

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

TERMS—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, MONDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1890.

VOL. 26.—NO. 128

CALENDAR FOR OCTOBER, 1890.

MOON'S CHANGES.

Last Quarter, 5th day, 4h., 10.8m., p.m., N., below horizon.

New Moon, 15th day, 7h., 52.5m., p.m., NW, below horizon.

First Quarter, 21st day, 1h., 24.0m., a.m., NW below horizon.

Full Moon, 27th day, 7h., 29.4m., p.m., S.E.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	High water	Days length
1 Wednesday	6 35	36 7	26 0	21 11	33
2 Thursday	5 34	7 59	1 0	29	29
3 Friday	6 32	8 37	1 42	26	26
4 Saturday	8 30	9 22	2 29	22	22
5 Sunday	9 28	10 17	3 25	19	19
6 Monday	10 26	11 14	4 37	16	16
7 Tuesday	12 24	morn	5 53	12	12
8 Wednesday	13 22	0 16	7 5	9	9
9 Thursday	14 20	1 20	8 4	6	6
10 Friday	16 18	2 25	8 44	2	2
11 Saturday	17 16	3 30	9 24	10 59	56
12 Sunday	19 15	4 35	9 59	56	56
13 Monday	20 13	5 41	10 31	53	53
14 Tuesday	21 11	6 45	11 3	50	50
15 Wednesday	22 9	7 56	11 37	47	47
16 Thursday	24 8	9 9	morn	44	44
17 Friday	25 6	10 19	0 13	41	41
18 Saturday	26 4	11 29	0 52	38	38
19 Sunday	28 3	12 34	1 37	35	35
20 Monday	29 1	1 26	2 31	32	32
21 Tuesday	31 4	59 2	16 3	28	28
22 Wednesday	32 57	2 53	5 4	25	25
23 Thursday	33 55	3 23	6 33	22	22
24 Friday	35 54	3 49	7 47	19	19
25 Saturday	36 52	4 12	8 40	16	16
26 Sunday	38 51	4 34	9 26	13	13
27 Monday	39 49	4 58	10 6	10	10
28 Tuesday	40 47	5 23	10 43	7	7
29 Wednesday	41 45	5 59	11 22	4	4
30 Thursday	43 44	6 29	11 59	10	10
31 Friday	45 43	7 12	12 38	9 58	9 58

EXHIBITION!

E beg to call the attention of the Public to our display of HALL, PARLOR, LIBRARY and TABLE LAMPS which we will sell at a small advance on cost.

WE DON'T BLOW

but the people say we have the best assortment of CROCKERY and GLASSWARE ever shown on the Island.

A look at the prices of our TEA and DINNER SETS will convince the closest buyer that we give the people value for their money.

IN GROCERIES

we are still on top with Low Prices, and are giving extra good value in TEAS, in 5, 10, 20 and 60 lb. packages; also the best brands of FLOUR and CORNMEAL.

We have the Largest Stock of Cigars

ever shown in Charlottetown, including "Gladstone," "Parnell," "American Queens," "Quill Tips," "Peg Tops," "Speckled Beauties," "Hanlan," "Cable," "Madre E Higo," and a full line of Havana goods, together with a full line of BRIAR and MEERSCHAUM PIPES.

P. S. Call and see our Stock.

CONNOLLY & CO.

Charlottetown, September 25, 1890.

FIRE INSURANCE.

North British and Mercantile Insurance Co., OF GREAT BRITAIN.

ASSETS OVER FIFTY MILLION DOLLARS!

The Strongest British Insurance Company Without Exception.

THIS COMPANY has transacted business in P. E. Island for over Thirty Years, and has always paid its honest losses with promptness and liberality.

FRED W. HYNDMAN, Agent.

Charlottetown, Oct. 21, 1890—1m eod

Removal Notice.

THE BAZAAR CO. have moved into the Store lately occupied by the Great London and China Tea Co., below Fraser's Corner, and are now in a better position to wait on their customers, having had the Store thoroughly fitted up for their convenience. They have an entirely New Stock, and prices are even LOWER THAN BEFORE.

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

All the standard and late popular issues kept constantly on hand. Also a full line of SCHOOL BOOKS and SCHOOL REQUISITES, DAY BOOKS, JOURNALS and LEDGERS, BIBLES, HYMN BOOKS, etc. FANCY GOODS, including Vases, Toilet Sets, Jugs, Cheese and Butter Dishes, Cups and Saucers, Rose and Biscuit Jars, Mugs, Oil Bottles, Preserve Dishes, Tumblers, Goblets, Baskets, etc., etc. PLUSH GOODS, including Work Baskets, Jewel Cases, Dressing Cases, Cuff and Collar Boxes, Glove and Handkerchief Boxes, Autograph and Photograph Albums, Purses, etc., etc.

Among the thousand and one TOYS are Guns, Pistols, Banks, Mouth Organs, Jew's Harps, Violins, Accordions, Tool Chests, Horses, Carts, Dolls, Games, Writing Desks, Work Boxes, etc.

Their Fall Stock of ROOM PAPER and BLINDS is attracting particular attention.

You should call and examine their large stock of PLAIN and FANCY STATIONERY, WEDDING COMBINATIONS, VISITING CARDS, etc., etc.

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE.

BAZAAR CO.,

Next to the Dominion Boot and Shoe Store, Queen Street.

Look Here!

BEFORE ORDERING YOUR FALL SUIT, OVERCOAT or ULSTER, call and examine our immense stock of NEW CLOTHS, in

Tweed and Worsted Suitings, Beavers, Meltons, Naps, Friezes, etc.

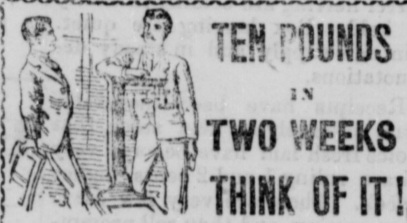
A full line of Latest Designs and Patterns of TROUSERS. Our stock excels in quality and variety anything we have heretofore shown.

We offer you the Largest Assortment of Cloths in the City to select from. Call and see them

JOHN McLEOD & CO.,

ROGERS' BUILDING, UPPER QUEEN STREET.

Charlottetown, Sept. 26, 1890.



TEN POUNDS IN TWO WEEKS THINK OF IT!

As a Flesh Producer there can be no question but that

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Of Pure Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda

is without a rival. Many have gained a pound a day by the use of it. It cures

CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS AND COLDS, AND ALL FORMS OF WASTING DISEASES. AS PALATABLE AS MILK.

Genuine made by Scott & Bowne, Belleville, Salmon. Wrapper: at all Druggists, 50c and \$1.00.

AUCTION SALE, At Mount Edward.

I AM instructed by Charles Palmer, Esq., to sell by Public Auction, at his Mount Edward Farm, in the East Royalty, near Charlottetown,

On Wednesday, 29th Oct. next, All his valuable LIVE STOCK, FARMING IMPLEMENTS and CROP.

The Stock consists of 5 Horses, viz., 1 Brood Mare (Gladstone), 1 heavy young Mare, 4 years (Kidd's Harry), 1 Barriest, 4 years old (gelding), 2 Fillies, 2 and 3 years old (All Right). A herd of Imported Hereford Cattle, registered, consisting of 1 Bull (Conqueror 5th), two years and ten months; 2 Cows (Beauty Maid), calved October, 1886, and Sweet Simplicity, calved 19th January, 1887, and their two Heifer Calves, dropped 14th October and 26th November last, Amelia and Rosie; also a young Heifer Calf of Amelia. Also—2 Shorthorn Grade Steers, one and two years, and one Yearling Steer (Hereford and Shorthorn) grade. Also—3 Milch Cows, one just calved, and their Heifer Calves. Two of the Cows are Shorthorn grade, and one Jersey grade, with Ayrshire Calf Heifer. Also—2 pure-bred Berkshire Pigs, Sow and Boar, imported and pedigreed. The Farming Implements consist of 3 Ploughs, one a double mould board; 1 do. Drilling Plough, 1 Iron Harrow, 1 Wheel Harrow, 1 Cultivator, 1 Scuffler and Moulder, 2 Carts, 1 Truck Wagon, 1 Truck Body, Cart and Plough Harness, Forks, a set of Blacksmith's Tools, including good Belows and Anvil, and various other articles, including a good Stamping Machine and heavy chains.

Terms—All sums under \$10, cash; over that amount, 12 months on approved joint notes.

Sale takes place at 11 o'clock, a. m. J. McWILLIAMS, Auctioneer.

If If It

—YOU WOULD SAVE—

Time,

Trouble,

Expense,

—ASK YOUR GROCER FOR—

Woodill's Baking

German Powder,

PURE AND WHOLESOME.

oct3

Army and Navy Depot.

JAMES COTT & CO.,

Grocers and Wine Merchants,

117 & 118 GRANVILLE STREET, HALIFAX, N. S.

A Full Stock Now Landing of Superior Goods.

300 CASES CHOICE WINES—Champagne, Hermit and Moselle, 250 cases Fine Claret and Sauterne, 300 " Hennessy's Brandy, X, XX, XXX, 400 " Fine Old Scotch Whisky—Royal Blend, Islay Blend and Williams, 100 " Old Irish Whisky—Jameson and Kinahan LL, 100 " Fine Old English Rum, 100 " Holland, Old Tom and Plymouth Gin, 250 dozen Fine Sherry and Port Wine, 200 barrels Ale and Porter, quarts and pints, 300 dozen Apollinaris Water, 10 barrels Belfast Ginger Ale, And a full stock of FINEST GROCERIES, including Tea, Coffee, Sugar, etc.

sept27—1m

PARTIES desirous of having Curtains, or any other articles, dyed in the very latest shades, will do well to apply to

C. I. MORRISON,

Agent St. John Dye Works, 106 Queen St. N. B.—Coats or Suits dyed and pressed as good as new.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

New York to N. O. by Water.

SIR,—What is the reason time seems to pass more rapidly now than when the century was younger? It is no use being reminded that Time is only a term for measured duration, and that its measurements have continued without interruption and with even regularity, because we are aware of that; but what we would wish to comprehend is, how a whole year can float off our reckoning, and we only register its departing shadows. Probably the New England response of "I want to know" is all the solution the question admits: and so, Mr. Editor, that must be my surprise at a year's lapse since I wrote last for THE EXAMINER.

I spent that year in New Jersey, at a place called Vineland, which is a borough in Cumberland County. What I did was to buy a cottage, improve it, and fit it up for some British Columbia friends to enjoy a summer with me in the midst of flowers and a cool grove of oaks adjoining, which I have the use of by paying the taxes. As the summer came to a close, my visitors packed up and proceeded to Chicago, intending to winter there and attend the Art Institute. So I sold my cottage and disposed of my furniture, and packed my own trunks, too, and went to New York, did some visiting there, and took a steamer in the steamship Louisiana, one of the Cromwell Line steamers that take passengers and freight without calling anywhere on the way to New Orleans. The Louisiana should have left New York on Saturday, Oct. 4, at 3 p. m., but so much freight had to be handled that she only got away at 7 o'clock on Sunday morning, but by noon we had covered 75 miles; then at noon on the 6th we had made 324; then 308 on the 7th; then 313 on the 8th; then 335 on the 9th, and then on Friday we made a bee line across the Gulf of Mexico to the mouth of the Mississippi, and at 1 p. m. completed the last section of distance (395 miles), and tied up alongside the company's wharf in the famous city of New Orleans.

The Louisiana did not carry a full complement of passengers this trip, because it is very early in the season to make tracks for New Orleans. But this was all the better for those that did go, for there was plenty of room. The passengers were all agreeable people, the vessel was altogether satisfactory, and the weather simply perfect for the purposes of enjoyment and health, and I had the pleasure of meeting the Rector of Trinity Church (in whose parish I am for the winter) who was returning from his tour in Europe, and found him a very agreeable companion, and, I suppose, very scholarly, as he differed from my simple understanding of some little bits of ministerial logic.

The first thing that greeted my eyes while alongside the New Orleans wharf was the Roman Catholic Cathedral, looming up behind what is called the French Market, which is open every day (Sundays included) from sunrise to noon, and on Sunday is a babbling babel of mixed speech in a dozen varieties of utterance, that makes a realistic explanation of the old confusion of tongues we read of in Genesis. It was very pleasant while I was absorbing what I saw from the deck of the vessel, to have a familiar hand put on my shoulder, and the well-known features of a friend rise before me. It was Dr. Don Matthews, formerly of Lynn, Mass., who gave me that greeting—and we left the ship together, and proceeded to his place of business on Canal St. Then I took the street car up St. Charles avenue to Jackson street, and soon found 291, the number I wanted. Now, then, being seated therein and doing my best to show you that my one year's silence has not diminished my interest in you and yours, let me give you my first impression of New Orleans.

You know that New Jersey mosquitoes are celebrated for their business activities and bigger drawings than even a Louisiana lottery, but the New Orleans variety is so far ahead of them in numbers and perseverance that, used as I am to the former, I am fairly nonplussed at the latter. But what strikes me as the most wonderful part of their record is that no steps are taken to exclude them from the dwelling rooms of the people. I have not seen a single mosquito screen since I have been here, and do not think that what is called up north mosquito netting, is even on sale in the stores. The mosquito trouble in New Orleans is the one unabatable curse; it is the one drawback of this otherwise seeming paradise, and yet it is said to be an agency of protection against a greater evil that would otherwise come unresisted from the alluvial deposits of the father of waters. I would mention two points in this connection. New Orleans is situated below the level of the Mississippi, and built upon soil that from two to four feet below the surface is water. It is evident therefore why a stranger coming to New Orleans has to discount some of its glories, by an enduring dampness, and its product, mosquitoes. When it rains here it rains, and to give your readers an idea of what I mean I will tell you a rain incident told me by the wife of the gentleman who had to face a downpour. When he left his residence in the morning, the weather was perfect; when he returned from his place of business, it wasn't. So he took a hack and rode home. Arriving, the driver presented himself at the carriage door, without shoes or stockings, and with pants rolled up to the knees and (the water being some six or eight inches deep), ready to carry his passenger on his back through the flooded walk to the house. New Orleans, though, is a grand field for queer experiences, and a traveller's education can hardly be said to be complete without at least once wintering there. At any rate, I am here for a winter to study up by experience both the comforts and discomforts of this peculiar locality; and as I know your readers will tolerate an occasional reference to the same, I propose, with your approbation, Mr.

Editor, to further inflict upon you some more reference to matters and things as they are in New Orleans, or as they seem to a visitor.

C. B. BAGSTER.

October 14, 1890.

The New Egg Market.

(From The Empire.)

The egg producers of Canada do not appear to be likely to lose anything by the McKinley tariff. The attempt to exclude our eggs from the United States has been met with characteristic Canadian energy by the opening of an export to Great Britain. Shipments just made have brought excellent returns, and the steamship companies inform the Government that they will provide all the facilities for the safe transport of eggs across the Atlantic, at rates which compare most favorably with the freight on this class of farm produce from Canada to New York. Practically the difference in freight and time occupied in transport may be left out of calculation in considering the relative profit of exporting to London or New York. The differences are very slight, and, with the establishment of fast steamship communication with Britain, and the improvement in facilities and cheapness of carriage which a large and well-established trade will bring about, will wholly, or almost wholly, disappear. This being the case, the question of where our eggs should find their best market is simple enough. For some years past London has been, on the average, the best market, but the difficulty of diverting trade from an established channel to a wholly new course has deterred Canadians from taking advantage of the superiority of the British market. In fact, few people thought about the matter. They might still continue to avoid the trouble necessitated by opening a new trade were it not that the McKinley tariff compels immediate action. The tariff will probably in this way prove of much benefit to the Dominion, and not merely in regard to the egg export, but to several other important articles of Canadian production, which might find in Great Britain or in continental Europe more profitable markets than they now have. At Smithfield market the quotations of eggs at the beginning of September were as high as 28 cents for new-laid and 22 cents for French firsts, a grade with which Canadian eggs, under proper conditions as to shipment, would readily rank. These prices were better than those obtaining in New York at the same time. A late number of the *Mark Lane Express* gives October prices as 24 cents for best French and 29 cents for fresh eggs; this is higher than similar grades command in New York. Last winter the differences were more decidedly in favor of London.

The truth is that of late years the price of eggs in the United States has fallen greatly. Last winter's prices in New York were lower than those of the winter before; while the average price for the year ending June 31, 1889, according to the United States Statistical Abstract, was only 13.9 cents against 21 cents five years before. It is this decrease which explains the increasing import of United States eggs into Canada at certain seasons of the year. In the financial year 1888-89, 411,331 dozen eggs were exported by the United States to Canada. When the egg industry, which the United States farmers are very wisely cultivating as never before, increases a little more, instead of that country importing, it may have a considerable surplus to ship across the lines into the Dominion.

In Britain, on the other hand, the home supply is falling more and more behind the demand, and the economic conditions there are such that no reversal of this tendency need be expected. The increase in importation has been prodigious. In 1850 only 185,000,000 eggs were imported, and in 1860 only 167,500,000. In 1870 the figures bounded up to 430,750,000; while in 1880 they further advanced to 747,500,000, and last year were about 1,300,000,000. While the United States is now importing only 15,000,000 dozen eggs, or only three per cent. of its total supply, Great Britain is importing 110,000,000 dozen or about sixty per cent. of its total consumption.

In view of all the facts it would appear that the duty of five cents per dozen levied by the United States against our eggs has but precipitated a change in our export, which the ordinary law of supply and demand would have compelled within a few years at most, with the United States leading, instead of following, in the new trade, as must now be the case.

It is not to be expected that the opening of the new market will be unattended with some difficulties. There are prejudices to be overcome in regard to our eggs, and the mistakes of inexperience to be encountered. But such difficulties pertain to the opening of any new trade. They were encountered when Canadian cheese was first placed on the British market. But they prove only temporary. There is everything in the situation to encourage the hope that Canada will soon have an egg export to Great Britain twice as large as the export to the United States has been.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used by mothers for children teething for over fifty years with perfect success. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain; and the little cherub awakes "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels and is the best known remedy for diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. *apl18'90dwy*

CRACKED OATS and barley, bran, oil cake, stock food, calf meal, fax seed, etc., for sale at Geo. Carter & Co's, Market Square. 1 wk eod.

N. Y., ME. & N. B. S. S. CO.

S. S. "WINTHROP."

\$7 New York and Return, \$7 ROUND TRIP.

EXCURSION RETURN TICKETS will be issued on the following dates—Leaving St. John at 9.00 a. m. on Wednesdays, Oct. 8th, 15th, 22nd and 29th, valid to return from New York, Pier 19, E. R., at 5.00 p. m. on Saturdays, Oct. 11th, 18th, 25th and Nov. 1st.

H. D. McLEOD, Passenger and Freight Agent, St. John. F. H. SMITH & CO., General Managers, 19 and 17 William Street, New York.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT will go in effect TUESDAY, Nov. 4th, and from and after that date the steamer will leave St. John every TUESDAY, at 2 p. m., and New York, from Pier 49, E. R., every SATURDAY, at 5.00 p. m. oct 9

SHARP'S BALSAM OF HOREHOUND AND ANISEED FOR COUGHS AND WHOOPING COUGHS. OVER 40 YEARS IN USE. PRICE 25¢ PER BOTTLE. ARMSTRONG & CO., Proprietors, 12 B. BARBER & SONS, AGENTS, St. John.

SOURIS LOTS FOR SALE.

THOSE two beautifully situated lots adjoining the Court House, 100x100; also two others, same size, on the hill opposite Dr. McIntyre's residence. These Lots command a beautiful view, and are desirable sites for private residences. Price low. Apply to

JOHN COOMBS, Charlottetown, Or to C. C. CARLTON, Souris.

J. H. BELL,

The Leading Custom Boot and Shoe Maker of the Province,

IS NOW READY with a good selection of LEATHERS and TOPS for the Fall and Winter trade, and would respectfully invite all who require a first-class Boot or Shoe to inspect our stock and prices before placing their orders.

All our goods are guaranteed not to squeak, also to fit well and comfortable.

Orders always filled up to time. A full line of our own make kept constantly on hand. Quality the highest, prices the lowest. REPAIRING of all kinds promptly attended to.

J. H. BELL, Upper Great George Street, Ch'town, Sept. 6, 1890. 3m 2aw (Thu sat)

CAPTAINS or Owners of Vessels wanting to charter, and parties wanting to buy or sell Cargoes of Produce, can apply to the undersigned at his desk in the hall of the Custom House, or apply by letter to P. O. B. x 274.

J. W. HODGSON, Customs Broker.

Ch'town, Sept. 26, 1890—1m eod