

year's potato field. He said he saw tracks in his field as if a wagon had gone to and come from the river, but could not account for its being there. He said he followed the trail ten or fifteen rods. The gate was down on the 12th, and the dogs were quiet and shut up.

#### Afternoon.

The cross-examination of James Atkinson was resumed this afternoon. He says the body was carried up the bank from the shore and then put in the wagon. Witness thought it would not be prudent to go down the bank with a wagon. From the wound over the eye he said he thought he saw blood and water flowing. Witness did not think he ever saw a wagon driven over a bank with such a fall as the bank where it was said the body of McCarthy was put in the river; he thinks if the wagon was driven over the banks the tracks would be plain there. He says when there is a storm people interested in logs in the river go there at all hours to see about them.

The next witness was

WM. P. WARMAN,

who says that he lives three miles from Shediac Station. Has lived there 18 years; knows the Scadouc river well. If the 12th of October last was a stormy day, he remembers it on account of the tide interfering with the mill in which witness worked. Here witness describes the position of the rafts on the river on that day. A little after daylight on the first working day after the stormy day I went down to the river. In coming to the upper bars at James Atkinson's I saw wagon tracks which appeared to have been only made that morning. The wagon seemed to have gone down towards the river and returned. The direction of the tracks would have brought it to a brow where the channel was alongside the shore. We used to roll logs down the bank at this place. The bars were down, but not thrown aside. Never saw them so before. Again that day I saw the same track and traced it towards the river. At this brow the river was clear from logs. That morning the gate opening into farmer Atkinson's field from the lane was shut. A day or two after that, very early in the morning, in going towards Shediac with a horse and wagon, when within 100 yards of the railway snow fence, I saw a wagon without a horse attached to it at the roadside with a boy lying in the seat with his feet out on one side. He had on light pants and a rubber on one foot and a shoe on the other. Would say he was about 16 years old. I never saw him before. Don't think it was the prisoner Harry. The wagon was old. I saw a man and a horse, the latter with harness on, at some distance, travelling towards the brow before spoken of as where the wagon track led to. The horse was of a dark sorrel color, one hind foot white and white star on his forehead. The animal would weigh about ten hundred. The man was leading the horse. I never saw the man before to my recollection. It was not any of Atkinson's men or his horse. The fence at the wagon was down in such a way as to allow the horse room only to pass. Dead dogs are often seen in the Scadouc River. Saw one black fellow this spring very much putrified with its hair falling off. This was near the railway bridge. The hair on this dog was from one inch to 2 inches long.

Cross-examined by Mr. Palmer—Between the place where I saw the track and the river there was a log fence which would take Harry some time to open so as to make way for a wagon. At farmer Atkinson's shore I saw no signs of tracks, or the fence being knocked down.

The Court adjourned at 6 p. m., to meet again on Monday at 10 a. m.

This afternoon Annie Parker who has not put in an appearance since being identified by her father, came in at four o'clock. She had on a bran new dress, and moves in and out of the Court House with the air of one whose birth and connection would compare favorably with the fairest in the land.

#### A Fact Not to be Forgotten.

REFERRING to Senator Howlan's letter to the EXAMINER the *Progress* remarks:—

"Mr. Howlan omits to refer to in the foregoing letter, but which we think is worthy of notice, viz., that while Senator Howlan was canvassing his friends in the Senate to vote against the obnoxious clause in the Electoral bill, Mr. Peter Sinclair was canvassing equally hard in its favor and did all in his power to induce a majority of the Senate to vote for it. This fact should also be borne in mind."

#### Tea Duties.

The Hon. Isaac Burpee, Minister of Customs, is now here trying to defend the present scale of duties upon tea by the specious and taking assertion that the "poor man" gets a better kind of tea for the same price, under the operation of his Government's tariff, than he used to get. We all know better than that, to our cost. As to the effect upon the trade of the country, the *Toronto Mail* shows what that is pretty clearly: "For the year ending 30th June, 1874, or the year in which the duty discriminating in favor of direct importations was in force, only 16 per cent. of our tea imports came through the United States, and the direct trade was 52 per cent. Last year the direct trade was 3½ per cent., and importations from the United States 75 per cent. The American tea men are enthusiastically in favor of Mr. Cartwright.—*St. John Sun.*"

Count Andrassy speaks four languages.

M. CARON, M. P., has been presented with a requisition, signed by a majority of the electors, asking him to be a candidate for Quebec County. M. Caron consented. Among the young men of the House of Commons there is none who gives such promise as he. Quebec County cannot afford to lose him, and would not if it could.—*Mail.*

#### THE CAMPAIGN.

Queen's County—The Liberal-Conservative Candidates.

{ HON. J. C. POPE, }  
{ HON. F. DE ST. CROIX BRECKEN, }

Prince County—The Liberal-Conservative Candidates.

{ CORNELIUS HOWATT, ESQ. }  
{ EDWARD HACKETT, ESQ. }

King's County—The Candidates

{ AUSTIN C. McDONALD, ESQ. }  
{ DR. MUTTART. }

#### THE DAILY EXAMINER.

AUGUST 6, 1878.

#### Civic Elections.

THE contest in Ward 5 was lively. In the other wards it was dull. The candidature of Mr. Ings in Ward 1 was not so well sustained as he was led to expect. Several gentlemen who signed the requisition which induced him to allow himself to be put in nomination, voted against him on the ground that when they signed it they were unaware that Mr. Thomas Morris would again consent to serve in the City Council. The contest was, however, pretty keen.

Despite the authorized announcement which appeared in last evening's EXAMINER, some of Mr. DesBrisay's friends had him nominated; and quite a number of votes were polled for him. It was, however, pretty well understood that Mr. DesBrisay would rather not serve under present circumstances; and the vote for him is, consequently, not counted. The elections resulted as follows:—

#### MAYOR.

W. E. Dawson.

#### COUNCILLORS.

#### WARD 1.

	Votes.
Thomas Morris.....	112
John Ings.....	68
Majority for Morris.....	44

#### WARD 2.

William Koughan.....	78
James Barrett.....	67
Majority for Koughan.....	11

#### WARD 3.

Richard Heartz—(No opposition.)	
---------------------------------	--

#### WARD 4.

John Beer.....	87
Thomas Essery.....	43
Isaac Godkin.....	16
Majority for Beer.....	44

#### WARD 5.

Alexander Horne.....	146
H. B. Smith.....	115
Majority for Horne.....	31

The Councillor elect for Ward 2, objected to the election of Mr. Dawson, as Mayor, on the ground that he is not a citizen.

Mr. Smith (Ward 5) protested against the election of Mr. Horne on account of Freeholders not being allowed to vote.

We congratulate the Mayor and Councillors elect; and we sincerely hope that under their supervision the affairs of the city may improve.

#### McKenzie on Flour Duties.

On page 74, *Pic-Nic Speeches*, Mr. McKenzie says: "Well, sir, it is an utter delusion. It is utterly impossible that the prices of farm products can be raised here except by a rise in the markets of the world, and these are controlled by England."

#### Professor Allison on the Battle of Gettysburg.

PROFESSOR ALLISON'S brilliant and thrilling lecture on the battle of Gettysburg was not heard by so many of the citizens of Charlottetown as, we venture to predict, will this evening hear his lecture on the Yo-semite Valley. The Professor first gave a vivid description of the conditions under which the armies of the North and of the South engaged. Then he proceeded to narrate, with great dramatic power, the various scenes of blood and bravery which marked the three terrible July days, during which the battle raged—the dread pauses broken by furious cannonades—the charges in the valley—the dreadful slaughter in the hickory woods—the affecting episodes incident to battle—the solemn council of war of the Northern generals at the end of the second day's battle, the sublime determination of Meade to fight it out, and the last charge and hand-to-hand conflict, the final rout of the Confederates proclaimed by the victorious shout of the Northern soldiery, "the victory is ours." Professor Allison did not forget to do justice to the brave men of the Maritime Provinces who were engaged in the dreadful fight. Nor did he forget in his exordium to pay a just tribute to virtues of Great Britain's Premier and Britain's Queen. Of the lecture to be delivered this evening, an exchange says:—"The illustrations were almost life-like, and with true poetic beauty and grandeur of expression the lecturer fairly enthralled his audience while describing the falls of the Yo-Semite."

#### The Arthabaska Election.

The voiding of the Arthabaska Election has given the Ministerialist newspapers occasion for much rejoicing. The facts, however, indicate no cause for special thanksgiving by our Grit friends. They are thus stated by the *Montreal Gazette*:—

"A statement in our telegraphic news yesterday informed us that the election for Drummond and Arthabaska had been declared void, and Mr. Bourbeau, the sitting member, had been unseated. The facts of this case are, that after the election last year, a petition was presented against Mr. Bourbeau, and a counter petition against Mr. Laurier, in which the disqualification of the latter was prayed for. The usual preliminary objections were filed against both petitions, and the matter rested, nothing being done to press the case. Within the last few days, the case came up for argument, and Mr. Justice Plamondon being judge, the preliminary objections presented in the case of Mr. Bourbeau were rejected, and those on behalf of Mr. Laurier were sustained. Under these circumstances Mr. Bourbeau, in order to avoid the expense and loss of time to his friends of a contest before the courts, which, in view of the approaching dissolution of Parliament, would be perfectly useless, made the usual declaration that he had been informed that some of his friends, without his knowledge or consent, had been unwittingly guilty of a violation of the election law, and consented to the voiding of the election. This declaration was accepted by the other side, and hence the decision which was announced in our columns yesterday. A contest in the courts over the seat, at this time, would have been an absurd proceeding, and Mr. Bourbeau, therefore, acted the wiser part in consenting to the annulling of the election. There is, of course, no disqualification involved in this, and our information from the County is that he will be re-elected by a good majority."

#### British Columbia.

In the speech of the Lieut. Governor of British Columbia, we read:—

"I regret to say that the railway question is still in a very unsatisfactory condition. By the advice of my Ministers shortly after they assumed office, a telegram, followed by a despatch, was sent to the Secretary of State, strongly protesting against the steel rails being used or removed for purposes other than those for which they were designed when landed on the island in 1875. To this despatch I have received no reply. In considering these and other railway papers, which will be laid before you, I would remind you that the time has come when delay in the construction of the work, both on the mainland or the island, can no longer be justified. It is, therefore, incumbent upon us to take measures much more decisive than the mere entry of protests, which, however firm and just, have been systematically disregarded by the Government of the Dominion."

Reform is marching on in that direction.

#### Correspondence.

*We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions or statements of our correspondents.*

#### To the Editor of the Examiner:

SIR,—The *Patriot* man refers to an assault made on Dr. Fraser, on the night of the meeting, unprovoked. But, by what I have heard, it was well merited; and I can tell the *Patriot*, that we know of a far more brutal assault, committed with a black bottle at the Head of the Bay, a short time ago, by one of the party of Purity.

Yours, &c.,

ELECTOR.

St. Peter's, Aug 3.

[Considering the circumstances, we think the reference of the "Patriot" to the assault on Dr. Fraser, is exceedingly bad taste. The less said by the partisans of Dr. Fraser, the better. A man who deliberately makes himself very offensive, should be prepared to defend himself or take the consequences of his words and acts in silence.—EDITOR EXAMINER.]

#### Died.

In this city, on the 4th inst., Daisy Winifred, infant daughter of H. W. Longworth, aged six months.

#### HOTEL ARRIVALS.

#### RANKIN HOUSE.

Aug. 3.—Samuel Snider, Brantford, Ont.; J. S. Murray, Halifax; James Carmichael, Jr., New Glasgow, N. S.; J. W. Verner, J. Sterling, Miss Sterling, Montreal.

#### REVERE HOUSE.

Aug. 3.—A. J. Arnold, New York; Charles W. Shephard, Boston; Hubert Hall, Rustic.

#### WAGSTAFF'S HOTEL.

Aug. 3.—Charles Leigh, R. N., Mrs. Leigh, Masters C. Leigh, A. J. Leigh, P. J. Leigh, Miss Leigh, Miss Lilly Leigh, Bessie Peake Leigh, Miss Clara Mountjoy, from England.

#### SEASIDE HOTEL.

Aug. 1.—W. D. Stewart, Ch'town; Nath. P. Beaman, Boston; Mr. and Mrs. Bellhouse, Montreal.

Aug. 3.—W. J. Scott, Toronto; C. R. Robinson, do.; D. Currie, Mrs. Currie, Constance and Gertrude Currie, Ch'town.

#### Enjoy Life.

What a truly beautiful world we live in. Nature gives us grandeur of mountains, glens and oceans, and thousands of means for enjoyment. We can desire no better when in perfect health; but how often do the majority of people feel like giving it up disheartened, discouraged and worried out with disease, when there is no occasion for this feeling, as every sufferer can easily obtain satisfactory proof that Green's August Flower will make them as free from disease as when born. Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint are the direct cause of seventy-five per cent. of such maladies as Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Costiveness, Nervous Prostration, Dizziness of the Head, Palpitation of the Heart, and other distressing symptoms. Three doses of August Flower will prove its wonderful effect. Sample bottles, 10 cents. Try it.

#### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

#### FLOUR!

100 BBLs. "SPRING EXTRA" arrived 70-DAY, by rail.  
200 Bbls. to arrive, per steamer *Worcester*, to-morrow.  
630 Bbls. to arrive on Saturday, per *Miranichi*.  
CARVELL BROS.  
Ch'town, 6th Aug. 6th—lin

#### REFORM CLUB.

A SPECIAL MEETING of the Reform Club will be held in the Club Hall on THURSDAY evening next, at 8 o'clock. A full meeting is requested, as matters of importance will be discussed.  
BENJ. DAVIES, Jr., Sec'y.  
Aug. 5—pat

#### THE CITY SCHOOLS.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS of this City will be re-opened, after the midsummer holidays, on  
Tuesday, August 13th inst., at the hour of 9 o'clock, a. m. A punctual attendance of all pupils, on the day of opening, is requested. By order of the City School Board.  
ISAAC OXENHAM,  
Secretary.  
Ch'town, August 5th, 1878—

#### TEMPERANCE.

A MEETING of the Committees of the different Temperance Societies in the City will be held in the Upper Hall of the Athenaeum on FRIDAY evening, the 9th inst., at 7.30 o'clock, to take into consideration the "Canada Temperance Act, 1878."  
J. W. HODGSON, Sec'y pro tem.  
Ch'town, Aug. 5, 1878—5i

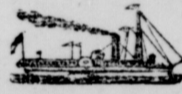
#### NOTICE.



#### Barkentine "Ethel Blanche"

will sail for London, direct, on  
Friday, the 9th inst., and will go on the berth immediately on arrival at London, and sail for Charlottetown about the 10th September, as advertised. For freight or passage apply to  
PEAKE BROS. & CO.  
Ch'town, Aug. 3—3i

#### Montreal and Acadian



#### S. S. LINE.

#### Charlottetown to St. John's, Newfoundland, direct.

THE S. S. "VENEZIA," Capt. McMasters, will leave Montreal on or about the 7th inst., for Charlottetown, taking Freight and Passengers from here to Sydney, C. B., and St. John's, Newfoundland, at moderate rates. For freight or passage apply to  
OWEN CONNOLLY & CO.,  
Agents.  
Ch'town, Aug. 2—pat t 10th

#### PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the style of PERKINS & JOB, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. Either party is authorized to sign the name of the firm in liquidation.  
JAMES D. PERKINS,  
DANIEL W. JOB.  
New York, Aug. 1st, 1878.

The business of the late firm of Perkins & Job will be continued in NEW YORK by the undersigned under the style of PERKINS & CO.  
JAMES D. PERKINS,  
F. SEAVERN, Jr.  
New York, Aug. 1st, 1878—2 4w law

#### EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of E. E. CHURCHILL, late of Rustico, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Dividend of 40 per cent. of the Proved Claims will be paid at the office of Carvell Bros., after the 10th AUGUST, inst.

J. S. CARVELL,  
Administrator.  
Ch'town, 1st August, 1878—pat 2i r gaz li

CARVELL BROS.—Wholesale the very best qualities of TEA, in chests, half-chests, and 21 lb. boxes—186 Packages landing from "Prince Edward."  
Ch'town, July 12, 1878.

#### TO LET,

FOR such term of years as may be agreed on, the old-established Hotel known as  
THE UNION HOUSE,  
situated on Lower QUEEN STREET.  
The premises are now being fitted up, after the fire, in first rate style, with every modern improvement. Apply to  
J. G. ECKSTADT.  
Ch'town, July 31—tf

#### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

#### General Insurance Office.

FIRE and MARINE, LIFE and ACCIDENT INSURANCE effected.  
Office, opp. Post Office, South Side.  
HORACE HASZARD.

#### SURVEYOR OF SHIPPING,

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE—SOUTH SIDE.  
HORACE HASZARD,  
Surveyor.

Ch'town; Aug. 2—

#### Low Rate of Freight from Boston.

The Brigantine "HARRY DAVIES," Montague Yates, master, will receive Freight at Boston for Charlottetown, up to the 10th of August, at low rates. For particulars apply to DANIEL DAVIES, Water Street, Ch'town, Aug. 1—dy pat 6l

#### MACKEREL BARRELS.

NOW for sale—a large quantity of the very best Mackerel Barrels.  
R. BRIDGES.  
Ch'town, Aug. 1—6i

#### SUPERIOR BOARD.

TWO or three Boarders can be accommodated with board by addressing  
3, Post Office Box 17.  
Ch'town, July 31—3i

#### To Builders.

TENDERS will be received by Neil McLeod, Esq., Charlottetown, any time within a week from date, for the building of a Stable and Coach-house. Plan and Specifications to be seen with Mr. THOMAS BAKER, Kent Street.  
Aug 1—1w

#### To Blacksmiths, Lime-burners, &c.

#### COAL! COAL!

ORDERS for ALBION MINES' (Picton) SMALL COAL can be obtained from the Subscriber until further notice.  
G. W. DEBLOIS,  
Sole Agent for P. E. Island.  
35 Water Street, Ch'town, July 31, '78. dy pt

#### MEN WANTED IMMEDIATELY!

20 GOOD MEN wanted at the GAS WORKS. Good wages paid.  
Ch'town, July 31, 1878—tf

#### NOT TO BE UNDERSOLD IN PLAISTER!

#### PLAISTER PARIS FRESH,

\$2.25 per Barrel.

#### H. COOMBS.

Ch'town, July 29—3i eod

#### For One Month, Only!

#### BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

CAN BE HAD IN

#### BOOTS & SHOES,

FOR CASH

#### FOR ONE MONTH, ONLY!

—CONSISTING OF—

#### Men's, Women's, Girls', Boys' and Children's,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

For One Month Only.

E. W. SMITH,  
Mrs. Stamper's Corner.  
Ch'town, July 25, 1878—1m eod

#### Mackerel Barrels

#### ASH HOOP.

1,000 IN STORE.  
CARVELL BROS.  
Ch'town, July 30—pat 3w 2aw

#### House for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale her House and Lot, situated on King Street, opposite the residence of H. J. Cundall, Esq. Application to be made to the owner on the premises.  
SARAH MCKINNON.  
Ch'town, July 30—6i

#### COAL! COAL!

150 TONS NUT & ROUND COAL, cheap from Shed, by  
W. W. CLARKE, Agent.  
Head Lord's Wharf,  
Charlottetown, June 24. }