

MUNYON'S



I do not believe there is a case of dyspepsia, indigestion or any stomach trouble that cannot be relieved at once and permanently cured by my **DYSPEPSIA CURE**.

MUNYON.
At all druggists, 25c. a vial. Guide to Health and medical advice free. 1505 Arch street, Phila.

DYSPEPSIA CURE



AT \$1.00

Ladies' Dongola laced and buttoned boots, reduced from \$1.35 and \$1.50.—A snap, we have nearly all sizes,

W.H. STEWART & CO



Salmon

British Columbia Salmon
ONLY 10c PER CAN

Clam Chowder

Same price, 10c per can
AT.....

Sanderson & Co
Pure Food Sellers.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

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—BY—
TOURIST SLEEPERS

Leaving Montreal every THURSDAY at 11 a. m. for the PACIFIC COAST, accommodating second class passengers for all points, algary and west.

Berth Rates—	
Montreal to Calgary.....	\$7.00
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For Passage Rates to all points in CANADA, WESTERN UNITED STATES and to JAPAN, CHINA, INDIA, HAWAIIAN ISLANDS, AUSTRALIA and MANILA, and also for descriptive advertising matter and maps, write to

A. H. NOTMAN,
Asst. Genl. Pass. Agt.,
St. John, N. B.

Have Just Completed

My New Oyster Place.

Call and see the brilliant display of beautiful oysters on and off the shell. Our Oyster king is standing in the window. See him, and then you will eat oysters.

John P. Joy,

VICTORIA CAFE
Great George Street.....

A FARMER AGAIN.

SIR,—Perhaps it is a little cheeky of me to ask the second time for a little of your valuable space—as the character of my remarks is evidently quite offensive to a very influential brotherhood. Indeed, there are indications of their having revengeful feelings towards your widely circulated journal now, or why would my medical critics carry their replies to your rival dailies, the Patriot and Guardian? But as you evidently consider the requirements of every class, in the community I trust you will have patience with me while I again say a few words in defence of our universal friend the cow.

A single sentence, in a short editorial in the Daily Patriot, contains the essence of the doctor's position, if true,—and my reasons for objecting, if false. It reads as follows: "surely no intelligent person will butt against such scientific facts." Now scientific facts are statements of well established knowledge, teaching problems in Euclid the teachings of the geologist, chemist, or the astronomer. Theories not fortified by facts in every link of needed evidence, are never treated as science. As an example the disciples of phrenology have long sought to have their theories recognized as science; but the claim has steadily been denied by the learned world.

So in regard to many of the features of the nature and origin of tuberculosis but very little is yet known. Thus, F. D. B. in the Patriot, quotes from the American Medical Association Journal, the very weak and non-scientific statement "it is generally believed." Let the doctor take a case to court and try what the judge will say to him if he has no stronger evidence to offer than "it is generally believed." When closely examined, every one of the accusations against the cow and her milk are mere guesses, with no substantial scientific well-established evidence. Even the medical profession are at variance.

The one fact made known by the great investigator who first demonstrated the identity of consumption in human beings with tuberculosis in all sorts of living beings, birds and beasts, constitutes nearly all the scientific facts yet known except the inevitably accompanying fact that the germs of that disease are as widely diffused as animated nature. The air we breathe, the water we drink, every mouthful of food we eat, are liable to be contaminated by the poison germs. Why then single out the gentlest and most indefensible of all animals for the vengeance of the medical fraternity. Oh, says the city medicus who resides in Summerside, but has his letter in the Daily Guardian, "the most susceptible of the domestic animals are cattle and swine." That is a mere assertion. These animals are experimented with in great numbers, being from the first discovery of the tuberculae to the special object of the hostile medical man and the equally ready "vet."

What everyone addressed by monomania on tuberculosis has a right to demand is the chain of evidence which proves that child or adult contracted that disease from using new milk. They know that it can't be done. The germs are too widely diffused for any other statement than "it is generally believed." Is this science, Mr. Patriot? I doubt if the learned lecturer before the Woman's Council, has reason to be thankful to "Summerside Reader," in the Guardian, for his statistics in respect to the results of Dr. Petcock's, V. S. researches. That gentleman has travelled over the province from end to end, the five hundred cows tested were mainly selected as the most likely victims of tuberculosis in herds that had suspicious antecedents. Yet two cows are all "Summerside Reader" has heard of as reacting. There are at present over two hundred thousand cattle in this province. That is a different story from the learned lecturer's forty-six in every hundred. "Summerside Reader" tries to scare me with a terrible story of microbe existence. That is an old song to me. In truth, if we listen to these medical gentlemen they will talk us into starvation as those delightful foods, butter and cheese, have undergone no sterilizing process and the germs are said by the doctors to live an indefinite period in them. We think of the misguided eater of roast beef that is scarcely warmed in the oven. What must be his fate?

Doctors in the United States, some years ago, raised such a hullabaloo over tuberculosis that the State legislatures of several of them passed very stringent laws compelling milk dealers to keep only tested cows. The result was that many milk men dropped out of the business, and milk became a very dear article. Poor people or those of limited means were not able to supply their families, infants or adults with that indispensable article. The end was that a greatly increased mortality, especially among the young, became apparent, and now all, or nearly all, these restrictive laws are repealed.

FARMER.

A Generous Offer

We are authorized to offer our readers, prepaid, a free sample of a never-failing cure for catarrh, bronchitis, irritable throat, influenza, and such throat and nasal diseases. There is no mystery about Catarrhzone, though its effects is magical. Ointments and washes cannot reach the diseased parts, and have thus proved useless. But Catarrhzone is carried by air directly to the diseased part, and is like a breeze from the pine woods. Write for free sample to

N. C. POLSOX & Co, Kingston, Ont.

Cure a Cold in a Day

Take Lavative Bromo Quinine tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to relieve. Etc.

LORD SALISBURY'S EARLY CAREER.

Writing of Lord Salisbury in the March Canadian Magazine, A. H. U. Colquhoun thus speaks of his first years of Parliamentary life: The years that follow are the developing period of his life. A candid person who met him at this time asserts that among his friends and relatives he was not regarded as of much consequence or promise. His sister alone believed in him fervently. "Give Robert only the chance," she is credited with saying, "and he will climb to the top of the tree." During these years he acquired his journalistic experiences. A younger son, with an income of but £400 a year, who determines to marry the daughter of a noble, and who has to bear the expenses imposed by social position and a seat in Parliament, must expect to augment his income either by office under the crown or by some regular form of work. The former alternative was renounced. Lord Robert Cecil had yet to win his spurs in politics, and the prospects of his party, then in opposition, were poor. He betook himself to writing for the press, a task for which he was exceptionally well equipped, and which must have proved to him, as to many others, the most congenial form of slavery known to civilized man. A college friend, Thomas Hamber, was the editor of the Morning Herald and the Evening Standard, two newspapers which had lately passed into the hands of the same proprietor, and to the columns of these journals the young M. P. contributed leading articles chiefly upon foreign politics. In 1855 Mr. A. J. Beresford-Hope, a wealthy relative by marriage, founded the Saturday Review, and Lord Robert Cecil was one of a group of brilliant men, including John Morley, Goldwin Smith and Sir William Harcourt, who wrote regularly for that versatile and aggressive paper. His labors appear not to have been the occasional occupations of the dilettante writer, but the serious tasks of the working journalist. From his modest home in a quiet street off the Strand the future Prime Minister may have often taken a walk down Fleet Street with a supply of printer's copy in his pocket.

Mr. Ritchie, President of the British Board of Trade, thinks Britain's best guarantee of a sure supply of breadstuffs in a time of war is, not a preference in favor of wheat grown within the Empire, but Uncle Sam's surplus. The United States would not, he says, allow itself to be cut off from the British market by any third power. But what if the United States were Britain's antagonist? Also, what if the United States were the antagonist of one of the great Continental powers and needed all its own wheat? But it is nowadays the fashion of British statesmen and British newspapers to substitute guess for common sense whenever the United States comes within the range of their remarks.

Montreal Witness: In the course of his fine address on Imperialism in Toronto the other evening, the Hon. G. E. Foster made an earnest appeal for higher ideals and a higher moral standard of conduct in public affairs by public men. He did not urge this alone on the ground that the moral obligation was really the same in public life as in private life, but on the ground also that the Dominion, the province, the municipality, can only be best and most effectively served by men acting under the higher obligation. He appealed for the application of the highest public spirit to political affairs, whether national, provincial or municipal, declaring that the public men who do not act in this spirit crippled their energies and efforts.

\$5,000 Reward

"Will be given to any person who can prove that **SUN-LIGHT** or **LIFEBUOY** 'SOAPS, manufactured by **Lever Bros., Limited, Port Sunlight, England, contains any form of adulteration whatever or contains any injurious chemicals.**"

This guarantee of absolute purity accompanies every Twin-Bar of the above named world renowned brand.

Do you get any guarantee with any other brand?

DAIRY CATTLE FOR SALE

I am instructed by Messrs Easton Brothers, to sell at Auction on their farm at East Royston, two miles from Charlottetown, on Wednesday, March 15th at one o'clock p. m. sharp. 30 head of cattle pure bred Ayrshires and Jersey and Ayrshire grades, as follows:—

Fifteen newly calved cows, Jersey and Ayrshire grades. Two heifers, 2 years old; Ayrshire grade. Six heifers, 1 year old Ayrshire and Jersey grades. Five young heifer calves Ayrshire grade. One bull 1 year old; pure bred Ayrshire from an imported cow. One bull, 1 year old; pure bred Ayrshire.

TERMS—All sums of \$10 and under cash; over \$10 ten months credit on approved paper.

F. H. HORNE
Auctioneer

DOCTOR WAS WRONG

When he Said Mr. Connick Couldn't Get Well.

But That Bright's Disease Would Kill Him—Dodd's Kidney Pills Cured the Disease and Saved His Life.

North Carleton, P. E. I., March 7.—Bright's Disease is, next to Consumption, the most destructive malady of modern civilization. For years it has had things its own way. There was no known means of checking or curing it. During that period, every person who was attacked by it knew that death alone could relieve his sufferings, for medical science knew not how to conquer the monster.

Of late years however, a change has come over the scene. Dodd's Kidney Pills have been given to mankind, and Bright's Disease has been shorn of half its terrors. For Dodd's Kidney Pills are a sure cure for this dreaded disease. In every case in which they have been used they have cured the malady.

Scores of cures have been reported from this province, among them being that of Mr. M. B. Connick, of this town.

Mr. Connick tells his story in these words: "I was a sufferer from Bright's Disease for fifteen years, during six of which I could not do any kind of work, could not dress myself, could not stoop, even. Five doctors attended me. One of them—he is among the most eminent of Canada's medical practitioners—told me the disease could not possibly be cured."

"But, fortunately, a friend urged me to try Dodd's Kidney Pills. I did so—in despair. I used ten boxes. In consequence I am now thoroughly cured."

Dodd's Kidney Pills are sold by all druggists at fifty cents a box, six boxes for \$2.50, or sent on receipt of price, by the Dodd's Medicine Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

STRANGE CRIME IN FRANCE

He Wanted to Show His Contempt for Human Life.

PARIS, March 2.—News of a strange crime comes from Nancy. A wealthy merchant of the name of Mathias received some days ago an anonymous letter demanding the sum of 50,000 francs, on the pain of death. The writer said that in order to show the genuineness of his threat, and how little he cared for human life, he would kill a man at nightfall on a certain street in Nancy three days later.

Mathias was not much disturbed over the matter, believing it to be a joke or an empty threat. On the morning after the day named, however, he received another note saying:

"Your victim has fallen. Forty minutes ago a man, apparently of the working class, was killed by a bullet through his body in the Rue St. Max. This is simply to show you that we are in no fear of sacrificing life."

That morning the newspapers described the mysterious murder of a gardener at the spot named in the letter, and Mathias lost no time in consulting the police, but there is no clue to the murderer. The merchant is constantly guarded, and is still alive, but he is half dead with terror.

1899

DIARIES.

- Canadian and
- American
- Excelsior
- DIARIES all sizes for the
- POCKET OFFICE or HOME.
- P. E. I. Almanac now on sale.

HASZARD & MOORE

Seed Wheat.

WHITE FIFE, grown one year from imported seed—on the "Warren Farm" JOHN NEWSON
March 6—d&w1mo



FIRE... and WATER

Clothes, Cottons, Underclothing, Top Shirts, White and

COLORED SHIRTS—Slightly damaged by fire and water, all must be sold within the next two weeks

Men's Boys' & Children's CLOTHING

25 to 50% Discount

2 800 2

Eight hundred pair of pants for 57c \$1.00, 1.50, 1.88, 2.00, worth one half more

Don't Miss this Chance

HATS and CAPS

25 TO 50% DISCOUNT

PROWSE - BROS.,

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