

The Daily Examiner.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free-born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, THURSDAY, MARCH 27, 1884.

VOL. 14.—NO. 108.

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Advertising at most moderate rates.
Contracts may be made for monthly,
quarterly, half-yearly or yearly advertise-
ments, on application.

ALMANAC FOR MARCH, 1884.

MOON'S CHANGES.
First Quarter, 4th day, 9h. 20.6m. a. m.
Full Moon, 11th day, 3h. 27.5m. p. m.
Last quarter 19th day, 7h. 0.5m. p. m.
New Moon 27th day, 1h. 35.0m. a. m.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	Moon sets	High water	Low water
1 Saturday	6 43	5 42	8 32	0 42	10 58	11 1
2 Sunday	49	43	9 11	1 26	11 1	1 1
3 Monday	39	44	9 55	2 16	4	4
4 Tuesday	37	46	10 45	3 15	8	8
5 Wednesday	36	48	11 42	4 34	11	11
6 Thursday	34	49	aft 43	6 3	14	14
7 Friday	32	50	1 48	7 22	18	18
8 Saturday	30	51	2 54	8 23	21	21
9 Sunday	29	53	3 39	9 10	24	24
10 Monday	27	54	5 4	9 52	27	27
11 Tuesday	25	56	6 8	10 34	31	31
12 Wednesday	22	57	7 10	11 2	35	35
13 Thursday	20	58	8 12	11 35	38	38
14 Friday	19	59	9 12	12 7	41	41
15 Saturday	17 6	1 10	11 0	12 46	44	44
16 Sunday	15	2 11	9 1	1 15	47	47
17 Monday	13	3	morn	1 54	50	50
18 Tuesday	11	5	0	3 28	54	54
19 Wednesday	9	6	0 55	3 33	57	57
20 Thursday	7	7	1 43	4 42	12	12
21 Friday	6	9	2 27	6 1	3	3
22 Saturday	3	10	3 6	7 12	7	7
23 Sunday	1	11	3 43	8 12	10	10
24 Monday	5 59	13	4 16	9 1	14	14
25 Tuesday	57	14	4 49	9 34	17	17
26 Wednesday	56	16	5 21	10 26	20	20
27 Thursday	54	17	5 54	11 5	23	23
28 Friday	52	18	6 18	11 46	26	26
29 Saturday	52	19	7 7	morn	29	29
30 Sunday	48	21	7 51	0 28	33	33
31 Monday	47	22	8 40	1 14	36	36

JAS. E. GRANT,
Sole Agent for P. E. Island for

THOS. CONNOR & SONS,
Rope Manufacturers,

ST. JOHN, N. B.
Orders from the trade respectfully
solicited.

Ch'town, Feb. 29, 1884.—1m

McLeod, Morson & McQuarrie,
BARRISTERS

—AND—
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

Office in Old Bank.
(UP STAIRS).

Ch'town, Feb. 21, 1884.

SULLIVAN & MACNEILL,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Solicitors in Chancery,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, &c.

OFFICES—O'Halloran's Building, Great
George Street, Charlottetown.

Money to Loan,
W. W. SULLIVAN, Q. C. | CHESTER B. MACNEILL
Jan. 16, '83.

SHIP AND HOUSE
BUILDERS,

Will find every requisite for the trade at
DUCHEMIN'S

STEAM FACTORY,
Beer's Wharf.

Always on hand, a complete stock of,
Ship's Blocks,
Deadeyes,
Steering Wheels,
—ALSO—

Mouldings, in great variety, Cornice, Base
Panel, Door and Window Finish, Sponting,
Conductor and Handrail, Newel Posts, Balu-
sters and every description of Turning.

Fret, Circular and Jig Sawing, Planing and
Moulding turned out neatly and with des-
patch.

Satisfaction guaranteed.
Don't forget the place, Beer's Wharf near
McMillan's Coal Depot.

Albert Duchemin.
Ch'town, Jan. 2, 1884.—wkly 6i.

FURNITURE. FURNITURE.

We have on hand a full line of PARLOR AND BEDROOM
SUITS, latest styles and well made, that we will sell cheap to
make room for new patterns.

We are prepared to do all kinds of Upholstering, Cabinet
Work, Polishing, etc., for house-cleaning time, in a thorough
manner.

HAIR MATRESSES Re-made, Re-picked and Cleaned, which
make them as good as new. CHAIRS Reseated with Birch,
Veneer, Perforated Seats, and Cane.

First-class work guaranteed in every branch. All orders en-
trusted to us in this month will be promptly executed, and
cheaper than after the spring rush commences.

Better value in every department than ever before offered in
Charlottetown.

MARK WRIGHT & CO.,

Kent Street, and 83 Queen Street.
Charlottetown, March 17, 1884.—2aw wkly

ROYAL CANADIAN INSURANCE CO.

FIRE.

CAPITAL, \$2,000,000

HEAD OFFICE—Montreal.
HALIFAX BRANCH—J. Scott Mitchell, Agent.

Risks Taken on Most Favorable Terms.

AGENT FOR PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND:

F. H. ARNAUD,
Merchants Bank of Halifax.

DESBRISAY & ANGUS,

AGENTS OF THE
QUEEN AND AGRICULTURAL INSURANCE COMPANIES,

WHILE thanking the Citizens of Charlottetown for their
past patronage, and assistance during the late fire, have to
announce that they have taken the office in

Stevenson's Building,
CORNER QUEEN AND SYDNEY STREETS,

Where they are prepared to do business.
Ch'town, Feb. 22, 1884.

"GUARDIAN"

FIRE AND LIFE

ASSURANCE COMPANY,
11 Lombard Street, London, E. C.

ESTABLISHED 1821.

Subscribed Capital, \$10,000,000
Capital Paid Up, 5,000,000
Total Funds, upwards of 18,000,000
Total Amount Income, nearly 3,000,000

Risks at Lowest Current Rates.

CARVELL BROS.,
Agents.

Ch'town, Feb. 26, 1884.—1m 2aw

D. A. BRUCE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

IS OVER-STOCKED with the following GOODS, and offers
them at a

REDUCTION OF TWENTY PER CENT.
Gents' Woollen Underwear, Flannel Shirts, Fur
Caps, Kid Mitts, Sleigh Robes.

OVERCOATINGS,

WHICH YOU CAN HAVE
MADE TO YOUR MEASURE

Cheaper Than Imported Ready Made.
D. A. BRUCE,
72 Queen Street, Charlottetown

Dec. 20, 1883.—cod wkly

CHEAP SALE OF WHITE COTTONS AND SHEETINGS.

WE will hold a Special Cheap Sale of the
remainder of our stock of
White Cottons and Sheetings,
During This Month Only,

to make room for our New Stock, now at
Picton. Ladies about to buy should see
these goods. They are fresh and good, and
the

PRICES ARE BONA FIDE,
AND BEING
BELOW THE COST,

to clear out, must command a
rapid sale.

Lot 1, 800 yds., at 3½ cts.;
regular price, 6 cts.

Lot 2, 1,225 yds., stout English
Cotton, at 5½ cts.; former price,
9 cts.

Lot 3, 1,400 yds., 35-inch wide,
at 9 cts.; former price, 12 cts

Lot 4, 1,800 yds., 36-inch, at 11
cts.; former price, 15 cts.

Lot 5, 600 yds., 36-inch, heavy
English night-gown Cotton,
at 15 cts.; former price, 20 cts.

WILL ALSO OFFER
Grey Cottons, Tickings, Sheet-
ings, Pillow Cottons, &c.

AT A BIG REDUCTION,
FOR CASH ONLY.

W. A. WEEKS & CO.,
Sign of the Lion.

Ch'town, March 6, 1884.—cod wkly.

G. H. HASZARD

HAS, since the fire, opened his Stationery
Store in
Mr. James DesBrisay's Old Stand,
where you will get the very best of

STATIONERY,

in small and large lots, at
Greatly Reduced Prices.

School Books, Marked Very Low.

World's Standard Library
Series, Poets, and other
Standard Books,

SELLING AT COST.

Now is the time to get valuable BOOKS
at a GREAT BARGAIN.

Ch'town, March 6—1m cod

MONCTON

Sash and Door Factory.

MR. P. LEA, in returning thanks to the
public for the liberal patronage extended
to him while in business in Charlottetown,
begs leave to inform his old customers and
the public generally, that he, in company
with Mr. William Rogers, has appointed
Messrs. B. Williams & Co.,
Lumber and Coal Dealers, Pownall Wharf,
Charlottetown, our agents, who will keep
constantly on hand a full supply of Mould-
ings, Window Sashes, Doors, etc., at

LOWEST CASH PRICES.
All orders entrusted to them will receive
prompt attention.

LEA & ROGERS,
Moncton, N. B.
Sept. 5, 1883.—2aw wly

JOB PRINTING of every description
executed with neatness and dispatch
at the EXAMINER JOB PRINTING
ROOMS, cor. Water and Great George Street

FOUL PLAY. LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

By Charles Reade.
British Columbia.

CHAPTER LXIX.—(Continued.)
At this Arthur Wardlaw began to shriek
for mercy. "Oh, Mr. Penfold," said
he, "you are a father, and hate me. But
think of my father. I'll say anything, do
anything. I'll clear Robert Penfold at my
own expense. I have lost her. She loathes
me now. Have mercy on me, and let me
leave the country." He cringed and
crawled so that he disarmed anger and
substituted contempt.

"Ay," said Burt. "He don't hit like you,
Mr. Penfold; this is a chap that ought to
have been in Newgate long ago. But take
my advice; make him clear you on paper,
and then let him go. I'll go down stairs
awhile. I mustn't take part in compound-
ing a felony."

"Oh, yes, Robert, said Helen, "for his
father's sake."
"Very well," said Robert. "Now, then,
reptile, take the pen, and write in your
own hand, if you can."

He took the pen and wrote to dictation:
"I, Arthur Wardlaw, confess that I forged
the promissory note for £2,000, and sent it
to Robert Penfold, and that £1400 of it was
to be for my own use, and to pay my
Oxford debts. And I confess that I bribed
Wylie to scuttle the ship 'Proserpine' in
order to cheat the underwriters."

Penfold then turned to Wylie, and asked
him the true motive of this fraud.

"Why, the gold was aboard the 'Span-
non,'" said Wylie; "I played hanky-panky
with the metals in White's store."

"Put that down," said Penfold. "Now go
on."

"Make a clean breast," said Wylie. "I
have. Say as how you cooked the 'Proser-
pine' log, and forged Hiram Hudson's
writing."

"And the newspaper extracts you sent
me," said Helen, "and the letters from Mr.
Hand."

Arthur groaned. "Must I tell all that?"
said he.

"Every word, or be indicted," said Robert
Penfold, sternly.

He wrote it all down, and then sat star-
ing, stupidly. And the next thing was, he
gave a loud shriek, and fell on the floor in
a fit. They sprinkled water over him, and
Burt conveyed him home in a cab, advising
him to leave the country, but at the same
time promising him not to exasperate those
he had wronged so deeply, but rather to
moderate them, if required. Then he gave
Burt fifty guineas.

Robert Penfold, at Helen's request, went
with her to Mr. Hennessy, and with the
proofs of Arthur's guilt and Robert's in-
nocence; and he undertook that the matter
should go in proper form before the Secre-
tary of State. But, somehow, it transpired
that the 'Proserpine' had been scuttled,
and several of the underwriters wrote to
the Wardlaws to threaten proceedings.

Wardlaw senior returned but one answer
to these gentlemen: "Bring your proofs to
me at my place of business next Monday at
twelve, and let me judge the case, before
you go elsewhere."

"That is high and mighty," said one or
two; but they conferred and agreed to these
terms, so high stood the old merchant's
name.

They came; they were received with stiff
courtesy. The deposition of Cooper and
Welch was produced, and Wylie, kept up
to the mark by Nancy, told the truth, and
laid his three thousand pounds intact down
on the table. "Now that is off my stomach,"
said he, "and I'm a man again."

"Ay, and I'll marry you next week," said
Nancy.

"Well, gentlemen," said old Wardlaw,
"my course seems very clear. I will undo
the whole transaction, and return you your
money less the premiums, but plus five per
cent. interest." And this he did on the
spot, for the firm was richer than ever.

When they were gone Robert Penfold
came in, and said, "I hear, sir, you devote
this day to repairing the wrongs done by
your firm; what can you do for me?" He
laid a copy of Arthur's confession before
him.

The old man winced a moment where he
sat, and the iron passed through his soul.
It was a long time before he could speak.
At last he said, "This wrong is irreparable,
I fear."

Robert said nothing. Sore as his own
heart was, he was not the one to strike a
grand old man, struggling so bravely
against dishonor.

Wardlaw senior touched his hand-bell.
"Request Mr. Penfold to step this way,"
Michael Penfold came.

"Gentlemen," said the old merchant, "the
House of Wardlaw exists no more. It was
built on honesty and cannot survive a
fraud. Wardlaw and Son were partners at
will. I had decided to dissolve that part-
nership, wind up the accounts, and put up
the shutters. But now, if you like, I will
value the effects, and hand the business
over to Penfold and Son on easy terms.
Robert Penfold has been accused of forging
John Wardlaw's name; to prove this was a
calumny, I put Penfold over my door
instead of Wardlaw. The city of London
will understand that, gentlemen, believe
me."

"Mr. Wardlaw," said Robert, "you are
a just, a noble—" He could say no
more.

"Ah, sir," said Michael, "if the young
gentleman had only been like you!"

"Mention his name no more to me.
His crime and his punishment have killed
me."

"Oh," said Robert hastily, "he shall not
be punished for your sake."

"Not be punished. It is not in your
hands to decide. God has punished him.
He is insane."

"Good Heavens!"
"Quite mad—quite mad. Gentlemen, I
can no longer support this interview. Send
me your solicitor's address; the deeds shall
be prepared. I wish the new firm success.
Probity is the road to it. Good-day."

(Concluded in our next.)

Sir,—Since I came to this country, I
have received several letters from parties
living in P. E. Island, wishing to learn the
resources, climate, etc., of British Columbia,
and I have taken the liberty of answering
part of them through the columns of your
valuable paper, as well as others interested
in our Pacific province.

Well, sir, the climate of British Colum-
bia is all that could be desired. There was
no frost or snow here until the middle of
February, and then we had only a light
fall with only twelve degrees of frost, and
even then it only remained for two days,
and we had bare ground and nice warm
sunny days without any frost, not even at
night; and that beautiful warm weather
has continued up to the present writing.

The flowers are rapidly opening out in the
gardens, and the buds on the trees are
beginning to burst out into leaves.

I am now only speaking of Victoria and
the low lands, for the climate varies very
much in British Columbia; for not 100
miles from Victoria the thermometer has
been 45 degrees below zero. But all
valleys and flat low lands have a nice
climate such as this.

The farming lands are, so to speak, very
limited, for the principal part of British
Columbia is high, mountainous lands or
rocks. However, there are quite large
tracts of land that are very productive and
fertile, situated between the mountains,
and on each side of the many rivers. The
soil is a very dark loam. Farming ought
to be very profitable here, considering the
very high price of all farm products. Po-
tatoes are \$1.20 per bushel, turnips \$1,
oats from 50 to 60 cents, wheat \$1.20,
butter 50 cents; eggs 50 cents per dozen;
calf sells at \$6.50 per bbl., all meats 12½
cents per lb., and groceries are a little
higher than in the east. Rent is very high
here; a house of four to five rooms
costs \$10 to \$18 per month, according to
locality. Wages range from three to four
dollars per day; board and lodgings from
five to six dollars per week.

The shipping of this country is princi-
pally done by steam ships, for two reasons:
first, because of the strong currents and
rapids in the rivers, on which places of
trade it situated, which renders it impos-
sible for sailing vessels to work against;
and second, because of no wind. I have seen
weeks go by without enough wind to ripple
a mill-pond, night or day. The place is
justly noted for its freedom from strong
winds and storms; therefore, sailing vessels
would have to employ a steam tug boat to
take them from place to place, which cer-
tainly would not pay the owners.

Mining is another undeveloped industry
that promises to take its place with the
most prominent sources of wealth to this
country. There are immense tracts of
country that is rich in all kinds of minerals,
only waiting for men of capital to open
them up. Gold mining is at present carried
on to a considerable extent.

The salmon fisheries or canning estab-
lishments are, I might say, the most promi-
nent industries of this Province—on the
Fraser River alone.

There are eleven establishments of this
kind that put up the past season the large
number of 265,000 cases of four dozen each.
There are also ten canneries on the coast of
British Columbia that put up 165,000 cases,
making a total of 370,000 cases of salmon
packed in British Columbia, besides thou-
sands of barrels of salted salmon. They
employ principally Chinese help in the
canneries, not having more than from eight
to ten white men altogether, and Indians
do nearly all the fishing. They employ a
total of about 5,907 hands.

I would not advise any one to come to
British Columbia, only those who have a
trade of some sort; for they can find work
at good wages any time. Clerks or those
who have no trade had better stay at home,
as they will find it very hard to get a profit-
able situation. What this country wants
most is men of capital; for there are plenty
of chances for that class to invest their cash
very profitably.

The country is covered with a growth
of the finest timber I have ever seen, and
saw mills are very scarce. Even the local
demand for boards, frames, etc., are not
supplied, and carpenters are very much
bothered waiting for lumber that the mills
cannot supply. I have seen logs getting
sawed at a mill near here (by one saw
being run above another) that measured
eight feet in diameter, without knots or
shakes; in fact, all lumber is free from
knots. There will yet be a large trade
done here in lumber by shipping to other
ports.

There are many other things of interest
I would like to speak about; but I am afraid
I have already trespassed too much on your
space. I may again write on some other
subject of interest, but for the present,
I remain,
Yours, etc.,
C. D. ANDERSON.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

IN NERVOUS DISEASES.

Dr. Henry, New York, says: "In nervous
diseases, I know of no preparation to equal
it."

A RARE CHANCE.—L. E. Prowse is selling
dress goods for 18 cents per yard, former
price 27 cents; dress goods for 20 cents, former
price, 30 cents; dress goods for 8 cents,
former price, 15 cents; dress goods for 15
cents, former price, 22 cents, for two weeks
only.

ELECTRICITY and Magnetism when properly
passed into the blood, brain and nerves pro-
duce the most wonderful effects. We are
told that these elements are perfectly blended
in the medicine known as Mack's Magnetic
Medicine, advertised in another column, and
the good which has resulted from its use can-
not be computed in dollars and cents.

[mar 24 lw wkly