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CHARLOTTETOWN, CANADA FRIDAY, JUNE 23, 1922

By Mail, Canada, 25 Cts. U. S. A., 35 Cts.
Annual Subscription, Delivered 50 Cts.

Field Marshal Wilson Assassinated in London

Victim of Irish Republican Plot. The Two Assassins Captured After Three Policemen and a Civilian Were Wounded.

(Special to The Guardian.)
LONDON, June 22.—Field Marshal Sir Henry Hughes Wilson, former Chief of the Imperial Staff, member of the British Parliament for North Down and Military Advisor to the Ulster government, was assassinated outside his house in Eaton Square this afternoon.
Sir Henry was just stepping out of his automobile when he was confronted by two men who opened fire on him with revolvers. The Field Marshal fell mortally wounded with several shots in his body and died in a few minutes. The two assassins were captured after a short chase, in which three policemen and a civilian were wounded. The arrested men, the Central News states, gave the names of James O'Brien, age 24, no occupation, no address and James Conolly, aged 24, no occupation, no address. Scotland Yard announced that one of the assassins declared they were soldiers. They refused to designate their regiment. One of the murderers carried a letter revealing the fact that he was a member of the Irish Republican Army.

(BELFAST, June 22.—The news of the assassination of Field Marshal Wilson created a sensation in Belfast, where it is feared it will provoke reprisals. The Sinn Féin are popularly blamed for it.
LONDON, June 22.—One of the policemen named Marsh, wounded in the running gun fight following the shooting, died later in the hospital. Police combed the Eaton Square district this evening in the hope of finding four men believed to have been accomplices of O'Brien and Conolly.
After shooting Sir Henry the two assassins ran through the streets, pursued by police who continually guard Eaton Square, where many of the most prominent men in England have their London homes.
Many shots were fired after the men down the narrow streets through which they fled past the London homes of titled personages and Cabinet Ministers.
The murderers turned and fired at their pursuers, keeping up a

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POSITION WANTED BY YOUNG lady in store. Write "B" to Guardian.

EXPERIENCED LADY BOOK-keeper wanted. Apply Guardian office.

A GENERAL PURPOSE MARE, 6 years old. Apply 69 Dorchester St.

WANTED—JULY 1ST, MAID for general housework. Apply 17 Pleasant St., Phone 435-J.

YOUNG MAN IS WILLING to assist on farm during summer months. Apply Box 431, City.

WANTED—TEACHER for Margaret school, Supplement \$1.50, mid summer vacation. C. C. Baker, Secy.

TEACHER WANTED for Pleasant Grove School. Second class, Supplement \$75.00 W. E. Hardy, Secy.

FOR SALE NEW BOAT, suitable for Lobster or cod fishing. Equipped with 5 Emperian Engine. Apply to H. L. Arnold, Bristol.

WANTED TO RENT THREE OR four rooms suitable for light housekeeping, centrally located. Reply M. in care of Guardian.

WANTED TEACHER for Greenvale School. Supplement \$100 for either first or second class. Apply to Gordon Brown or Edwin Carew, Hunter River.

Michael Collins Leads the Poll In Cork County

(Special to The Guardian.)
DUBLIN, June 22.—Cork County is the only district from which the election returns have not been announced, and these are not expected to be completed before midnight. Enough is known, however, to show that Michael Collins leads the poll with about three times the votes necessary to win. Labor candidates are expected to win two seats, displacing treaty opponents.

Pussyfoot Johnson Still Hopeful for Dry England

(Special to The Guardian.)
NEW YORK, June 22.—"I'd give my other eye to make England dry. It would be worth it." Pussyfoot Johnson, rum's arch enemy made this assertion today in an interview with the United Press as he sailed on the Cunarder Scythia. When informed London was awaiting his arrival and planned to greet him with stones, overgrown tomatoes and aged eggs, the prohibitionist bellowed: "Say, that's great, let 'em come. I can fight. And tell them England will be dry by 1935 if not sooner. She's bound to go dry. She can't help it. Economic pressure will be brought to bear and the nation will have to jump into position on the dry proposition. It will be necessary for England to go dry in order to continue world trade.
Since this country went dry our foreign business has increased three fold, while England's trade has slumped. That proves that England, if she continues wet, will be unable to compete with dry America. She will have to follow suit or disappear from the foreign trade horizon. Many of the British Colonies will be dry shortly and I feel sure the Mother Country will soon realize the folly of crying, 'wet, let's remain wet.' Johnson is not going to London to preach prohibition but to attend to business, he said. He will sail for New Zealand on July 20 to engage in a whirlwind campaign to make that province dry.
Johnson's parting message was one of congratulations and he announced he was more than pleased with the manner in which the United States was drying up. "Of course the United States will never be in the sense that there will be no liquor. No nation will be dry in that sense. There are laws against murders, but still we have them. No law was ever 100 per cent obeyed."

Lady Tennis Player Disappoints Fans

(Special to The Guardian.)
LONDON, June 22.—Miss Suzanne Lenglen, European tennis champion, arrived in London today and stepped right into the spotlight.
The French girl, however, threw disappointment into tennis circles, which had taken her arrival as meaning her decision to play in the British championships next week, by saying that she had not made up her mind.

P.E.I. Tuxis Boys Preparing for Camp

The P. E. I. Tuxis Boys are beginning to look forward to camping activities and it is expected that about forty boys will go into camp July 8th to July 18th this year at North Bedouque, on the farm of Mr. Robert Baker where a beautiful site on the Dun River with ideal campus, good drainage and splendid salt water bathing facilities has been secured. Mr. G. H. Gorbell, Y.M.C.A. secretary will be in charge. Other "Y" men present will be Mr. H. H. Simpson of Summerside and Messrs. A. M. Grege, H. S. E. Stroth, and Walter C. Macnam. The Charlottetown boys will leave for camp by motor car. A good programme is being arranged and among the sports it is hoped to set up a shoot-the-shoots.

Cheers for Sir James

The uncrating of the handsome monument to the Scottish Catholic settlers at Scotchfort on Wednesday last, referred to elsewhere in The Guardian, received very warm expressions of approval and a cable gratefully despatched to Sir James Taggart, Scotland, in whose work shop the monument was built. Sir James also received three hearty cheers.

SUPREME COURT AT SUMMERSIDE

The case of R. J. McNeill vs. the Pioneer Fur Company, action for breach of warranty on sale of foxes, which began on Tuesday was concluded yesterday. The Plaintiff sued for \$1600 and the case was tried before His Honor Judge Arsenault and a jury. Verdict for defendant, Saunders, K. C. for Plaintiff, Heath Strong and Stewart K. C. for Defendant.
The case of Ellis vs. Bernard, action for Crim. Con., was postponed till the November term. Saunders K. C. for Plaintiff, Matthews and Stewart K. C. for Defendant.

Problems Facing Canada In Social Service Work

Striking Address by Miss Charlotte E. Whitton at St. Paul's Parish Hall Last Night.

In the course of a striking and brilliant address last night in St. Paul's Parish Hall, Miss Charlotte E. Whitton, of the Social Service Council of Canada, outlined some of the after-war problems facing the Dominion and particularly along the lines of child welfare, public health and public morality. Her Honor Lieutenant Governor MacKinnon, presiding at the meeting, which was well attended despite the inclement weather. The position of Canada and the other countries which took part in the late war, either as enemies or allies, is much like those who in the days of the crucifixion stood upon Golgotha, said Miss Whitton in her introductory remarks. The words of Christ to his mother, calling her attention away from the tragedy before her eyes to John, is significant as a message to the world today, not to dwell alone upon the glory of those who have gone, but to dedicate ourselves to the service of those who remain, and to the task that is made ten fold more complicated by the war.
"War, by its very nature, saps the very young and the very old. The ones who are gone from the life of the nation are those who today would be just reaching the highest peak in possibilities of service to the country. This great middle group formed a link of understanding between the very young and the very old, and the whole national spirit of the country must necessarily suffer from the untimely decrease in this group, caused by the casualties of the war. It devolves upon those who remain to strive after a fuller spirit of understanding and tolerance and to seek the best way out of the present day problems. There is no more productive and remunerative field of patriotic service than in the welfare of the young life, which is growing up around us. Child welfare is indeed the great problem, because no phase of this subject can be touched without reaching every point of national life.
The two points emphasized by the speaker in regard to child welfare were public health and public morality. Public health involves the child's right to life, and touches among other things industrial problems, housing schemes, food problems, transportation and distribution. Phases of the work of the Social Service Council along this line are social hygiene, the fight against tuberculosis and cancer, mental hygiene and proper child mental defects. The question of public morality was one of very wide importance and touched such questions as prohibition, censorship of moving pictures, etc.
Upon these subjects Miss Whitton dwelt at length quoting facts and figures and speaking for upwards of an hour and a half with wonderful fluency and earnestness. The first thing in mental hygiene work is the knowledge of conditions as they actually exist. To the attainment of this end six provinces have had surveys made by the mental hygiene committee and this committee stands ready to make a similar survey of the conditions in this province if invited to do so. It can do it at cost of about \$2,000 or \$4,000, but it is willing to undertake the work in this province gratuitously and is prepared to send here expert workers who will report the results of their survey to the executive council. The local government will not be bound to take

any action but the information will be available if it is seen fit to make the facts public. The importance of proper care and segregation of mental defectives was gone into very comprehensively by the speaker. Today Canada seems rather more willing to support mental defectives directly by where, as certain classes of them constantly caring for them in work houses, jails and reformatories, and unmarried mothers, homes, where, as certain classes of them are incurable, they return again and again, than by segregating them under proper and humane care. Social Service workers come up against this problem very often in the larger Canadian cities.
The department of a board of health as a necessity for mental hygiene work was emphasized, as also the responsibility which rested upon citizens and governments of subsidizing the health work of the Red Cross in the public schools, or else to assume charge of this work.
Speaking on the prohibition question Miss Whitton declared that all authentic government records, and even business reports, police records, etc. show a big decrease in drunkenness under prohibition law. Prohibition legislation, however, has not been given a fair chance because of leakage in the act which permits the importation of liquor for export. An amendment to the Federal Act, however, has now passed through the House of Commons, and when passed by the Senate will do away with this. It is the desire of the province to have real prohibition. Prohibition does not affect the legislation against skills and home brew, because these are looked after by Customs regulations.
In conclusion Miss Whitton said that the Social Service Council while it was antagonistic to certain things known to be an evil to the community, nevertheless depended more upon the development within the community of those things which make possible the high ideals of life. It believed in short, in the power of goodness to expel evil.
At the conclusion of the address a very hearty vote of thanks, moved by Judge Hazard, seconded by Rev. Mr. Raymond and supported by Mr. Ayers, Mr. Bentley K. C., food problems, transportation and distribution. Phases of the work of the Social Service Council along this line are social hygiene, the fight against tuberculosis and cancer, mental hygiene and proper child mental defects. The question of public morality was one of very wide importance and touched such questions as prohibition, censorship of moving pictures, etc.
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B. C. Dissatisfied With Proposed Cut In Railway Rates

(Special to The Guardian.)
VICTORIA, June 22.—Decision of the Select Committee of the House of Commons re transportation does not please British Columbia. "It looks as if the plea of this province for the removal of discriminatory freight rates had fallen on 'dead ears,'" Premier Oliver said yesterday.
LONDON, June 22.—Statistics for the month of May, published by the labor ministry, show that the cost of living was eighty per cent above that of July 1914. In April of this year, it was eighty one per cent above the 1914 figures.
The cost of living in Paris, according to a Renter cable on June 15, was 217 per cent higher than at the outbreak of the war.

25 Divorces In 25 Minutes

(Special to The Guardian.)
OTTAWA, June 22.—Twenty-five divorce bills went through the Private Bills Committee of the House this morning in twenty-five minutes.

COST OF LIVING IS STILL HIGHER IN EUROPE

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ALLIANCE STOPS FUN ON SUNDAY

HAMILTON, June 22.—Sunday on Hamilton Beach has been wide open in the past. The Lord's Day Alliance has made a protest and the stores and amusement places have been notified that they must close, starting next Sunday.

Montreal Makes Record Wheat Shipment

(Special to The Guardian.)
MONTREAL, QUE., June 22.—Three and a half million bushels of grain will be carried from Montreal to Europe next week when a fleet of ten ships, some of which have already arrived in port, will have been loaded to capacity with Canadian grain, which is at present lying in Montreal.

This will constitute a red letter week for the harbor and for local grain brokers, who see in this movement the beginning of what may be the busiest and most successful year in the history of the port.
Many grain brokers are inclined to think that this is only the beginning of better business. No large grain orders have been placed by any of the European buyers, either here or in New York, during the last few weeks. This is an indication that the European demand is beginning to turn to this country, instead of to South America, as for some weeks past.
With the removal of this three and a half million bushels there will be about three million bushels left in the local elevators. There is an additional two million bushels consigned to Montreal from lake ports. Some of this is at present at anchor in the harbor, and some is en route from Port Colborne.

H.M.S. Raleigh Expected Here Today

The following list of officers of H. M. S. Raleigh, is taken from the Royal Navy Register, 1922:—
Vice-Admiral: Sir William C. Pakenham, K. C. B., K. C. M. G., K. C. V. O., Commander in Chief, North America and West Indies Station.
Personal Staff:
Secretary: Paym. Com. Cecil A. Ward, C. M. G.
Flag Lieut. L. C. A. St. J. Curzon-Howe.
Staff:
Captain: Arthur Bronley, C. M. G., Flag Captain and Chief of Staff.
Secy. to C. O. S.: Paym. Lieut. Edgar Haslehurst.
Commander: Henry E. H. Spencer-Cooper, M. V. O.
Lieut. Commander: Stewart D. Speier.
Major R. M. L. J. Walter Sinclair, O. B. E.
Captain, R. M. L. I.: Francis R. Jones.
Lieut. R. M. L. I.: Ernest C. L. Bearcroft.
Paym. Lieut. Com. Frederick J. Good.
Wt. Eng.: Reginald H. Rowe.
Clerks to Secretary:
Paym. Lieut. William W. H. Wynn.
Paym. Lieut. Felix R. Porter.
Commander Ronald M. Fraser, D. S. O.
Commander Leslie C. Bott, O. B. E.
Lieut. Com. Massey Goodlen, D. S. C.
Lieut. Com. Edward W. H. Blake.
Lieutenant Stephen F. Gaisford, St. Lawrence.
Lieutenant Denys P. O'Callaghan.
Lieutenant Ralph W. K. Twinn.
Lieutenant Humphrey G. Hooper.
Lieutenant Mortimer H. M. Durand.
Lieutenant Rupert C. O. Hill.
Lieutenant David Orr-Ewing.
Lieutenant John A. Grindie.
Eng. Com. John Wisdom.
Eng. Lieut. Harry E. Le Poidevin.
Lieut. R. M. L. I. Richard, W. Spaggett.
Major R. M. L. Chas McJerrah, D. S. O.
Chaplain, Rev. Guy H. Harcourt.
Surgeon-Com. William W. Keir, C. M. G.
Paym. Com. Ernest W. S. Pel-
lowe.
Surge. Lieut. Com. Herbert A. B. Hall.
Paym. Sub-Lieut. Eustace M. E. Gred.
Capt. Gunner, John P. Baker.
Gunner Arthur Fryer.
Gunner Albert Bailey.
Gunner George A. Mitchell.
Gunner James H. Nash.
Gunner Charles W. Asquith.
Boatswain, Henry W. Long.
Wt. Eng. Alan Park.
Wt. Eng. Sydney H. McNeale.
Wt. Eng. Frederick G. Day.
Wt. Mech. William Rogers.
Wt. Elect. William J. Archer.
Scroolmaster, David Adams.
Midshipman, Christopher F. Ridge.
Robert G. Todhunter.
William E. Halsey.
Herbert Longrove.
Stephen H. Carhill.
Peter C. Hutton.
George E. Jones.
Ian M. Martineau.
Langton Cowland.
Geoffrey Gowland.
Richard P. Garnett.
John W. Forrest.
William H. Wood.
Joseph C. Gabbett.

British Government Sustains Second Defeat

Talk of a General Election but it is Generally Believed Lloyd George Will Weather the Storm.

(Special to The Guardian.)
LONDON, June 22.—The Lloyd George Government was defeated in the Grand Committee of the House of Commons today. The committee adopted an amendment to the National Health Insurance bill, which the government had opposed. The vote was 20 to 14.
The house adjourned immediately following an announcement of this defeat, to permit the government to consider its position.
Immediately the lobbies of parliament seethed with talk of a general election. The defeat of the government in the House of Lords yesterday, when the Palestine mandate policy was rejected 60 to 29 despite the Earl of Balfour's maiden speech, followed so closely by today's defeat gave the government's opponents something definite on which to base their talk of resignation.
The government was recently defeated in the House on a minor question relating to teachers salaries, but the ministry ignored the incident because whips had not been put on and only a small house was present.
Lloyd George's political enemies, embittered by successes scored by the Premier in typical Lloyd George fashion, since his return from Genoa, feel that now is the time they can most embarrass him by forcing the issue.
With British delegates at the Hague, carrying on the Premier's Genoa policies, resignation of the ministry, probably would mean collapse of the entire project of reconciliation, with Russia.
Lloyd George's one big international project would be swept away.
The "Die Harde," who hate the premier because of his stand on Ireland, and the Labor members of Parliament who are bitter because 900,000 workers in engineering trades were forced to capitulate and accept the employer's terms, following a lockout may unite against Lloyd George, when the question upon which the Government met defeat in committee, comes before the House.
The government has two courses open to pocket its pride, introduce the bill, providing for National Health Insurance, with amendment forced upon it, and say nothing, or revamp the whole measure, submit it to the House of Commons and demand a vote of confidence on the issue.
The latter course is fraught with considerable danger, although a combination of the Conservative majority of "dead votes" in the House and Lloyd George's persua-

Enjoyable Recital By Pupils of School of Music

A very interesting recital, under the auspices of the Charlottetown School of Music, was held last evening in Hertz Memorial Hall. The chair was occupied by Mr. George S. Inman, K. C., one of the Trustees of the school, and a fairly large and exceedingly appreciative audience was present.
Following was the programme:—
PART I.
Piano "Cathedral Echoes," Miss Mildred Warren.
Song, "If you were here," Miss Mabel Richards.
Song, "Old Friend of Mine," Miss Edith Stodart.
Piano, "Meditation," Miss Edith Thomson.
Song, "All Joy be Thine," Miss Jennie Sutherland.
Song, "A Farewell," Miss Doris Tait.
Piano, "Intermezzo," Miss Amy Stewart.
Song, "The Great Red Dawn," Miss Ella Seaman.
Song, "Unlilt," Miss Pearl Johnson.
Song, "Little Irish Girl," Miss Della Walsh.
Piano, "Danse Caprice," Miss Marjorie Stewart.
Song, "Go Little Song," Miss Martha Wright.
Song, "In the Garden of your Heart," Miss Miriam Ayers.
Piano, "Song of the Waves," Miss Nan Shaw.
Song, "Rose of My Heart," Miss Maurie Rearden.
Song, "You'd better ask Me," Miss Ethel Heaney.
Piano, "Barcarolle," Miss Thelma Burne.
National Anthem.
Prof. Fletcher, who is the capable director of the school, will hold another concert of the pupils on Monday night next, in Hertz Memorial Hall.

Women Missionaries Terribly Maltreated By Chinese Fanatics

(Special to The Guardian.)
SHANGHAI, June 22.—Foreign women missionaries have been tied with Chinese, two by two, and driven into the mountains, according to reports from Kiaufu, giving details of the most horrible massacres since the Boxer rebellion.
Soldiers with whips lashed the foreign women to carry them on the march in captivity.
British missionaries are reported to have appealed direct to the Foreign Office at London, over the heads of the Peking Legation, for assistance against the mutineers. They are quoted as saying the disaster is the most terrible in years.
"Terrible massacres have followed the revolt of defeated Kiangsi troops according to refugees pouring into Han Chang today."
"First reports that ten thousand have been slain on the destruction of Kian Fu Kink lang, Kiangchun and other cities of the Central Kiangsi province are believed to be exceeded by fresh atrocities.
Hundreds of missionaries are in danger. The British gunboats Bag Foxglove and Cocksharfer are being sent to Monocacy. Several hundred British and American marines will be in the landing parties. It is believed these Kiangsi troops are forces who, fighting for General Wu on behalf of the United Government, were defeated by Dr. Sun Yat Sen before Sun himself was defeated and captured. In addition they are probably without pay, owing to the central government's lack of finance.

The Weather, Temperature, Tide, Moon, Etc.

TORONTO June 23.—Moderate to fresh southerly winds. Occasional showers and much fog. High tide this morning at 8.11 and tonight at 10.07.
Sun sets this evening at 7.54 and rises tomorrow morning at 4.09.
New moon Tuesday June 25th at 12.20 a.m.

Voogie, the Sunshine Kid

ANYHOW IT'S
GOOD FOR
CROPS.

