
Charlottetown	8 02	5 07	10 07
GOING EAST.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.
Charlottetown	4 17	7 02	
Mount Stewart, { arrive	5 22	8 37	
Mount Stewart, { depart	5 27	9 02	
St. Peter's	6 17	10 02	
Souris	7 22	12 02	
Mount Stewart	5 32	9 07	
Cardigan	6 29	10 22	
Georgetown	6 47	10 47	
FROM EAST.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Souris	6 47	2 17	
St. Peter's	7 52	4 00	
Mount Stewart, { arrive	8 42	5 17	
Mount Stewart, { depart	8 47	5 42	
Charlottetown	9 52	7 27	
Georgetown	7 27	3 32	
Cardigan	7 45	3 57	
Mount Stewart	8 42	5 12	

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.
R. O'DWYER,
Commission and General Merchant
FOR SALE OF P. E. I. PRODUCE.
289 WATER STREET,
St. John's Newfoundland.
In connection with the above is Captain
English, who is well known in P. E. Island,
and who will take special charge of all consign-
ments, and will also attend to the chartering
of vessels for the carrying trade of P. E. I.
The firm is one of the oldest and most reliable
in Newfoundland. Returns guaranteed to
be prompt and satisfactory. Parties wish-
ing to procure Labrador Herring should send
their orders in time.
Sept. 6, 1884.—till 31st Dec. '84.
L. ARTHUR & CO.,
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
121 ATLANTIC AVENUE,
(ROSS MARKET)
BOSTON, MASS.
Eggs and Produce a Specialty.
May 18, 1884.—why if

Old, Successful, Trustworthy,
PURELY MUTUAL,
No Stockholders, Dividends Annually.
ORGANIZED 1845.
NEW YORK
LIFE INSURANCE CO.
Cash Assets over \$55,000,000.
McLEAN & MARTIN,
Agents for P. E. Island.
Ch'town, Aug 27—2m 2aw wklly
McLeod, Morson & McQuarrie,
BARRISTERS
—AND—
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.
Office in Old Bank,
(UP STAIRS).
Ch'town, Feb. 21, 1884.
SULLIVAN & MACNEILL,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Solicitors in Chancery,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, &c.
OFFICES—O'Halloran's Building, Great
George Street, Charlottetown.
Money to Loan.
W. W. SULLIVAN, Q. C. | CHESTER B. MACNEILL
Jan. 16, '83.
WEST & RENDELL,
Commission Merchants,
St. John's, Newfoundland.
Consignments solicited. Liberal advances
made.
July 25, 1884.—2aw 4m

W. WHEATLEY,
(OF WHEATLEY & SONS, CHARLOTTETOWN,
P. E. ISLAND)
Commission Merchant,
269 BARRINGTON STREET,
HALIFAX, N. S.
Special attention given to the sale of
P. E. Island produce.
April 24, 1884.
APPLES, APPLES, APPLES.
CHARLES DONALD & CO.,
79 Queen St., London, E. C.
Will be glad to correspond with Apple Grow-
ers, Merchants and Shippers, with a
view to Autumn and Spring
business.
They will also give the usual facilities to
customers requiring advances. ang1

THE Subscriber announces that he is com-
pleting a
NEW & FIRST-CLASS HEARSE
for the streets; and having ordered a set
of Ostrich Plumes from London
will have a turnout
Second to None in the City.
REMEMBER THE PLACE:
Opposite Dr. Taylor's, Grafton Street.
ISAAC W. WADMAN.
Ch'town, July 24—law wklly
MONCTON
Sash and Door Factory.
MR. P. LEA, in returning thanks to the
public for the liberal patronage extended
to him while in business in Charlottetown,
begs leave to inform his old customers and
the public generally, that he, in company
with Mr. William Rogers, has appointed
Messrs. B. Williams & Co.,
Lumber and Coal Dealers, Pownal Wharf,
Charlottetown, our agents, who will keep
constantly on hand a full supply of Mould-
ings, Window Sashes, Doors, etc., at
LOWEST CASH PRICES.
All orders entrusted to them will receive
prompt attention.
LEA & ROGERS,
Moncton, N. B.
Sept. 5, 83.—2aw wly

Fall and Winter Goods.
The London House Ready-Made Department is Showing a Large Stock of
MEN'S OVERCOATS, BOYS' OVERCOATS, YOUTHS' OVERCOATS, ULSTERS, ULSTERS, REEFING JACKETS.
Men and Boys' WOOL UNDERCLOTHING, all Qualities and Prices.
Flannel Shirts, Men's Knit Top Shirts, Cardigan Jackets, Ladies' Fur-lined Circulars,
LADIES' CLOTH ULSTERS. LADIES' CLOTH SACQUES. FUR CAPS AND MITTS,
ASTRACAN JACKETS.
A LARGE STOCK OF BLANKETS,
MEN'S FUR COATS, COON, BUFFALO AND DOG.
BUFFALO ROBES, JAPANESE AND WOLF ROBES,
HORSE RUGS, RAILWAY WRAPPERS, &c., &c.
WE INVITE ATTENTION TO THE ABOVE, AS THEY ARE MARKED LOW FOR CASH.
GEO. DAVIES & CO.
Charlottetown, Oct. 16, 1884.

NOTICE.
MORE ROOM. MORE GOODS.
LOWER PRICES!
As my Store has been greatly enlarged, my importations have been greatly
increased, thus enabling me to show a very much better assortment of
Goods than usual.
Every Department is well filled with Choice NEW GOODS, imported
direct from the English Markets. And, as I am bound to sustain my past
reputation for selling Cheap Goods, those who patronize me will find my
Prices Low.
Quality Good. Assortment Large.
CALL AND SEE US,
L. E. PROWSE,
Sign of the Big Hat, 74 Queen Street.
Ch'town, Sept. 26, 1884.—not wklly

NEW FALL GOODS.
100 Cases and Bales now open and more to follow.
**J. B. Macdonald has Opened a Great
Portion of his Fall & Winter Stock.**
AN IMMENSE VARIETY OF CLOTHS IN
LADIES' & GENTLEMEN'S WEAR,
LADIES' DRESS MATERIAL in all the newest fabrics,
VELVETEENS & SILK VELVETS,
CASHMERE & FRENCH MERINOES,
LADIES' MANTLES & SHAWLS,
FRINGES, GIMPS & MANTLE ORNAMENTS.
CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.
500 OVERCOATS, 200 REEFING JACKETS,
200 MEN'S SUITS in Worst and Tweed,
200 doz. SUITS MEN'S UNDER CLOTHING, from 75 cents a suit upwards.
HATS & CAPS IN GREAT VARIETY AT LOW PRICES.
20 bales of COTTON WARP,
150 chests FINE CONGOU TEA.
Inspection Solicited, and the Lowest Possible Prices for Goods at
J. B. MACDONALD'S.
Ch'town, Sept. 18, 1884.—2aw wklly

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.
Educational.
SIR,—I looking over your issue yester-
day, I observed the Report of the Teachers
Convention, which owing to unavoidable
causes, I was unable to attend. I was
much gratified to see that the enthusiasm
of the members of the Institution is in no
way abated regarding the noble work—the
advancement of the cause of education
which they have in hand. Some very
valuable suggestions have also been thrown
out—a few of which I will now review.
The adornment of schoolhouses should
receive marked attention as affecting in no
small degree, both the comfort of the
school, and inclination to attend of the
pupils. Country schoolhouses particularly,
are badly off in this respect; whereas with a
little taste on the part of ratepayers, and
the outlay of a small sum, they might be
made at once pleasant and attractive. The
proposition that the school year should
begin 1st November, is a good one.
Teachers would have time to look for
suitable schools during the October
vacation, and the excitement caused by
annual meetings could be averted.
It is an admitted fact, however, that the
salaries of teachers are too low. Several
districts have discontinued the granting of
supplements, and no teacher can do effi-
cient work when the remuneration is
scarcely sufficient decently to maintain
him. He goes into his school on Monday
morning and toils till Saturday evening in
a work for which there is little pay and far
less gratitude. He experiences endless
annoyance from some who think their chil-
dren should be amenable to no law and sub-
ject to no punishment. If he punish these
rebels he is abused. If he allow them to
pursue their course, anarchy and ridicule
are the result.
Now, if teachers wish to better their con-
dition they should have a better under-
standing among themselves. Every
teacher in the Province—and they
are not few—should be a member of
the Educational Institute. They should
present a petition to the Legislature pray-
ing for such amendments to the Public
Schools Act as will tend towards increased
salary, and greater control over the gov-
ernment of the schools wherein they may
teach, which will at once enable them to
keep careless or partial trustees, and re-
bellious pupils to their duty; and in these
things calm and wise public opinion will
sustain them.
The introduction of Gage's Readers
would be beneficial if they could be intro-
duced by degrees. However, it would
cause a large outlay, and teachers are wise
in not giving a too hasty decision before
the country shall have time to consider.
Hoping that the Institute may long
remain to pursue its work of usefulness
and mutual encouragement, and thanking
you, Mr. Editor, for your valuable space,
I remain,
A FRIEND OF EDUCATION.
Charlottetown, Oct. 15, 1884.

Coast and Range Lights.
SIR,—It will surely be admitted by all
candid men, of whatever shade of politics,
that, so far as lighting up our Island coast
is concerned, the Liberal-Conservative Gov-
ernment deserves no small share of credit.
For instance, take a glance at King's
County; and first, at the extreme end of it,
we observe a powerful revolving light,
which was erected there some few years
ago by a (local) Conservative Government,
of which the late lamented Emanuel Mc-
Eachen was a prominent member.
And among the lighthouses established
at a later date in this section of the Pro-
vince, we may point to the Souris Light, to
the Cardigan Light, to the Savage Harbor
Light, to the Cape Bear Light, and to
others, all of which were erected by the
present Conservative Government at
Ottawa. This is certainly a pretty fair
showing in the matter of lighthouses. But,
good as it is, more lights, both coast and
range, are still required. There is, for
instance, one needed on the North Shore
between East Point and St. Peter's, some-
where in the vicinity of either Big Cape or
Naufrage, as may be determined upon after
careful examination of the coast.
Grand River, near the mouth of which is
situated the enterprising little village of
Annandale, should be at once lighted. Two
range lights there would be quite sufficient;
the one to be placed at Red Point, and the
other at the point of the Beach, both of
which points are on the south side of the
river. Lights erected at those places would
prove of great service to fishermen, as well
as to sea-faring men generally.
Boughton Island, it is thought, should
also be lighted. There are a few other
localities in this part of the Island to which
we may refer at some future time—where
lights should be placed.
In the meantime, yours truly,
KING'S COUNTY MAN.
Oct. 20th, 1884.
H. M. S. Canada arrived from England
a few days ago. The *Broad Arrow* of the
20th inst. says: "The Canada was commis-
sioned at Portsmouth, May 1st, 1883, by
Captain Durrant, and subsequently left
England with Prince George of Wales as
one of her midshipmen. She returned
prematurely on the 2nd August, and after
undergoing a slight re-fit she now goes
back to her old station to complete her mis-
sion. Captain Curtis has assumed the
command, while Mr. Berkeley has been
succeeded by Mr. Barker as chief engineer.
Previous to leaving the dockyard, as some
of her 6in. breechloaders had exhibited
defects in their breech mechanism, they
were taken out and their places supplied
from the armament of her sister ship *Cordia*.
Blankets are very cheap at J. B. Mac-
donald's. [Oct 15]

CURRENT NOTES.
Ottawa threatens to increase the taxes on
insurance companies.
Quebec is again agitated over the C. P.
R. terminus question.
Shantymen are leaving Quebec in large
numbers for the woods.
The second Anglican church congress
opened in Toronto on the 14th.
The inauguration of the Sir Geo. Car-
tier statue has been postponed until the re-
turn of Sir John.
Julia Seeley has been committed for trial
at Kingston, on a charge of attempting to
poison her husband.
Diphtheria has been quite prevalent in
the vicinity of Moncton, lately, and several
deaths have occurred.
The seventh annual meeting of the On-
tario Women's Christian Temperance Union
is in progress in Toronto.
Eight persons have died of smallpox in
the township of Argo, Dakota, and nine-
teen others are prostrated.
Calculation at Harvard Observatory,
shows that Wolf's comet has for its periodic
time of revolution 6½ years.
About 100 Christian Chinese women have
been married to Christian Chinese in the
mission chapel at San Francisco.
Something has discovered the astonishing
fact that among the one thousand convicts
in the Virginia penitentiary there is not a
single lawyer.
The Paris *Soir*, in criticising the English
preparations for the Sudan expedition, is
most amused of all by the officers each
taking a tub to wash in.
In London bank directors know some-
thing about the affairs of the bank. Each
one serves in turn a short time as practical
manager of the institution.
It is rumored in Berlin that Count
Herbert Bismarck will soon be appointed
Vice-Chancellor, to relieve his father of
many of his onerous duties.
While General Butler was addressing a
meeting at Jersey City a disturbance was
created, and the General asked his friends
to slap the disturbers in the mouth.
A convention of temperance workers will
be held at Kingston to consider the advisi-
bility of submitting the Scott Act simulta-
neously in Kingston and Frontenac.
Immediate steps will be taken by the
Scott Act Executive Committee for the
united counties of Northumberland and
Durham to have the names recently pur-
loined from the Scott Act petitions re-
placed.
In his superb garden at Varzin, Prince
Bismarck makes a speciality of roses of all
varieties, and whenever at home takes
great pleasure in attending to them with
his own hands.
Dr. Edward Davy, who is now living in
the wilds of Australia at the age of eighty
years, was one of the originators of the
electric telegraph in England, but others
stepped in and reaped the reward.
The ten children of Joseph Pettijohn, of
Prescott, W. T., are marvels of height and
weight. A 17-year-old son is 7 feet high,
and weighs 265 pounds. The average
height of the whole is 6½ feet, and average
weight 224 pounds.
In England alone, during the past twelve
years, the number of school teachers has
increased from 12,000 to 37,000, good evi-
dence that the mass of the people are
rapidly fitting themselves to receive the
franchise and all other privileges and duties
of responsible citizenship.
An Ottawa despatch to the *St. John*
Telegraph, says:—"R. Haliburton, son of
"Sam Slick," left Ottawa to spend the
winter in Jamaica. He will, on his personal
responsibility, gather information favorable
to the union with Canada. He advocated
this scheme so long ago as 1871.
The prehistoric "busts," supposed to be
remains of idols worshipped by the Mound
Builders, of Pennsylvania, are declared by
antiquarians to be the handiwork of nature,
and very poor handiwork, too, if the stones
are to be taken as representations of the
human form. The curious shapes can
easily be accounted for from natural laws.
Possibly, says the *Toronto Telegram*, Sir
John drew the long bow when he spoke of
the beneficial influence of the N. P., but he
should certainly not be blamed for saying
a good word for the country. It has been
so much the fashion of late for the Grit
organs to run down the country, and show
that it is going to the dogs until a Reform
government gets the reins of power, that it
is an agreeable change to hear some person
err speaking a word in its favor. If one
must err it is better to err on the side that
Sir John err'd than on that on which Grit
organists of the *Globe* stripe persist in err-
ing. The "bears" have had their own
way long enough.
Russia, with all her power, cannot put
down the Nihilists. She hangs them,
shoots them, sends them to Siberia, yet the
crop never ceases to grow. In the army,
the navy, the colleges, the police—in fact,
in every walk of life they are to be found.
The Czar, poor, miserable tyrant that he is,
is afraid of his own shadow. Every ser-
vant and every official about his person is
a spy. He cannot trust even the members
of his government. He doubts the loyalty
of his most intimate personal friends, and
actually thinks it necessary to keep his own
police surveillance. It is impossible to
sympathize with the Nihilists, some of their
crimes have been so frightful, and yet who
can pity the trembling wretch who is the
object of their hate? He comes of bad
stock, the very worst in Europe, and his
miserable existence of gilded terror is but
the legitimate fruit of his own tyranny.