

# THE CAMPAIGN.

## GOVERNMENT'S RECORD.

"They promised to greatly reduce the public expenditure. They have largely increased it.

"In the strongest language they condemned a provincial debt. In five years they have added over a quarter of a million of dollars to our debt.

"They solemnly professed that they could manage our affairs without taxation. In three years they have taken from the people over one hundred and thirty-eight thousand dollars in taxes.

"They protested against the practice of borrowing money at the banks. There has scarcely been a year since they attained power, that the Province has not owed very large amounts to one or more of the banks.

"They pledged themselves not to impose taxation without consulting the people. No sooner was the promise made than it was faithlessly broken by the introduction and passage into law of four separate tax acts.

"They seriously engaged, in 1891, to devote about 15,000 dollars of the money to be raised by debentures to the repair of the Provincial building. This has not been done. The building has received no repairs.

"They loudly proclaimed, in opposition, that there was no necessity for a Commissioner of Public Lands. That official still exists, although they have been in power for over six years.

"They denounced, with one voice, Provincial deficits. There has not been a single year of their administration that there has not been a large deficit, - their deficits aggregate over \$255,000, and if the taxes they collected be added, the astounding result of over \$393,000 will be reached."

## PEOPLES' PARTY'S MOTTO: VICTORY WITH HONOR.

### Peoples' Party's Platform

"The Provincial executive will be reduced from nine to seven."

"No public money will be expended in excess of legislative appropriations, unless in case of unavoidable necessity, such as caused by flood or sudden disaster."

"Provision will be made for a quarterly publication of revenue and expenditure."

"The office of Commissioner of Public Lands will be abolished and the duties assigned to the Attorney General."

"The present ferry system will be reformed with a view to greater economy of expenditure without diminishing efficiency of accommodation."

"A reform in the administration of the Surrogate and Probate court will be effected."

"A radical change will be made in the administration of the Public Works department, so that the money now wasted can be saved to the Province."

"The present system of taxation will be so changed that it will operate with even-handed justice, and not bear oppressively and unfairly on any class of taxpayers."

"Economy will be practised in every department, and taxation will be kept down to the lowest possible limit."

"The efficiency of the Public Service will be maintained, and revenue and expenditure will be made to square as nearly as possible."

"No further increase of the public debt will be permitted."

"There will be considerable reductions in the expenditure of the public money, and the resources of the Province will be safeguarded and husbanded by every legitimate means that can be devised."

### Peoples' Party's Candidates.

QUEEN'S COUNTY.

CHARLOTTETOWN AND ROYALTY: - PATRICK BLAKE AND JAMES PATON.

FIRST DISTRICT: - D. B. McLEOD AND SAMUEL BEATON.

SECOND DISTRICT: - ALEXANDER HORNE AND RONALD McMILLAN.

THIRD DISTRICT: - PETER McCOURT AND THOMAS A. McLEAN.

FOURTH DISTRICT: - A. A. McLEAN AND HENRY WOOD.

### KING'S COUNTY.

GEORGETOWN AND ROYALTY: - HON. DANIEL GORDON AND HON. A. J. McDONALD.

FIRST DISTRICT: - JOHN McLEAN AND JOHN KICKHAM.

SECOND DISTRICT: - MORSON AND McISAAC.

THIRD DISTRICT: - JAMES E. McDONALD AND CYRUS SHAW.

FOURTH DISTRICT: - PROWSE AND McKINNON.

### PRINCE COUNTY.

SUMMERSIDE AND LOT 17: - GILBERT DESROCHES AND A. A. LEFURGEY.

THIRD DISTRICT: - J. A. McDONALD AND J. F. ARSENAULT.

## A Special Sale

in ladies Skirts and Waists. Magnificent collars, the latest styles and patterns, the king skirt. Also big bargains in Gentlemen's Wear of all kinds. Big bargains to-night. Call to see me before going elsewhere.

**P. GOODSTEIN.**  
New York Cheap Store

## ENNUI.

A wide, bare field 'neath blinding skies,  
Where no tree grows, no shadow lies,  
Where no wind stirs, where no bee flies.

A roadway, even, blank and white,  
That swerves not left, that swerves not right,  
That stretches, changeless, out of sight.

Footprints midway adown its dust,  
Two lagging, lenden feet that just  
Trail on and on because they must.  
—Grace Denio Litchfield in Century.

## STYLES IN PARLOR STOVES.

The Evolution of the Self Feeder—"High Art and Low Feed."

The modern American self feeding parlor stove, which also was originally made cylindrical in form, is now almost without exception made square. The self feeder commended itself at once upon its introduction and it soon came into wide use. Its utility was everywhere recognized. It was not then, however, so perfect in detail as it has since been made. The magazine was at first made larger than was really necessary, even for the purpose of such a stove. In a large size self feeder, standing pretty high generally, the opening into the magazine at the top, through which the coal was poured, was so high that it became quite a task to lift a scuttle of coal up to it. This was not so much noticed at the very outset, when people were more impressed by other features, but it speedily became a consideration of importance. It was said at the time that in feeding some of the stoves a stepladder was needed. It certainly did require a considerable degree of exertion.

The ornamentation of the stove at that time consisted of moldings and bands, and perhaps of wreaths in low relief, cast upon the upper part of the cylinder, looped around the top, and the stove was often surmounted with an ornamental urn. All this made a handsome stove, as stoves went, but it was felt that something better might be produced in the way of style and finish and that it was practically essential that something should be done to lower the feed. These two requisites to the highest development and greater success of the self feeding parlor stove were formulated in the phrase "high art and low feed" once familiar in the trade. The demands were promptly met.

To bring the feed lower, the whole stove was lowered wherever it could be done, a trifle being taken here and there, the grate was lowered a little, and the magazine was reduced in size where that could be done and still leave it of ample size to meet essential requirements. The effect of these changes was to bring the feed down to where it is today, within convenient reach, and the general lowering of the structure of the stove was in keeping also with the new outward shape that was adopted, square instead of round, the fire pot, however, remaining round.

At first in the ornamentation of stoves of the new design tiles were used freely and some of the parts of the stoves or their trimmings were nickel plated. Tiles are still used to a considerable extent. Nickel plating is now freely used than at first, and bronze is now used also. While the stoves are in outline and effect square it does not follow that they are flat sided. Some are recessed, some have swell sides. They are made in various modifications of shape and in a great variety of styles of finish as to ornamentation in tiles and nickel plating, and in a great variety of ornamental patterns reproduced in the castings themselves. Many of these stoves are tasteful as well as elaborate. "High art and low feed" are combined in them.—New York Sun.

## A DWARF IN BATTLE.

Casan Won Praise and Honor From the Great Genghis Khan.

From time to time Mrs. Mary Shears Roberts has contributed to St. Nicholas papers on "Historic Dwarfs." In one number she tells of Casan, a Tartar dwarf who took service under the great Mongolian khan. Mrs. Roberts thus describes his first appearance in battle:

Now, it so happened that Genghis, in order to subdue the deserters from his father's tribes, had dethroned several princes or khans. These petty chiefs had been in the habit of paying tribute to the great sovereign of the Kin empire in North China. This high and mighty potentate now demanded money from Genghis Khan, thereby rousing the ire of our Mongolian warrior, who announced that, rather than pay one cent for tribute he would fight the whole Chinese kingdom. Preparations for war were at once begun, and Casan was delighted when he received orders to join the army. At last his dream was realized. He was going to fight real battles, and he was in command of a body of troops. He bade adieu to his family and with a proud heart set out to meet his sovereign.

As a first step, Genghis Khan invaded western Hea, captured several strongholds and retired in the summer to a place called Lung Ting, in order to escape the great heat of the plains or steppes. While there news reached him that several other khans were preparing for war. He thereupon descended from the heights, marched against his foes and in a pitched battle on the river Irish he overthrew them completely. Casan attracted a great deal of notice on this occasion. He was here, there and everywhere. On his mettlesome charger he bounded into the thickest of the fight, hurling his lance with unerring aim and displaying great courage.

After the fray he was summoned to appear before the conqueror, who complimented the dwarf, saying: "Thy valor and thy courage have completely justified thy promises. From this day forth thou shalt be a khan. Thou shalt have command of a large body of troops and shalt hereafter be my companion in war."

## Black Diamond Line.



The S. S. "COBAN," sailing from Montreal Friday morning, July 9th, will be due at Ch'town, Monday morning July 12th, and will sail for St. John's Nfld., via North Sydney, C. B., carrying horses, cattle and sheep on deck and produce under deck at lowest possible rates.

For further particulars as to freight and passage, apply to

PEAKE BROS & CO.  
Ch'town, July 6, '97, 31 cod.

## GREAT SLAUGHTER PRICES

### On Readymade Clothing FOR JULY

500 Men's Tweed Suits, good all wool, regular price: \$8 suit for \$4, \$6 suit for \$3. 100 Boys' Suits at less than first cost.

Men's Pants, 75c, \$1 and \$1.50, worth double. See them.

Bargains in Underclothing. White and Colored Shirts.

## Boots & Shoes

Our prices will be found from 10 to 15 per cent. lower than any in town.

See our Women's Shoes, 65c. See our Men's solid leather laced Boots for 98c.

## J. B. Macdonald's Old Stand,

Opposite west end Market.

## COLLEGE FASHIONS.

When Judge Robert Grant Was a Freshman at Harvard.

With the beginning of the second term the freshmen were privileged to wear tall hats and carry canes. They always celebrated their emancipation on the first Saturday of the new term by going in force to the theater in all the splendor of their new possessions, and they were apt to show themselves on Beacon street, Boston, on the following Sunday. In regard to dress on weekdays I recall that among all the students a little round gray soft hat was very popular. The times were rather hard from 1870 to 1880, and many men went in for old clothes. Short pea jackets were in common use. Some of the arbiters of college fashion chose to wear silk hats with them when they wished to appear swell, thereby producing a somewhat mongrel effect. English clothes, or indeed a suit of new clothes, was so much an event that I recollect on the occasion when a member of the class of 1874 imported a suit of lively checks, his friends hung it outside the window of one of the buildings on exhibition.

The yard at that time, as very likely now, was often a lively center for amiable idleness. Besides tossing cents at a mark in front of Holworthy and dropping hot coppers out of the windows for the Cambridge urchins to pick up, I recall the slogan of "Heads out!" which brought every one to his window and from his books many times a week. No woman could cross the yard without hearing it, and events of much less import evoked it. Frequently we had the pleasure of listening to the Glee club, which was then a flourishing body whose repertoire included "Seeing Nellie Home" and "Dearest maiden, dance ever with me; can'st thou refuse me; can'st thou but choose me?" yet pandering to less noble emotions in "Shoo Fly" and the then popular

Ha-ha-ha, you and me,  
Little brown jug, how I love thee!  
—"Harvard College in the Seventies," by Judge Robert Grant, in Scribner's.

## ASK YOUR GROCER FOR Royal Oak Soap

the best laundry Soap on the market. One bar will do as much as two bars of ordinary imported Soap made from filthy material.

CH'TOWN SOAP WORKS

## Universal Satisfaction

The bass is powerful without harshness. The upper notes sweet clear and mellow. Prices range from \$200 to \$400. For sale at



## The Bell Piano

Has given to its purchasers universal satisfaction.

Pure, Rich and Melodious Tone

The bass is powerful without harshness. The upper notes sweet clear and mellow. Prices range from \$200 to \$400. For sale at

## Fletcher's Piano Warerooms

OPERA HOUSE BUILDING

## KOKANIE CREEK SHARES

NO FAKE

But legitimate mining. FOUR CLAIMS. One being on the famous Molly Gibson vein. Two above Enterprise, which sold \$300,000 cash, and another one half mile from Slocan River. High grade ore out cropping on three. Well defined ledges on all. Capital only \$250,000 in 25 cent shares. First issue for development 3 cents, non assessable. Next issue not less than 10 cents. Reliable management. Nothing less than 500 shares sold. Order through bank.

GEO. D. SCOTT Agent

42, Fort St. Victoria, B. C.

HAPPY ARE THEY WHO SMOKE OLD CHUM SMOKING TOBACCO 10¢ PKG.

## EYES

There are which cannot be benefited with glasses; but how many continue to suffer with eye troubles, who, if they would use spectacles properly fitted, would be entirely cured? Try us for satisfactory results.

G. F. HUTCHESON, Jeweler & Optician  
QUEEN STREET.

## Public Good Will

grows slowly; when secured, it is a treasure without price, to be carefully guarded and judiciously fostered; therefore we keep constant guard on goods and prices, and see to it that our ads are always in accordance with facts.

### ASK TO SEE

our high back cane seat and brace armchair for 75c.

## JOHN NEWSON

## Salute the Colors.

We make it comfortable for our patrons by selling them cheerful shoes. Ours are that kind. Saug, trim looking attractive shapes that are liked immensely as our sales show.

### Men's Lines of Colored Shoes for Summer wear

Our Ladies, Oxfords are marvels of beauty and good value. Misses' and Children's in all styles. Men's Bicycle Shoes, a complete assortment of all staple lines. Great variety. Low prices.

## Weeks & Warren

Sunnyside Shoe Store.

## SPECTACLES.

Over twenty-five years I have been in the Spectacle business and during that time have fitted hundreds and hundreds of persons. Some had put off getting glasses so long that they could not see a large 4 inch letter A without going within 2 or 3 feet of it, and might have gone blind if they had put off getting glasses much longer. Others have been fitted or rather misfitted, with wrong glasses by travellers, and charged a great deal more than they ought to have been. This year our traveller, Mr. C. H. White, intends calling on parties at their homes in the country, to test eyes and show samples of our goods. Should he call on you I bespeak for him your favorable consideration, and any order you may give him will be filled as soon as possible and guaranteed by me. Glasses can also be exchanged at the store, CAMERON BLOCK, City, if after a trial they do not prove as satisfactory as you wish.

## E. W. TAYLOR, City

## Can't Sleep, Why?

Because the nerves are weak and easily excited and the body is in a feverish and unhealthy condition. Nerves are fed and nourished by pure, rich blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla gives sweet, refreshing sleep because it purifies and enriches the blood and builds up the system.

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. cures nausea, indigestion, biliousness. 25 cents.

Hood's Pills

THIS IS THE LABEL That proves you've bought the best thread sold in the market.

## CLAPPERTON'S THREAD

is strong, even, and does not snarl. It is sold at same price as other kinds that do not give as much satisfaction.