

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

JULY 30, 1883.

Editorial Notes.

A Free Trade Policy is in operation in Great Britain and Ireland. Yet they have trades unions, strikers, lock-outs, failures, rings of "bloated manufacturers" who keep "down" the wages of the laborer, and "up" the prices of their commodities, and they have high taxation directly applied, and millions of poverty-stricken people. Something wrong there yet!

The public will learn with great satisfaction and pleasure that the Local Government have appointed Mr. J. D. Irving Clerk of the Crown, in the room of the late Daniel Hodgson, Esq. Mr. Irving has, by long years of service, earned his promotion; and no official is more deservedly popular. It is stated that the Judges of the Supreme Court have appointed the Hon. John Longworth, Q. C., to the office of Prothonotary.

The Rev. Henry Ward Beecher has written a letter to Dr. Kennard who combated, recently, Beecher's views, in which he describes himself as a "Cordial Christian Evolutionist." He says that he is orthodox and evangelical as to the facts and substance of the Christian Religion, and that he does not agree with the agnosticism of Spencer, Huxley and Tyndall. He believes the animal part of man was evolved from beings below him, while in spiritual value he is the son of God. Man is not sinful by nature, he writes, but voluntary. He does not believe in the fall of Adam, or the inheritance of his guilt. This is the most straightforward statement of Beecher's views yet made public.

The storm which followed the announcement of Mr. Childers's provisional agreement with M. DeLesseps, is beginning to abate. Sir Stafford Northcote, however, gave notice that he will at an early day move an address to the Crown, praying that in the event of any alteration in the Isthmus of Suez, England should decline to recognize all claims which exclude the possibility of competition in canal making in the Isthmus. The result will be awaited with much interest. While the English Press generally condemns the agreement, the French Press is loud in praise of the sagacity of DeLesseps. The *Moniteur Universel* says that "by his timely intervention, M. DeLesseps has saved his work, put the seal to his glory, and once more deserved well of those to whom France is dear."

A recent issue of the *Paris Francaise* says:—"It is high time to put an end to the misunderstanding which severs us from England, and which, to the great satisfaction of governments not greatly attached to the Republic, threaten to place us in open hostility with the sole power whose interests unite with ours on the European chessboard. It is time, because every day lost, every heedless word, every jeopardized negotiation, brings England nearer to the Triple Alliance, which is showing its head at all our frontiers. When the soil of Europe trembles under the tread of armed nations, and when the leaders of those armies have the same watchword from one extremity of our frontier to the other, it is not prudent for the Republic to remain isolated and to launch defiant words at the only power which has nothing to snatch from it in a general settlement."

The great cry of Canadian free traders is that the Americans have largely over-produced, and that they are crippled because they have not outside markets to export their goods to, and are consequently obliged to consume all their own productions. This, they say, is the result of protection. Now, if the above statement be true, then every artisan in this country is enabled to procure work simply because of our protective tariff. For, were it otherwise, and had we no protective tariff, the over-produce of America would be poured into Canada, necessitating, of course, the complete closing up of all our manufacturing. Whether such a policy commends itself to the laboring classes in the Dominion, a policy prejudicial in every way to their interests, is a question, which we feel, is not hard to answer. The watchword of Canada to-day is progress, and with a free trade policy such a thing would be impossible.

The death of Captain Webb in his worse than foolhardy attempt to swim the rapids of Niagara River, was nothing more than what everyone expected, and indeed nothing more than he really deserved. If any possible good could have been subserved by the accomplishment of such a feat, then there is some excuse for its attempt. But as anything of the kind was out of the question, it does seem a disgrace that, in these proud days of boasted civilization, a man should be allowed to sacrifice his life in this fashion, before the very eyes of thousands of spectators, and with the knowledge of the authorities who had power to prevent. We talk with horror of the gladiatorial shows of ancient Rome when bravest man and fiercest beast, covered with blood, struggled hard for mastery, while thunders of applause spurred on the one and roused the ferocity of the other. But were such exhibitions as these any worse, or more degrading, than the spectacle of a man voluntarily throwing away his life as Captain Webb has done?

Last Friday's cable announced the death of General Sir William Fenwick Williams, Bart. K. C. B., the gallant

defender of Kars. General Williams was born in Nova Scotia on the 4th of December, A. D. 1800, and was therefore in the 83rd year of his age. When twenty-five years old he entered the Royal Artillery, became First Lieutenant two years after and Captain in 1840. On being nominated British Commissioner, with the Turkish Army in the East, in 1854, he was at the same time promoted to the rank of Brigadier General. One year later he made his name famous by his heroic victory over the Prussian General Mouravieff on the heights above Kars. After that city had been invested four months Williams and his brave comrades, amongst whom was the Engarian, the late Gen. Kenetz, did all that men could do in defence of Kars, holding out sternly on the scantiest hope. Gen. Mouravieff summoned the garrison to surrender, November 14, and Gen. Williams, after holding a council of officers, sent a flag of truce to demand a suspension of hostilities. This medium failed through unforeseen difficulties, Gen. Williams having demanded an interview with Gen. Mouravieff, accepted terms of capitulation. For his gallant conduct on this occasion he was rewarded with a Baronetcy, a pension of £1,000 a year for life, the rank of K. C. B., the honorary degree of D. C. L., at Oxford and the freedom of the City of London. For some time he held command of the troops in Canada and was afterwards appointed Governor-General of Gibraltar.

A correspondent of the *St. John Telegraph* suggests the establishment of free public baths and places where young people of both sexes can be taught how to swim. And the *Telegraph* says:—

"The suggestion is a very sensible one. We have good authority for saying that cleanliness is next to Godliness. Our people, as a general rule, are disposed to be as cleanly as circumstances will permit, but a large portion of the population do not have the household conveniences necessary to enable them to be as particular in this respect as they might desire. Such persons as these would patronize public baths and be glad of the opportunity. The Wiman baths of Toronto were designed to meet the case of this class of people, and the attendance shows that the effort to promote cleanliness is likely to prove most successful. As to the desirability of having places where young people can learn to swim, there can be no two opinions. Almost every paper we open tells of some drowning accident, and in the most cases there would have been no loss of life had the unfortunate people who were suddenly immersed had even a slight idea of how to swim. Everybody goes on the water some time or other and everybody is therefore liable to be thrown into the water sometime, yet the majority of men and nearly all women have no notion how they should act in the water, if it should be so deep that their feet could not touch the bottom. The majority of deaths from drowning probably result from struggling in the water, whereby the individual becomes exhausted and his lungs emptied of air. If everybody knew how simple a thing it is to keep afloat, and how even a small buoyant article may save a life, the percentage of deaths by drowning would be reduced to a minimum. These things can only be taught by familiarizing boys and girls when they are young to deep water—that is water too deep for them to wade in, and the best way to do that is by establishing public swimming baths."

Fire Investigation.

The Stipendiary Magistrate this forenoon examined Goody Hogan, Ab. Allin, and Katie Allin, with reference to the fire set behind Mr. Wm. Kennedy's icehouse, and the fire at Mr. J. D. McLeod's. Their statements were as follows:—

Goody Hogan—I was not at Kennedy's icehouse when Johnny Hatch made the fire. I did not tell him to set the fire. I was playing knifey with him behind Dadd's, and he went away behind a house and I did not see him afterwards. Katie Allin caught Johnny Hatch setting the fire.

John Hogan, father of the boy, said that he could bring witness to prove that Goody was at his grandmother's at the time Hatch set the fire.

Ab. Allin—I was at Mr. Hatch's about a quarter past eight. I went up stairs and stopped two or three minutes. Mr. Hatch and his wife were there and I talked to them. When I came down I went over to Mr. Fraser's. After I came down I saw Johnny Hatch standing between the stairs and the gate between Mr. McLeod's stable and the station. I cannot account for what Johnny was doing there. When I got to the fire after the alarm was given, the fire appeared between D. McKinnon's office and the rear of the station. [Mr. McLeod agreed with Allin that the fire was set between the station and McKinnon's, but the police say it originated in the stable.]

Katie Allin (12 years of age) saw Johnny Hatch gathering chips, but did not see him set the fire at Kennedy's icehouse. She saw a little smoke afterwards. Goody Hogan was not there then. These was no one there but Johnny Hatch.

The statements show that the boy Hatch has a mania for lighting fires, and that it is highly probable he started the fire at Mr. McLeod's. The Magistrate decided to keep him in custody for the present, and if possible have him sent to the Home for Little Wanderers at Boston.

Kensington Notes.

Fishing was good at New London on the 28th. Some of the boats took as many as three thousand mackerel.

Bass are plentiful off New London. One young man caught eighteen on Saturday night.

Mr. Clark, the genial Station Agent at this place has, we are pleased to learn, totally recovered from his late severe attack of illness.

A number of ladies and gentlemen from Summerside held a first-class Picnic at Darnley, on Saturday. They spent a most enjoyable time.

AYER'S PILLS take the lead of all aperients and purgatives. Their action is gentle, searching, and thorough. [July 30 1w wklly]

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

"The present term of the Provincial Normal School was concluded this afternoon by a public examination, commencing at 1.30 p. m. The closing was well patronized by townspeople, as well as a number of teachers retiring from their various schools. The examination was opened with specimen lessons. Mr. R. M. Smith acquitted himself creditably in a lesson taught to the Norman pupils; subject: "Lime as a fertilizer." This was followed by an excellent lesson on breathing, taught by Mr. L. Ruggles, illustrated by blackboard diagrams. A botany lesson by Miss Chapman, on fruit, taught to a class of Model School scholars, was equally interesting and showed splendid powers of instruction. This portion of the programme was concluded by a lesson on industrial drawing, managed nicely by Miss McKenzie, the whole school taking part in forming an original design from dictation by Miss McKenzie."

Stk.—The above from the Halifax *Chronicle* shows how practical is the system of teaching in the Provincial Normal school of the sister Province of Nova Scotia. If the teachers in our Normal School would lay aside a worn out stock of Latin and Greek words, and descend to the practical, of what inestimable benefit would it be to their pupils and the whole community. Schoolmasters should teach our youths the meanings of things that have a direct bearing on the activities of every day life.

Yours, etc., BYSTANDER.

Our Advertisers.

Simon W. Crabbe has in stock a large quantity of fire brick, Portland cement, etc., which he is selling cheap.

R. O'Dwyre, Commission and general Merchant, St. John's Newfoundland, is prepared to give every attention to consignments of Island produce.

Geo. W. Howlan notifies all concerned that the hull and cargo of the barque "Marcepolo" will be sold at auction, at Cavendish Capes, on the 8th August, next.

A Young Couple's Sad Death.

A party of young people, including Wm. H. Hosier, aged twenty-three, of No. 589 Lorimer street, Williamsburg, N. Y., and Miss Mary Burke, of Greenpoint, started on Sunday night to walk from Smith's hotel at Maspeth, to Greenpoint. To shorten the distance they walked on the Long Island Railway track. When they reached the Grand street crossing two trains approached from opposite directions. The party scattered, and as the trains came near the women screamed and the men appeared to lose their wits. Hosier and Miss Burke were together. All hands managed to get out of the way of the trains but Miss Burke and Hosier. They did not realize their danger until it was too late. To escape the east bound train they stepped on the other track, but were struck by the express train from Patchogue and instantly killed. The friends of the unfortunate couple afterwards visited the Hunter's Point Morgue and claimed the bodies. They were engaged and were soon to be married. Their remains will be buried together.

The vital forces are speedily renewed by Mack's Magnetic Medicine, the great brain and nerve food, it is the best and cheapest medicine ever discovered. Sold in Charlottetown at Apothecaries Hall. See advertisement in another column. [July 30 1w wklly]

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN.

ENTERED.
July 26, Confederate, McKay, Rustico, Mackereel and Shingles; Kathleen, McLeod, Shediac, lum.
July 27—Sea Bird, Hyde, Murray Harbor, bal; Comet, Lavache, Port Caledonia; S. S. M. A. Starr, Halifax, mdse; Lettie May, Hubble, Cardigan Bridge, bal; Shoo Fly, Pictou, coal.
July 29—bark Gulnare, McDonald, Limerick, Ireland, clifstone; Queen, McLellan, Pugwash, limestone; Maria Alva, McEvoy, Pictou, coal; Rustic, Keeping, Pictou, coal; P. L. G. Anderson, Pictou, coal; Wallace, Reid, do.
30—Sylvanus McDonald, Paoli, Pictou, coal; Enterprise, Halliday, Magdalen Islands, fish, etc; Alice May, McIsaac, Cow Bay, coal; Amelia, LeBlanc, Ship Harbor, lumber; Terquin, McPherson, Pictou, coal; Three Sisters, Walpole, Pictou, coal; Mary D. Drysdale, Wallace; 7 cases egg; J. J. Bell, Whittle, Sydney, coal; Ariadne, Trenholm, Shemogue, deals; Ethel Blanche, Graham, Liverpool, Mdse; Zara, McMahon, salt.

CLEARED.

July 26—Kathleen, McLeod, Pictou, bal; July 23—Worcester, Blankenship, Boston, pro.
July 27—Confederate, McKay; Rustico, Salt; Sea Bird, Hyde, Murray Harbor, mdse; Kitty Clyde, Matheson, Murray Harbor, mdse; S. S. M. A. Starr, Halifax, pro.
July 28—Evening Starr, Octave Ache, Pictou, bal; Shoo Fly, Mayers, Pictou, bal.
July 28—Maria Alva, McEvoy, Pictou, bal; P. L. G. Anderson, Pictou, bal; Mary Kate, Cox, Pictou, bal; Queen, McLellan, Pugwash, mdse; Beatrice, Purdy, Halifax, cattle, sheep, brick, etc; Lettie May, Hubble, Grand River, mdse.
30—Ariadne, Trenholm, Cape Tormentine, mdse.

OUTPORTS.

Summerside, July 28—Ent schrs Ethel Aggie, Grady, Pictou, coal; Sturgeon, Stewart, Wallace, Stone; Richard Thompson, Walsh, Pictou, coal; Lodi, Green, Pictou, coal; Philistine, Henderson, Pictou, coal; J. A. G. C. Reid, Pictou, coal.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

SEASIDE HOTEL—RUSTICO BEACH.
July 27—J. H. Pullin, Waverly, N. S.; Capt and Mrs Davenport, Quebec; John Dorsey, Mrs Dorsey, Albert Dorsey, Emma Dorsey, Charlottetown. 28—Thos W Flett, Miramichi. 29—J. B. Macdonald, Charlottetown; A. Pelittier, Quebec; C. B. Mitchell, Boston; L. Carvell, Hampton.

RANKIN HOUSE.

July 30—H. Moynes, Montreal; A. McFarlane, do; A. H. Gosse, Quebec; S. E. Fuller, Sanford, Ont; J. R. McDonald, two sons and Perley McDonald, Toronto; Mrs J. G. Bonnoit and two daughters, Ottawa.

DIED.

In this city, on the 30th July, William McKenna, of Melville Road, DeSable, aged seventy-six years, May he rest in peace.

CALL AT
"CHEAPSIDE"
—FOR—
Groceries, Hardware,
Classware, Earthenware,
Woodenware, &c.

—OUR—
FLOUR, MEAL, TEA, SUGAR, MOLASSES AND OTHER GOODS
Are Giving General Satisfaction.

Goods expressed to Steamers, Railroad Depot and other parts of the City FREE OF CHARGE.
HENRY BEER.
Charlottetown, July 28, 1883.—tax and wky.

JULY.
SUMMER GOODS
REDUCED PRICES
J. B. McDONALD'S
Ladies' Straw Hats,
Men's Straw Hats,
Parasols and Umbrellas.
Dress Material in Short Ends and Remnants,
Good Grey Cottons for 5 1-2 Cts. per yard,
Good White Cottons for 7 1-2 Cts. per Yard,
Good Strong Tweed for Men and Boys, 25 cts. per yd.
NOW RECEIVING:
New Cashmeres, New Crapes, New Gloves,
New Ribbons, New Feathers, New Satins.
J. B. MACDONALD.
Ch'town, July 6, 1883.—pres he Queen Street.

LONDON HOUSE.
NEW SUMMER GOODS.
New Black Cashmere,
New Colored Cashmere,
New Black French serinoes,
New Colored French serinoes,
New Plush Velveteen,
New Satin Parasols,
New Silk Sunshades,
New Silk Jersey Goggles,
New Tartan Frills,
New White Cottons,
New Brown Holland.
GEO. DAVIES & CO.
Ch'town, June 22, 1883.

British Warehouse.
To the Wholesale and Retail Trade.
W. & A. BROWN & CO.
HAVE now opened the completion of their large stock of SPRING AND SUMMER
DRY GOODS.
They are offering special inducements to cash buyers.
It will be to your advantage to inspect their stock before purchasing elsewhere.
Establishment closes every evening at 6 o'clock (Saturdays excepted.)
W. & A. BROWN & CO.
Ch'town, June 1, 1882.—wklly

AUCTION SALE
OF
HARDWARE,
—ON—
Tuesday, 31st July.

I am instructed by
MESSRS. A. A. BALDWIN & CO.
to sell the balance of their Stock of
Hardware, Paints, Oils, &c.,
AND SHOP FURNITURE,
By Auction, commencing on Tuesday, 31st July, at eleven o'clock, a. m., at their store, Queen Street.
This is a genuine clearing-out sale. No reserve. No postponement on account of the weather.
TERMS—\$100 to \$300, four months; over \$300, six months—approved joint notes.
WILLIAM DODD,
Auctioneer.
July 21.—21 wly 11 wly pat her sun jr 11

P. E. Island Railway.
FOR SALE,
Five Second-Hand Locomotives.
ONE ENGINE contains about 46,150 lbs. of wrought iron, and 2,850 lbs. scrap do. The other four contain each about 37,900 lbs. wrought iron, and 2,100 lbs. of scrap do.
These Engines might be repaired so as to answer for light work on a 3-foot 6-inch gauge Railway, or they could be converted into stationary engines for saw mills or factories.
Can be seen at Charlottetown, and all information regarding them will be furnished on application, by the Storekeeper P. E. I. Railway, Charlottetown.
JAMES COLEMAN, Supt.
Railway Office, Ch'town, July 26th, 1883. [ex pat 6in her pres pio jour 1n]

P. E. Island Railway.
FOR SALE,
WINDMILLS AND PUMPS.
EIGHT (8) second-hand WINDMILLS, price \$50.00 each. Eight (8) second-hand PUMPS, price \$70.00 each, delivered at Charlottetown.
Any information regarding the above can be obtained by applying to the Storekeeper P. E. I. Railway, Charlottetown.
JAMES COLEMAN, Supt.
Railway Offices, Charlottetown, P. E. I. July 26th, 1883.—ex pat 6in her pres pio jour 1j

JOB PRINTING of every description executed with neatness and despatch at the EXAMINER JOB PRINTING ROOMS, our Water and Great George Street.

WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.

TO LET—That Dwelling House containing twelve rooms, besides kitchen, on Upper Hillsborough Street, lately occupied by Capt. Michael Foley. Apply to Henry Blatch. [jy 30 eod tf]

FOR SALE—A large Scow, will be sold low. Apply to D. Farquharson. [jy 30 31 pd]

WANTED to purchase a light Single Scull. Apply at this office. [jy 27]

WANTED—A Girl to do general household work. Apply to Mrs. W. W. Wellner, Prince Street. [jy 26]

LOST—On Monday last, a Gold-tipped Bracelet. The finder will be rewarded by leaving the same at THE EXAMINER OFFICE. [jy 26]

TO LET—Half of the three-story HOUSE on Kent Street, formerly occupied by Dr. Creamer, containing a kitchen and nine rooms. Apply to Mrs. James Offer, Queen Street. [jy 25 tf]

WANTED—At P. E. I. Furniture Factory, three good BENCH MEN. Apply personally or by letter to Mark Wright & Co. [jy 25 1w]

THE person who found a parcel on Queen Street, containing a pair of small boots and a quantity of soap, will please leave the same at Mr. Chas. E. Robertson's Store. [jy 25]

SITUATION WANTED—A young man of some experience wants a situation as Bookkeeper or Assistant in an office or store. Good references given. Apply at THE EXAMINER OFFICE. [jy 25 tf]

STRAYED—From the Subscriber's pasture, on St. Peter's Road, on Thursday, the 5th, a spotted light brown COW, three years old, with white arch in her forehead. Any one giving information of her whereabouts will be rewarded.—WILLIAM MCLEAN, Merchants Bank. [jy 16 2w law m wly 2i pd]

TO LET—A Dwelling House, on the corner of Prince and Dorchester Streets, containing ten rooms and shop, also convenient out-buildings. Immediate possession given. The premises are suitable for a Boarding House or store. For further particulars apply on the premises to MRS. COSTELLO. [July 25]

WANTED—A situation as Bookkeeper or Cashier in a store or other suitable place. One with a good recommendation. For further particulars apply at this office. [jy 23]

WANTED—A Housemaid and Dining Room Girl. Apply at this office. [jy 23]

TO LET—One-half of that three story Brick House, on Upper Queen Street, containing nine rooms. Possession at once. Apply to ALEXANDER HORSNE. [may 28]

TO LET—(with immediate possession) that handsome and commodious residence in the northern suburbs of the city, on St. Peter's Road, lately occupied by L. B. Archibald, Esq. Enquire of LONGWORTH & HAZARD. [may 16, 1883]