

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

JULY 10, 1891.

Legislative.

Practically, the amount of the debt of the Province is the amount due the banks. Every dollar of Government expenditure is obtained from the banks; every dollar of Government revenue is deposited in the banks.

Mr. Bentley made several points clear in the course of his excellent speech. One was that the Government are now asking the Legislature to pass a debenture bill for the issue of debentures to cover every liability of the Government up to the 24th of April, and at the same time are asking the Legislature to provide ways and means for the entire year—including the period between the 1st of January and the 24th of April—out of ordinary revenue.

Mr. McKenz'e has introduced into the Legislative Council a bill to provide for the better observance of the Lord's Day. It is directed against the sale and drinking of liquor, exposing for sale of goods, the indulgence in sports, etc.

Mr. Bentley submitted the following statement, which he had taken the precaution to obtain on the day that he left office:

GEORGE W. BENTLEY, PROVINCIAL SECRETARY, IN ACCOUNT WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, TO 24TH APRIL, 1891.

Table with columns for date (March 31, April), description (To Balance held as Assets, To Receipts at Treasury, etc.), and amount.

Table with columns for date (March 31, April 24), description (By Amount due Banks, By Warrants paid from Treasury, etc.), and amount.

Table with columns for date (April 24), description (To Assets brought down, Balance of Deposits for the Purchase of Estates, etc.), and amount.

Table with columns for date (April 24), description (By Amount overdrawn at Banks, Add Interest charged by Bank, etc.), and amount.

Table with columns for description (Advanced by Treasurer and to be refunded by Dominion Government, viz., for Holland Est., Sir Douglas Fox, etc.), and amount.

Table with columns for description (Balance of Assets as above, Certified), and amount.

ARTHUR NEWBERRY, Ass't Provincial Secy-Treas., And Acting Auditor.

It is significant that on the production of this statement, the Leader of the Government at once said that the official who prepared it would be dismissed. Probably he overlooked, for the nonce, the fact that it was made up before the present Govern-

ment took office, and that in preparing it the Assistant Provincial Secretary-Treasurer was acting under the orders of his official superior. But Mr. Peters' outburst clearly shows how anxious he is that the public shall be rightly informed, and the kindness of his disposition towards the officials over whom he exercises a little brief authority.

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The tenders for the Murray Harbor Packet service to which Mr. Clow called attention were as follows:— Hugh Dailey, Schr. Two Sisters, 24 tons. \$45

Jordan is a Grit. Dailey is a Conservative. So the smaller schooner was taken at the doubly higher price. This is another case of jobbery. The people may learn from this instance how anxious the Government are to save the people's money. Passing a Give-a-way Land Bill, issuing debentures, letting contracts to supporters whose tenders are doubly as high as those of other persons—this is Government after the Grit method.

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Tax or Borrow.

With the Government and its supporters in the Legislature it was a question, some of them tell us, whether to tax or borrow. They decided upon adopting the latter course. At the time of the late bye-elections the people were told by leading Grit speakers that it would be a ruinous thing to borrow money, that it simply meant the placing of a mortgage upon every farm on P. E. Island.

The Rogers Bridge Job.

The tenders received for the repairs of Rogers Bridge were as follows:— 1. David A. McDonald. \$ 265.00 2. William Burns. 249.75 3. James Mackinnon. 224.00 4. Deacon. 277.00 5. Wm. Taylor. 265.00

Hillsborough Bridge.

In the House of Assembly yesterday the Leader of the Government said that Mr. Brown, C. E., estimated the cost of a bridge across the Hillsborough at \$1,300,000 maximum and \$790,000 minimum.

POLICE COURT.—This morning, George Brown, a well-known west end denizen, was summoned on complaint of George Heron, was given six months for vagrancy. Two drunks were fined \$2 or 8 days and \$4 or 20 days respectively. A man summoned on complaint of the sanitary officer for allowing filth to accumulate on his premises, was fined \$5 or 20 days, and another man charged by the same officer with keeping an out-house in an unwholesome condition, was fined \$1 or 4 days.

In 1880 there were 9,951,608 pupils named registered in the United States; in 1890 the number was 12,597,721. A catch from Northfield, Minn., says there is likely to be a rupture in the ranks of the Farmer's Alliance owing to the perpetration of an outrageous swindle by the leaders.

P. E. Island Medical Association.

SECOND DAY—AFTERNOON SESSION.

The president took the chair at the appointed time, and called on Dr. J. G. McKay of Clifton to read his paper on "Complications of Typhoid Fever," which caused considerable discussion.

Dr. Alex. McNeill of Kensington then reported a very unique and interesting case of a woman who was struck by lightning, and whose boot was torn from her foot. He presented the boot to the Association as a curiosity for the museum.

Dr. James Warburton followed, reporting two cases of Spina Bifida that had occurred in his practice; and several of the gentlemen present gave histories of cases of the same deformity they had met.

The closing paper of the series was then given by Dr. Leeming, on "Assimilation and Nutrition," which was a very exhaustive sketch, and very well presented.

After some discussion on different topics, the meeting adjourned till 8.30 p. m., to come together at the Hotel Davia.

The dinner at the Davies was attended by some twenty members of the medical profession and several guests.

The menu was in Mrs. Davies' usual good form, and after satisfying the corporeal want, the intellectual course came in due time. After the opening speech by the president, the following toasts were honored in cold water:

The Queen. The Governor-General.—Responded to by Dr. Taylor and Col. Duvar.

The Lieutenant Governor and Local Legislature.—Responded to by Dr. R. McNeill and Mr. A. B. Warburton.

Our Patrons.—Responded to by Dr. McLeod and Mr. James McDonald.

Sister Professions.—Responded to by Dr. Conroy and Mr. A. B. Warburton.

Our Guests.—Responded to by Col. Hunter Duvar and Mr. James McDonald.

The Ladies.—Responded to by Dr. Warburton, Kelly and Leeming.

Our Host and Hostess. Our next merry meeting.

The speeches were short and pithy, and the sentiments were all well received and applauded.

To the toast of "Our Guests," Mr. Hunter Duvar responded in what was undoubtedly the speech of the evening; and as reference to his poetic and literary ability had been made, he gave an amusing description of the disease which he might style the "poetic mania." He informed his audience that the disease generally commenced in childhood, shortly after the measles, gradually advanced in intensity until the crisis was reached at the period of courtship, and on the marriage state being entered into it declined suddenly, and convalescence became established.

"If in the multitude of counselors we seek for safety, Lord! how safe we are in such a company,—Pallidus mors Must get down promptly from his pale-horsed car.

Though ours a tiny islet of the wave, No large Atlantis might show such a sight Of science, skill and helpfulness to save, As that assembled 'round this board to-night."

He excused himself and others of this Island for being poetic, by saying that in such a country, which he might favorably compare with sunny Italy, it was difficult to avoid invoking the sacred muse on many occasions.

To the toast, "our patrons," Mr. James McDonald responded in a very amusing speech, in which he showed quite a knowledge of anatomical terms.

The president, Dr. McKay, of Summerside, in his closing speech, showed clearly and forcibly the great benefit both to the profession and the public, that would accrue from this and other reunions, by which ideas were interchanged, friendships made and ill feelings discouraged. He read letters of regret from the Attorney-General, the leader of the Opposition, and several other gentlemen for their inability to attend. After singing "Auld Lang Syne," the company dispersed feeling mutually benefitted.

Rev. Mr. Thompson's Lecture.

A report of the lecture of the Rev. Mr. Thompson was unavoidably crowded out of THE EXAMINER of yesterday. An esteemed contributor sends the following, which we insert to-day:—

"Rev. Dr. Thompson, a well-known Islander, who for 21 years has labored as a Presbyterian Minister in Washington State, on the Pacific coast, lectured Wednesday evening at Zion Church. The Doctor is well able to speak on the subject, being thoroughly identified with the State, having been elected for a term to the Legislative Council of the Territory, of which Council he was President. His subject was, "Twenty-one years in the Northwest Mission Field." The speaker was called away from Halifax twenty-one years ago to labor at Olympia, the capital city of the State, and twenty-one years ago on the day he delivered his lecture he had arrived there to commence his labors. In those days about 50,000 people inhabited the Territory; to-day 500,000 people are counted as citizens of the State. Cities like Tacoma and Spokane Falls of 40,000 and 25,000 inhabitants have sprung up where there was nothing existed but unbroken wilderness. It was of vast importance that the spiritual welfare of this people should be cared for. A country so great in extent and sparsely settled, was of necessity largely destitute of the ordinances of religion. While the opposing forces of the rum traffic and infidelity abounded everywhere, the grand arm of the Church of God is there for to capture the country for God, and to mould society while yet plastic. To this end all the great Evangelical Churches are hard at work and it is one guarantee for the safety of Western society to know that as quickly as a settlement is planted that promises to become a town the church is set up, and opposes its social, moral and religious forces to the immoral influence of saloon and gambling hell. The Church is not unmindful of education, and is busy establishing academies and colleges, and Dr. Thompson made an eloquent appeal on behalf of one to be located at the new town of Kelso.

Presbyterianism has developed wonderfully on the Pacific Coast. In 1870 the Presbytery met in Portland in October, and consisted of five members. In 1891 the work consists of two Synods, nine Presbyteries and upwards of 200 Ministers, with a large number of well-trained congregations. The General Assembly of the American Presbyterian Church meets in Portland, Oregon, next year, and the

city has shown its appreciation of the honor by contributing \$25,000 towards meeting the expenses.

Dr. Thompson concluded his eloquent lecture with an earnest appeal to support the picket line and advance battalions of the Lord's Army in the glorious work of not only winning this continent but the world for God. If you cannot go yourselves, let us at least have your hearty sympathy, your fervent prayers, and your generous financial support."

Bishop Macdonald at Emerald.

His Lordship Bishop Macdonald visited Emerald yesterday and administered the Sacrament of Confirmation to upwards of seventy young people and several adults. This was His Lordship's first official visit to the parish. A large number of the parishioners met him at the church and gave him a hearty welcome. He was accompanied by Rev. P. A. McElmeel, of this city, Rev. D. J. G. Macdonell, Summerside, and Rev. F. X. Gallant, of H. P. River. In the evening His Lordship was presented with the following

ADDRESS: To the Right Rev. J. Charles Macdonald, D. D., Bishop of Charlottetown: MAY IT PLEASE YOUR LORDSHIP:

We, on behalf of the parishioners of St. James' Church, Freetown, gladly welcome you amongst us on this your first pastoral visit.

The gloom which the death of the late Dr. McIntyre cast over the land, has been dispelled by the appointment of your Lordship to the discharge of the duties of Lord Bishop of this Diocese.

Man dies, but his office continues, and we feel assured it was by a special Providence that the pastoral staff which your predecessor of cherished memory laid down, has been assigned, my Lord, to you.

As priest, you have been first among the foremost by your energy, zeal and unflinching devotion to duty. Success has always attended your labors, not only as missionary in the important parishes of Georgetown and Cardigan Bridge, but more especially as Rector of St. Dunstan's College. You found that institution languishing, but by your energy, self-sacrifice and fostering care, old St. Dunstan's shone forth again with the glory of its palmist days.

We have, then, the full assurance, your Lordship, that even greater success will attend your labors in the widened field of your episcopal jurisdiction.

"Tis our esteemed privilege, as well as our bounden duty as dutiful children, to beseech Heaven in personal prayer to grant your Lordship long years to rule with wisdom the Church entrusted to your pastoral care.

We kneel, Dear Bishop, for your blessing, and have the honor to remain in behalf of the congregation:

Your humble devout servants, (Sgl.) GEORGE R. McMAHON, JAS. McDONALD, BERNARD E. CROKIN, JOHN O'CONNOR, JOHN R. McDONALD, MATTHEW WHITE, FRANCIS MCCARVILL. St. James, Summerfield, July 9th, 1891.

His Lordship made a brief extempore reply. The address was read by Mr. G. R. McMahon.

Dr. McLeod on Sellers vs. Toombs

SIR,—Dr. McLeod is reported in your issue of yesterday in his address before the Medical Association to have said respecting the case of Sellers vs. Dr. Toombs, recently determined in the County Court, that the decision of the judge was made on unsound premises and that there was no precedent for such a decision, and that the report of the case as published in THE EXAMINER was misleading and a misrepresentation of the facts. I had no hand in THE EXAMINER's report, but I read it, and notwithstanding Dr. McLeod's assertion, I know that it was true, and not misleading, and not in any sense a misrepresentation of the facts. The trial of this case continued for seven days, and during the whole of that time I attended as Sellers' attorney and think I ought to know at any rate as much of the facts as Dr. McLeod, who was in the Court but a short time one day giving his evidence. It is certainly amusing to find such an emphatic condemnation of the Judge's decision given at a meeting of the Medical Association, when if there was anything wrong with that decision it could be righted by an appeal to the Supreme Court. Dr. Toombs had able counsel, the Hon. F. Peters, representing him in the County Court, and if any injustice was done his counsel would assuredly provide for him that relief which an appeal from a wrong decision always gives. The decision in Toombs' case, I believe, arrived at after careful consideration, and the judgement bearing on the case, in my opinion, was a good and sound judgement, and to have it so emphatically condemned by a gentleman who can know nothing of the facts, except what he learned from a one-sided version, goes a long way to strengthen the objections of Dr. Taylor to the Medical Bill recently before the House of Assembly, in that it made provisions for constituting a court composed of doctors having authority to determine who should or should not practice medicine in this Province. The decision is without precedent, says the judge's reviewer. Are we to infer that the conduct which the decision was intended to remedy was without precedent? I do not say so, but the Doctor's assertion would leave this as a proper inference to draw. There are no wrongs without a remedy, and courts exist to right wrongs as they arise, and if new wrongs come to the surface surely the Doctor does not expect the courts to turn aside just because the case as presented never occurred before. This is not the way I trust our doctors treat new forms of disease.

Information Wanted.

SIR,—Will Mr. Lloyd kindly explain what he means by saying he has grown quite familiar with bad music. He has been running the music of the town for some time, and surely can it be possible that he has lost confidence in his own abilities and become tired of his own music. If so some one else had better lend a helping hand try improvement.

MUSICIAN.

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BEER BROS.

SONG RECITAL LYCEUM HALL, Friday Evening, July 10,

MISS LOUISE LAINE.

PROGRAMME.

- SONGS: "The Inquirer", "My Marguerite", "Waltz Song", "Ojala", "The Willow", "Phyllida Flouts Me", "The New Kindergarten". CLARINET SOLO: "Bolero", "Voi che sapete", "Three Songs from Kingley's Water Babies". VIOLIN SOLOS: "Hungarian Air", "Life Let Us Cherish". SONGS: "Tell Me, My Heart", "The Miller's Daughter", "Sunshine Song", "I Attempt from Love's Sickness to Fly", "O, Hush Thee, My Baby".

Quite a Sensation

CHEAP GOODS NO GOOD, BUT FRANCIS DRAKE'S CELEBRATED

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