the doctrines and teachings of the infallible Church. If so, I am prepared to print them all, and I trust Mr. Laird will permit me to add, that the 'Protestant' will publish their defence."

Mr. Pope, Rev. George Sutherland, and Rev. David Fitzgerald, with J. B. Cooper, and the larger Amos at their heels, have been trailing their coat tails through the Island for many months, challenging the Catholics to fight them. The Rev. Alexander Sutherland has joined the cry. He has left a congregation that doesn't want him, to drag his coat tail through the mire, and earn a subsistence in a dirty way. But the Catholics won't fight—they sha'n't fight, if we have the power to prevent them. The good old Church requires no defence against such puny antagonists as the Rev. David Fitzgerald, Ewen Amos, J. B. Cooper, W. H. Pope, George Sutherland—(the man who sold his father's Bible,) and Rev. Alex. Sutherland, who, to the great satisfaction of his supporters in another Province, was readily relieved from his pastoral duties there. When we hear that the Sutherlands and Arbuckles, and Amoses, and Popes, and Fitzgeralds, are on their travels, we are ready to exclaim, "More power to their elbows," and we promise ourselves a rich harvest of fun in laughing at their folly, their fury, falsehood, and fanaticism.

THE AWARD BILLS.

Some of the friends of the Government seem to be very anxious to justify the conduct of their patrons in their connection with the Award Bills, by referring to the Minute of Council as an able defence of those measures. There is not one forcible argument in the whole Minute; and the more we look at it, the more we are convinced that it was never intended to have any effect at the Colonial Office. One little fact will clearly shew this to be the case. The Award Bills were sent to England by the Mail of the 25th June—more than two months after they were passed here,—the Remonstrance of Mr. Haythorne (a proprietor) against one of these Bills, was forwarded by the same Mail which carried the Bill home. *But the Minute of Council was not prepared until the 22nd of July—nearly a month after;* and in that Minute there is not one word of reply to, or any explanation of statements made against the Arbitration Bill by Mr. Haythorne. The Government have, therefore, allowed Mr. Haythorne's petition, and the adverse representation of other proprietors, to have all the weight they could possibly command at the Colonial Office against the Bills, for nearly a month before a word in their behalf was sent from the Executive Council of this Colony. Is it not fair to presume, then, that the Tory party here, who pretend to mourn over the loss of the Award Bills, were only too anxious to let the Proprietors have ample time to strangle them, if they were disposed to do so!

THE INTERCOLONIAL PRIZE SHOOTING AT TRURO—P. E. ISLAND VICTORIOUS.

The intercolonial Rifle Shooting for the Nova Scotia Prize Cup commenced at Truro on Friday last, and terminated on the afternoon of that day—thus accomplishing in one day the same amount of work that extended over nearly two days in this Island. We have not yet received the details of the shooting, but those of our fellow Colonists who take an interest in such matters, and in the Volunteer movement generally, will be gratified to learn that the young men chosen to represent Prince Edward Island have not only borne themselves honourably in the contest, but the honour of victory rests with them. Major Pollard, of the Volunteer Artillery in Charlottetown, IS THE WINNER OF THE CUP. Another Island Volunteer named McLaren, was tie with him, at twenty-one points, the highest number made—but in firing off, Major Pollard had the winning shot. One of the Nova Scotia Volunteers—a man from Pictou—was close on their heels, having made twenty points. These are all the facts we have learned so far, by Mail and Telegraph.

In this matter of the Intercolonial Shooting, Dame Fortune has shown a very excellent judgment in the choice of her favourite. We don't know any one whom we could more sincerely and heartily congratulate on his success than Major Pollard. As a citizen, every body likes him, and every body speaks well of him. As a Volunteer, he is enthusiastic in his devotion to the movement, and has given many hostages to the society of his brothers-in-arms in the form of solid money and valuable time—money's worth. He is not devoured by the silly pride of seeing himself in uniform before a mirror. "Fuss and feathers," therefore, have nothing to do with his attachment to the "Movement." A pure, unadulterated love of shooting appears to be the strongest tie that binds him to it. His Company, or what was lately his Company, was in existence long before the Volunteers were enrolled; and on every public occasion—especially at the meeting and proroguing of the Legislature—they were always ready for the discharge of duty. Indeed, we don't know how the great men, with His Excellency at their head, cauld have gone to, and come away from the Provincial Building without the booming of Major Pollard's artillery; there could be no real "pomp and circumstance" without it. For our own part, every time we have heard the music of their guns, we felt a profound respect for every mother's son in the Company; and we are glad now to congratulate its chief officer on the honour he has achieved.

Major Pollard and the Cup are expected here in the Steamer from Pictou to-morrow morning. A little glorification will be expected—and, indeed, cannot well be omitted from the programme. We hope, however, that all parties, especially the Volunteers, will not go frantic with joy. It will be well for them to bear in mind the calamity that happened to that fast young lady called Miss Lucy Neal, and not get "so full of glory" as to attract impertinent observation to their heels.

The following good short story is quite equal to the "Tale of the Painted Pigeons," which has been related in our House of Assembly, as illustrating one of the many youthful *frolics* of one of our public characters:—

SHARP TRADING.—In the village of W. lived a man who had once been Judge of the County, and was known all over it by the name of Judge L. He kept a store and saw mill, and he was always sure to have the best of the bargain on his side, by which means he had gained an ample competency, and some did not hesitate to call him 'the biggest rascal in the world.' He was very conceited withal, and used to delight to brag of his business capacity, when any one was near to listen. One rainy day quite a number was seated around the stove in the store, he began, as usual, to tell of his great bargains, and at last wound up with the expression—"Nobody has ever cheated me; nor they can't neither."

"Judge," said an old man of the company, "I've cheated you more'n you ever did me."

"How so!" said the Judge.

"If you promise you won't go to law about it, nor do nothing, I'll tell, or else I won't—for you're too much of a law character for me."

"Let's hear! let's hear!" cried half a dozen or more voices.

"I'll promise," said the Judge, "and treat in the bargain, if you have."

"Well, do you remember that wagon you robbed me out of?"

"I never robbed you out of any wagon," exclaimed the Judge; "I only got the best of a bargain."

"Well then I made up my mind to have it back, and—"

"You never did!" interrupted the Judge.

"Yes I did, and interest too."

"How so!" thundered the now enraged Judge.

"Well, you see, Judge, I sold you one day a very nice pine log, and bargained with you for a lot more. Well, that log I stole off your pile, down by the mill, the night before, and the next day I sold it to you. The next night I drew it back home, and sold it to you the next day; and so I kept on until you bought your own log off me twenty-seven times!"

"That's a lie!" exclaimed the infuriated Judge, running to his books, and examining his log accounts; "you never sold me twenty-seven logs of the same measurement."

"I know it," said the vendor of logs. "By drawing it back and forth the ends wore off, and as it wore, I kept cutting the ends off, until it was only ten feet long—just fourteen feet shorter than it was the first time I bought it, and when it got so short, I drew it home again and worked it up into shingles; and then I concluded I had got my wagon back and stowed in my pocket-book."

The exclamations of the Judge were drowned in the shouts of the bystanders, and the log drawer found the door without the promised treat. And, to see a mad man, you have only to ask the Judge if he ever was shaved.

LATEST NEWS FROM THE SEAT OF WAR.

(By Telegraph to Reading Room.)

SACKVILLE, Sept. 13th., 10½ a.m.

Confederate force about Frederick estimated at 80,000. Main force, 100,000, believed back of Leesburg. Scouting parties of Confederates reported to be within 40 miles of Baltimore, on Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. Leading Unionists in Baltimore have been threatened anonymously within the week.

Latest reports confirm evacuation of Frederick. Jackson at Hagerstown with advance, preparing to move his whole army into Pennsylvania.

Correspondent of Middlebrook, Maryland, says, Federal force surrounded and supplies cut off. Confederates have 20,000 in front, and two Confederate columns gained rear; one under Kerby Smith, pushing to Northern Kentucky, to attempt to cross Ohio River. Federals full of fight, but fear of starvation.

SACKVILLE, 6-30 p.m.

National 'Intelligencer' says, McClellan advanced head quarters several miles beyond Rocksville, and army had approached Monocacy River.

Federals occupied New Market, 10 miles from Frederic, on Thursday. Several hundred Confederate Cavalry dashed into Westminister on Wednesday night and retired on Thursday.

A Northern prisoner who escaped from the Confederate army, reports them 150,000, keeping close together, conducting everything secretly, and well supplied since reaching Frederic.

General Bragg reported coming from Sparta, Tenn., via Lexington, Ky., with 40,000, and Ewell coming from Nashville, via Louisville, with 45,000, having race for Cincinatti.

Some skirmishing occurred near Cincinnatti.

Philadelphia voted one half million for defence of City and State. Five companies of the New York 7th Regt. ordered out. Probably destined for Philadelphia.

SACKVILLE, N. B., 15th Sept. 10, a. m.

Reported that Generals Lee and Jackson crossed the Potomac near Martinsburg. Supposed that Longstreet would cross further up, whilst the Confederate army is retreating across the Potomac. This not credited at Harrisburg, which is under martial law, and every able bodied citizen going to Chambersburg.

Confederates fallen from Cincinnati beyond Florence. Retreat owing to hearing that Gen. Buell (Fed.) was in Kentucky, and not hearing from Gen. Bragg.

Nashville Despatch, of the 5th inst., says Gen. Buell hastening to support that City, (Nashville), which Gen. Bragg menaced. Federal Gen. Buell reinforced from Rosencrans' command.

Several Federal Regiments were after Kirby Smith's rear.

Several Confederate officers bagged by Baltimore Police, whilst feasting at a house 7 miles from the city.

SACKVILLE, Monday, 15th Sept., 4 p.m.

Confederates evacuated Frederic on Friday. Burnside passed through on Saturday after the enemy. Federals received with wild enthusiasm by populace.

Gen. Franklin captured train, 100 ammunitions and subsistence wagons.

Confederates expectation of receiving large accessions failed; they left 4,500 sick; and reported Longstreet repulsed on Saturday at Harper's Ferry. Cannonading lasted all day; also reported Confederate force attempting to cross river near there on Wednesday, terribly cut up.

Supposed Jackson's command crossed river at Williamsport.

Severe fighting has taken place in Kanawha Valley; Federals retreating towards Ohio.

Confederates under Gen. Duncan attacked Federals near Mumfordsville, Ky., yesterday afternoon, being repulsed with heavy loss.

Governor Tod ordered Militia scout in defence of Cincinatti.

LATEST NEWS FROM EUROPE.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT.

TROUBLES BETWEEN ENGLAND AND FRANCE—OUTBREAK IN SPAIN ANTICIPATED—CAPTURE OF GARIBALDI!—THE BLOCKADE OF SICILY RAISED.

By Telegraph to the Colonial Standard.

PICTOU, Sept. 8.

The *Australasian* passed Cape Race on Sunday at 9 a. m.

Lord Palmerston delivered a speech at Melbourne touching the *Trent* affair, which he said was settled in accordance with the dignity and principles of both parties.

Lord Brougham has made a speech, urging the necessity of neutrality and non-intervention, as the only security for peace with America, and the best hope of securing the end of the quarrel.

The Liverpool *Post*, in noticing Secretary Seward's circular to encourage emigrants, urges the distressed operatives of Lancashire and the Irish poor to emigrate.

Italian affairs are anxiously canvassed. The Daily *News* says that Napoleon cannot be permitted to assume the exclusive control in this matter, and urges the British Government to speak out.

Vague rumours exist that England has protested against any French occupation of Neapolitan territory, and even threatened a corresponding movement on her part in Sicily if restored.

Napoleon presided at an important Cabinet Council held at St. Cloud on the 28th ult., on Italian affairs. It is believed that the proceedings were very important.

A French squadron has been sent to Naples. It is said that an English squadron has been ordered there.

A proclamation issued by Garibaldi from Catania, inciting to insurrection, had produced a strong feeling against Garibaldi's demonstrations at Genoa, Florence, and caused some collisions between the authorities and the people.

The Austrian Military movements continue.

An outbreak is apprehended in Spain, to meet which precautionary measures have been taken.

PARIS, Aug. 30.—A telegram has just been received here stating that Garibaldi was defeated, wounded, and captured near Reater's telegaaph.

LONDON, Aug. 31.—The *Moniteur* says that the insurrection has terminated.—Garibaldi having been compelled to surrender. He was sent to Spersia in an Italian frigate.

The blockade of the Sicilian coast is raised.

THE MINNESOTA INDIAN MASSACRES.

THE ALARM IN CARVER COUNTY, MINN.

The St. Paul *Pioneer and Democrat* publishes the following graphic account of the panic in a portion of Western Minnesota:—

CARVER CO., MINN., Aug. 22, 1862.

I have taken this occasion to give you a faint outline of the great Indian panic which has been raging throughout this entire section of the State. Language seems inadequate to paint the picture in its true light.

On the evening of the 19th inst., at about the hour of 8 o'clock, messengers came running into this quiet village, from what is known as Walker's Landing, and stated that the Indians had slaughtered all the troops at Fort Ridgeley, burnt the fort at the Upper and Lower Agency, and killed all the inhabitants thereof; that they had burned New-Ulm and St. Peter, and had made an attack upon Henderson; that they (the messengers) had heard heavy firing at Henderson before they left; and that that village was burning at the time of their departure. They reported further that there were all the way from five to ten thousand Indians, and that said Indians intended to lay waste all the country from Fort Ridgeley to Fort Snelling.

These messengers informed all the inhabitants on the road, from said Walker's Landing to this place, of this terrible state of affairs; and as they came, kindled one of the greatest panics that mortal eyes ever beheld. Soon after their arrival, men, women and children came into this place screaming with fright—some barefoot, some shirtless, some with little or no clothing at all; some with guns, but more without. Oxen, unused to fast travelling, were now fully equal to Flora Temple in her palmy days, with such loads behind them as would astonish any mortal being.

The exclamation was, *Where shall we go!* Oh! my children, what will become of us. These reports seemed to spread with the speed of electricity; for no sooner did the panic-stricken people of Walker's Landing flee from their homes, leaving doors open and everything exposed to anybody who might see fit to possess anything there, the whole people from the Minnesota River to Crow River became one vast area of excitement. All night long from the time said messengers arrived, there was one continual stream of delirious people rushing in. Soon after the arrival of said messengers, the inhabitants then, though unwilling for the most part to attach any considerable importance to the report, repaired to their several places of abode, and put in order their shot-guns and rifles for any emergency that might arise. Pickets were established on the various roads leading to town, and diligence used to prevent a *surprise* by the enemy.

At last light began to dawn in the East, and the coming day was welcomed by the frantic shouts of more than 300 babies besides hosts of joyous mothers and fathers. But with the early dawn came no Indians, as expected, and nothing to be seen except babies, mothers and fathers rushing to this harbor of safety.

About the hour of seven in the morning we began to recruit the entire population of McLeod County. On they came: some on foot, some on horseback, and some on crutches, sleds, waggons of all shades of manufacture—some with great big round wheels; some with low, block wheels; some with only three wheels; some with only two. They brought with them bundles of clothes, axes, spades and shovels; some more, some less of the same; some running with children on their backs, seated upon a ponderous bundle strapped over the shoulders. Thus matters went on until in came a boy, on a very spirited horse, claiming to be direct from Glenco, shouting out as he rode at full speed through the streets, that the Indians had burned Glenco and Young America, and were on a rapid march for Carver! Oh! such a scene I never desire to witness again. The Antelope was, by a special request, detained at the levee; and such a rush for the decks of this last harbor of safety beggars all description.

Mothers clasped in their arms their children, and wrung their hands with terror. Such yells, shrieks, and moans. The decks of this small steamer soon became one living mass of frantic men, women and children. Her guards dipped the water with the ponderous load, and still they jumped, clasped, and clung to her as their only hope. The gallant captain, desiring to assist all in this hour of trial, could not help being cognizant of the fact, that should he permit them to overload his steamer, she would soon reach the bottom of the river with all on board, and therefore interposed in time to lighten his boat and cut loose from shore, which was done in a splendid manner, and the precious load soon went steaming down the river.

While so many were surely saved, there was still a dense mass of human lunatics on shore that were shrieking and shouting in the wildest despair. Soon a small barge lying near by was crowded with women and children and cowardly men. But we had brave men left who gave wise counsel to the women, and told the men of the cowardly act of running away and leaving their wives and children to the mercy of the savage.

These cowards were kicked and cuffed and knocked about, but still were as helpless as infants. They made no resistance, but shrieked and cried with fright.

A small band of thirty or forty braves were all that could be mustered out of this dense mass of two or three thousand persons. I do not overestimate the number; some put it much larger. This small number of brave men, with rifles, shot guns, and pitchforks, determined to defend their homes at all haszard, and by hard and constant exertions brought back many who had not reason entirely dethroned.

Additional news soon received showed the report to be without foundation, and soon the light of joy beamed upon all countenances. This was practically the end of the panic, and the cowards and lunatics once more became as bold as lions. The people began to realize the scheme, and commenced to return to their houses.

This is, I believe, the pith of the panic, and, as I have already taken up much room, I will close by saying that the gallant Captains T. Grant and Strait have passed through here with their 150 braves, with bayonets fixed, destined for Fort Ridgeley, and the people are all returning to their homes.

CANADA.

FATAL ACCIDENT AT THE SHOOTING GROUND.—Yesterday morning, between five and six o'clock, a sad accident of a fatal character occurred on the Shooting Ground, at Sandy Hill. It appears, from the information which we have been enabled to obtain, that, at the hour named, a number of persons were firing at the target for the purpose of practice, at ranges of 700 and 500 yards. A boy of the name of Barry, a son of Sergeant Barry, of this city, who was one of the party, was employed to indicate the shots, but the mode in which he did so was not that cautious one usually adopted. Instead of signal and danger flags being used, the boy would, after each shot, rush from the "butt" to the target, and indicate thereon, by means of his hand or cap the place where the ball had struck. This, as every one will understand, was a mode of marking the score involving great personal danger, as was proved in the deplorable casualty which subsequently occurred. It seems that, about the time, or shortly after the firing commenced, a man of the name of Joseph Waller, a painter by trade, living at the foot of York street, came round the side of the hill where the target is placed, and took up his position in the "butt," and that, after each shot was made, he accompanied the boy to the target. Lieut. McNab, of the Garrison Artillery, was one of those assembled for the purpose of practising. Observing the target clear, and no one firing at that moment, he took advantage of what seemed a favorable opportunity to have a shot. He took aim at the 700 yards range, and just as he pulled the trigger, the boy and Waller left the butt to go to the target, which is only a few paces out of the line of fire. Their object, we believe, was to see the result of a shot fired a moment or two before by some one at the 500 yards range, when melancholy to relate, the ball from Mr. McNab's rifle struck Waller at the back of the head, and he dropped down—dead. The affair, as may be imagined, caused a great sensation amongst those on the ground, and also through the city, when it became known. Lieut. McNab, the unfortunate but innocent cause of the accident, was reduced to a state almost bordering on madness. An inquest was held on the body, when the jury found that the deceased came to his death accidentally, but recommended that greater caution should be used in firing hereafter. Walker has left a wife and two children who were entirely dependent upon him.—*Ottawa Citizen, 10th.*

DREDGING MACHINES.—We have just learned that a Mr. McBean, a very skilful, enterprising mechanic, purposes visiting Halifax in a few days, with a view of offering his services to the public authorities, and to private individuals, in dredging the docks of the harbor. He is at present employed by the city authorities of Charlottetown, and the wharves are thronged with persons witnessing the wonderful performances of steam power applied to restoring the public docks to their normal condition. A most ingenious invention worked by steam suspends a huge iron bucket on the end of a large crane; over the end of which this bucket is lowered and submerged. It is self-acting, and is immediately raised by machinery, bringing up two or three tons of mud and stones and sticks, and every imaginable kind of debris, which is then swung over a scow provided with a false bottom, and the bucket's own bottom, by a curious arrangement, opens, deposits its contents into the scow, and is swung back and plunges into the dock, burying itself many feet under water, and re-appears filled as before. From seven hundred to a thousand yards of earth and material are raised daily. Once every minute this bucket is filled and discharged. Two or more scows are kept busy removing the material, which is said to constitute excellent top-dressing for grass fields. Ships now lie at Charlottetown and receive cargoes, where schooners used to ground, and instead of extending their wharves, merchants are cleaning out their docks at comparatively trifling expense. Mr. McBean's dredger is a truly wonderful invention, and classes high among labor-saving machines. If some of the Halifax people will give it a trial, we go bail that it will agreeably surprise them.—*Halifax Morning Chronicle, Sept. 8.*

The "Lady LeMerchant" formerly owned by Mr. DeBrisay, and sold some time ago to the Federal Government, was lately sunk in the James River. This is the second North Shore Steamer "used up" on the James.

The Great Eastern has arrived at New York with over 1,000 passengers, and 3,000 tons of merchandize on freight. It is said that she will not be open for exhibition this trip, as that would protract her stay too long.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Several communications, not inserted in this No., received during the past week, will be attended to in our next.

The 'Westmorland Times' says that a deaf and dumb child of Mr. Thos. Kinread of Moncton was burned to death on Thursday, the 28th ult., while the rest of the family was absent from the house. Some portions of the body were reduced to a cinder.

Col. Cole has been sworn in as Administrator of the Government of New Brunswick during the absence of the Governor.

The New York 'World' says Secretary Stanton resigned the War Departmet on Thursday; Halleck is appointed his successor.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—*Holloway's Ointment and Pills*—Dangerous chest complaints.—The enumeration of these diseases is scarcely necessary, as unfortunately most Englishmen know them to their cost. Whooping cough, croup, common colds, influenza, bronchitis, asthma, pleurisy, inflammation of the lungs, and even consumption in its earliest stages, are best treated by rubbing Holloway's Ointment upon the chest, and upon the back between the shoulders. It penetrates internally, checks the cold shiverings, relieves the overgorged lungs, gradually removes the oppression from the chest, and restores the obstructed respiration hitherto so distressingly disagreeable and highly dangerous. In treating this class of diseases, Holloway's Pills should always be taken while using his Ointment, they purify the blood, promote perspiration and allay dangerous irritations.

EXTRAORDINARY ACCIDENT.—A man named Cassimere Derosh, while employed by the Messrs. Ramsay, of Rose Hill, during the last hay season, fell from a load of hay, and in descending struck the prong of a pitchfork, which entered his arm near the wrist, and forced its way up parallel with or between the cords of the arm, and broke off leaving 8½ inches of the steel baried among the tendons. The extraordinary part is, that Derosh suffered no immediate pain, and was surprised as to the whereabouts of the fork-tine. His surprise was still further increased when he endeavoured to bend his arm, and which he was unable to do, as the prong had penetrated a few inches above the joint—thus stiffening the arm. The piece of metal was extracted by Dr. Jarvis, and the man suffered but little injury, being able to work in a few days. We examined the tine, and had the facts from the Messrs. Ramsay.—*Weekly.*

H. M. Ship *Desperate*, Commander Arthur Thrupp, arrived at this port on Wednesday last, and sailed again on Thursday morning. The Desperate arrived from the Labrador a few days since, having been detailed by the British Government to enable the late Moses Perley, Esq., the Fishery, Commissioner to complete his survey on that coast.—*Isl.*

Married,

On Tuesday, the 2nd inst., at Indian River, by the Very Rev. James McDonald, Mr. John Keiffe, Alberton, to Miss Ellen E. Delaney, third daughter of Mr. Edmund Delaney, of Malpeque.

On the 11th instant, by the Rev. D. Crawford, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. Andrew Dickieson, of New Glasgow, to Ann, third daughter of Peter Robertson, Esqr., Lot 48.

At the Manse, Charlottetown, on the 9th instant, by the Rev. T. Duncan, Mr. Benjamin Smith, to Miss Ann Bernard, both of North Rustico.

Died,

Suddenly, on the 23rd ultimo, at the North Cape, Mr. Patrick Hogan, senr., a native of Wexford, Ireland, in the 77th year of his age. His death is lamented by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance, and regretted by his family. His remains was followed to its last resting place, on Monday, the 25th, by the largest concourse of people that ever assembled on such an occasion in Tignish. R. I. P.

At Hopeton, Lot 48, on Tuesday, 9th instant, of Diptheria, Ellen, infant daughter of William and Sarah Mutch, aged one year and eight months.

At Fredericton, N B., on the 1st instant, after a long and painful illness, Anna Frances, wife of Thos. Mooney, and daughter of Richard and Ellen Hudson, in the 21st year of her age.

At Mt. Vernal, Lot 48, at his grandfather's residence, on Sunday, the 31st August, of putrid sore throat, much lamented, John Wesley, eldest son of Mr. John T. Poole, Wheatley River, aged 6 years.

On the 4th instant, at Poplar Island Bridge, after a severe illness, Mr. Hector McLean. The deceased was in the 62nd year of his age, and has left a widow and large family to lament his loss.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF CHARLOTTETOWN.

ENTERED.

Sept. 3—Annie McKie, Campbell, Boston; bal. 8—Mary Ann, Deeming, Pugwash; limestone. Pearl, Turnbull, Pictou; coal. Annie, Gillis, Sydney; do. 9—Alexander, McLean, Richibucto; deals, &c.

CLEARED.

Sept. 3—Ploughboy, Robertson, Pictou; bal. 6—Victory, Sureaux, Tracadie, N.B.; do. Elizabeth, Campbell, Miramichi; goods. 8—Mary Ann, Deeming, Pugwash; bal.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Household Furniture!

TO BE SOLD by Public AUCTION, on MONDAY, September 22nd, at Eleven o'clock, at the residence of C. C. VAUX, Esqr., corner of Prince and Sydney Streets, a quantity of

Valuable Household Furniture,

Consisting of Bedroom Furniture, Hall ditto, Chairs, Tables, What Not, Rocking and Arm Chairs, Couches, Oil Cloth, Venetian Blinds, Curtains, Poles and Ornaments, Glassware and China, 1 Cooking and several Franklin Stoves, Pictures, &c., with a variety of other HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS.

—ALSO—

1 sett HARNESS, 1 good MILCH COW, about 3 cords FIREWOOD, and 3 Barrels of FLOUR.

TERMS—All sums over £10, three months' credit, on approved Joint Notes.

WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.

Charlottetown, Sept. 15.

IMPORTANT TO PARENTS!

GIVE TO YOUR SICKLY CHILDREN

WOODILL'S

Improved Worm Lozenges!

THE most wonderful cures have been made by them.

Hundreds of the most flattering testimonials have been received from PHYSICIANS and others.

ONE TRIAL will convince the most skeptical of their superiority over all the Vermifuge now in use.

These Lozenges are pleasant to the taste, and act immediately without physic.

TRY THEM! TRY THEM!

READ THE FOLLOWING:

"Having examined the prescriptions from which Woodill's Worm Lozenges are prepared, I can state that they contain the most wholesome ingredients. I can also certify that they are efficacious, having used them in my practice.

(Signed) "HENRY B. FORMAN, M. D., Surgeon."

Halifax, February 6, 1860.

"DARTMOUTH, Oct. 28, 1861.

"I hereby certify that I have made use of Woodill's Worm Lozenges in my treatment of worm cases, with much satisfaction to myself and patients; and, having examined the prescription from which they are made, I am enabled to testify that they are perfectly safe and efficacious, and hereby cheerfully recommend them to the public.

"T. B. DESBRISAY, M. D."

"This certifies that I have used Woodill's Worm Lozenges for my little children, which gave them entire relief. They were so agreeable that the little ones ate them like candies, and I gladly recommend them for general use.

"MRS. H. NINA SMITH."

The well-known lecturer on Female Education.

W. R. WATSON, General Agent for P.E.I.

City Drug Store, September 15, 1862.

N. B. Country Merchants supplied on Commission, on the usual terms. W. R. W.

Co-Partnership Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED have this day entered into CO-PARTNERSHIP as

IMPORTERS & DEALERS

IN

British, French & other Foreign DRY GOODS,

Under the Style and Firm of

VAUX BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

C. C. VAUX.
H. B. VAUX.

Tropolit's Buildings, 152 Granville-street, Halifax, Nova Scotia, Sept. 9, 1862.

Boy Wanted.

A SERVANT BOY to attend to general out door work, in connection with a dwelling house and stable. Apply at the EXAMINER Office.

Sept. 15.

DISSOLUTION SALE!

TO be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, on THURSDAY, the 25th of SEPTEMBER, and following days, until the whole is disposed of, all the STOCK IN TRADE in the Premises occupied by Messrs. SWABEY & ROBERTS. The Stock comprises—

10 Hhds. DeKuyper's GIN
2 Hhds. SHERRY WINE
3 Quarter Casks do. do.
3 Quarter Casks PORT
1 Quarter Cask LONDON GIN
2 Hhds. BRANDY
2 do Demerara RUM
1 Quarter Cask SCOTCH WHISKEY
1 do do IRISH WHISKEY
2 Qr. Casks MADEIRA WINE
1 Pipe MARSALA
10 Cases Hennessy's Brandy
8 do OLD TOM, Gin
5 doz. CLARET.

About 500 galls. of Whiskey, 9 Punchs. MOLASSES, Lemon Syrup. Also—Bottled Ale, TEAS, Tobacco, Candles, Cobza Oil, Pickles and Sauces, with a variety of other Goods.

Together with all the SHOP FURNITURE, Scales, Weights, &c. &c. &c. 2 setts Fairbank's Patent SCALES, 1 Chubb's Fire Proof Iron SAFE.

At the same time, the unexpired Lease of the Premises, 7½ years, at the yearly rent of £46.

TERMS—All sums under £10, cash; over £10, 3 months' credit, on approved Joint Notes.

WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.

Charlottetown, August 25th, 1862. isl rw m

To be Sold at Auction,

ON TUESDAY, the 23rd instant, at 12 o'clock, noon, the FREEHOLD PROPERTY of the subscriber, situated in Hillsborough Street, consisting of Half a Town Lot, being quarter Town Lot No. 96, and quarter Town Lot No. 97. Together with the BUILDINGS thereon, including

Two Good Dwelling Houses.

Terms made known at sale.

THOMAS GLEASON.

Sept. 8, 1862.

Valuable Business Stand,

BY WILLIAM DODD.

TO be Sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, on the premises, in Charlottetown, on the 19th day of SEPTEMBER instant, at 12 o'clock, noon, all that piece of Ground situate in Charlottetown, being one-fourth part or thereabout of Town Lot No. 34, in the third hundred of lots in the said town, having a front of 47 feet on Queen Square, and a front of 80 feet or thereabout on Great George Street, together with the Dwelling House and all other Buildings thereon erected, and all easements, rights and appurtenances to the same belonging.

The above Premises are at present in the occupation of Hon. Patrick Walker, and will be sold subject to a mortgage held thereon by James Miller, Esquire, of 5 Mile House, St. Peter's Road, for the sum of £580 currency, with the interest thereon from the 20th day of February, 1858, and now due and payable.

Terms at Sale.

ALEX. T. COOMBS,
ELLEN JANE COOMBS.

Charlottetown, Sept. 8th, 1862.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

THE public are requested to take notice that on and after the 1st SEPTEMBER next, all Letters and Packets posted in any Post Office in this Island, and addressed for delivery in the Province of NOVA SCOTIA, MUST BE PREPAID BY STAMP.

Letters posted unpaid, or partially prepaid, will be forwarded to their destination, but will be subject, on delivery, to a fine of Five Cents, in addition to the Postage due thereon.

L. C. OWEN, Postmaster General.

General Post Office, 15th August, 1862.

PASTURAGE! PASTURAGE!

GOOD well watered Pasturage, one mile from town. Apply to

GEORGE COLES.

Charlottetown, May 26, 1862.

THE UNDERSIGNED has received:—

Walsh & Griffith's Circular Saws, (from 38 inch downwards;)
Cross-cut Saws,
Files, of every description;
Underhill's Axes,
Coils Manilla Rope,
Glue, Dye Stuffs, Oil;
And assortment of Wines and Spirits,
Ale and Porter,
And Family Groceries, (of the best quality.)

ALFRED PHILIPS.

Ch. Town, Sept. 8, 1862. 4w

Miller Wanted,

AT THE ST. PETER'S MILLS. Apply to

WM. E. CLARK.

Sept. 8th, 1862.

DR. McKEON, KING SQUARE,

Next house to the residence of Mr. Beer.

Sept. 8, 1862.

NOW LANDING,

Ex Carrie M. Rich, from Boston,

100 BBLS. FLOUR,
100 Boxes CANDLES,
200 Boxes LOZENGES.

J. & T. MORRIS.

September 8.

Flour! Flour!

FOR SALE, 100 Bbls. Double Extra Superfine, for Cash or approved credit.

JAMES PURDIE.

Charlottetown, Sept. 8th, 1862. 4i

"LIGHT BOAT."

THIS FAVOURITE PACKET will leave BOSTON for this Port 10th September. For Freight or Passage apply to N. CUSHING, Boston, or

J. S. CARVELL, Charlottetown.

September 1, 1862. 2i

Royal Agricultural Society.

THE INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION for 1862, will be held at the TEMPERANCE HALL on FRIDAY the 7th NOVEMBER, 1862. For particulars see Handbills.

JAMES D. HASZARD, Secretary and Treasurer.

Charlottetown, Sept. 8, 1861. (all papers)

FLOUR!

FOR SALE, 100 bbls. CANADA SUPERFINE FLOUR, (warranted). Now arrived from Liverpool, 40 chests superior TEA. For sale, wholesale, by

R. W. BRECKEN.

Pownal Street, May 12, 1862.

LUMBER.

SPRUCE DEALS and DEAL ENDS,
PINE BOARDS,
Pine Palings
Cedar Shingles,
Sawn do.
Laths and Deal Edging for Sale.

JAMES PURDIE.

Charlottetown, Aug. 12, 1862.

Rocklin Fulling Mills.

THE subscribers return thanks to their friends and patrons in Prince Edward for the liberal patronage hitherto extended to them, and would respectfully intimate that they are still on hand and ready to do their work up in the BEST STYLE, and at the SHORTEST NOTICE, and expect a large increase in their business this season.

The following are their prices in Prince Edward Island Currency:—

	£	s.	d.
Fulling per yard	£0	0	4
Fulling and Dressing	0	0	8
Fulling and Dyeing, and Half-Dressing,	0	0	10
Do. do. Dressing all colors, except green	0	1	0
Green per yard	0	1	4
WOMEN'S WEAR.			
Dyeing	0	0	5
Dyeing and Dressing	0	0	6
Dyeing Scarlet, per lb.	0	3	0

The following gentlemen will act as Agents: Neil Rankin, Esq., Queen-street, Mr. Simon D Fraser, Kent-street, Charlottetown; Daniel Gordon, Esq., Georgetown; Daniel Fraser, Esq., Belfast Cross Roads; Mr. Hector Gillis, Mr. David Johnston, White Sands; John Hyde, Esq., Murray Harbour; Mr. James Ross, Mount Stewart; Mr. David Rogers, Summerside.

R. & A. FRASER.

Rocklin, Middle River, Nova Scotia, July 19, 1862. 3m

DR. J. HOMER,

Physician and Surgeon, from Boston,

HAS a very convenient suit of rooms at MRS. MCKAY'S, where he may be consulted, for a short time, between the hours of 9 a.m. and 6 p.m., on all diseases of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Chest.

N. N.—His past success certainly speaks volumes for the new mode of treatment.

Charlottetown, Sept. 8. 2i

FOR SALE,

A SALADIN MARE, in excellent order. She is very gentle in Saddle or Harness—a fast roadster, and an excellent worker in cart, plough or harrows. She will be sold on easy terms. Application to be made at the 'Examiner' Office.

June 23.

Summer Valley FARM FOR SALE.

A Rare Chance seldom to be met with.

TO be Sold, the Leasehold Interest of the above beautiful FARM, containing about 120 acres of the best land in Prince Edward Island, fronting on the St. Peter's Road, and also on the Hillsborough River, within ten chains of Appletree Wharf, and eight miles from Charlottetown by the road or by the river, subject to the yearly rent of only £5 3s., or about tenpence currency of this Island by the acre, for a term of 999 years; nearly 80 acres thereof is cleared, dyked, fenced and under cultivation, covered with crop consisting of Wheat, Barley, Oats, Potatoes, Turnips, Buckwheat, &c.; the residue is covered with excellent timber (hardwood and soft) of every useful description; there is a comfortable and commodious Dwelling House, 32 × 25 feet, with a frost-proof Cellar underneath, capable of containing nearly 2000 bushels potatoes, with a convenient Draw Well at the door; a large Barn, with Stables, Cowhouses, Granary, gig, cart and harness House, pig and sheep Houses complete, with a walled Cellar underneath the Barn which will hold over 600 bushels turnips; the whole snugly sheltered from the north and west by a beautiful grove of hardwood reserved for that purpose. This Farm possesses many peculiar advantages equalled by none else on the river—commanding a picturesque view of the city and harbor of Charlottetown; there is neither hill nor swamp nor a foot of useless or inferior land on its whole surface. From its contiguity to vast deposits of muscle mud and other manures in the said river, and a reservoir near the shore, in which, with little labour, can be collected and deposited any required quantity of seaweed which floats in abundance into the cove and along the shore of said farm every autumn. The whole of said farm can be manured therefrom. And from its contiguity to the said wharf, a ready market is always open for the disposal of all the products thereof, the undersigned having often shipped 500 bushels therefrom in one day, and frequently £100 worth during the fall shipping. A more profitable, comfortable or commodious location for a gentleman or a good farmer cannot well be found throughout the Island. The terms of sale will be liberal, and made known on application to the Honorable DANIEL BRENAN, Charlottetown, or the owner on the premises, where plans of the same can be seen.

FRANCIS McQUAID.

8th September, 1862. tf

Freehold Property in Charlottetown for Sale.

THE Subscriber being about to change his business, will sell at Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 10th day of OCTOBER next, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, his VALUABLE PROPERTY in Pownal Street. This Property is well adapted for any business, being situated in the most prominent part of the City. It has a frontage of 52 feet, and runs back 84 feet, immediately adjoining the residence of the Honorable Robert Hutchinson. There are on the Premises a well-finished DWELLING HOUSE, with gas fittings complete; in the rear of which are a Bake House and Oven, Stable and other outhouses.

At the same time will be sold all the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE of the Subscriber, including several valuable STOVES. Also, will be sold a good Milch COW, and two large PIGS.

TERMS made known at time of sale.

ARTHUR O'NEILL.

Charlottetown, Sept. 8, 1862.

Rare Chance to obtain a FARM!

FOR SALE, Brudenell Point FARM, conveniently situated one mile from Georgetown, containing 200 Acres of LAND, 32 of which are in a good state of cultivation, and the remainder well wooded. There is a good Barn and House on the land and a good well of water. Any quantity of muscle mud and other manures can be procured on the premises. The Subscriber will sell his interest in the above farm very low if applied for immediately.

H. J. RHODES.

Georgetown, Sept. 8, 1862. 2m

"Warblington" for Sale.

THAT desirable property, belonging to JAMES WILSON, Esq., consisting of 36 acres of LAND, in a high state of cultivation, a very convenient DWELLING HOUSE and offices, a good GARDEN, and an extensive and valuable ORCHARD.

This Property has a water front, and is distant from the City only a few minutes walk. As a gentleman's residence, Warblington is unrivalled by any property in the Island. Apply to WM. DODD, Auctioneer, or to the subscriber,

THOMAS PETHICK.

Charlottetown, April 28, 1862.

FOR IMMEDIATE SALE.

THAT DESIRABLE WATER LOT, in GEORGETOWN, containing half an acre of LAND, with usual privileges, known as No. 1, or POINT LOT. Terms Cash or short time on security. Apply to the Hon. JOSEPH HENSLEY, Charlottetown.

December 2, 1861. tf

FOR SALE,

VALUABLE FREEHOLD FARM, in Brackley Point, containing about 90 acres of Land, 70 clear and in a high state of cultivation, the remainder covered with a fine growth of longers. There is an abundance of Salt Mud and Sea Manure on the property, with a good Cottage, 30 x 26 feet, and a Kitchen attached, 12 x 10 feet, well finished, and a good chain Pump at the door, and a good Barn 46 feet long, with or without the Crop. For a summer's residence it is second to none in the country.

TERMS—One-half the purchase money down; the remainder in twelve months. Application to be made to the subscriber, on the premises.

JOSEPH MACKINNON.

June 16th, 1862. 5m

FOR SALE.

THE leasehold interest in fifty-two acres of land, situate on St. Peter's Road, ten miles from Charlottetown, subject to the yearly rent of one shilling per acre for 999 years, one-ninth added. The best recommendation is a view of the premises and the growing crop thereon. The above will be sold either with or without the crop. There is on the premises a good dwelling frame house, 32 × 22 feet, together with barn and stable buildings lately erected.

The purchaser may expect liberal terms. All information can be had on application to the owner on the premises.

JOHN MOONEY.

Ten Mile House, St. Peter's Road, Lot 35, July 28, 1862. tf.

Staple Goods ON CONSIGNMENT.

JUST RECEIVED per Barque "THERESA," from Liverpool, Great Britain,

Seven Cases MERCHANDIZE,

—CONTAINING—

60 pieces black and Coloured COBURGS
40 do CIRCASSIANS
20 do cross-overs and mixed ALPACAS
20 do Brown Holland and Grass CLOTHS
20 do Cotton and Linen DIAPER
50 dozen TOWELS
50 do Ladies' lawn Handkerchiefs, very cheap
30 do Black and W. B. THREAD, No. 25
50 do gross Clark and Co's 6-cord Cotton

—ALSO—

6 hhds De Kuyper GENEVA
20 cases Do Do
40 packages English TEA
20 boxes Liverpool SOAP

All which will be sold at prices to suit the times.

N. RANKIN, Queen Street.

Charlottetown, May 19th, 1862.

Fresh Arrivals.

THE subscriber has received, per recent arrivals:—

50 hhds. choice retailing Molasses
12 do Muscavado Sugar
250 bbls. Flour, Superior, Extra, State and Superfine.
25 bbls. Navy Bread
25 do Onions
15 boxes Cheese
10 casks Kerosene Oil (best)
20 cans do 5 gallons each (do).

To Arrive, and hourly expected—

40 hhds. Molasses
12 do Choice Grocers' Sugar
150 bbls. Flour
50 sides of Sole Leather.

All of which, together with Stock of

Teas, Tobacco, Cigars, Boots, Shoes, &c. &c.

ARE OFFERED AT VERY LOW PRICES.

J. S. CARVELL.

Hats and Caps,

IN PANAMA, Leghorn, Felt, Tweed and Cloth. The best variety to be found in the city.

BEER & SONS.

Charlottetown, June 9, 1862.

1,500

PAIRS BOOTS and SHOES, in Ladies', Gents', Misses', Youth's and Children's, for sale low by

BEER & SONS.

Charlottetown, June 9, 1862.

Removal of the Bazaar.

THE BAZAAR will be removed in a few weeks, to the Store now occupied by Messrs. J. DESBRISAY & CO., on Queen Square.

The Stock of Fancy Goods now in store at the Bazaar will be sold at cost previous to removal.

J. McCOMB.

Aug. 25, 1862.

NOTICE! NOTICE!

IF Mr. C. B. Smith, who left the box of Books at the subscriber's house more than two years ago, does not claim it in one month from date of this advertisement, the contents will be sold to pay expenses.

WILLIAM W. LORD.

Tryon River, Aug. 28, 1862. 1m [Sept. 1.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE!

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP hitherto existing between the subscribers, under the name of "SWABEY & ROBERTS," has this day been dissolved, by mutual consent. All persons having any demands against the said Firm will present them to Daniel J. Roberts for settlement; and all persons indebted to the said Firm will be good enough to pay their several amounts at once to the said Daniel J. Roberts, to prevent further trouble, as all amounts unpaid by the 15th September will then be sued for, without any distinction.

STEPHEN SWABEY,
DANIEL J. ROBERTS.

Charlottetown, 23d August, 1862.

ON the 25th and 26th September, WILLIAM DODD will sell, by AUCTION, without any reserve, on the premises now occupied by us, all our then remaining STOCK. Until then everything will be sold at greatly reduced prices FOR CASH ONLY. And housekeepers and the trade would do well to lay in their winter's supply of the Goods enumerated below, at the very low rates at which they will be offered until the Public Sale takes place:—

Tea	Brandy
Soap	Port
Candles	Sherry
Starch	Madeira
Soda	Marsala
Pickles	Scotch Whiskey
Sauces	Irish Whiskey
Coffee	Hollands
Oil	London Gin
Vinegar	Jamaica
Tobacco	Demerara
Cobza Oil	Case Gin
Tubs Butter	Old Tom
Molasses	Claret
London Syrup	Maraschino
Bottled Ale	Noyau
Bottles	Liqueurs (various)
Corks	&c. &c. &c. &c.

SWABEY & ROBERTS.

August 25th, 1862. isl rw

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber intends to make some alteration in his mercantile business this fall, requests all persons indebted to him by Book Account or Notes of Hand, to settle their respective amounts on or before the 10th NOVEMBER, otherwise legal proceedings will be taken for collection, without any distinction.

J. WIGHTMAN.

St. Andrew's Point, August 7, 1862.

INTERNATIONAL S. S. CO'S STEAMERS.

"New Brunswick" and "Forest City."

THESE favorite STEAMERS leave St. JOHN for EASTPORT, PORTLAND, and BOSTON, alternately, every MONDAY and THURSDAY morning, at 8 o'clock.

J. S. CARVELL, Agent.

June 16, 1862. 6m

Eastern and N. A. Railway.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

TRAINS LEAVE ST. JOHN, 8 a.m., arrive at Point Du Chene at 1.57 p. m.

Trains leave St. John at 2 p. m., arrive at Point Du Chene at 9.14 p. m.

Trains leave Point Du Chene at 7.30 a. m., arrive at St. John at 3.30 p. m.

Trains leave Point Du Chene at 2.15 p. m., arrive at St. John at 8.3 p. m.

On TUESDAYS a train will leave St John at 5.30 p. m., to connect with steamers "Westmorland," "Lady Head," and "Arabian," on Wednesday mornings.

J. S. CARVELL, Agent.

June 16, 1862. 6m

Flour! Molasses! Sugar!

JUST RECEIVED, from New York, 150 barrels Extra Superfine FLOUR.

—Also, from Halifax—
12 puncheons Molasses,
6 hhds. Sugar.

For Sale by the subscribers, low for Cash.

DODD & ROGERS.

Dodd's Brick Store, Pownal-street, May 26.

MEDICAL NOTICE!

DR. J. HOMER,

Physician and Surgeon,

For Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Throat and Chest,

NOW at MRS. MACKAY'S, Dorchester-street, would remind all who intend to consult him during his visit, that now is the best opportunity of doing so, as his stay is limited, and yet will be long enough to enable all those who apply immediately to have full opportunity to enjoy the benefits of the new mode of treatment by which Asthma, Catarrh, Throat, and a certain variety of Lung Diseases, are speedily and permanently cured.

☞ The best of reference given.

No person need hesitate calling on Dr. H. in consequence of being in limited circumstances, for he always favors the honest laborer, the orphan and the widow.

N. B. Charges to suit the times in all cases.

Sept. 1, 1862. tf

W. B. HERBERT, SHIP BROKER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 112 Hollis-street, HALIFAX, N. S.

☞ Strict attention will be given to all consignments of Prince Edward Island Produce.

September 1, 1862. 12in

Desirable Residence to Let.

THE Premises at present occupied by the subscriber, on Prince-street, will be to Let in October next, or earlier if required.

C. C. VAUX.

June 16, 1862. isl prot

To Let or Sell at Once.

A VALUABLE BUSINESS LOT and HOUSE, at St. Peter's Bay, adjoining Mr. Sutherland's, on the Fortune Road.

Reference in town—Hon. D. Brenan. On the spot—Dr. McKeon, the proprietor. Deed seen at Registry Office. [July 14, 1861.

ALBERTINE OIL.

THE subscriber has in store 20 Casks ALBERTINE OIL, (made from New Brunswick Coal), which is warranted to burn LONGER and BRIGHTER than any other Oil in the market.

For sale very low.

J. S. CARVELL.

August 11, '62. 6i

Flour! Flour!

TO arrive, per Schooner HELENA, from NEW YORK, 150 bbls. Superfine and Extra FLOUR.

P. W. HYNDMAN.

August 3, 1862. 6i

PAINTS AND PAINT OIL, BAR IRON; also, 100 chests and half chests TEA for sale cheap for cash by

JAMES DUNCAN & CO.

Charlottetown, June 30, 1862.

Stoves! Stoves!!

ONE CARGO OF STOVES

Just Arrived from

Yarmouth, Nova Scotia,

CONSISTING of different sized COOKING STOVES, with large METAL BOILERS, for wood and coal; Franklin and Box STOVES. A few very neat Parlor Cooking Stoves, for wood and coal.

—ALSO—

Spare Stove Furniture of all kinds.

A few dozen Metal Coal SHOVELS for feeding stoves.

Persons wanting any of the above, will please call and see them.

H. J. P. TERLIZZICK.

TERMS—Some cash to 12 months.

Charlottetown, Aug. 18, 1862. isl rw 2m

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND CLOTH MANUFACTORY, TRYON.

THE Subscriber, encouraged by the very liberal support received in the Cloth dressing business, begs to inform the inhabitants of P. E. Island that he has imported from the best makers in the United States,

Machinery for Carding, Spinning and Weaving,

and shortly (in addition to finishing Cloth) will be prepared to receive Wool for manufacturing into the various descriptions of Cloth usually made in the Colonies. The charge for Picking, Oiling, Carding, Spinning, and Weaving will be

One shilling and three pence per yard.

Other branches in the same proportion. Wool, which must be washed and dried, may be left with H. J. Callbeck, Sidney Street, Charlottetown, or any of the agents for the Mill, from whom further particulars can be learned.

CHARLES E. STANFIELD.

Tryon, April 21, 1862.