# THE DAILY EXAMINER.

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NEW SERIES. CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1889. VOL. 25.—NO. 92.

**The Daily Examiner**

Is issued Every Evening by

**The Examiner Publishing Co.,**

FROM THEIR OFFICE,

"LONDON HOUSE," QUEEN SQUARE,

Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:

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**$10 $5 $3**

—TO THE—

**Three Families in P. E. Island**

—WHO SEND—

**WRAPPERS**

Representing the Greatest Value in

**Woodill's German Baking Powder,**

**UNTIL SEPTEMBER 31st.**

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JAMES A. MORRISON. GEORGE MUSGRAVE

**MORRISON & MUSGRAVE,**

**BROKERS**

—AND—

**Commission Merchants,**

**HALIFAX.**

Consignments of Island produce will receive prompt attention.

REFERENCES: Thomas Fyshe, Esq., Cashier Bank of Nova Scotia, Halifax; D. C. Chalmers, Manager Bank of Nova Scotia Charlottetown.

**"Army and Navy Depot."**

**JAS. SCOTT & CO.,**

**HALIFAX.**

**A Full Stock of Wines and Liquors**

**JUST RECEIVED.**

| | |
|---|---|
| 150 | Cases ROYAL BLEND, 75 cases ISLAY BLEND & GÆLIC, |
| 100 | Cases OLD RYE, |
| 50 | " CHAMPAGNE, choice brands, |
| 150 | " CLARET, |
| 25 | " HOCK and MOSELLE, |
| 25 | " LIQUEURS—Cherry Brandy, Noyau, Curaco, Maraschino, Benedictine, |
| 200 | " FINE PORT and SHERRY, |
| 150 | " HOLLAND GIN and OLD TOM, |
| 300 | " HENNESSY'S BRANDY, *, ** *** and V. O., |
| 100 | " BASS'S ALE, |
| 200 | " BURKE'S STOUT, |
| 100 | " APOLLINARIS WATER, |
| 100 | " BELFAST GINGER ALE, |
| 50 | " FINE OLD RUM, |
| 50 | " KINAHAN'S L. L. WHISKEY, |

—And a Full Stock of—

**CHOICE GROCERIES**

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**1889**

**BOSTON DIRECT.**

**Boston, Halifax and P. E. Island Steamship Line.**

**Only Direct Line Without Change.**

**CHARLOTTETOWN TO BOSTON.**

The Staunch and Commodious Steamships

**"Carroll" and "Worcester,"**

having been thoroughly refurnished and put into first-class condition in every respect, will, during the season of 1889, run as follows, commencing with the

**"CARROLL,"**

**From Charlottetown, Thursday, 9th May, at 6 p. m.**

One of these vessels will leave Boston for Charlottetown EVERY WEDNESDAY, at Noon, and Charlottetown for Boston EVERY THURSDAY, at Six o'clock, p. m.

Excellent Passenger accommodation. Low rates.

FARES—First-class Passage Berth in well-furnished Cabin, $6.50. Stateroom Berth, $2.00 extra.

Lowest Rates for Freight, which is always carefully handled.

CARVELL BROS., Agents, Charlottetown.

HARRISON LORING, Treasurer,
R. B. GARDNER, Manager,
Lewis' Wharf, Boston.

**LONDON HOUSE.**

—(x)—

**AUGUST.**

—(x)—

**Ladies' Waterproof Cloaks,**
**Ladies' Waterproof Cloaks,**
**Ladies' Waterproof Cloaks.**

**Men's Rubber Coats,**
**Men's Rubber Coats,**
**Men's Rubber Coats.**

**Ready-Made Clothing,**
**Ready-Made Clothing,**
**Ready-Made Clothing.**

**New Carpets,**
**New Carpets,**
**New Carpets.**

**New Flannels,**
**New Flannels,**
**New Flannels.**

—(o)—

**HARRIS & STEWART,**

aug15—eod&wkly.

**Summer Resort.**

—(x)—

**SEASIDE HOTEL,**

**RUSTICO BEACH.**

—(x)—

**This Beautiful Watering Place will open for the Season on July 1st.**

—(x)—

For pure, bracing air, surf bathing, sea and river fishing, &c., it has few equals. Covered Bowling Alley, Tennis and Croquet Lawns free to guests. TERMS MODERATE. Apply to

**JOHN NEWSON,**

June 5, 1889—dy law wky **Opposite Post Office, Ch'town.**

**Wholesale Trade.**

—[x]—

DEALERS who will send us specifications of their wants for Fall Trade will find our Jobbing Prices Lower than any other Hardware Supply House in Canada. Order at once for importation.

**Axes, Cross Cut Saws, Forks and Shovels, Nails, Horse Nails, Horse Shoes, Iron, Chain, Bolts, Traces, &c.,**

—AND ALL—

**SHELFHARDWARE**

—[x]—

**NORTON & FENNELL.**

Aug. 22, 1889—2aw & wky CHARLOTTETOWN.

**RECEIVED AT C. H. TAYLOR'S.**

—(o)—

A FINE ASSORTMENT of Ladies' and Gents' Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Masonic and Oddfellows' Diamond Set Rings, Gold Ladies' Engraved and Fancy Set Rings, Gold Spectacles with any kind of Lense fitted, newest patterns and good value in Silverware. See our handsome Silver-plated Cruet Stand for $3.00. All goods sold engraved free.

**North Side Queen Square.**

Charlottetown, Aug. 13, 1889—3m 2aw


## A Trip Through the Eastern Part of King's County.

*(Continued.)*

Beautiful as are the works of nature at St. Peter's Bay, attractive as are the works of man, it is when the history of events that there happened is taken up, that the student revels in the richness of the feast.

Among those incidents none, perhaps, will better bear recital and prove of greater interest than a short account of the causes and consequences of a public meeting that was held at St. Peter's Bay in March, 1823, in conjunction with public meetings held at Princetown and Charlottetown during the same month.

His Excellency Charles Douglas Smith was then Lieutenant Governor of the colony, and had, for some years, carried on public business without the aid of the Legislative Assembly, that body not having been called together for the despatch of business for nearly three years.

In the year 1816, he arrearages due for quit rents, by an arrangement made in that year, were forgiven by His Majesty, although at the same time it was declared "that the future quit rents would be regularly demanded on a reduced scale, then under consideration. In January, 1818, however, the Lieutenant Governor, directed the Acting Receiver General to enforce payment of the arrears which had occurred between June, 1816, and December, 1817, on the old scale; and, in consequence many persons were greatly harrassed and distressed in order to make up this money. An account of the hardships inflicted having been reported in England in the following April, orders were soon after transmitted from the Colonial Department to discontinue these proceedings, and to refund to the parties, from whom the same had been exacted, all that had been received above the rate of two shillings per hundred acres, and that the new rate of assessment should commence from December, 1816, instead of the preceding June. It was then also announced that the quit rents would be collected regularly each year; but the years 1819, 1820 and 1821 passed over without any public demand being made. Several persons, who were desirous of avoiding the risk and inconvenience of allowing the quit rents to accumulate, tendered payment of their arrears to the acting Receiver General; but by him they were informed that he had no authority to receive these amounts. In 1822 the following notice was posted up in different parts of Charlottetown:—

QUIT RENT OFFICE, June 26, 1822.

"This office will be kept open from the first to the fourteenth of July ensuing, for the payment of all arrears of quit rents, due and payable within this Island. Office hours from 10 o'clock to 2.

"J. E. CARMICHAEL,
Acting Receiver General."

At this time it was generally believed in the Island that unless the quit rents of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick were also collected that no further demands for them would be exacted in Prince Edward Island; and this impression was confirmed when it was observed that no dissatisfaction was expressed by the Local Government at the general neglect with which the Acting Receiver General's notice of June, 1822, was treated by the great majority of the land holders. In December, 1822, the Acting Receiver General posted up another advertisement in a few places about the town, and a few copies were alse sent into the country, so it was said; but the matter was so managed that not one tenth of the inhabitants ever heard of them until after the time for payment, therein limited, had expired. This notice was worded somewhat differently from the one posted up in June; but neither did it contain any positive demand, nor was there any notice from the Colonial Government that orders had been received from the proper department in England to enforce payment of all arrears. If this had been done the authority from which the foregoing has been obtained asserts that no reasonable opposition could have been made, and all would have complied with what was expected from them to the utmost of their means, although a great many would not have been able to complete their payments in fourteen days. It was considered that it was utterly impossible, in view of the state of trade in the Island at that time, that so large a sum as four and a half years' quit rents would amount to—notwithstanding the fact that a great part of the lands were in the hands of non-resident proprietors, who had the option of making their payments in England—yet the amount of arrears on the land of residents would exceed all the circulating medium then on the Island. The notice of the Acting Receiver General was, consequently, not attended to, and at 3 o'clock on the 14th of January, 1823, the office was shut, and those who came even an hour afterwards had their payments refused.

On the 27th of January Coun Douly Rankin, a bosom friend of the Acting Receiver General, and Cecil Wray Townshend, the then deputy sheriff of the Island, were despatched to commence proceedings against the owners of land, great and small. They began their operations by taking a distress on two of the principal proprietors on Townships 36 and 37; and then without stopping, or leaving any person in possession of the lands they had seized, they proceeded rapidly to the eastern district of King's County, this being one of the most populous districts in the Island, and where the greatest number of small proprietors were resident. These people had heard nothing of the action that had been taken in Charlottetown. It was in the depth of winter. Facilities for travelling were hard to obtain, and it was not until they found Mr. Rankin among them with a demand for their respective arrears, with costs and charges amounting to ten, and in some instances twenty years' quit rent, threatening all those who refused to make immediate payment, or to secure the same by their promissory notes, payable in ten days, with the sale of their flocks and lands within that period. This district—extending from St. Peter's Bay along the north side towards the East Point—was situated from fifty to seventy miles from Charlottetown. The greater part of the settlers were Highlanders, many of them speaking no language other than their native Gælic, and all of them very poorly informed of their rights and privileges. Most of these poor people, overwhelmed with the prospect of ruin that threatened them from a source against which they were without protection, were compelled to pay what was demanded or give their notes, to redeem which they were obliged to set off to town through deep snows, at a most inclement season, with loads of wheat and such other produce as each was enabled to bring to market for the purpose of raising money. The labor, fatigue and difficulty of their journey were such as no men would suffer for three times the value of the property they took with them, or, indeed, for anything short of saving themselves and families from absolute ruin. In consequence of this rush to Charlottetown, the market soon became overstocked with such products as the farmers had to sell, and we are told that after they had submitted to a variety of insult and abusive language from the Acting Receiver General and his deputy, their wheat was accepted in payment at from one shilling to one and sixpence per bushel under the price that previously had been current throughout the Island. This caused many of these people to fall short in their payments, and we are told that one man, in order to complete his, was compelled to part with his worsted mittens that he had worn on his journey, to the worthy friend and deputy of the Acting Receiver General. No doubt it was of one of those people who at that time came to Charlottetown to sell their grain to make up this money, that the following story is told. In those days the saddler was not "abroad in the land." Every man had to be his own harness maker, and in many instances the whole outfit for the horse was a straw collar and wooden hames, with a ring of green hide to fasten them to the shafts. It is said that during winter, when the settler of that day was driving down hill, he had to put his feet against the horse to keep the sleigh from running over his steed, no britching being then used. One day a man from the country went into Charlottetown to sell some barley, and having left his horse on the street while making his sale, was horrified on his return to find that his harness had completely disappeared and his horse was loose. This would lead one to believe that some thieves had been around; but when it is explained that his harness was made of straw, and that there was no domestic animals act in force, it can readily be guessed that the cows of the town had eaten the man's outfit.

But to return to our story of the meeting at St. Peter's. The harshness of the proceedings taken by the Acting Receiver General and the hardships suffered by the people created a powerful impression when it became generally known, and a number of respectable persons, being determined to rouse the colony into a proper sense of the injuries which had been inflicted on its inhabitants, addressed a letter to John McGregor, Esq., High Sheriff of the Island, requesting him to call a general meeting of the inhabitants in the three Counties into which the Island is divided. The following is a copy of the address to the High Sheriff, with his public notice appointing the desired meeting:—

*To John McGregor, Esquire, High Sheriff of Prince Edward Island:—*

SIR,—We, His Majesty's loyal subjects, freeholders and householders, in different parts of this Island, in the present very alarming and distressing state thereof, threatened at this time with proceedings on the part of the Acting Receiver General of quit rents, the immediate effect whereof cannot fail to involve a great part of the community in absolute ruin feel ourselves irresistibly impelled (when the Island has been near three years deprived of that constitutional protection and support which might be expected from our Colonial Legislature) to call upon you as High Sheriff of the Island, to appoint general meetings of the inhabitants, to be held in the three Counties, into which this Island is divided, that they may have an opportunity, according to the accustomed practice of the parent country, of consulting together for the general benefit, and joining in laying such a state of the Colony at the foot of the Throne, for the information of our Most Gracious Sovereign, as the present circumstances thereof require. Trusting to your attachment to the general welfare, your spirit, patriotism and good sense, we hereby call on you to appoint a general meeting of the inhabitants of each County, to begin with Queen's County, to be held at Charlottetown, at as early a day as would suit your convenience, after the ensuing term of the Supreme Court, and for King's County, to be held at St. Peter's on the same day, on the ensuing week, and for Prince County, to be held at Prince Town, on the same day in the following week. And we do also request that you will personally give your attendance at each of these meetings, whereby you will be enabled to vouch for the spirit of loyalty, decorum and perfect propriety with which they will be conducted on the part of His Majesty's subjects, therein to be assembled.

| | |
|---|---|
| J. Stewart. | Thomas Jones. |
| Donald McDonald. | Benjamin Webster. |
| Andrew McDonald. | Richard Rollings. |
| Angus McDonald. | Ralph Thompson. |
| Hugh McDonald. | Benjamin Evans. |
| Paul Mabey. | George Dalrymple. |
| Robert Jones. | Samuel Nelson. |
| John Moore. | Thomas Leeming. |
| John Costin. | N. Davies. |
| Thomas Sims. | Donald Stewart. |
| Malcom McGougan. | John Hyde. |
| Sampson Rose. | Thomas Robinson. |
| Duncan McKay. | James Wilson. |
| Peter McAuslane. | Thomas Owen. |
| William Wilson. | Charles Stewart. |
| George Proctor. | William Pope. |
| Theo. Chappell. | D. McDonald |
| Edward Worrell. | James Douglas |
| Pro. D. McDonald. | Joseph Robinson |
| William Cooper. | Donald Stewart |

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Having this day received a requisition signed by forty respectable freeholders and householders, calling upon me to hold a general meeting of the inhabitants of the three counties, into which the Island is divided, I do hereby give this notice that I will in conformity therewith hold a general meeting of the inhabitants of Queen's County at Charlottetown on Thursday, the sixth day of March next, and of King's County at St. Peter's on Thursday the thirteenth of March, and of Prince County, at Prince Town, on Thursday, the twentieth of March, of which persons desirous to attend the same may take notice.

JOHN MCGREGOR,
Sheriff.

Charlottetown, February 6, 1823.
G. F. O.


**Beauty**

Is desired and admired by all. Among the things which may best be done to enhance personal beauty is the daily use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. No matter what the color of the hair, this preparation gives it a lustre and pliancy that adds greatly to its charm. Should the hair be thin, harsh, dry, or turning gray, **Ayer's Hair Vigor** will restore the color, bring out a new growth, and render the old soft and shiny. For keeping the scalp clean, cool, and healthy, there is no better preparation in the market.

"I am free to confess that a trial of Ayer's Hair Vigor has convinced me that it is a genuine article. Its use has not only caused the hair of my wife and daughter to be

**Abundant and Glossy,**

but it has given my rather stunted mustache a respectable length and appearance."—R. Britton, Oakland, Ohio.

"My hair was coming out (without any assistance from my wife, either). I tried Ayer's Hair Vigor, using only one bottle, and I now have as fine a head of hair as any one could wish for."—R. T. Schmittou, Dickson, Tenn.

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor in my family for a number of years, and regard it as the best hair preparation I know of. It keeps the scalp clean, the hair soft and lively, and preserves the original color. My wife has used it for a long time with most satisfactory results."—Benjamin M. Johnson, M. D., Thomas Hill, Mo.

"My hair was becoming harsh and dry, but after using half a bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor it grew black and glossy. I cannot express the joy and gratitude I feel."—Mabel C. Hardy, Delavan, Ill.

**Ayer's Hair Vigor,**

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by Druggists and Perfumers.

**ON CONSIGNMENT,**

**And For Sale at a Bargain.**

50 BARRELS FLOUR, slightly damaged. For sale by

E. H. NORTON & CO.

**FOR SALE BY E. H. NORTON & CO.,**

In Lots to Suit Purchasers:

100 barrels Flour, warranted equal to the best; price per barrel, $5.25.
5 octaves Vinegar,
1 cargo Roofing Gravel,
15 bars Copper, 1½ in. square,
5 large Plate Glass Mirrors,
1 Emerson Piano, only in use six months and cost $350, will be sold at a bargain, as the owner is leaving the Island.
10 barrels Pure Cod Oil (no mixture).
Some choice Building Lots in different parts of the city.
Apples and other goods arriving daily.

E. H. NORTON & CO.,
sept6—dy eod & wky Auctioneers.

**A COOK BOOK FREE**

By mail to any lady sending us her post office address. Wells, Richardson & Co., Montreal.

**ORGANIST WANTED**

—FOR A—

**Two Manual Pipe Organ.**

THE Trustees of the First Methodist Church, Charlottetown, P. E. Island, are desirous of securing the services of a suitable person as Organist and Choir Leader. Applications will be received up to 21st September, inst., stating terms and when the engagement could be entered upon. Satisfactory testimonials as to character and ability required. Address,

REV. JOHN READ,
sept3—2w 2aw Pastor.

**House & Lot**

**AT GAYTOWN.**

ON THE PREMISES, Wednesday, the **18th September**, at 12.30 o'clock, and immediately following the sale of Mr. Robert White's property at Spring Park, we will sell by AUCTION, by instructions from Mr. M. P. Hogan, his lot facing 50 feet on Young Street, and running back 80 feet, with a new double tenement house thereon.

Free from city taxes. Yielding annual rental of $100. A good paying investment.

Terms at sale.

E. H. NORTON & CO.,
Aug. 28. eod Auctioneers.