

The Daily Examiner

SEPTEMBER 12, 1884.

Editorial Notes.

It is estimated that the wheat harvest of Great Britain will, this year, give an average of thirty bushels to the acre, and there were 2,676,477 acres under crop.

The Scott Act has been sustained at Halton. A despatch to the St. John Sun reports that the petition for the repeal of the Scott Act has been handsomely defeated, but until official returns are forthcoming the exact majority cannot be named.

It appears that the main cause of the failure of the National Bank of New Jersey, and the consequent suicide of the President and Cashier, was the desire to be popular. The Cashier wanted to be popular, and the directors wanted to be popular, and they all wanted to "run a popular institution."

Punch, this week, represents the Prime Minister in full Highland costume waving the fiery cross at the end of which are the half consumed fragments of a coronet. It is remarked by the London correspondent of the Toronto Globe that the exact idea existing in the artist's mind is scarcely clear, for no one supposes that Mr. Gladstone intends to "go for" the abolition of the House of Lords.

St. Joseph's Convent.

SOME time ago, THE EXAMINER remarked upon the neatness and good taste evident in the St. Joseph's Convent building; and now we have equal, or even greater, pleasure in calling attention to the Bazaar, which is to be held in November next for the purpose of raising money to have it enlarged and improved.

Long ago, in the beginning of the present century, Bishop McEachern, when a missionary priest, had built a church up at St. Andrew's. It was the first church of the Island;—the holy men, who were pioneers of our faith in these parts, spoke from its pulpit;—the venerable Bishop Plessis said Mass at its Altar;—within its sacred precincts our own good Bishop and many of his priests received the Sacrament of Baptism; pious associations and holy memories were entwined with every thought of the old St. Andrew's Church.

NO EXCUSE FOR DELAY, as the government were duly forewarned in April as to the necessity for immediate preparation. A plan was submitted to the authorities in which it was proposed that an Indian contingent should march from Suakin to Berber, while a boat expedition should be ready to pass the first cataract immediately upon the rise of the Nile in July.

THE BRITISH government appear to have determined upon their usual course, and the expedition will be minimized as much as possible. This was foreshadowed by the small vote of £300,000. I do not hesitate to declare that such an expedition will be a failure, and I trust that our authorities will reflect upon the extremely serious consequences that must ensue should any reverse befall the British arms in the present state of hostile feeling throughout Egypt and the Sudan. There can be

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THE DISASTER OF A LOW NILE be added to the afflictions of Egypt it will be impossible to send an expedition to Berber by the river, and the advance must be made from three points by land—i. e., from Suakin to Berber, and from Korosko by Abu Hamad, while a third division should march from Dongola, accompanied by an Arab army of the Kabbabehs. Every person who knows Egypt is well aware that native vessels thoroughly qualified for the peculiarities of the river may be obtained in thousands, and that the advance against the Nile stream must be by sail, or by towing, should the wind be adverse. It is impossible to row against the strong current of the Nile in flood-time without exhausting the crews during the hottest portion of the season. All vessels should be towed by steamers, and the depots of coal should have been stored months ago in readiness for an expedition throughout from Assiout to Dongola. If 4000 rowing boats are actually to be constructed in England for a Nile expedition, and the troops are to depend solely upon such a conveyance from Cairo to Khartoum, I can only say, "God help them!"

Our Advertisers.

E. Needham holds an auction sale of apples and onions, on Market Square, tomorrow, at eleven o'clock.

The ladies of St. Joseph's Society intend holding a bazaar some time next November. Proceeds to go towards paying for certain improvements in St. Joseph's Convent.

W. A. Weeks & Co. inform the public that the first instalment of their new fall goods has been received, and is now on sale. They announce bargains in every department.

THE EXAMINER Job Printing Establishment, having recently added to its already large stock a supply of new material of the latest and most improved styles, is better than ever prepared to give good satisfaction as to workmanship and prices.

The Nile Expedition.

SIR SAMUEL BAKER CONDEMNS THE GOVERNMENT PROJECT—A HAZARDOUS UNDERTAKING.

Sir Samuel Baker, the African explorer, publishes a letter on the Nile expedition in the Times of the 23rd ult., in which he says:—

If newspaper reports are trustworthy, it is proposed to construct 400 or 500 boats, clinker built, to be propelled by oars and sails. These are to be sent from England for the transport of troops upon the Nile. This amazing intelligence is, in itself, sufficient to stamp the expedition with failure, even before the start; as it proves the complete ignorance of the authorities of all concerning the river and the requirements of locating it. I have always advocated a relief expedition to General Gordon of sufficient force to crush the insurrection, to stamp out all sparks of rebellion, to re-establish the authority of the Khedive, and to reorganize Upper Egypt by a rectification of frontier that shall retain the valuable portions of the Sudan, with Khartoum as the capital and the White Nile as the western boundary. To insure the success of a military expedition a peculiar organization is important, as the difficulties of the country are extreme. There are only two main routes to Khartoum—by the Nile and by Suakin to Berber. That by the Nile must depend upon the navigation of the river, which can never be relied upon. That by Suakin involves a march of 280 miles across the desert to Berber. When Sir Gerald Graham defeated Osman Digma's forces at Suakin in the spring of this year, an Indian contingent might have pushed immediately across the desert to Berber.

ACROSS THE DESERT TO BERBER, then held by Hussein Khelifa Pasha. Instead of this operation the British forces retired. The effect has been that Suakin is nightly attacked by the reorganized levies of Osman Digma, and the British-Egyptian garrison is afraid to meet the enemy upon the open. Berber, which was left unsupported, fell into the hands of the Mahdi's followers. The victories of General Graham have accordingly been cancelled. Suakin is invested by land, while Berber is lost, and General Gordon is skillfully holding his own in Khartoum. The Mudir of Dongola is also in activity. Thus Gordon and the Mudir of Dongola are the only officers who represent efficiency in resisting the Sudan insurrection. We are now, at the eleventh hour, half determined to relieve Gordon, but no definite policy has been sketched for the future of Khartoum. The Arabs have been informed that we shall

ABANDON THE SOUDAN, and that England will ultimately retire from Egypt. It can hardly be expected that under these conditions we shall secure native allies, especially as those who were friendly towards us were left unsupported in Suakin, and the Shaggeahs have been defeated near Dongola, their bodies floating down the Nile with hands tied behind the back being stern witnesses of the Mahdi's policy. Under present circumstances we cannot expect sincere and thorough assistance from either Arabs or Egyptians, as we have done nothing to merit either their co-operation or respect. We must accordingly rely upon British troops and Indians, for actual fighting, and the Egyptians will be employed to garrison the various positions. The British government appear to have determined upon their usual course, and the expedition will be minimized as much as possible. This was foreshadowed by the small vote of £300,000. I do not hesitate to declare that such an expedition will be a failure, and I trust that our authorities will reflect upon the extremely serious consequences that must ensue should any reverse befall the British arms in the present state of hostile feeling throughout Egypt and the Sudan. There can be

as the government were duly forewarned in April as to the necessity for immediate preparation. A plan was submitted to the authorities in which it was proposed that an Indian contingent should march from Suakin to Berber, while a boat expedition should be ready to pass the first cataract immediately upon the rise of the Nile in July. That steamers should ply at all intervals between the various cataracts to keep open the communications. That 2,000 black troops should be landed at Korosko to march across the desert to Abu Hamad, ready to advance upon Berber at the proper time. That 2,000 British troops should reinforce Dongola; while steamers and vessels in tow should push on towards Berber should the rise of the Nile permit the passage of the various cataracts. By this plan of operations a simultaneous advance would be made from Korosko, the Nile, and Dongola, direct towards Berber, which would encourage the Kabbabehs and Khartoum; they would immediately join forces and supply transport animals, if assured of permanent support and guaranteed future protection by a central government at Khartoum. Should

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The Hanlan-Beach Race.

The Australian steamer Zealandia brings particulars of the boat race between Hanlan and Beach, for the championship of the world and a stake of £1,000. The weather was magnificent, but the water was slightly rough. A splendid start was effected, and a dead level maintained for the first quarter of a mile. Hanlan then forged ahead, and when a mile and a half had been covered was a length in advance. Beach responded and rowed right down on Hanlan, when the latter allowed his boat to cross and a foul took place. Hanlan put up his hand and claimed a foul. Beach, however, kept pulling away, and Hanlan followed; but Beach came to the post an easy winner by five or six lengths. Time, 20.29. The umpire disallowed the foul claimed by Hanlan. An immense crowd witnessed the race. There were sixty-eight steamers, crowded with spectators, along the course, and the shores were densely lined with people. Tremendous enthusiasm was manifested over Beach's victory. A cordial interview took place between the oarsmen after the race. Hanlan admitted he was beaten. He said he was paralyzed by the close proximity of the steamer Tomki, which bore down too close to his boat.

CURRENT NOTES.

Compared with August last year, British imports decreased £6,600,000.

The business man he doth despise The man who will not advertise.

We are indebted to Italy for three great blessings—hand-organs, macaroni and fleas.

Starvation is threatening the people on the northeast coast of Newfoundland, where the cod fishery has been a failure.

It is the careful proof-reader, proud of his punctuation, who "points with pride."—Cincinnati Saturday Night.

The Chinese report that very little damage was done to the forts on the Min River by the French bombardment.

The negroes have removed one of the German flagpoles erected on the Gold Coast of Africa, and chased the governor.

A Boston agricultural editor says that the best way to preserve peaches is to keep a bull dog in the orchard.

The Knights of Labour are a very numerous body; but the days of Labour are more numerous and more troublesome.

Going to Europe to get married is the latest. It is thought that if the love can stand the test of sea sickness it will last forever.

The Dublin Freeman's Journal intimates that Trevelyan, Chief Secretary for Ireland, will succeed Baron Carlingford on his retirement from the cabinet.

The difference between a man and a camel is very great. The camel will work seven days without drinking, and a man will drink seven days without working.

Salvation Army riots occurred at Worthing, during which a head, a Salvationist, fired a revolver at the mob and wounded a man. He was arrested.

The reports that frauds amounting to £80,000 have been discovered in the Egyptian ministry of finance is unfounded. It arose from the dismissal of four officials.

"In what condition was the patriarch Job at the end of his life?" asked a Sunday-school teacher of a quiet-looking boy at the foot of the class. "Dead," calmly remarked the boy.

"Doctor," said a man who expected to get medical advice gratis from a physician whom he met on the street, "my son has had the nose bleed for several days. What would you recommend us to do?" "I would recommend you to call a physician," answered the doctor, as he walked away.

A British and Yankee skipper were sailing side by side and in the mutual chaff the English captain hoisted the Union Jack and cried out: "There's a leg of mutton for you." The Yankee unfurled the Stars and Stripes and shouted back: "And there is the gridiron which broiled it."—Boston Journal.

The Grand Trunk receipts for the week ending August 30 were:—Passengers, mails, express, \$143,041; freight and live stock, \$220,005; total, \$363,046. For the corresponding week last year the receipts were for passengers, &c., \$167,073; freight, \$220,793; total, \$387,866; decrease this year, \$24,820. The aggregate receipts for the nine weeks were, \$3,010,681, against \$3,248,747 for the corresponding period in 1883.

Port Arthur has made wonderful progress of late. The assessment has increased fourfold within eighteen months, and the population grown from 1,500 to nearly 5,000. In 1882, 202 vessels entered the port; in 1883, 486; while up to July 31 of this year, the number had reached no less than 836. The opening of the Thunder Bay section of the Pacific Railway has given this remarkable impetus to the town, and the summer trade is likely to be maintained to a considerable extent after the opening of the all-rail route.

WE understand that another clerk will shortly be appointed to the Charlottetown Post Office, in addition to the one whom we mentioned last week. We are glad to see evidence that the Post Office authorities are anxious to render all possible facilities for the accommodation of the public, although the premises are very circumscribed. We would suggest that great convenience would be afforded, and one which would relieve the pressure at the office to a large extent, were carriers employed to deliver letters from house to house within the city. Fredericton, we believe, has such a system, and we are afraid to say how much more important. Dr. Jenkins might make a memorandum of this.—Herald.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Probabilities for the next 24 hours for the Maritime Provinces.

TORONTO, Sep. 12—10 a. m. Fresh southwest winds; clearing cooler weather.

METEOLOGICAL OFFICE,

Charlottetown September 12, 1884. Highest Temperature yesterday, 63.0. Lowest Temperature (read at midnight), 43.9. Lowest Temperature this morning, 58.3. Temperature this morning, at 8 o'clock, 60.0. Temperature this afternoon at 1 o'clock, 61.9.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

OSBORNE HOUSE. Sept 11th—J Ballou, Milton, Mass; Mrs Chas H Craig, do; J M Martin, Brooklyn, N Y; J Campbell, wife and child, Boston; W Campbell, Montague; O Campbell, do; C E Lyman, Coaticook, P Q; T Adams, Port Hill; W McKee, jr, Brantford, Ont; F A Simpson, Alma, Me; E G Baker, do; E J Cradlock, Boston; L B Miller and wife, St John; J M Fitzpatrick, St John, N B; A Allen, Montreal; Mrs R Sneeston, Providence, R I; Miss Sneeston, do. 12th—M A B Smith, M D, Stellarton, N S; J McPhee, city; J E McDonald, Cardigan; D A McHollan, Moncton, N B; Miss M J McDonald, do; A Shaw, Crapaud; P S McNutt, Summerside.

REVERE HOUSE. Sept 11th—C G Hart, Boston; Mrs F P Smith, Lawrence, Mass; W Drake, Montreal; Lieut Col Freeland, city.

MARRIED.

On the 9th inst, by Rev. J. M Macleod, Mr. Duncan McCallum, merchant, Pownal, to Miss Mary Thorne Ballou, of Birch Hill. At the Manse, Kinross, Sept. 9, by Rev. John Goodwill, Mr. Malcolm McDonald, of Lyndale, to Miss Ann McLeod, of Murray Harbor Road.

BAZAAR!

THE MEMBERS OF ST. JOSEPH'S SOCIETY PURPOSE HOLDING A BAZAAR

EARLY IN NOVEMBER NEXT,

the proceeds to be devoted to the Extension of the Class Rooms of the St. Joseph's Convent on Pownal Street.

Sept. 12, 1884.

APPLES AND ONIONS!

I WILL sell, at Auction, Saturday, 13th instant, at eleven o'clock, a. m., in front of my Auction Room, South Side Market House,

15 barrels Apples, 12 barrels Onions.

E. NEEDHAM, Auctioneer.

Ch'town, Sept 12, 1884.

THE EXAMINER

JOB PRINTING

OFFICE

has lately been replenished with a supply of

Printing Types and Material

—OF THE—

Latest Invention and Best Description,

and we are now prepared to print, under the

Careful and Skillful Supervision of Mr. J. W. Mitchell,

BILL HEADS, BLANK CHEQUES, NOTES OF HAND, HAND BILLS,

LETTER HEADS, RECEIPTS, POSTERS, DODGERS, &c.,

On Short Notice, in Good Style, AND AT CHEAP PRICES.

Veterinary Pupil Wanted,

ABOUT eighteen years of age. Must be able to read and write well, and have a fair knowledge of arithmetic, including vulgar and decimal fractions. To the right person, a good chance will be given to learn the Veterinary Art. Apply to

J. M. WHITMAN, V. S.

Sept 11—21 wy 21

Pure Bred Stock.

THE services of the celebrated Jersey Bull "Bella's Centennial," No. 7,977. American Herd-Book, can now be had at the stable of T. A. McLean, Esq., near Estable Foundry. Fee, \$2.00. Now is the time to get milking stock, as he will likely be in Charlottetown but a short time.

Portland Cement.

Received per Moselle:

20 barrels Portland Cement, 60 bbls. Sheet Iron.

SIMON W CRABBE.

Sign of the Stove, Walker's Corner.

Ch'town, Sep 4—24w 2w

NEW FALL GOODS,

Selected by Mr. Stewart,

—IN THE—

ENGLISH MARKETS,

just arrived per S. S. Australia and Phoenician, and

NOW OPENING

— AT THE —

LONDON HOUSE.

Sept. 11, 1884.

VALUABLE BUILDING SITES.

TO be sold by Auction, on Monday, 22nd instant, at twelve o'clock on the premises, all that plot of land on Kent Street, former site of the North American Hotel, having a frontage on Kent Street of forty-two feet, and running back one hundred and sixty feet.

SALE POSITIVE. NO RESERVE. Terms at sale.

WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.

Ch'town, Sept 11, 1884.

LAND SALE.

TO be sold at Public Auction, on the premises, on King Street, opposite the Post Office, Charlottetown, on Friday, the 17th day of October next, all that valuable property, with dwelling house thereon, on the south side of King Street, having a front on said street of about thirty-four feet, and running easterly by parallel lines sixty-three feet, with a right of way from said street for horses, carts, trucks, &c.

TERMS—One-third cash at sale, the balance to be secured by a mortgage of the premises, bearing six per cent interest.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. McLeod, Morson & McQuarrie.

SARAH MCKINNON.

Ch'town, Sept 9, 1884.

HOUSE TO LET.

THE Subscriber offers to let a most desirable two-story House, on Fitzroy Street, nearly opposite the residence of William Brown, Esq. It contains twelve rooms, besides kitchen, and has been papered anew and painted inside and outside this summer. There is also a Stable, Coach-house and Garden attached.

DONALD FERGUSON.

July 7, 1884.

BLACKSMITH'S COAL.

ALBION MINES SLACK COAL can be supplied freely, and with dispatch, for about one month. Orders given by

G. W. DeBLOIS, Agent

35 Water Street.

July 10—41

WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.

LOST—White Friday last, a Driving Whip, with white bone handle and silver ferrules. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at this office. [sep12]

FULL LINE of McCormick's celebrated BISCUITS AND CONFECTIONERY, at R. K. BRACE'S. [sep10 3m]

FOR SALE—A Horse, five years old, together with Wagon and Harness, nearly new. Apply to James Dorsey, Queen St. [sep10 3i]

LOST—In this city, a few days ago, a narrow Silver Bracelet. The finder will please leave it at this office, and be rewarded. [sep 9]

WANTED—A smart boy as an Apprentice to the Printing Business. Apply at the office of THE EXAMINER. [sep 8]

FOR SALE—A New Schooner of about 15 tons. Apply at this office. [sep 8, '84]

A Gentleman (formerly of P. E. I.) wishing to select his winter quarters would be glad to hear of vacant rooms through E. L. Lydiard, Esq., Customs Broker, Charlottetown. [sep 8, '84. 1w.]

A CLERK with some experience in a Grocery Store will find employment by addressing P. O. Box 51. [sep1]

WANTED—A COOK. Apply to Mrs. DeBlois, Devonport Cottage, Charlottetown. [aug 28]

WE will give exclusive sale at and near Charlottetown, of our Entire Wheat Flour, to a dealer who will push it. Covered by patent. Easily sold. We guarantee 100 lbs. more bread to the barrel than any other flour.—FRANKLIN MILL Co., 38 Clark Street, Chicago, Ill. [aug 2]

GIRL WANTED immediately, to do general household work in a small family. Good wages. Apply to Miss John A. Moore, Hillsborough Square. [aug 21]

TO LET.—Shop and Tenement on Upper Queen Street, at present occupied by Mrs. McLean. Apply to J. MCGILL. [aug 2—pat.]

KENT MILLS and other choice brands Family Flour for sale by Henry Beer Office and Warehouse, Water Street, near Ferry Wharf. [aug 1]

AUCTION SALE.

STEAM BOILER, TANK, ETC.

TO be sold by Public Auction, on Monday, 15th of September, inst, at 2 o'clock, on the site of the Old Post Office, the following articles:—

- 1 Tubular Steam Boiler 4 x 12 ft., (25 horse)
- 1 Large Hot-water tank,