

The Examiner.

VOL. 1. W. L. COTTON, Editor & Manager. THURSDAY MORNING - - - NOVEMBER 22, 1877. NO. 163

A. McNEILL,
Auctioneer and Commission Merchant
NO. 1 QUEEN STREET,
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND

AUCTION SALES, of all descriptions, attended to in city and country at moderate rates.
May 21, 1877.

ROYAL HOTEL,
King Square, Saint John.

I HAVE much pleasure in informing my numerous friends and the public generally, that have leased the Hotel formerly known as the CONTINENTAL, and thoroughly renovated the same, making it, as the ROYAL always had the reputation of being, one of the best Hotels in the Province.
Excellent Bill of Fare, First-class Wines, Liquors and Cigars, and superior accommodation.
Blackhall's Livery Stable attached.
THOS. F. RAYMOND.
July 3, 1877—6m

QUEEN INSURANCE CO.
OF ENGLAND.

Capital -- Two Millions Sterling.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise, and Produce. Also, on Vessels on the stocks.

Special rates for isolated residences.
Losses settled promptly.

GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank),
Agent for Prince Edward Island
June

H. VINNICOMBE,
PIANO FORTE REGULATOR

ALL parties leaving their orders for Tuning at Bremner Bros. will receive the best attention.
All who have Pianos in Charlottetown would do well to have them tuned by the year, keeping their instruments in perfect order all the time.
A visit once a year at least will be made to all parts of the Island, or often if required
Ch'town, July 18, 1877.

American & Foreign Patents.
Gilmore, Smith & Co., Successors to Chipman, Hosmer & Co.

PATENTS procured in all countries. No fees in advance. No charge for services until the patent is granted. Preliminary examinations free. Our valuable pamphlet sent free upon receipt of stamp.

Address, GILMORE, SMITH & CO.,
Washington, D. C.

ARREARS OF PAY, BOUNTY, ETC.
FEDERAL Officers, Soldiers and Sailors of the late war, or their heirs, are in many cases entitled to money from the Government, which has been found to be due since final payment. Write full history of service and state amount of pay and bounty received.
Certificates of Adjutant General U. S. A. showing service and honorable discharge therefrom, in place of discharge lost, procured for a small fee.
Enclose stamp to Gilmore & Co., and full reply, with blanks, will be sent free.

PENSIONS. PENSIONS.
ALL Federal Officers, Soldiers and Sailors, wounded, ruptured, or injured, in the line of duty in the late war, and disabled thereby, can obtain a pension.
Widows, and minor children of Officers, Soldiers and Sailors, who have died since discharge of disease contracted or wounds and injuries received in the service and in the line of duty, can procure pensions by addressing Gilmore & Co.
Increased rates for pensioners obtained.
Bounty Land Warrants procured for service in wars prior to March 3, 1855. There are no warrants granted for service in the late rebellion.
Send stamp to Gilmore & Co., Washington D. C., full instructions.
July 24 1877.

VIOLIN CLASS.

MR. VINNICOMBE has opened a Violin Class over Mr. Fletcher's Music Store. Ages of pupils preferred—from Eleven to Fifteen years.
TERMS—\$10 a quarter, half in advance. Twenty-four Lessons a quarter; each Lesson one hour's duration.
Orders for TUNING may be left at the Music Store.
October 13, '77.

Prince Edward Island STEAMERS.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Nova Scotia.
Leave Charlottetown for Pictou every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, & SATURDAY mornings, at 5 o'clock, connecting there at 10 a. m., with train for Halifax. Fare to Halifax, \$4.10. Picnic Parties of Twenty and upwards can obtain Return Tickets at Charlottetown Office to Pictou and back same day \$1.00 each.

Returning to Charlottetown.
Leave Pictou every TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, about 2.30 p.m. on arrival of evening train from Halifax.

CAPE BRETON.
Leave Pictou for Hawkesbury every MONDAY and THURSDAY, on arrival of morning train from Halifax, connecting both ways with stage and Steamer "Neptune," to and from Sydney and Bras d'Or Lake.

Returning to Pictou same nights, connecting with 10 a. m. Train TUESDAY and FRIDAY for Halifax.

New Brunswick, Canada and United States.

Leaves SUMMERSIDE every day (Sunday excepted) on arrival of morning train from Charlottetown, connecting at SHEDDIAK with trains for each of above named places, and at St. John with Steamers of INTERNATIONAL CO. for PORTLAND and BOSTON. Also, leave Charlottetown for Summerside every Monday morning, about 3 o'clock.

Returning, leaves SHEDDIAK every day (Sundays excepted) on arrival of day train from St. JOHN, for Summerside; connect there, without delay, with train for Charlottetown. Also, leaves Summerside for Charlottetown every Saturday evening, about 6 o'clock.

Agents: ALMON & MACINTOSH, Halifax; NOONAN & DAVIES, Pictou; A GRANT & CO. Hawkesbury; HANFORD BROS., St. John.

F. W. HALES

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO BOSTON.

Steamers Carroll and Worcester

BOTH Steamers are fitted with new Boilers, and their Passenger accommodation arranged for every convenience and comfort, and fitted up in elegant style.

FREIGHT carried at moderate rates and as low as by any other route.

EGGS in boxes and barrels handled with the greatest care.

SAVING TIME, only one business day used in reaching Boston, by leaving here Saturday Morning and catching steamer at Halifax, and arriving at Boston Monday morning.

LEAVE CHARLOTTETOWN
Every Thursday,
punctually at 5 p. m.

LEAVE BOSTON
Every Saturday,
punctually at noon.

CARVELL BROS., Agent.
Ch'town, June 7, 1877

Parks' Cotton Yarns.

AWARDED the only Medal, given for COTTON YARNS of Canadian Manufacture at the

CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION.

Nos. 5's to 10's.

White, Blue, Red, Orange, and Green

Warranted full length and weight.
Stronger and better than any other Yarn in the market.

Cotton Carpet Warp.

No. 12's 4 PLY IN ALL COLORS.

Warranted First.

WM. PARKS & SON

Excursion Tickets TO BOSTON AND RETURN

PER STEAMERS CARROLL & WORCESTER,
For \$15.00.
CARVELL BROS

SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES!

The Perfection of Mechanism. So Light and Simple that a Child can Work them. So Durable that they last A Lifetime. Eight Thousand Machines now Manufactured every Week. To be had only from the Authorized Agent,
Robert Young,
South Side Queen Square.
Ch'town, Sept. 13, 1877.

STADACONA
Fire and Life Insurance Company.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Board of Directors of this Company have made a further call of

Four instalments, of Five per Cent. each.

on the Subscribed Capital of the Company, payable at its Office, No. 93 St. Peter Street, Quebec, as follows:—

Five per Cent. on or before the Tenth day of August, 1877.

Five per Cent. on or before the Tenth day of November, 1877.

Five per Cent. on or before the Eleventh day of February, 1878.

Five per Cent. on or before the Eleventh day of May, 1878.

By order of the Board,
CRAWFORD LINDSAY,
Secretary
1877

DR. WILLIAM GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

The Great English Remedy is an unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhoea, Impotency, and all diseases that follow as a consequence of Self-Abuse; as Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave. Price, \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5, by mail free of postage. Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. Address WM. GRAY & CO., Windsor, Ontario, Canada.

Sold in Charlottetown by W. R. Watson, P. Fraser, C. D. Rankin, Dr. Dodd, and a Apothecaries' Hall, and by all druggists anywhere

ROBERT YOUNG
HAS JUST RECEIVED,
Per S. S. Prince Edward,

A MAGNIFICENT ASSORTMENT

NEW GOODS,

Which he is offering at
EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES
October 1, 1877.

125 CHESTS } **TEA.**
65 Hf. do. }
45 Qr. do. }

Strong. Fine Flavor.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

BEER & SONS

NEWFOUNDLAND PORT WINE

JUST RECEIVED.

From St. Johns, per Brig "Fleetwood," a supply of this Fine Old Wine, which will be sold at our usual MODERATE PRICES.

MACEACHERN & CO.
Oct. 24—

Music, Drawing, & French CONVERSATION CLASSES.

A YOUNG LADY, desirous of giving instruction in the above named branches of education, will be prepared to receive pupils at any time after this date. For particulars, apply at this Office.
Ch'town, Nov. 20—31 eod

HOW PURISTS OBSERVE THE LAW.

[From the Montreal Gazette.]

We referred a day or two ago to the case now before the courts in Nova Scotia arising out of the election in Victoria when Mr. Ross, late Minister of Militia, went back to his constituents. The statement of the men who are sued for \$32 and \$42 respectively, it will be remembered, was that these sums were given to them as bribes to induce them to use their influence and vote for Mr. Ross. They stated that they were referred to an officer of the Government with whom money, sent from Canada, as the Province of Ontario and Quebec are called in Nova Scotia, for the purpose of carrying the election had been deposited, and from whom they obtained the money. The discussion of the subject has brought Mr. Ross out in a letter in reply to the affidavits of Messrs. McLennan and Morrison, and with a simplicity which is perfectly charming he let the public into the secret of the way in which Grit Ministers win elections. He mentions that there were a number of electors who were supposed to be under the influence of Mr. Campbell, his opponent, owing to the fact that they were indebted to him; and groaning over the misfortunes of these poor fellows, he thus describes what he did—

"It was represented to me that several of my friends would be likely to be injured by my being indebted to Mr. Campbell and that they would be persecuted and prosecuted by their voting openly for me. I placed with my committee a certain amount of money to relieve honest, worthy men, and to prevent their properties being sacrificed, and, at the proper time, it will appear whether two weak-minded men have been induced to repudiate an honest and just debt."

Could anything be more touching than this solicitude on the part of the Minister of Militia for the poor electors of Victoria? We know these Grits spend money freely in buying votes at elections; the records of the Courts have shown that. But it is not often that they play the fool as well as kneave with such charming unctious as characterizes this letter of the late Minister of Militia. Victoria is a remarkable County, and has a remarkable history in election matters. At the more recent contest the Government arranged matters in such a way that a brother of the simple-minded William Ross could save his soul and his bacon at the same time. He was the strongest man in the Grit ranks, the only man having the slightest chance of holding the constituency; but then he was a public contractor, and as such ineligible as a candidate. The story of the present Minister of Militia's visit to him was told during the last session of Parliament. But the correspondence is more charming than was the verbal recital by Mr. Vail. Mr. Ross, the contractor, addressed the following letter to the Minister of Public Works:

INGONISH, 1st Sept., 1876.
HON. ALEX. MACKENZIE,
Minister of Public Works,
Ottawa.

I hereby beg to tender you my resignation in the South Bay, Ingonish, County of Victoria, contract, having made an assignment of all my right, title and interest in the same to James McKay, Esq., my former partner.

Please accept my resignation by telegraph if you think it necessary to do so.

Yours respectfully,
JOHN ROSS.

What could be more confiding than this? It is evident that the italicised portion of this letter was not intended as a part of the official document; but the Ross family, as we have seen, have a peculiar way of putting their foot in it. Why should Mr. Mackenzie be left to judge whether it was necessary or not to accept the resignation? Why, but that it was part of a conspiracy by which Mr. John Ross was to run as a candidate without affecting his position as a contractor in the event of his being defeated. These words had no relation to the legal sufficiency of the resignation, as a matter of departmental practice, but were simply the suggestion that, if the Premier thought it would be safer to accept by telegraph, in view of the independence of the Parliament Act, he might do so. The election came on and Mr. Ross was defeated, and with a haste which will be admitted to have been almost indecent, he wrote the following letter:—

INGONISH, October 14th, 1876

SIR,— As the department did not relieve me of my interest in the South Bay, Ingonish contract before the election in this county, I will not take further steps in the matter, but will carry on the work as heretofore, under the name of Ross & McKay.

I am,
Your obed't servant,
(Signed) JOHN ROSS.

F. BRAUN,
Secy Public Works, Ottawa.
And he immediately received the following reply:—

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS,
OTTAWA, Oct. 21st, 1876.

SIR,— I beg to acknowledge receipt of your communication withdrawing your application to be relieved from responsibility as one of the firm of Ross & McKay, contractors for the South Bay, Ingonish works.

(Signed) F. BRAUN,
Secretary

WORDS OF THE WISE AND GOOD.

ORIENT PEARLS AT RANDOM STRUNG.

"Come along John, come and put down bribery and corruption; we've lots of money."—J. Maliver.

"To missionary expenses—\$11,000."—S. Neelon.

"When I treat, I always treat to raspberry syrup."—J. G. Currie.

"We must make a big push on polling day. Will you be one to come down handsomely?"—G. Brown.

"The Maritime members are a set of d—d s—ndrels."—J. Simpson.

"I spent \$5,000 of my own money to elect Mr. Blake."—J. P. Lovekin.

"My expenses in the elections were probably \$28,000."—H. B. Cook.

"\$28,000, I think."—Major Walker.

"\$24,000, I believe."—M. C. Cameron (Huron).

"When I go into an election, I go in to win, and don't care a d—d what it costs."—Brown, Workman's Chairman.

"I mesmerized them in batches of fifteen and sixteen, and turned a hundred that night at Glen's."—I. Simpson.

THE FALL OF KARS.

The fall of Kars is another great blow to the Turkish power; another great triumph and aid to the Russians. Fortified carefully, and well organized, it made a stubborn defence, but when Mukhtar Pasha was so badly beaten in the field the doom of Kars was sealed. Now the army so long engaged in the siege of Kars will join the army before Erzerum, using as much as is required of the stores of Turkish materials which have fallen into their hands, and Erzerum, already hard pressed, must soon fall. Then the Russian power and authority will be established, perhaps permanently, in all that part of Asia Minor, for Batoum and the other fortresses on the sea cannot offer them very serious resistance, nor is it at all probable that Turkey can send another large army in that direction when she is so hard pressed on the line of the Balkans. Plevna is now completely a camp and about it and must soon fall unless a great Turkish force break the Russian lines and force them to raise the siege, a thing not at all probable. It is reported that the Turks are making great preparations for such a movement, but there is no reason to believe that their preparations are sufficiently extensive or speedy, and whatever is done must be done quickly to be of any avail. It is said that Ghazi Osman had held out in Plevna until the beginning of December. This is improbable, but if it were true for this prolongation of the defence will afford the Turkish Empire but a brief respite. When Plevna has been taken and the large force defending it has been gobbled up, and the hundred and twenty or fifty thousand Russians now invested it have been set free to co-operate with the Russian army on the Lom, or to advance towards Adrianople, overcoming such lesser obstacles as will stand in the way, the end cannot be very far off, unless some of the European powers interfere to prevent the absorption of Turkey in Europe, as well as that large part of Asia Minor by the insatiable Russia. We are told once more that Austria is very uneasy, and that she cannot remain neutral much longer, but Austria will not attempt to stay the progress of Russia. Germany is evidently becoming reckless, although no one knows exactly what she means, and it is again whispered that England must interfere. While it seemed possible that Turkey, standing alone, could repel the invasion and maintain her independence, there was a great feeling of confidence and sense of security in many places when the recent Russian successes and Turkish disasters cause no little uneasiness. If the Turk is to be saved at all something must be done soon. A few more efforts to place armies in the way and so block the Russian march to Constantinople, must completely exhaust whatever strength remains to the gallant Moslem.

Certainly nothing could be better than this. It is a fine illustration of how these Grits carry their principles into practice. William Ross, placing some money in the hands of his committee to relieve worthy honest men during the election, and John Ross conspiring with the Grit Minister to hold a contract while pretending to release it, in order that he might, without risk to his interests as a contractor, run an election, present as fine a picture as could be desired.

A FINE CONTRIVANCE OF AN HEIRESS— A curious method of erasing a will is reported from Warsaw. A girl of 22 was left a fortune on condition of marrying. Her relatives pressed an unwelcome suitor upon her, hoping to share the money with him if he should be accepted, and with the prospect of getting the whole if he was refused. The lady, instead of giving way to despair, made a bargain with an elderly mendicant of 82, who, for a stated sum, consented to become her husband as a matter of form and to disappear afterwards. The arrangement was carried out, all the beggars of the town attending the ceremony. The property was duly transferred to the bride, and she started forth with alone upon a tour of the Continent.

Alexander May, 24 years old, living in Toronto, was scolded by upsetting a cup of tea over his face and neck on Thursday, and died next day.