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"This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EMERSON.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1892.

VOL. 29.—NO. 213

Calendar for February, 1892.

MOON'S CHANGES
First Quarter, 4th day 5 15 m
Full Moon, 12th day 5 11 a
Last Quarter, 20th day 5 11 a
New Moon, 27th day 1 23 p

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	High Water	
		Mon.	After.
1	Monday	8 29	0 37
2	Tuesday	0 53	1 10
3	Wednesday	1 28	1 49
4	Thursday	2 10	2 36
5	Friday	3 2	3 39
6	Saturday	4 10	4 54
7	Sunday	5 38	6 23
8	Monday	7 8	7 42
9	Tuesday	8 16	8 44
10	Wednesday	9 12	9 36
11	Thursday	9 59	10 17
12	Friday	10 39	10 54
13	Saturday	11 13	11 34
14	Sunday	11 46	12 1
15	Monday	0 1	0 16
16	Tuesday	0 33	0 47
17	Wednesday	1 5	1 19
18	Thursday	1 36	1 53
19	Friday	2 11	2 29
20	Saturday	2 50	3 12
21	Sunday	3 40	4 8
22	Monday	4 42	5 6
23	Tuesday	5 10	6 55
24	Wednesday	7 33	8 11
25	Thursday	8 44	9 16
26	Friday	9 41	10 6
27	Saturday	10 26	10 46
28	Sunday	11 5	11 21
29	Monday	11 40	11 57

JAM'S A. MORRISON,
HALIFAX.

AGENT FOR
WARREN, CAKBBREAD & CO.,
TELE MERCHANTS,
London, -- England,

Several First-Class West India Firms, etc.

SPECIALTIES:
Tea, Sugar and Molasses.

Careful attention given to consignments of Prime Edwar Island Produce.
REFERENCE—Bank of Nova Scotia.
OFFICE—Pikford & Black's Wharf.
Halifax, August 13, 1891—dy & wy

A. A. McLEAN,
Attorney-at-Law, Notary Public, &c.
Brown's Block, Charlottetown.
nov24—3m end & wy

NASAL BALM
SOOTHING, CLEANSING, HEALING.
Instant Relief, Permanent Cure, Failure Impossible.
Many so-called cures are simply symptomatic of Catarrh, such as sneezing, itching, soreness of throat, hoarseness, etc. If you are troubled with any of these or kindred symptoms, you have Catarrh, and should use this Balm. It should be used three or four times a day, and will cure you in a few days. It is sold by all druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of 50 cents and \$1 by addressing FULLFORD & CO., Box 100, Halifax, N.S.

CATARRH

Miller's EMULSION OF PURE FRESH COD LIVER OIL
WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME AND SODA IS THE BEST EMULSION ON THE MARKET TO DAY. NO OIL. TASTE LIKE OTHERS. IT IS SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS IN BIG BOTTLES, FIFTY CENTS A BOTTLE.

LA GRIPPE VANQUISHED

PLACE one of the OZONATOR DISINFECTANTS in your house and LA Grippe will not trouble you.

The most powerful and pleasant Disinfectant known to the medical profession.

F. DeC. DAVIES
DRUGGIST.

is AGENT for them here, and will cheerfully show and explain their use to those who desire it. Call and see them. No trouble to show them. odd-wy—jan15

How Would These Prices Suit You?

DISPOSE OF OUR HEAVY CLOTHS, and give employment to our help during the dull season. We offer for Six Weeks the following GENUINE REDUCTIONS—New and Nobby Patterns:

\$25.00	Suits now selling for	\$20.00.
\$23.00	" " " " " "	18.00.
\$21.00	" " " " " "	16.50.
\$ 9.00	" " " " " "	15.50.
\$18.00	" " " " " "	14.50.

Lower priced material at a proportionate reduction. All our Heavy Overcoating is marked down at COST.

D. A. BRUCE,
The Clothier and Furnisher.

Charlottetown, January 26, 1892—ood & wy

NOTICE!

QUARTER'S ACCOUNTS JUST ISSUED.

We respectfully ask that all amounts due us be paid during his Month.

HASZARD & MOORE,

Charlottetown, Jan 22, 1892—wfs BROWN'S BLOCK.

ANOTHER MEDICAL MAN

TESTIFIES TO THE WONDERFUL EFFECTS OF

MALTO PEPTONIZED PORTER

In Cases of Dyspepsia and Nervous Depression.

GENTLEMEN,—I have purposely delayed writing you, as I wished to give a thoroughly complete trial to the M. P. P. It affords me much pleasure now to give it my unqualified approval in the classes of cases in which I have used it: In Atonic Dyspepsia, in convalescence from Nervous Depression, and in cases where the stomach is irritable and rejects stronger forms of stimulants. I have found most marked results from its use, and I strongly recommend its employment. Although this note is unsolicited by you, it is at your disposal for any use you wish to make of it.

Faithfully yours,
GEO. H. H. DEWOLF, M. D., M. B. C. M., Edin.

For sale by all Druggists.
A supply of M. P. P. has been stored with GEORGE E. HUGHES, Charlottetown, which will be delivered during the winter months to island patrons, by order from

The Malto P. Peptonized Porter Co. (Ltd.),

feb4—dy & wy TRURO, NOVA SCOTIA.

COME ONE! COME ALL!

WE HAVE ALL THE LEADING LINES IN FOOTWEAR at the very lowest figures. We are selling off several lots at less than half price. For real, solid boots at rock bottom prices try us.

We will guarantee to give better satisfaction for your money than any house in the trade.

GOFF BROTHERS.

Charlottetown, January 30, 1892

Big Reductions ON BALANCE OF WINTER GOODS!

Remnants at Cost!

Fur Caps at Cost!

10,000 yds. Cloth in Stock!

JOHN McLEOD & CO., MERCHANT TAILORS,
Rogers' Building, Queen Street.

Charlottetown, January 12, 1892—ood & wy



SYRUP OF FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 75c bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Manufactured only by the

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

W. R. WATSON, Wholesale Druggist, Charlottetown. met jyl3

HENRY C. SHAW, B. A.

Atorney-at-Law, Commissioner, &c

OFFICE, BROWN'S BLOCK,
CHARLOTTETOWN.

Money to Loan 3m (law & wy) nov4

ANNUAL MEETING.

Mr. Charles Whitehead tells us that since the Royal Agricultural Society recommended fruit-growing fifteen years ago, the acreage of land devoted to it in this country has risen from 154,000 to 260,000 acres. Still more remarkable is the new cultivation in spite of the liberality of the American Customs tariff large orders have been received of late from the United States for English jam. As this competent horticultural observer, the farmers who are at fruit-growing are men "who stick apple, pear, and plum trees into the ground without discrimination and leave them there to take care of themselves." Fruit cultivation requires in a pre-eminent degree special training. This is understood in France, Germany, and Austria, who have special schools as well as itinerant lecturers to teach this important branch of agriculture. Our specific teaching in this way is limited to the Swanley College.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Merchants' Bank of P. E. Island will be held at the Banking House, Green George Street, Charlottetown, on THURSDAY, the 3rd day of March next, at A. D. 1892, at the hour of 11 o'clock, a. m.

As the Bank comes under the new Bank Act on the 1st day of March next, important questions will come up at the Annual Meeting for consideration and decision, and each shareholder is requested to be present personally or by proxy.

Proxies must be left with the Cashier at least one day previous to the meeting.

WM. McLEAN, Cashier.

Ch'town, Feb. 1892—2aw (m th) & wy tld

1492 1892

WE do not claim to have been in existence when Columbus discovered America, but the world has progressed since 1492, and we do claim to have kept pace with progress in our particular line, and we now claim to be able to please the most fastidious in the selection of a Clock, for we have imported one hundred and fifty nicely finished Clocks from new patterns, \$1.50 upwards.

We have also on hand a large supply of WATCHES, SILVERWARE, SPECTACLES, etc., cheaper than ever offered to the public.

Also—cleaning and Repairing of Clocks, Watches and Jewelry attended to. Satisfaction guaranteed.

G. G. JURY,
NORTH SIDE QUEEN SQUARE,
OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.
Charlottetown, Jan. 21, 1892—dr 2aw

HARTSHORN'S

SELF-ACTING

SHADE ROLLERS

Beware of Imitations.
NOTICE
AUTOGRAF OF
THE GENUINE
HARTSHORN
Label
Not having the HARTSHORN
BY ALL DEALERS
Factory, Toronto, Ont.

For some time past the little town of Poix, in the north of France, has been the scene, at frequent intervals, of serious fires. That they were the work of an incendiary was suspected, but the culprit escaped detection owing to the fact that no motive could be assigned for his crime. The secret is out at last. It seems that in Poix, as in many other small towns in France, the drink-shops are allowed to remain open all night whenever an alarm of fire occurs, the theory being that the firemen and others who help to put it out need refreshment. This being so, a fireman named Leon Brinot, thirty-two years of age, deliberately set fire to houses in order that he might have the privilege of carousing in prohibited hours. Incredible as it may seem that this was his motive, there can be little doubt upon the point, Brinot having confessed.

ENTITLED TO THE BEST.—All are entitled to the best that their money will buy, so every family should have, at once, a bottle of the best family remedy, Syrup of Figs, to cleanse the system when coughs or colds. For sale in 75c bottles by all leading druggists.

PHILODERMA is a positive cure for burns and scalds. It acts like magic. 12 Im

jan2—dy & wy

Cleanings.

As everybody knows, the pelican has got the reputation of piercing its flesh to supply its young with blood for food. The very unnecessary form of maternal self-sacrifice is really of course legendary, though, like most myths, founded upon fact. In a short time some of the numerous family of pelicans, which together constitute one of the most striking exhibits in the Zoological Society's Gardens, London, will grow red at the throat, evidence of the arrival of the breeding season. It is probably this redness, combined with the habit of "preening" the breast feathers, which is responsible for the legend. On the other hand the flamingo, which is a near neighbor of the pelican, has really been observed to eject blood from its mouth over some other birds which were kept in the same cage with it. The flamingo has been known quite as long as the pelican, and the story has probably been transferred from one bird to the other, and has been a trifle mixed up in the transference.

A fresh advance in telephony has been made, says a Paris correspondent, by the invention of two new telephones which are now commanding the attention of scientific men. One is that of Captain Charolais, of the 118th line, and was tried recently at Toulouse, before the officers of the 17th Army Corps. One of its peculiarities is that it is independent of insulators. It is small, of simple mechanism, can be made cheaply, and is easily set up. The receiver can also be attached to the ear, thus enabling persons in communication, without any break in the conversation, to write down what is said. The other telephone is patented by M. Mercadier, master of the head form at the Polytechnic School of Paris. He claims that perfect telephonic transmission does not depend on the size of the instrument, but on the intensity of the magnetic field and the diameter and thickness of the diaphragm. His telephone only weighs a little under two ounces, whereas the one now in use weighs eight times as much. It has a diameter of less than three inches, gives a louder and clearer sound than any now in use, and the receiver can likewise be fastened on the ear. Its superiority has been tested on a telephonic line of 800 kilometres, 75 of which were under ground. On the receiver ear-nipples, to which a spring forming a Y is attached. These ear-nipples are so contrived as to direct the sound and give it a maximum of clearness and intensity, and the spring holds the instrument to the ear, or, if desirable, at a short distance from it.

Mr. Charles Whitehead tells us that since the Royal Agricultural Society recommended fruit-growing fifteen years ago, the acreage of land devoted to it in this country has risen from 154,000 to 260,000 acres. Still more remarkable is the new cultivation in spite of the liberality of the American Customs tariff large orders have been received of late from the United States for English jam. As this competent horticultural observer, the farmers who are at fruit-growing are men "who stick apple, pear, and plum trees into the ground without discrimination and leave them there to take care of themselves." Fruit cultivation requires in a pre-eminent degree special training. This is understood in France, Germany, and Austria, who have special schools as well as itinerant lecturers to teach this important branch of agriculture. Our specific teaching in this way is limited to the Swanley College.

An amusing anecdote of the dock strike has been related by Mr. John Burns to a Leander correspondent. It is a story of two suits of clothes. One day the newness of Mr. Burns' attire aroused the suspicions of a political adversary, who accused him on the strength of this evidence of "making a fine thing out of the poor dockers." Mr. Burns insisted on relating the history of his new suit. It was very simple. Madame Tussaud being desirous of adding a wax model of Mr. Burns to her collection, she expressed a wish to present him faithfully in his habit as he lived. "Very well," said Mr. Burns, "but if you want to take my clothes, it is only fair to give me another rig out." So she did, and hence the gloss of novelty. The explanation was so simple that some time after wards Burns once more appeared in a new suit which was evidently not the same suit that the political antagonist had so loudly shouted, "You didn't get them at Madame Tussaud's." This time it appears the suit was quite correct. It appeared that Mr. Burns had also a wax model of Mr. Burns in his rival establishment in Regent street, and he, too, desired to strip the dockers' champion of his garments. In common fairness the latter was bound to stipulate for the same terms. Thus, once more, the explanation was simple. The suspicious suit was not Madame Tussaud's but it was a Tussaud suit for all that.

For some time past the little town of Poix, in the north of France, has been the scene, at frequent intervals, of serious fires. That they were the work of an incendiary was suspected, but the culprit escaped detection owing to the fact that no motive could be assigned for his crime. The secret is out at last. It seems that in Poix, as in many other small towns in France, the drink-shops are allowed to remain open all night whenever an alarm of fire occurs, the theory being that the firemen and others who help to put it out need refreshment. This being so, a fireman named Leon Brinot, thirty-two years of age, deliberately set fire to houses in order that he might have the privilege of carousing in prohibited hours. Incredible as it may seem that this was his motive, there can be little doubt upon the point, Brinot having confessed.

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jan2—dy & wy

Serfdom and Famine.

(Montreal Witness.)

The re-establishment of serfdom is the only remedy the present Czar, a ruler of an extreme retrogressive type, can propose for the ill-fated, declining empire, that the Russian people are suffering from as a result of their own character and breeding and partly from the extremely bad laws decreed in connection with the emancipation of the serfs by Alexander the Second. The immediate cause of the famine was, of course, droughts and consequent failure of the crops in the valley of the Volga during the last three years. The failure was only partial, however, and in other countries, with such fertile land and favorable climate, an ordinarily industrious, thrifty and well-governed people would only have suffered from such a depression as Canada has, for instance, suffered from at times. In Russia, however, the people, only comparatively recently emancipated from serfdom, are neither industrious, thrifty, nor self-reliant, and the amount of land in each village community received at the time of the emancipation was far too small to make it possible for the people to gain a subsistence from it. This was intended by the late Czar and his advisers to make it necessary for the newly emancipated serfs to work for a part of the season upon the immense tracts of land which were left in possession of nobles and of the State at the time of emancipation. The result of this scheme was that the nobles paid the peasants very small wages for what was practically forced labor, and the peasants remained in the lazy, self-indulgent, unthrifty habits which had become ingrained in their character as a consequence of slavery of long standing. From very beginning they were compelled to sell or mortgage their farms, and their condition has been growing steadily worse. Clear-sighted and observant Russian economists have constantly warned Russian rulers that what was already the ordinary condition of the Russian peasant, that it was becoming more and more pronounced, and that it was certain to develop into a famine which would last over years and would carry off millions or else end in a revolution. Russian reformers like S. P. Uspenskiy believed that the moral and material advantages gained by the peasants from the emancipation would inspire them with enough of the spirit of manhood to move them to overthrow this despotic government, drive out the nobles and possess themselves by force of the lands.

These hopes, whether evil or righteous, have apparently been disappointed, though some writers still look for an uprising, in spite of the fact that the people have apparently given themselves up to silent, actionless despair. The Czar has determined under the circumstances to re-emanipulate them. Emancipation was carried out by two separate acts at different periods. The first Emancipation Act of 1861 emancipated that half of the rural population who were the serfs of the nobles, and the second act of 1866 freed the State peasants or serfs who were attached to the lands belonging to the State. From the short and rather vague despatch received this morning, it appears that the present intention of the Czar is to re-establish the serfdom of the State peasants. If the project is held to be successful, it seems that either universal state serfdom or the restoration of the serfdom to the nobles will follow. As the nobles are to be the judges of the scheme, it is a foregone conclusion that an attempt, at least, will be made to re-manipulate all the lower agricultural classes of the empire. It remains to be seen whether the peasant will submit, and whether, in event of his doing so, serfdom will prove a cure for chronic famine. To Anglo-Saxons, or any Europeans but Russians, the cure, even if efficacious, would be worse than the disease.

British Columbia H. libut.
The Vancouver News Advertiser reports that Captain McKenzie's success in catching halibut on the trip of the Eliza, Edwards, which ended at what vessel tied up at the C. P. R. wharf at 11 o'clock last night, if followed up will lead to the establishment of an industry which will bring dollars into Vancouver. The Eliza Edwards left Vancouver on Jan 8 on her second voyage to the halibut grounds. She was the 4th day in going up and after spending but a day getting ready, began fishing on the fifth with good success. The vessel had only eight men aboard and two small boats. The fish were caught on the lines were put out. In fact, put down each day as many halibut were caught as the men could put away for them. In fact one day they caught so many that it took all the rest to take care of them. In all, the vessel was seven days at the fishing grounds, and in that time caught all the supply of fish they took with them would cure, fully 30,000 pounds in all. Some of the fish were very fine specimens, one of them measuring six feet four inches in length and weighing about 200 pounds. This is by all means the largest and finest cargo of halibut ever brought into Vancouver. Capt. McKenzie does not view every credit for having located the winter haunts of the halibut, a thing which has not heretofore been done by any Canadian fisherman. At this season of the year a ready market has been offered, and this will prove the beginning of an industry which is bound to grow. He made the voyage in the face of many obstacles, and he says as he has attained is worthy of commendation. He says the sea for the most part was calm, and wherever he put down each day he was successful in catching them. All that remains is for the western fish to become established in the eastern market and the ultimate success of the industry is assured.

MAKES FLESH AND BLOOD.—When the system is all run down and there seems to be no hope of obtaining nourishment for the body by the ordinary process of food supply and digestion, when the body is sinking fast, then is the time to use Miller's Emulsion of pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil. It always works wonders, because it is a flesh and blood maker and contains all the constituents for nourishment found in what is called "meat." Miller's Emulsion is a perfect "staff of life," and has saved and cured thousands. In big bottles 50c. \$1 at Charlottetown drug stores.

ESTEY'S EMULSION OF PURE FRESH COD LIVER OIL? Pleasant to take as Milk. A great flesh producer. Endorsed by Medical Faculty. Try it.

Estey's Emulsion cures Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Throat and all Lung troubles. A great remedy for weak and delicate children, builds them up, strengthens the bones, makes new blood. All dealers sell it, don't be induced to take any substitute—it hasn't any. R. H. Estey Mfg. Co., Montreal, N.B.

TENDERS
FOR alterations and repairs to a Building on Queen Street, formerly known as "the Italian Warehouse," will be received by the undersigned up to WEDNESDAY, 10th day of February.

The lowest and any tender not necessarily accepted. Plans and specification can be seen at the office of

CHAPPELLE & PHILLIPS, Architects.

feb2—4i

AMMONIA

in BAKING POWDER is a DISEASE producing AGENT.

Its volatility is abridged by reaction with the gluten of the flour.

The preparation of an OBJECTIONABLE Baking Powder containing AMMONIA is impracticable.

Avoid all Risk and use

WOODILL'S GERMAN BAKING POWDER,

Guaranteed to Contain NO AMMONIA.

feb4

ACKNOWLEDGE is the best cure for Coughs, Colds, and all diseases of the Chest and Lungs.

ACKNOWLEDGE is manufactured from the purest and freshest stock.

ACKNOWLEDGE is sold at 25 and 50 cents.

feb3—3ms & wy

ARE YOU USING
ESTEY'S EMULSION OF PURE FRESH COD LIVER OIL?
Pleasant to take as Milk. A great flesh producer. Endorsed by Medical Faculty. Try it.

Estey's Emulsion cures Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Throat and all Lung troubles. A great remedy for weak and delicate children, builds them up, strengthens the bones, makes new blood. All dealers sell it, don't be induced to take any substitute—it hasn't any. R. H. Estey Mfg. Co., Montreal, N.B.

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feb2—4i

COLONIAL HOUSE, Philips Square MONTREAL.

Great Cheap Sale

PREVIOUS TO STOCK-TAKING.

During the Month of January we will offer

5 per cent Extra for Cash

We respectfully invite our presence, and give prompt and careful attention to mail orders

HENRY MORGAN & CO.,
COLONIAL HOUSE,
Philips Square, Montreal.

jan13—tts

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

THOSE desirable premises situate on Oriole Street, now occupied by Mr. H. P. Fitzgerald, comprising a commodious Cottage, Icehouse, Stable and Coach House, with 2 acres of land. Possession 1st August next. Free mortgage. Terms easy. Apply to

RICHARD JOHNSON,
Prince Street.

feb5—2aw it