

The Daily Examiner

FEBRUARY 23, 1886.

The Coming Session.

The Opposition are not likely to repeat the operation of last year—prolonging the session by obstructive resolutions and useless talk, and then coolly pocket \$500 each.

We, therefore, look for a comparatively short session. But it will probably be a lively one. The Riel question will come up—if not on a motion to amend the address in reply to the Governor's speech, soon after the opening day, and the discussion will be intensely interesting.

Closely involved with the Riel question, is that of the Administration of the Government in the Northwest. To the discussion of this question the Opposition will, no doubt, rally all their force; and we hope to have it thoroughly cleared up.

The Committee on Railways will have their hands full, applications for forty-three new charters having already been presented. The enterprise and confidence made apparent by all these applications, will cheer our country's representatives while engaged in their arduous duties; but their discretion will be taxed in determining who shall and who shall not be granted the coveted charters.

Demands of the Northwest.

The following are some of the demands made by the delegates of the Northwest Territories, now in Ottawa:

- That the Northwest Council have power to incorporate companies having purely territorial objects.
That the Government use its influence to have the freight rates on the C. P. R. reduced, especially on lumber from British Columbia.
That no changes be made to settlers for wood or fuel, and that each homesteader be allowed 4,000 lineal feet of building timber on free permit.

Written Years Ago.

Nearly thirty years ago, an esteemed clergyman of the Presbyterian Church, the Rev. Daniel McCurdy, referring to Prince Edward Island, said:

"There is much in our isolated position to provoke competition, and almost coercion to economize and improve our intellectual capital. Separated from the great world of mind by the floating icebergs of the Straits, we are thrown very much on our own naked resources in that part of the year which is usually devoted to literary pursuits.

"Islands, small islands, are vastly superior, other things being equal to continental countries, in literary distinction, and in the powers of invention.

"Islanders, in virtue of their isolation, are a kind of amphibious race. Sailors born and bred, they are equally at home on terra firma and the deep seas. Born with an adze in the one hand and an oar in the other, and surrounded with their native element, the ocean, they are brought almost without an effort, into direct communication, for all commercial purposes, with every open port in the wide world.

"It accords with all history and fact, that the great and good of all times, self-made men, have generally emerged from obscurity. Those persons who have left their mark upon their age, and whose names have become a fixture in history, have for the most part achieved their greatness in spite of the disadvantages of their position.

"This Island has contributed a fair proportion to the general stock. It has produced a John McGregor for the British House of Commons. The land of the heather supplied the raw material; but the native energies of the Highland lad were brought out beside the oyster beds of Rustico and Lot 34, until the boy became the father of the man.

"The Christian Churches of our infant Colony have sent a John Gaddie to occupy a still higher position in the Kingdom than is not of this world. They have raised and sent out to his aid, a George N. Gordon on a mission of love to the ends of the earth.

In referring to our sister Province of New Brunswick the same writer paid a graceful tribute to two of the ablest and most praiseworthy men that that Province has produced. He said: "New Brunswick, a country of pine forests and lumber men, has given to the Canada an Egerton Ryerson as an able and successful educationist and Chief Minister of public instruction.

Acting on the principle that 'charity begins at home,' that young Province has produced and reserved for its own use, a greater and better man in the person of Hon. Samuel L. Tilley, who in the prime of life and on the flood-tide of the great temperance movement, has been borne by the force of self-improved talents from the alluvial deposits of the River St. John to high honor in the Provincial Government; and has used his position so wisely and well, as to give the first Prohibitory Liquor Law to a British Province, as a bold experiment for the 'empire on which the sun never sets.'"

Before and After Riel's Execution.

SCENE NEAR MONTAGU.

BEFORE.
Grit Politician.—Too bad, too bad. Sir John is going to let the murderous scoundrel Riel go free after all. Poor Scott's untimely death has never been avenged; and now after slaughtering hundreds of innocent men and women, the arch-traitor is to be let loose again. Too bad, yes, really, too bad, but the people will yet have their revenge.

AFTER.
The same Grit Politician.—"Poor Riel has been hung. Poor man, he was only fighting for his rights. He died a patriot, and was a noble specimen of humanity. What an abominable man that Sir John is! He allowed poor Riel to be hung. Riel's friends and countrymen will upset the Government and hang Sir John. Our party is sure to win when the election comes off next summer, because they had no right to hang the half-breed chief."

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

The Water Question.

SIR,—In to-day's issue, your contributor "Celt," to whom you give editorial space and type, pronounces oracularly on the water question. That he mistakes flippancy for cleverness and wit does not concern me at all. Nor am I anxious to show that good taste and a sense of common decency alike, revolt from his coarse allusion to "frog spawl." "Celt" may, or may not, have more than a theoretical knowledge of the uses of pure water in the human economy. He may, or may not, be a large contributor to the city revenues—I know not and care not. But I do know that there are many of your intelligent readers who believe that the City Council, being also ex officio the Board of Health, should not ignore the question of purity of supply, and that they cannot, as the guardians of the public health, shirk their responsibility in the matter by declaring that they simply propose to enter into a contract for fire hydrants, and that the citizens "can take the water or leave it." I know also that there are many intelligent men in this city who believe that, in order to ascertain the relative purity of different sources of supply as well as for other reasons, the opinion of a Sanitary Engineer should first be had, and who also contend that this question of purity is paramount. In urging this reasonable belief they are but following the example of intelligent men in other wide-awake cities, and I need not say that their opinions or conduct will not be affected in the slightest degree by the coarse vulgarities and clumsy attempts at wit of such cracklers as "Celt."

Yours truly, GAREL.

Feb. 22nd, 1886.

Horford's Acid Phosphate.

FOR OVERWORKED PROFESSIONAL MEN.

Dr. Charles T. Mitchell, Canadaigua, N. Y., says: "I think it a grand restorer of brain force or nervous energy."

The Races Last Night.

An enthusiastic audience assembled at the Roller Rink last evening to witness the races. At nine o'clock time was called, the floor cleared, and the officers of the race took their places in the centre of the arena. The first called was the one-mile race for boys under sixteen years, for a purse of \$15. The following boys started:—

- Hurtle McGregor.
Abb's Leigh.
Frank McKie.
John Nicholson.

At the start Leigh sprang to the front, with McGregor at his heels, closely followed by McKie, with Nicholson in the rear. For three or four laps no change in these positions occurred, then McKie spurred, passing McGregor and sailing for Leigh, who was pluckily keeping his lead. When the contest between McKie and Leigh for first place was at its most exciting pitch, Leigh tripped and fell prostrate on the floor. McKie went to the front followed by McGregor, but McKie had only gone a few yards when he also fell. McGregor, who was skating gamely, then sprang to the fore. McKie soon regained his legs, and closely followed by Leigh who had also pulled himself together, started after McGregor, who by this time had secured a good lead. McKie, by some lively spurring, soon caught up to McGregor and made several ineffectual attempts to give him the "go-by." Leigh was doing his level best to take second place from McKie, but his efforts were fruitless. The race finished in the following order: McGregor 1st, McKie 2nd, Leigh 3rd.—Time 4.48. Nicholson dropped out of the race after a lap or two had been gone round.

"After a short recess, time was called for the all-comers three mile race for a purse of \$15. The following contestants started:—

- Art. Newsom.
Albert Price.
John Burns.
Haumond Large.
Michael B. Trainor.

At the word "go" Price darted to the front with Large second, Burns third, Newsom fourth and Trainor fifth. Price went ahead lively, and after two or three laps had been gone round he gained a lead of about twelve yards on Large, with Burns, Newsom and Trainor together a short distance in the rear. This state of affairs continued for a few additional laps, when Newsom thought a spurt would be in order. He acted upon the impulse, and in a short time gave Burns and Large the "go-by," and started after Price in good style. Price, however, kept pluckily on, and for a time Newsom's efforts to pass him were unsuccessful. At length Newsom, by an excellent spurt, and amid the applause of the spectators, passed Price, and sailed swiftly ahead. In the meantime Burns had succeeded in passing Large, and Trainor had withdrawn from the race, owing to some difficulty with his skates. Price endeavored, by spurring well, to regain his lost lead, but was unable to do so, Newsom fairly "flying" over the smooth floor. Price, however, continued to skate gamely, leaving Burns and Large, who were fighting hard for third place, about half a lap behind. Newsom continued to spin around gallantly, and ere long had lapped Large, Burns and Price amid loud applause. For the remainder of the race Newsom did as he pleased with the other skaters, finishing with two laps ahead, with Price second, Burns third, and Large fourth.—Time 11.55.

The Band of the 82nd Battalion was present, and furnished fine music throughout the evening.

The Wheat Supply.

Bradstreet's, in its analysis of the world's wheat supply, estimates the quantity of wheat that will be required until the first of July next by other than the United Kingdom at 206,000,000 bushels, and it estimates the total supply of wheat available from other countries than the United States at 126,000,000 bushels. The United Kingdom has 80,000,000 bushels on hand, and will probably require by the 1st of July 45,000,000 more. The United States has 96,000,000 bushels more than is required for home consumption, so that according to Bradstreet's there will be 50,000,000 bushels on hand in the United States of last year's crop when the 1st of July arrives over and above what may be required for home consumption, after supplying the English market with all it may require.

"My life's work is almost done. This is probably my last season upon the rostrum in the cause of temperance." An old man, with tottering footsteps and bent with age and labor, spoke these words with a sigh. It was John B. Gough, the great apostle of total abstinence, the same one who has made a living by giving advice to "those who tarry long at the wine." He has had many remarkable experiences in the long years that he has dealt out temperance precepts to men and women at a dollar a head. He tells about being in Chicago once in the same room with Artemus Ward and Griswold, the "Fat Contributor." Every time that Griswold or Ward would order up drinks, they would order three cocktails, to give the impression that Gough was taking his toddy, and then one or the other of them would drink two. Griswold afterwards printed this statement on Gough, and cost him no end of trouble, but his life's work is now done, and in the pathetic lines which open this paragraph we read the fact that Gough will preach temperance no longer. He has passed to the great unknown, leaving a record of good deeds behind him which will never die.

The manufacturers of the "Myrtle Navy" tobacco invite the very closest scrutiny of its quality. The expert, whose trained senses teach him how to recognize the exact quality of tobacco, and the smoker who judges by his experience in smoking it, will both come to the same conclusion that it is of the very highest quality anywhere to be found. It is of the very finest of Virginia leaf, and is manufactured with the greatest possible care.

I. O. O. F.—On Easter Monday, the 26th April (being the Natal Day of the Order in America), the Oddfellows of this city will hold their celebration and Annual Entertainment in the Market Hall, of which full particulars will appear in a few weeks.

The Robt. Bay Farmers' Association, after an animated discussion on Tuesday evening last, decided that the High License system is more to be preferred than the Scotch Act.

TARR & WOODSON'S Copper paint Galvanized Boat Nails, Copper Nails, Oil and Lead at Norton Bros.

[WRITTEN FOR THE EXAMINER.] "All Things Come to Those Who Wait."

All things come to those who wait, Faithful love and bitter hate, Curses, blessings—this is fate. Swift the turns of Fortune's wheel, Now to soften, now to steel, Now to wound, and now to heal. Joy and grief to all will come, Depths of joy which strike us dumb—Grief that makes the heart-strings numb. Round and round the seasons roll, And as stretches out the soul, Leave a bounty or a dole. All things come to those who wait, Close-barred door and open gate—Masters we, or slaves of fate.

MARLIN, ROPE, TIN, &C.

WE have for Sale, at the very Lowest Prices:— 100 bales Lobster Marlin. 600 coils Manila Rope. 100 packages Salsnon Trawl Twine. 100 " " Hemp " 2 bales Herring Twine. 25 Herring Nets.

ALSO: 300 boxes Tin Plates, 14x20. 1 ton Ingot Tin. 1 ton Pig Lead. 10 bars Copper. 50 bundles Galvanized Iron for Boilers. 10 lbs Gold Lacquer. 10 " Turpentine. 100 kegs Box Nails. 100 " Lobster Trap Nails.

DODD & ROGERS.

Feb. 23—In 2aw w 1m

TENDERS.

CITY OF CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I. SEALED TENDERS will be received at the Mayor's Office, Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, until noon of WEDNESDAY, the 31st day of March next, for the placing and maintaining of

Sixty Frost-Proof Hydrants,

having a pressure of not less than sixty pounds to the square inch, for fire and civic purposes, according to plans and specifications to be seen at the City Clerk's office. The Council do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order. A. H. MACPHERSON, City Clerk. Feb. 23—3w eod

LECTURE,

—IN— ST. JAMES' HALL,

—ON— Tuesday, 23rd Inst.

FOURTH Lecture of the Course by REV. JAMES CARUTHERS.—"A Round Trip," "Edinburgh to Sterling," "Calendar Trussard," "Scots," "Lady of the Lake," "Up and Down the Clyde," "The Second City of the Empire," interspersed with readings. Lecture to commence at 8 o'clock. Admission, 10 Cents. Feb. 20, 1886.

REID BRO'S FEBRUARY PRICE LIST.

- Shirting (Gingham, marked price 11c, now 8c. All-wool Shirting Flannel, marked 32c, now 25c. Ladies' Winter Jackets, marked \$1.65, \$4.25, and \$5, now half price. Men's Reefers, marked \$1, now half price. Ladies' Corsets, marked \$1.10, now 75c. Ladies' Rubber Circulars, marked \$1.40, now \$1. Men's Black Waxed Suits, marked \$7.50, now \$5.50. Men's Tweed Pants, marked \$1.60, now \$1.10. Ladies' Four-button Kid Gloves, marked 75c, now 50c. Ladies' Four-clasp Kid Gloves, worth \$1.40, now 10c. Men's Underclothing at 20 per cent discount. Men's Overcoats, reduced to clear, at half price. Gentile All-wool Heavy Tweed, marked 60c, now 45c. Cotton Flannels in white and colored, marked 12c, now 10c. Genuine discount of 25 per cent on Men's Furnishings. Men's White and Regatta Shirts, marked \$1.40, now 75c. \$20 Fine Tweed Suits, to measure, now only \$14. \$20 Fine Worsteds Suits, to measure, now only \$20. \$14 Trousers Tweed Suits, to measure, now only \$12. \$8 Scotch Tweed Pants, to measure, now only \$4. Child's Tweed Suits, marked \$2, now only \$1.25. Youth's Black Worsteds Suits, marked \$9.50, now only \$6.50. Fine Scotch Tweeds, marked \$1.25, now only 90c. Heavy Island Tweeds, all-wool, 45c, 55c, and 60c. Yard-wide Gray Cottons, only 4 and 5 cents.

REID BROS., CAMERON BLOCK.

Ch'town, Feb. 19, 1886.

Valuable Property in the Royalty.

THE Subscriber, owing to ill health, has decided to give up farming; he, therefore, offers his property in the Royalty for private Sale. It is situated on the Malpeque Road, about two miles from the city, comprises about 37 acres of excellent land, and is in a high state of cultivation. There is a good Dwelling House and two Barns, horse and cow stable and three Bartricks; also, a never-failing Well of water at the door. For Terms apply to the owner, on the premises, or to William Dodd, in the city. J. W. HOLMAN, Royalty.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have this day admitted my brother, G. FRANK BEER, into partnership. The business in future will be conducted under the firm name of BEER BROS. W. W. BEER. Ch'town, Feb. 1, 1886—1mo eod wky

STANDARD GOODS

—AT—

LOWEST PRICES!

PERKINS & STERNS'

LARGE STOCK OF SEASONABLE GOODS:

- 400 Pieces Grey Cottons, 55 Pieces Hessians, 220 Pieces White Cottons, 48 Pieces Table Linen, 150 Pieces Print Cottons, 140 Dozen Towels.

White and Colored Knitting Cotton.

Large Stock of Colored Dress Goods.

Black French Merinos, Black Cashmere, Black Cords, Black Nuns' Veiling, Black Costume Cloth, &c.

Brussels, Tapestry and Wool Carpets.

OILCLOTHS & LINOLEUMS.

Cocoa, China and Twine Matting.

Largest Stock of ROOM PAPER on P. E. Island.

PERKINS & STERNS.

Ch'town, Feb. 23, '86.

BOOK-BINDING, PAPER-RULING

BLANK-BOOK MAKING,

OVER BOREHAM'S BOOT & SHOE STORE

ALL kinds of BOOK BINDING executed at Lowest Prices and with Quick Despatch. Ruling, Numbering and Perforating for the Trade promptly attended to. BLANK BOOKS A SPECIALTY. A Share of Patronage Solicited.

JAMES D. TAYLOR, QUEEN SQUARE.

Ch'town, Feb. 23, '86.

IMPORTANT! IMPORTANT! IMPORTANT!

This Advertisement should have your prompt attention. A few words of explanation are necessary, in order that the you are rich or poor. If you are public understand how very important to their interest it is to you are rich you must not throw give immediate cognizance to money away. Therefore, it will be money in everyone's pocket. Our position is simply this: to purchase their Dry Goods. We claim to sell Cheap and will from us. do so, no matter how low our. Bear in mind we will not be undersold by any house in the goods, we shall always lead in trade, as all our goods are bought cheapness. It will be to everyone's interest to call on us and price before going elsewhere. You will save money by so doing at

James Paton & Co's, James Paton & Co's, James Paton & Co's, SUCCESSORS TO W. A. WEEKS & CO. W. A. WEEKS & CO. W. A. WEEKS & CO.

PILLOW COTTONS

SHEETINGS, TOWELS AND TOWELLING.

EXTRA GOOD VALUE

STANLEY BROS.,

Brown's Block, Opposite Market House. Ch'town, Feb. 16, 1886.—dy wky