

PRINCE COUNTY

Appears to be in a very ferment of political excitement. Scarcely a day passes that a political meeting of some sort does not take place, and every District in the County either has already or promises to have a half-dozen candidates at least in the field, and hence excitement rises day by day as the time for the Elections approaches. In this respect, both Queen's and King's present a marked contrast to Queen's County. Previous to the Council Elections, and now, the belief was widespread in Queen's and King's County, that for the interests of the country and the preservation of its liberties, the Government should be overthrown. Once such a belief existed (as it did previous to and since the Tenant troubles) the stern determination was formed to return, on the very first opportunity that presented itself, gentlemen to the Legislature opposed to the Government. Without excitement, without public meetings, without fuss or bluster of any kind, this silent and stern determination was fully made manifest by the PEOPLE at the Council Elections, when King's and Queen's County elected, by overwhelming majorities, men pledged to oppose our shabby, tricky, Confederate Government. These Counties are prepared to do the same thing at the House Elections. A large majority, either of avowed Liberals or of independent men, anxious for the country's interests, but, in both cases, opponents of the Government, will undoubtedly be elected. Prince County should take a lesson from her sisters. The First District, especially, made a bad mess of it in electing the Hon. Jas. Yeo. Either no contest at all should have taken place, or Mr. Yeo should have been defeated, for he certainly reflects no credit upon the First District, either in a moral or an intellectual point of view. According to present indications, Prince County is in a fair way of returning to the House of Assembly a number of members who will be prepared to perpetuate the corrupt, extravagant, deceptive and arbitrary rule of the Popes. Let the electors of Prince County take heed before it is too late, and sink their petty differences. We hope they do not require their bayonets of Her Majesty's soldiers, nor yet of the promised Confederacy to convince them what the will and the disposition of the Popes are. Any elector who votes for these ruling spirits, or their nominees, or friends, is forging chains to bind himself and his posterity for all time to come. If they are anxious to escape oppression, and Confederation with all its evils, no influence or feelings of personal consideration should induce the people to vote for the faction we have hinted at. We are aware of the many wiles and influences that are at work to hoodwink the people and to secure the election of our leading Confederates—the Hon. J. C. Pope among the number. Like the serpent which uses the fascination of its eyes only to destroy its victim, so our Confederate friends are using all their blandishments and arts to strengthen their position for mischief, and once they gain their point, the credulous tools which they employed will be thrown aside and forgotten. We would, therefore, impress upon the people the absolute necessity, and now more than ever, of making principle and character, rather than expediency and personal or party predilection, the basis upon which they record their votes. If this be done, the country will be all the gainer by it, and the hopes and schemes of unprincipled politicians will be dashed to the ground. If not, why, twelve months hence will tell the consequences. To point the moral of these remarks, we would say, for example, in the case of Messrs. Howatt and J. C. Pope, that the electors of the Fourth District of Prince County, in making a choice between the two, would act the wiser part by voting for Mr. Howatt, who declares himself opposed to Confederation and the extravagant and high-handed actions of the Government, in preference to Mr. Pope, who, as far as principle is concerned, is "a rag upon every bush"—an anti-to-day and a Confederate to-morrow, and constant only in forwarding his own interests and those of his brother, and in concocting schemes of positive injury to the country. There ought to be no doubt in the matter of a choice in this and other cases that might be given, and, for the interests of the country, we sincerely hope there will not be any doubt. This is the moral we seek to point—this the tale we wish to adorn.

THE HON. D. DAVIES.

It is well known that this gentleman is an ardent Confederate, and that he supported Confederation in opposition to the wishes of his constituents. Under these circumstances, it is not surprising that the *Islander* should seek to secure his re-election by the city. The best qualified representative, in the opinion of the *Islander*, is he who is prepared to betray his constituents, and to vote in opposition to them. We do not say that Mr. Davies would betray his constituents, but we maintain that, holding the peculiar views he does upon Confederation, he cannot consistently or honestly represent the constituency of Charlottetown. And, indeed, if the truth must be told, we think it would be a very easy matter to select from among the merchants of Charlottetown, a member in every way better qualified to represent their interests in Parliament. We judge Mr. Davies by his parliamentary career, and we fail to find in that any recommendation for his re-election. As a speaker and a legislator he has utterly failed, for he has never made a speech in Parliament worth remembering, nor introduced a measure that would entitle him to the thanks of any class in the community. As a member of the Government, his naturally weak intellect ennobled to the more vigorous and active minds of Messrs. Pope and Haviland, and hence he agreed to the Canadian proposition of taxing the bread of the poor man, for the very foolish reason that the Americans abolished Free Trade,—as if the Canadian proposition were going to mend matters,—and consented to the ignoble arrangement which surrendered our Fisheries without compensation. If our merchants, mechanics, fishermen, and laboring men think these boons for which they ought to be thankful to Mr. Davies, of course they will—even though he himself neither seeks nor wishes them to do so—vote for him, according to the suggestion of the *Islander*; but if they agree with us that they are no boons at all, then we think they will allow Mr. Davies to follow the best of his own inclinations by withdrawing from public life and devoting himself for the remainder of his days to mercantile pursuits upon his own account.

How sensitive the representatives of small congregations are to be sure! The Rev. Historian of the Magdalen Islands, and of their "pickled" codfish, for instance, berates us in an inflated style for stating there was no such Church in Rome as the Scotch Protestant Church, when, according to his assertion, "there has been for some time past, a Presbyterian congregation in Rome, in connection with the Free Church of Scotland," numbering about 45 communicants! Never did an old hen more joyously cackle over a new-laid egg than does the Historian alford over our exhibition of ignorance. Well, all we have to say is that the Historian might also have asserted with equal truth that an Irish Republic has been in existence "for some time past," of which John O'Mahony, Col. Roberts, and C. O. U. K. Stephens have been President, and that "other particulars can be given, if needed," but if any person felt bold enough to question the *reality* of the Republic, he would be as justly open to the charge of ignorance as he who failed to recognize in the 45 itinerant communicants the high-sounding "Scottish Protestant Church." With this comment the Historian will have to content himself for the present. When we have more time and space on hand, we may, perhaps, suggest to him all the considerations of which he is deserving.

SUPREME COURT.—The case of Richard Hearne & sons, vs. Thomas Owen, which occupied the Court on Thursday and Friday of last week, created much dissatisfaction in the community. We regret to think that the charge of a packed jury is not altogether without foundation. For the ends of impartial justice, a radical change is required somewhere in the machinery of the law, and the sooner the remedy is discovered, the better for the country. In order that the public may judge of the nature of the case to which we have referred, we will endeavor to give an outline of it in our next number.

THE GOVERNMENT.—The *Islander* does not attempt to deny, but rather proclaims the fact, that the Government is now committed to Confederation. We wish the country to bear this in mind, that we have at the present moment a thoroughly Confederate Government, and that both Conservatives and Liberals are modestly asked by the *Islander* to support it by their votes at the coming elections. This is the real issue and the principal one. Let there be no mistake about it.

PRESENTATION.—The young ladies who attend the Bible Class, held in the Schoolhouse on Graham's Road, New London, have lately presented a very seasonable gift—the material for a suit of winter clothes—to their Pastor, the Rev. D. McDougall. The gift was accompanied with a brief complimentary address. We need hardly say that both the gift and address were highly appreciated by Mr. McDougall.—*Pat.*

CHARLOTTETOWN DEBATING CLUB.—The adjourned annual meeting of the Charlottetown Debating Club will be held in the Lower Temperance Hall, on Friday evening, the 25th inst., at 8 o'clock. The meeting to be opened with an address from the President.

PRESENTATION.—On the evening of the 16th instant, a Committee of the Ladies of the Presbyterian Congregation, at Dundas, waited on the Rev. A. McLean, their Pastor, and presented him with a handsome donation in money, as a mark of their continued gratitude and esteem for his labors among them.

PUBLIC MEETING.—The inhabitants of Morell Rear have called a Public Meeting at Burns' Road Schoolhouse, for Wednesday, the 30th January instant, for the purpose of selecting Candidates to represent the Second District of King's County. Delegates from the various other sections of the District are invited to be present. This promise to be a large and influential meeting, and as such will undoubtedly have a decided influence on the result of the election.

An English Mail was received at the General Post Office, Charlottetown, on Monday evening, the news by which was mostly anticipated by telegraph.

The summary of the Supreme Court proceedings given in to-day's paper, we have copied from the *Patriot*.

United States papers announce that Congress has taken the first steps towards impeaching President Johnson.

To CORRESPONDENTS—"Veritas" has come to hand and will receive early attention.

News by Telegraph.

BREMEN, Dec. 28 evening. Official orders have been received to arrest Prussian subjects about to emigrate from the kingdom, thus intending to elude the national militia law.

LONDON, Dec. 29. It has been decided that Parliament will meet on the 5th of February next.—Orders have been issued for the return of two regiments of regular troops from Ireland.

LONDON, Jan. 12—P. M. The *Times* of this morning has a long argumentative article on the subject of the impeachment of the President of the United States, and says the scheme looks like a fatal blow at the constitution.

MADRID, Jan. 12. The proffered mediation of the United States in the difference between Spain and Chili is regarded almost certain as the forerunner of an honorable and permanent peace.

VIENNA, Jan. 12. The *Morning Journal* of this city to-day contains a despatch, announcing the Sublime Porte has called one hundred and fifty thousand men into service to quiet the insurrection in the Mediterranean Islands.

OTTAWA, 13th.—Cable Despatch received last night says that Confederation Delegates had decided to remove capital of Confederacy from Ottawa to Quebec.—Gold 135.

Charlottetown, Jan. 16. Telegrams from Canada and New York state that the British Government is about to expend ten millions of dollars for the fortification of Montreal.

LONDON, Jan. 13. The *London Globe* has an editorial in which it says the Eastern question has become so pressing that it demanded the immediate attention of the European Powers. It is the opinion of the *Globe* that a general conference of the Leading Powers on the subject will be proposed.

Advices from the East report that an insurrection is on the point of breaking out in Bosnia.

ROME, Jan. 14. The Swiss government has under consideration a proposition to prohibit the people of Switzerland from joining the Pope's army.

LIVERPOOL, 14. The *Thomas Humphrey*, which cleared from this port for New York, was lost at sea near Holy Head, Wales, a few days since, with all on board except the Captain and one man who were drowned.

MADRID, 14. The revolutionary Junta having its head quarters here has just issued a strong and stirring address to the people.

FLORENCE, 14. The difficulty between Italy and Turkey relative to the Italian steamer which was fired upon by the forces of the Porte, has been amicably adjusted. The amount of the indemnity to be paid by the Turkish government has not been finally fixed.

Latest to "Herald."

CHARLOTTETOWN, Jan. 21.—Col. Cole is to be Governor of Bermuda.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—41 persons are reported to have lost their lives by breaking through the ice in Regent Park.

LIVERPOOL, 19.—Intense cold has aggravated the distress of the poor in the city, and resulted in a bread riot in the streets.

The "Canadian News," (London paper,) says, that by Lord Carnarvon's Draft Bill, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, not yet having decided to come into Confederation, the Quebec Scheme regarding these Islands has been modified.—Gold 136.

DIED.

At South West, Lot 27, on 21st December last, of inflammation of the lungs, after an illness of nine days, Mr. Edw. Hughes, aged 67 years, a native of Middletown, County of Armagh, Ireland. May he rest in peace.

Medical Notices.

Holloway's Pills.—Broken Health.—It is lamentable to look around and see so many lingering under disease through ignorance, carelessness, or false delicacy. Nothing can be more reasonable, nothing more easy, under such circumstances, than to give a fair trial to this course of purifying medicines and best of stomachic tonics. The blood's strength can only be maintained by the possession of a fair appetite and good digestion, and the purity of that fluid is the direct measure of corporeal and mental vigor. Holloway's Pills effect both these ends without subjecting the patient to any hardships or harassing restrictions.

TO MOTHERS.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for Children, is an old and well-tried remedy. It has stood the test of many, many years, and never known to fail. It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, and gives rest and health to the child and comfort to the mother.

AN ESTABLISHED REMEDY.—Brown's Bronchial Troches are widely known as an established remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, and other troubles of the Throat and Lungs. Their good reputation and extensive use has brought out imitations, represented to be the same. Obtain only "Brown's Bronchial Troches."

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAIN KILLER after a thorough trial, by innumerable living witnesses has proved itself the Medicine of the age. Although there have been many medicinal preparations brought before the public since the first introduction of Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer, and large amounts expended in their introduction, the Pain Killer has continued to steadily advance in the estimation of the world as the best Family Medicine ever introduced. It is an internal and external remedy. One positive proof of its efficacy is, that the aches have constantly increased, and wholly upon its own merits. The effect of the Pain Killer upon the patient, when taken internally, in cases of Cold, Cough, Bowel Complaints, Cholera, Dysentery, and other affections of the system, has been truly wonderful, and has won for it a name among medical preparations that can never be forgotten. Its success in removing pain, as an external remedy, in cases of Burns, Bruises, Sores, Sprains, Cuts, Stings of Insects, and other causes of suffering, has secured for it such a host of testimony, as an almost infallible remedy, that it will be handed down to posterity as one of the greatest medical discoveries of the nineteenth century.

THEO. DE BRISAY, General Agent for P. E. Island.

Jan. 9—1m CHILDREN often look pale and sick from no other cause than having worms in the stomach. Brown's "VERMIFUGE COMBINA" will destroy worms without injury to the child. Children having worms require immediate attention, as neglect of the trouble often causes prolonged sickness. Jan. 9 1m

To the Electors of the First Electoral District of King's County. GENTLEMEN,—THE Twenty-second General Assembly of Prince Edward Island being about to expire, I beg to tender you my most grateful acknowledgments for the distinguished honor which, twelve months ago, you conferred upon me in selecting me to fill the vacancy in the Parliamentary representation of the District, occasioned by the death of my lamented friend, the late Hon. Donald Beaton. And, it being my intention to offer myself again a candidate for your suffrage, should you honor me with a repetition of your favor, you may rest assured that nothing shall be wanting which my humble efforts can accomplish to promote the prosperity and happiness of this my native District.

Although I have not been able, during the brief period of my Legislative connection with you, to perform such an amount of public good as under a more extended term of office, I might reasonably hope to accomplish; yet, I flatter myself that my endeavors to advance the interests of my constituents have not been exerted altogether in vain.

I should have addressed you at an earlier date on the subject of the approaching General Election, but impressed with the great cardinal maxim that "Union is strength," I have deferred the matter until the present moment, in hopes that our Charlottetown sages would present us with some plan of operation for the approaching campaign, in which we might all co-operate—some common platform on which the friends of progress and order "might all pull together." As it is most likely that the Land Question and Education, the Fisheries and Confederation, will occupy a prominent place in the deliberations of our next Colonial Parliament, it may not, perhaps, be premature on my part to declare even now, what my own peculiar views on these several questions are.

It being now almost unanimously admitted that the "Land Purchase Act," together with the "Act to assist Leaseholders in purchasing the fee simple of their farms," constitute the most effectual means yet devised for converting our leasehold tenures into freehold, I shall be ready at all times to give the most ample effect to the provisions of those statutes.

I have long indulged the opinion—and am still of the same belief—that the laws relating to Education should be so amended as, among other improvements, to enable the District Teachers to draw the entire amount of their salaries from the public purse. Such an alteration as I have here indicated would have been effected during the late Session had not Messrs. Laird and Howatt distinctly declared that their constituents would not submit to any change in the Educational system of the Colony which would involve the imposition of a single penny's additional taxation. Hence it was deemed advisable—the General Election being so near at hand—to defer the further consideration of the subject until the people should have an opportunity of expressing an opinion thereon at the hustings.

The uncommon natural facilities possessed by our Island fishermen being rendered almost nugatory by the abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty, I will assist in any measure which may enable our people to compete successfully with the fishermen of the neighboring Republic.

I am still decidedly opposed to Confederation; and although I always respect the conscientious opinions of other men, howsoever widely those sentiments, political or otherwise, may differ from my own; nevertheless, I deny the right, in any case, of "a small minority of the people" to make laws for, or rule the majority. I shall, therefore, oppose any party, Liberal or Conservative, who will attempt to join this Island in a Federal Union with Canada. Who would deprive us of the inestimable privilege of making the laws that govern us, and surrender ourselves to the "tender mercies" of a people whose inordinate selfishness and extravagance have already brought their own magnificent country to the very brink of bankruptcy, and whose sectional animosities are fully as malignant as were those which provoked the late calamitous war in the United States, and drenched that once prosperous country in the blood of a million of its own subjects.

If time and other circumstances permit, I will call upon you severally before the election comes off, when we can enter more fully into any of the public questions of the day, than it is possible to do through a newspaper communication. In the meantime, I beg to subscribe myself

Your most obedient servant,
EMANUEL McEACHEN.

South Lake, Jan. 15, 1867.

NOTICE. THE NEW MARKET HOUSE, belonging to the City, will be opened for the accommodation of the public, on FRIDAY, the 25th day of January, instant, free of Toll, until Friday, the 1st day of February.

The Stalls and Cellars will be let at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, on Tuesday, the 29th day of January, at the hour of 3 in the afternoon, when the terms and conditions of letting the same will be made known.

The Old Market House will be disposed of at the same time.

The Rules and Regulations of the Market, and the Table of Toll, will be published next week.

By order of the Market Committee,
PETER MACGOWAN, City Clerk.

Charlottetown, Jan. 17, 1867. 1m

Steamer Victoria.

THE Members of Fire Engine Company "Steamer Victoria," will meet at their Engine Room, Grafton Street, on the first Thursday in each month, By Order, G. D. WRIGHT, Sec'y.

REQUEST! THE Subscriber requests all persons indebted to him to pay up by the 31st of this month, as all sums unpaid at that time WILL BE SUED for without further notice.

JOHN P. IRVING, At the Office of G. W. DeBlais, Esq., Great George Street. P. E. I.

NIAGARA! FOR SALE, at the CITY GROCERY STORE, North Side Queen Square, near Apothecaries Hall—20 "Niagara" Cook STOVES, 10 "Liberty and Union" do. 10 Model Parlor do. 10 Yarmouth Cook do.

will be sold for cash, or 6 months on approved paper, to close consignments, without further notice. Charlottetown, Jan. 25, 1867. 1st 1m

Blank Note of Hand Books FOR SALE at the "Kent Street Book Store." E. REILLY January 23, 1867.

ST. ANDREW'S HALL. Second Season of the Charlottetown Amateur Dramatic Club.

THE CHARLOTTETOWN AMATEUR DRAMATIC CLUB will open their Second Season on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY EVENINGS, JANUARY 30 and 31, when they will appear before the public with new Plays, Stage Scenery, Dresses, etc. etc. In soliciting the patronage of the public on the opening of this, their Second Season, the Club would beg leave to intimate that they have spared no pains in getting up a want long felt in the community—MORAL AND AMUSING ENTERTAINMENTS. On Wednesday Evening the 30th, they will appear in the great Moral Drama of

George Barnwell, OR THE LONDON APPRENTICE, to be followed by the SIDE-SPLITTING PARCE OF BINKS, THE BAGMAN.

An entire change of Programme on Thursday evening. Price of Admission—Reserved Seats 3s.; Back, 1s. 6d. Doors open at 7 1/2 o'clock; Performance to commence at 8 o'clock precisely.

A STRING BAND will be in attendance. For particulars see small Bills. Tickets to be had at the Stores of Hon. P. Walker, W. R. Watson, Esq., W. H. Wilson, Esq., and at the Kent Street Book Store. W. C. GRANT, Sec'y.

Charlottetown, Jan. 16, 1867. 1st p ex 2m

CHARLES QUIRK, MANUFACTURER OF SQUARE ROD, GENT'S BRIGHT AND NATURAL LEAF GOOD SMOKING TOBACCO, QUEEN STREET, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

January 16, 1867. 1y

Fresh Ground Rice, FOR Sale by W. R. WATSON. Jan. 9, 1867.

Oranges and Lemons, FOR Sale by W. R. WATSON. Jan. 9, 1867.

LONDON TRADER To Charlottetown Direct!

THE First Class, Fast Sailing Bark ABEONA, A. 1, at English Lloyd's, 7 years, Allan Campbell, Commander, of the burthen of 450 Tons, will sail from LONDON, G. B., on or about the 1st APRIL, 1867. Will be despatched punctual. Intending Shippers will please have their Goods alongside at an early date. Can accommodate a few passengers. For further particulars apply to Messrs. GEO. DUNCAN & CO., East India Avenue, Leadenhall st., London, G. B., or to J. D. MASON, Cl'town, P. E. I.

January 2, 1867.

Public Meetings. A Meeting of the Electors of the First Electoral District of King's County will be held at the following places, when the Hon. Joseph Hensley is solicited to attend. On Tuesday, the 22d January, inst., at Rollo Bay Cross Roads.

On Wednesday, the 23d instant, at Mr. James Moynagh's, South East, and on Friday, the 25th instant, at East Point Cross Roads, Lot 47.

The object of these meetings is for the purpose of choosing a man eligible as a colleague with the Hon. Joseph Hensley, for the representation of the District at the coming Election. January 13, 1867. 2m

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Is a soothing expectorant, prepared to meet the urgent need of a safe and reliable cure for diseases of the throat and lungs. A trial of many years has established the fact, that it is more efficacious in pulmonary affections, than any other remedy. Its efficacy has now become so generally known, that it is justly regarded in many countries as a medicine of indispensable necessity. In Great Britain, France, and Germany, where medical science has reached its highest perfection, it is prescribed in domestic practice, and constantly used in the armies, in hospitals and other public institutions, where it is regarded by the attending physicians as the most speedy and agreeable remedy that can be employed. Scarcely any neighborhood can be found where well known cases of diseased lungs, which had baffled the efforts of the most skillful and experienced doctors, have been permanently cured by it. These results are the most convincing proofs of the superior curative properties of the preparation; and to them the authors point with peculiar satisfaction. While it is most powerful against confirmed diseases it is extremely gentle as a medicine in infancy and youth, being quite harmless to even the youngest, when administered judiciously.

This health-restorer accomplishes even more by prevention than cure. If taken in season, it keeps all irritations of the throat and lungs, whether arising from Colds or Coughs, or from other causes, and thus prevents that long train of painful and incurable diseases, which would arise from the neglect of them. Hence no family should be without it. Influenza, Croup, Hoarseness, Whooping Cough, Pleurisy, Incipient Consumption, and other affections of the breathing organs, give way before this pre-eminent combination of medical virtues.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by all Druggists and dealers in medicine everywhere.

W. R. WATSON General Agent for P. E. Island. Jan. 9—2m

REID BROTHERS.

NEW STORE.

NEW GOODS!

EXCELSIOR HOUSE.

ALBERTON.

Thankful for past favors in connection with the business of their late Father, the Subscribers beg to intimate that they have opened out in their

NEW STORE A ALBERTON. THE LARGEST STOCK OF General Merchandize Ever offered in this part of the County.

—COMBINING— Dry Goods, in endless variety, Groceries & Liquors, THE CHEAPEST AND BEST IN MARKET!

A very large assortment of HARDWARE, And almost everything else usually kept in a Country Store.

We have adopted in our business the principle of QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS; and from the facilities we possess, and from the fact of buying our GOODS in the best markets, for cash, and having them selected by one of the Firm, we feel confident of being able to sell Goods on as liberal terms as any House in the Trade.

We ask our old friends to come and see us! Come with your Cash! Come with your Produce! Come with a good, honest face!

And you will find the EXCELSIOR the best and safest House in this part of the County to deal in.

REMEMBER THE EXCELSIOR HOUSE, REID BROS

Alberton, Nov. 7, 1866. 3m

FISHING SITE AT KILDARE CAPES FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers at Private Sale his FARM, containing 100 acres of Land,

60 of which are under cultivation, and having a lease of 999 years. The Dwelling House and Outbuildings thereon are new and commodious. For agricultural purposes, there is no better land on this Island. As a Fishing Site it is unrivalled. Its contiguity to one of the richest Fishing grounds in the world, as also to Little Tignish Pond, where an unlimited quantity of Bait can be obtained, point it out to men of enterprise and capital as a most desirable place. Apply either by letter or in person at the "Herald" Office, or to the owner.

THOMAS MOUNTAIN, Kildare Capes, Lot 2, Oct. 24, 1865. 3m

LANDS TO LET.

TO be let for a term of 4 years, from 1st MAY next, that valuable property situated in the Royalty, about one mile distant from the City of Charlottetown, fronting on the St. Peter's Road on one side, and on the lower Royalty Road and on the Hills-boro' River on the other side, and containing nearly 200 acres, known as the "Belvidera Farm," part of the Estate of Captain George Beazley, Esq., R. N. The property being so well situated as to command a water frontage, that it can be let in two, three or four separate tenements, and will be let together or separately as may be desired. No wood, trees or brushwood of any kind to be cut unless to use on the farm. Sealed tenders for the whole or any part or parts thereof will be received by the Subscribers until the 16th MARCH next.

D. BRENNAN, D. HODGSON, Charlottetown, Dec. 19, 1866. 3m

LOTTERY AT—

SOURIS! THERE will be a LOTTERY of a JAUNTING SLEIGHT, BUFFALO ROBE, and SILVER WATCH, at the above place, on Thursday, January 24th, 1867, for the benefit of St. Mary's Church, Souris.

Any person buying one ticket will have a chance of winning either of the above articles. EDWARD LYONS, Sec'y. Dec. 19, 1866.

West India House. Upper Great George Street—

CHRISTMAS, 1866.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale, at his Store, the following, viz:

11 Hhds. Strong Demara SPIRITS, Hhds. Holland GIN, Casks Port and Sherry Wine, Casks Hennessy's Dark & Pale BRANDY, Casks Scotch Whiskey (Prime), Casks Irish WHISKEY, 60 Doz. Edinburgh ALE, 6 Cases CHAMPAGNE, 40 " Blood's x x x Porter, Cases CLARET, 3 Bbls CURRANTS, Bags RICE, Bags PEPPER, Chests superior TEA, Casks Washing SODA, Hhds and Bbls. P. R. Hhds and Bbls P. R. MOLASSES, SUGAR, 6 Bbls Kerosene OIL, 6 Bbls. Red ONIONS, 20 Doz. AM. BROOMS, 20 Doz. AM. BUCKETS.

—ALSO— A large stock of Spices, Pickles, Fruit, &c., suitable for the season. The above articles are of the very best description, and will be sold cheap for Cash. LEMUEL McKAY. Charlottetown, Dec. 17, 1866.

THE LAST CAUTION! AS the season for Shipping has now far advanced, and those indebted to the Estate of the late PATRICK STEPHENS not having come forward to pay up their respective Accounts, the Subscriber hereby intimates to them that on the closing of the Navigation

Defaulters will be Sued indiscriminately. R. J. CLARKE, Agent for above Estate, Orwell Store, Nov. 12, 1866. 3m