

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

AUGUST 11, 1883.

Notes of the Week.

James Anthony Froude is attending to Luther and Lord Byron in the English Monthly Magazines. It offers a leaf from the real life of Lord Byron in the nineteenth century, for August. If he is not nearer the truth with him than in his understanding of the Carlyles, he will be obliged to head his articles Historical and Biographical Romances. Froude is one of those writers who explain the facts of a man's life by some simple theory intuitively grasped, into which all the facts have to fit; if they do not, so much the worse for the facts.

The statement which has been so loudly proclaimed by many of the Irish papers, that O'Donnell acting as the agent of the Invincibles, dogged Carey from Ireland to Africa for the purpose of killing him, and the statement of O'Donnell who divests himself of all claims to be called an Irish martyr, by meekly saying that he shot Carey in self-defence, not knowing who he was, are not exactly in unison. The Invincibles appear only too ready to number him in their ranks, while he is just as ready to repudiate all connection with them, if by so doing he can escape the gallows.

The School Board of London, England, have decided, after considerable discussion, to add the elements of social economy to the list of subjects that may be taught. In Ontario there is a clamor on all sides for a more distinctly religious education. These are two different phases of the same want. On the one side of the Atlantic, recourse is had to social science—the duties and relations of citizenship—to raise the moral stature of the growing generation. On the other side, it is sought to have recourse to religious influences. But the object aimed at is, or at least ought to be, the same. Religion, in the sense of dogma or creeds, would be an abomination in our schools. But as a power operating to the harmonizing and humanizing of men, it would find a place there very appropriately.

The Tribune's cable says the British Government are blamed for an exhibition of weakness in withdrawing the Irish Constabulary bill, to which the Parnellites objected, and introducing a Registration bill which they demanded. The Tories assert that this compromise results from Irish members refraining to vote in the Suez debate. The Irish National League is organizing conventions for thirty-two counties of Ireland. These conventions will appoint committees for the four Irish provinces. The first work of importance will relate to the electoral registers. The Parnellites intend to attack both seats for Dublin. After Parnell's contemplated visit to America and Redmond's return from Australia a large convention will be held in Dublin of the organizations of America, Australia and Canada. Sixty branches of the Irish National League are already formed in Ulster. The Irish machinery is everywhere preparing for the next general election.

Here is a story told by the Pictorial World: A big block of buildings falling into decay was offered for sale. A person officially connected with the parish drew the attention of the sanitary officers to them, and had them condemned as unfit for habitation. Directly this was done, the same individual, in conjunction with a firm of speculators, bought the property for a bagatelle—for old building material, in fact. But the new proprietors didn't pull it down—not they. They gave a coat of whitewash here and there, and let every single room again, directly, at increased rentals, and every single room is full of rate-payers now. The houses which were condemned five years ago have been a little gold mine to the very people who insisted on calling the attention of the sanitary authorities to them! It is needless to add that the same attention has never been solicited since. It seems that almost anything will bring a high rent in London, as a large part of the poorer-built quarters have been demolished for Railway and other public purposes, thus overcrowding the districts untouched.

While reports reach us that there exists in Republican France a plot to re-establish monarchy in that country, the very opposite intelligence comes from Spain, where a determined effort was made the other day to inaugurate Republicanism. The outbreak among the Spanish troops occurred in the city of Badajoz. The garrison, numbering about seven hundred, pronounced for the Republican Constitution, and for Ruiz Zorilla as President. Particulars of the uprising state that the garrison disarmed the gendarmes and custom guards, took possession of the Railway Stations, and closed the gates of the fortress. Eleven hundred participated in the proclamation for the Republic, four hundred civilians having joined the soldiery. The leader of the revolt was a Colonel in the cavalry and he was seconded by two Lieut.-Colonels and two Majors in this rash undertaking. The imperial authorities at once took active measures to suppress the uprising. Many of the insurgents were arrested, while others fled for safety to Portugal. The whole peninsula is now reported tranquil.

The Montreal Herald has recently re-published an interview with a Chicago gentleman just returned from a Western

tour as far as California. This gentleman tells some truths which are not flattering to the country through which he passed. The interview was first published in the Chicago Tribune. It discloses some most important facts with reference to the agricultural resources of the Western portion of the United States. His observations lead him to believe that successful farming west of the one hundredth meridian in that country is impossible owing to the extreme aridity of the land and the great scarcity of rain. This statement harmonizes with those of other gentlemen who have given the matter their careful attention, and who say that nearly all the valuable public lands of the United States are already taken up. Contrasting this with Northwestern Canada, we find that West of the one hundredth meridian we have millions of acres of the most fertile lands. That meridian is not much more than 100 miles west of Winnipeg, and, says the Herald, Winnipeg is but the beginning of the boundless heritage of rich territory which Canada possesses. When these facts become universally known, and they cannot long be concealed, it is easy to premise in what direction immigration will flow.

Impressions of the Northwest.

SENATOR CARVELL INTERVIEWED.

Senator Carvell having returned to Winnipeg from a trip to Edmonton, a Times reporter called upon him, and desired an expression of his opinion with reference to the Northwest. He said to the reporter: I was a doubting Thomas. I did not believe half I heard. Now I have been there I am more than delighted, and can safely say that one half the beauties and richness of the country had not been told. The land is among the best in the Dominion—Coal and gold are there in abundance. The country near the forks of the Saskatchewan is the most beautiful I ever saw. The scenes on all sides were most enchanting. The senator thought all the politicians of both parties should see the Northwest for themselves, and that it was worth going all the way from Halifax to the Rockies to see the track-laying alone.

The Bank of Nova Scotia.

EXPLANATIONS BY OFFICIALS—MEETING ADJOURNED TO SEPTEMBER 11TH.

There was a very small attendance at the meeting of shareholders of the Bank of Nova Scotia on Thursday last. Mr. Doull, the acting president, explained the object of the meeting, and that, as the arrangements were not completed, it would be necessary to adjourn the meeting to a subsequent date; and it was accordingly afterwards adjourned till the 1st September. Referring to the reported losses of the Bank by the Shaw failure, he said they were very much exaggerated. Any loss the Bank would, or could meet with would be very insignificant. Mr. Doull did not mention the amount in which the Bank was involved, nor did he consider it expedient to go into details. Cashier Fyde stated that a cash offer had been made the Bank, which they could accept without infringing in the least upon the Bank's rest or dividend, or on their business generally. Nobody asked what that cash offer was. In reply to a question as to why the Bank did not accept it, he said it was because the Bank expected to do much better. Those present appeared to be satisfied with the explanation.

Shot Through the Heart.

A terrible murder occurred on the streets of Toronto on Thursday night. It seems that two men named Charles Andrews and Tom Marmey had a few words of dispute, when the former drew a revolver and shot Marmey through the heart. Constable Cuddy heard the shot, and running forward was in time to see Andrews running away. He chased him into a lane and Andrews fired again, the bullet going through the skirt of the policeman's coat, but not injuring him. The constable ran in on him and caught him by the throat, when Andrews fired again, the ball this time going between Cuddy's legs. Cuddy got hold of the weapon and wrested it from his assailant and brought him to No. 1 police headquarters. Andrews was in the horrors at the time, and does not seem conscious of the enormity of his crime. He is a newly arrived English immigrant and about thirty years of age. The man Marmey died without a struggle, and his body was brought home with the murderer. Charles Andrews alias Morgan was brought up in the police court, pleaded not guilty and was remanded till the 15th. He was one of a gang who fired on the police at Sandwich and is a tough of the first water. He has been on a spree for a long time and ended by the murder. When he was being removed from the residence of the murdered man, Marmey, an attempt was made to lynch him. One man succeeded in reaching the hack, and made an effort to shoot, but was prevented by the police. The constables were called out from the Central Station, and the murderer was, with a special guard, conveyed to the jail. The murderer is said to be one of a Detroit gang of roughs that recently crossed into Sandwich and shot several residents. Public feeling is strong against him.

Poole has been committed for trial in Dublin, to answer to a charge of murdering Kenney. Mrs Kenney was one of the witnesses at the hearing on the 8th instant. She was the person referred to by the Crown Solicitor, on the 1st instant, as a witness expected from America. She corroborated the evidence of previous witnesses, who swore they saw Poole and Kenney together the night the latter was murdered.

Portions of wreck cast ashore near Grand Haven, Mich., lead to surmises that the schooner Nellie and Annie has been lost. She was engaged in the lumber trade and had a crew of five persons.

A despatch from Dover says that two Norwegian barques collided off there on the 8th instant. One was so badly injured that she sank, carrying down thirteen of her crew.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXAMINER.]

Obituary.

LONDON, Aug. 11. Dr. Robert Moffatt, father-in-law of the late Dr. Livingstone, the celebrated African traveller, and who was himself for many years a missionary in South Africa, is dead.

The Operators' Strike.

NEW YORK, Aug. 11. It is reported that the striking telegraphers last night partially decided to abandon the strike. A number of operators in different parts of the country returned to work to-day.

Departure of the Sarmatian.

LONDON, Aug. 11. The "Sarmatian" sailed yesterday with a large and influential company of passengers for Canada, including Lord Castletown, Sir John Watrend Canon Anson, Mr. Staveley Hill, and also many farmers of capital.

The Watkins Regatta.

WATKINS, Aug. 11. Preparations for the great regatta on the 14th are nearly completed. The entries are Hanlan, Courtney, Hosmer, Ross, Lee, Ten Eyck, Edward Ross, Gaudaur, Riley, Elliott, Plaisted, Sharlon, Teemer, Griffin. Courtney says he will give Hanlan the liveliest race of his life.

Dynamite Conspirators.

CHICAGO, Aug. 11. It is reported that secret agents of the Canadian Government have been in the city shadowing prominent Irish nationalists and have discovered a design to destroy the Welland Canal by explosives. It is asserted that a request has been on the United States to assist in thwarting the conspiracy.

The Cholera.

LONDON, Aug. 11. The commander of the British forces in Egypt, advises that there have been no fresh cases of cholera among soldiers since the last report, and that the soldiers are doing well.

LONDON, Aug. 11. There were twenty-two deaths from cholera in Alexandria yesterday. The deaths from Cholera in Egypt to date have been 16,448, of which 6,356 persons died in Cairo. There is a report of Carbuncular Plague at Damietta.

Telegraph Notes.

A serious monetary crisis prevails in San Domingo. Congress has imposed an import duty of twelve per cent. on Mexican silver.

One hundred male and female paupers have petitioned the guardians of North Dock Union, Dublin, to pay their passage to Canada or the United States, as they are unable to obtain work at home.

The statement that Cetewayo is still alive comes from Cetewayo's brother, who says Cetewayo took refuge in an isolated kraal after the late battle, having received two wounds on the leg. The London Standard's correspondent in Natal is inclined to believe the statement.

The London Times correspondent at Hon Kong says he has been informed that there are no Chinese troops either in Tonquin or on the frontier, but the garrisons in the provinces of Yun Nan and Kwang Si have been secretly increased. Much grain and rice are being stored at Canton. The impression prevails that the Chinese are playing a waiting game which is costing the French much and Chinese little.

The country around Port au Prince, W. I., is in a very agitated condition. A revolution is momentarily expected in that city. The government is penniless and business is at a stand still. The town of Jacmel has pronounced in favor of a revolution and a pronunciamento is expected at Cape Haytien. A great battle has been fought before Jeremie, in which the Government troops were completely defeated and several of their generals were taken and executed. The revolutionists are marching on Leogone. The Government is, therefore, raising the siege of Merigoane and covering Port Au Prince, at its headquarters at Leogone.

Personal.

Hon. A. W. McLellan, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, sailed from Liverpool on the Allan steamer "Hibernian" for Halifax on Tuesday last.

General Lord Alexander and Lady Russell leave Ottawa for Quebec on the 14th, on a visit to Lord Lorne and the Princess Louise. They will be absent two or three weeks.

Rev. J. W. Woodland, formerly of Oxford, now pastor of the Baptist Church at Cavendish, P. E. I., is about to resign his charge, and purposes taking a three years' course of study at the Morgan Park Theological Seminary, Chicago.

Sir Henry Tyler, M. P., the President of the Grand Trunk Railway, in personal appearance is a thorough type of an English gentleman, a long, flowing beard betokens the frost of age, while a vigorous, well-knit frame, clear complexion and bright eyes, indicate the prime of life emphatically. One would take him at first sight for an English savant or litterateur rather than a practical railway man, but this impression is quickly dispelled in conversation. A railway philosopher would perhaps fit him more exactly if he required another name.

Furniture.

MARK WRIGHT & CO.

ARE SELLING AT THEIR

NEW WAREROOMS, 83 QUEEN ST.

PARLOR SETS, BEDROOM SETS

Sideboards, Hall Stands, Music Stand, Chairs, Tables, Bedsteads, Lounges, Looking Glasses, Window Poles (new styles), Cornices, and Furniture generally.

At Rock Bottom Prices.

Woven Wire Mattresses (the best bed in use) very cheap; Mattresses, in Hair, Moss, Fibre, Wool, Flock, Excelsior and Straw.

GIVE US A CALL AS WE MEAN BUSINESS.

Ch'town, Aug. 11, 1883.—2w wklly 1m

AUGUST.

NEW GOODS

—AT THE—

LONDON HOUSE.

New Tweeds,

New Flannels.

New Fleecy Cottons,

New Bed Ticks,

New Corsets,

LADIES' RUBBER CIRCULARS.

GEO. DAVIES & CO.

Ch'town, August 6, 1883.

DOMINION BOOT & SHOE STORE.

CHEAP BOOTS AND SHOES.

Clearing Prices, to make room for Fall Stock. Everyone in want of Boots, good and cheap, should go to

West Side Queen Street, J. B. Macdonald's Boot Store.

AUGUST.

Cleaning Prices this Month for Dry Goods and Clothing.

Everyone in want of Cheap Goods should go to

J. B. MACDONALD.

Ch'town, Aug. 3, 1883.—wklly pres he Queen Street.

DOMINION SAFETY FUND.

THE following acknowledgments for payments death claims show the promptitude with which such claims are paid by the Dominion Safety Fund Life Association:—

As insurances are effected in this Association at actual cost, with a small fixed charge for office commission, there cannot possibly be a more equitable and cheap system of life insurance.

No delay no heavy premiums, no enormous profits at the expense of the insured!

This company having made the deposit of \$50,000 at Ottawa, as required by law, offers this further guarantee as to the prompt payment of its obligations.

Every policy in this Association for \$1,000 is secured by the obligations of its members representing upwards of \$2,000,000 and rapidly increasing.

FREDERICKTON, N. B., July 3rd, 1883.

To the President and Directors of the Dominion Safety Fund Life Association, St. John N. B.

GENTLEMEN:—I hereby acknowledge receipt of the sum of two thousand dollars, in full settlement of my certificates, Nos. 369, 370, on account of the death of my husband, Dr James Henry Ellis, M. D. paid to me immediately upon presentation of proofs of his death.

I beg to express my grateful thanks for your promptitude in paying the claim, and gladly authorize you to publish this letter, if you deem it desirable, in the interests of your valuable Association.

Yours, respectfully,

(Signed) MERCY ANNE ELLIS.

Witness: (Signed) Wesley Vanwart.

ST. JOHN, N. B., July 30, 1883.

To the President and Directors of the Dominion Safety Fund Life Association, St. John N. B.

GENTLEMEN:—I beg to offer you my sincere thanks for the promptitude with which my claim on your Association for one thousand dollars, as beneficiary on my husband, the late Moses Lockhart, was paid to me as soon as the necessary papers were completed and presented, and I trust the Association will continue to receive the support it so fully deserves.

(Signed) SARAH LOCKHART.

Witness: (Signed) C. A. Madonald.

LEONARD MORRIS,

Agent for P. E. Island.

Summerside, Aug. 3, 1883.—1y

IMPORTANT SALE

—OF A—

Valuable Business Stand!

D. R. JENKINS has instructed me to sell BY AUCTION, NEXT MONDAY, August 13th, at 12 o'clock, noon, a very valuable plot of ground, situated in the very centre of the business part of the city, fronting about forty six feet on Queen Street, and running back ninety-nine feet—the site of his late residence. Terms at Sale.

A McNEILL, Auctioneer.

Ch'town, Aug. 10, 1883.—2t

ST. PETER'S SCHOOLS

WILL RE-OPEN

On Monday, September 10th.

Subjects taught—English, Classics, Mathematics French, German, etc. Applications for Boys' School should be made to W. B. King, St. Peter's Clergy House; for Girls' School to Miss Harris, Pownall Street. Aug. 7.—tu th sa pa mo we fr ti Sept 10.

COTTONS

NEW COTTONS,

—AT—

Greatly Reduced Prices.

Just received and in stock,

48 BALES AND CASES

(44,550 YARDS)

NEW BLEACHED

—AND—

Ubleached Cottons,

COTTON FLANNELS,

—AND—

BED TICKINGS.

These Goods will be sold low to make room for fall im-por-tations. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

W. A. WEEKS & CO.,

SIGN OF THE LION.

TEAS. TEAS.

NEW TEAS, of Prime Quality, 75 Chests, at low prices, WHOLESALE.

W. A. Weeks & Co.

Ch'town, Aug. 8, 1883.

WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.

TO LET—The Terrace House, on Cumberland Street, lately occupied by W. H. Stewart, Esq., and formerly owned by Mr. R. B. Heustis. Apply at the store of Davison & Co., corner Great George and Kent Streets. [aug 11 6i]

THE CREAMER that I manufacture with iron is the "Champion"—HENRY D. WADMAN, 55 Pownall St. [an 10]

WANTED—A GIRL, about eighteen years, to do general housework. One from country preferred. Apply to Mrs. Geo. Tweedy, Spring Park Road. [aug 8 1w wklly 2i]

TO LET—A house containing six rooms. Apply to James McLod, Spring Park Road. [an 4]

BOARDERS—A few boarders can be accommodated at Mrs. Rodd's, opposite Pickard's Bakery. [jly 31]

FOR SALE—Set of Tinsmith's Tools, also a lot Tinware, cheap. Apply to Mrs. Rodd, opposite Pickard's Bakery. [jly 31]

RARE OLD CHINA—A few specimens for sale. Apply Box 245, P. O., Ch'town. [aug 2 6i eod]

RARE BOOK—"Hogarth's Analysis of Beauty," for sale. Apply Box 245, P. O., Ch'town. [aug 2 6i eod]

TO LET—That Dwelling House containing twelve rooms, besides kitchen, on Upper Hillsborough Street, lately occupied by Capt. Michael Foley. Apply to Henry Blatch. [jy 30 eod 1f]

VINEGAR—Just received a supply of French Imperial Triple Vinegar, warranted of best quality. For sale at John Hobbs' Grocery Store. [aug 2 3w 1aw]

SITUATION WANTED—A young man of some experience wants a situation as Bookkeeper or Assistant in an office or store. Good references given. Apply at THE EXAMINER OFFICE. [jy 25 4f]

TO LET—A Dwelling House on the corner of Prince and Dorchester Streets, containing ten rooms and shop, also convenient out-buildings. Immediate possession granted. The premises are suitable for a Boarding House or store. For further particulars apply on the premises to MRS. COSTELLO. [July 25]