

NEWSPAPER ENGLISH MAIL

HALIFAX, February 1, 1855.

The Royal Mail Steamship Arcturion arrived on Tuesday morning, after the passage of something less than 10 days from Liverpool. Below will be found all the news of importance.

The British Army in the Crimea.

CAMP BEFORE SEBASTOPOLIS, Dec. 20.

There has been a remarkable change in the weather during the last few days, and it is to be hoped that the relief of the siege of Sebastopol will be hastened by the return of the snow.

On the 26th the French lost the English army 40 horses, and on the 27th they lost them as they were to be sent to the front. The English army has been severely tried by the loss of these animals.

The loss of the last mail about 300 horses, points to the fact that the animals were landed here for the use of the army. The loss of these animals is a great calamity to the army.

As the progress our operations since a grand and successful attack on the 25th of December, 1854, the English army has been severely tried by the loss of these animals.

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From the European Times.

The last direct news from the Crimea agree with the views of the English. The English army has been severely tried by the loss of these animals.

It seems to be understood, that the representatives of the Western Powers at Vienna have agreed to send a deputation to the Crimea.

The arrangement of the Commissariat Department is a subject which has been much discussed. The English army has been severely tried by the loss of these animals.

The following are among the latest telegraphic despatches received: MARSBLIAS, Jan. 17. The Ephraim, which left Constantinople on the 8th inst., has arrived.

My Lord Dufferin.—Since I wrote to you on the 26th, I have been more and more satisfied with the state of the ground in the Crimea.

The difficulty of effecting this desirable object is very great, owing to the very limited extent of the English works, and the narrow beach, the rocks on the north side of the water, and the want of space on the beach.

LETTERS FROM THE CAMP. (FROM AN ASSISTANT-SERGEANT.) January 1.—Last evening I had two letters from Scutari.

Now, you must understand, that we consider our position as a very good one, and are able to keep ourselves dry, and to have fresh air, not from all you that you can, perhaps.

All our friends being here is not at all surprising, and I am sure that you will be glad to hear that we are all well.

RUSSIA AND THE WESTERN POWERS. VIENNA, Thursday, Jan. 18.—The English and French Ministers have been engaged here to meet for the purpose of discussing the Russian question.

ENDEAVOURS TO OBTAIN AN ARMISTICE. We learn from Vienna and Berlin that great efforts are being made to obtain the consent of the Western Powers to an armistice.

CAPTURE OF RUSSIAN PRIGAIETS. PARIS, Jan. 10.—Accounts from Genetta of the 5th of December, state that the Russian prisoners of war were captured by a combined English and French force.

the English works, where he acquired all the information he could get. He then returned to the Crimea, and was severely wounded.

THE RECOVERY OF THE DANUBE BY THE RUSSIANS. VIENNA, Jan. 15.—The following is official news from Vienna: The Russian detachment crossed the Danube, and advanced as far as Balahagh.

THE BRITISH AND FRENCH SOLDIERS. The arrival of the Royal Mail Steamship Arcturion has put us in possession of the latest accounts from the Crimea.

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