

THE DAILY EXAMINER
AUGUST 31, 1882.

Legislative Council Election.

UNDER the law, a Legislative Council Election must take place in the course of a month or two.

Let this one be the last. The Legislative Council is a useless and expensive thing; and it is not at all required in the Federal System.

The records of legislation prove that it is useless. The public accounts show that it is expensive. The experience of Ontario, Manitoba, and some of the States of the Great American Federation, puts beyond a doubt the fact that it is utterly unnecessary.

The policy of the Government is to abolish it; but the policy of the Opposition with regard to it has been shifting and ill defined.

There cannot, we think, be any doubt whatever that the policy of the Government should be sustained. Apply the money which is every year thrown away upon the useless, and expensive, and unnecessary Legislative Council, in the importation of improved breeds of horses, cattle and sheep, and in ten years our herds and flocks would be so transfigured that the difference would be almost as great as between Pharaoh's fat and lean kine! The single objection raised against the policy of abolition is that the right of men of property to vote for members of the Legislative Council will be lost. But what is the use of maintaining a right which is much worse than useless—which involves the wholly unnecessary expenditure every year of a sum which, if capitalized, would amount to about a \$120,000! And why object to the loss of a bare right of the real interests of the property-holders be hereby promoted?

It is quite evident that the objection is invalid; and we trust that in the coming election the Policy of Abolition will be upheld.

The Cry for Food.

ACCORDING to the London Times the wheat crop in England will fall below the average of the past five years both in quality and quantity. This is not a pleasant fact for the Old Country to ponder, when it remembers that the yield in recent seasons has been inferior to that of former years. In 1874 the wheat crop represented the yield of nearly a million acres more than that of 1881. The reports from the countries of Europe show that the crops there will not be above the average, but are likely to prove below it. Consequently, there is likely to be a great demand for breadstuffs, and a good prospect of American and Canadian farmers getting good prices for their produce. The withdrawal of so many acres of English land from cultivation is a very good index of the movements of the agricultural worker. Thousands of these are now leaving, and have left, England, choosing to suffer the hardships of a pioneer life in the new world, rather than stay at home and suffer the slavish poverty of the English working agriculturist. This, while of supreme importance to the agricultural labourer, cannot but exert a baneful influence on the agricultural prospects of the old country.

When The End Comes—What Then?

ENGLAND is doing the Egyptian work alone. The European Powers neither approve nor entirely disapprove of what she is now doing. When she has completed the work they will doubtless claim a voice in the settlement of the question. As things now stand, France looks on, while England incurs the odium, and the Frenchman will possibly pose by-and-by as the friend of national aspirations. Germany remains neutral, and one of the articles in her inspired organs, says:—"It is certain that Germany considers neither her own interests nor European peace endangered by the events on the Nile. Nowhere is any intention shown to damage the German interests. The German Government cannot justify to the people any other policy than that which exclusively represents German interests." Austria is anxious to remain friendly to Turkey. The Austrian cannot forget that he may, one day, find himself forced into a deadly struggle with the Russian; that revolutions are possible in Servia, Bulgaria, and the Balkan Provinces, and that soon the cry of "Liberty and Patriotism" may re-echo on his own borders. The friendship of Turkey will then be valuable. Russia will, of course, be the leading spirit in the final settlement, remembering how England served her at the Berlin Conference. The general impression in Europe seems to be that England must fight it out alone. A shiver of irritation shook the European press when England's promptness closed the Canal, but this has now given way to comparative cordial language, and stoical acceptance of an unwelcome necessity. When the end comes, what will England do? That question is likely to give the Government of England much trouble in the answering, and is likely to cause a schism in the ranks of the Ministerial Party. The Radical representation in the present English Cabinet is strong, and it will scarcely submit to annexation of territory, extension of the empire, and multiplication of responsibilities which they aver are already more numerous than can be successfully discharged. In these

respects the European powers will receive a strong support from a strong section of the English nation. The Conservatives and Whigs will probably take the view that as England is performing the work alone, England alone must determine the future of Egypt. And what is to be that future? It is that England should be to Egypt what England has been to India; that England must carry the same beneficent civilization to the fellahen that she is supposed to have carried to the Indian ryots. These, then, are the complications likely to arise, and the questions that must soon present themselves for settlement to the statesmen of both England and the other European countries.

Forestry.

THE Forestry Congress held at Montreal last week will serve to fix public attention to the growth of trees in old settlements and treeless wastes, and the preservation of existing forests. To the Congress, many members of the Forestry Association went, with a view of bringing about a union of the two bodies. This latter society was organized at Chicago, in 1875, and from the situation of its head-quarters, its members must comprise many who have a strong conviction of the necessity of tree planting in the almost treeless region of the Western prairies. The congress divided into three sections, and as there were sixty-one papers, some of considerable length, to read this division of labor was necessary. Concerning planting in streets it was noticed that Canada wanted more variety among the shade trees. The horse chestnut and the maple, though good in their way, can here prefer no claim to monopoly. That variety of Linden tree which is cultivated in Prussia, notably Berlin, has more perhaps than any Canadian to recommend it as a shade tree; and in Halifax, N. S., the fashion of growing it in the streets has been very wisely set. In private grounds also, variety is required. The tulip tree, which is seldom seen, and the leaf of which Ruskin excludes from the list of the beautiful, is nevertheless a fine tree with a fine flower, and it grows naturally sometimes—it is seldom met with in great numbers any where in Canada—a hundred miles north of Toronto. At least three of the southern magnolias will grow well in favorable situations. While selecting the best trees for general growth, in the places where they will be of most use, do not neglect variety.

Elections in Nova Scotia.

PARTIAL elections were held in Cape Breton and Antigonish Counties, N. S., on Tuesday. In Antigonish Mr. Charles Widden (Conservative) was returned by one of the largest majorities ever secured in that County. The County of Cape Breton, however, returned Mr. Alonzo J. White, (Grit) the new Attorney General. The Herald in commenting on the return of a man like Mr. White to the position of Attorney General says:—"To provide—in response to piteous cries—Mr. A. J. White with the means of earning a livelihood may be a very generous act; but to place such a man in charge of the legal business of this province for the next four years involves alike disgrace and danger. How far the people of Cape Breton may yet share in that disgrace and danger remains to be seen."

The Dominion Rifle Match.

THE team from this Province—published yesterday—left by early train this morning. We see that the arrangements at Rideau Range, where the competition is annually held, are very complete. The handsome sum of \$4,862 is the aggregate cash prizes, to be computed for as follows:—

- No. 1. Manufacturers' Match No. 1, 72 prizes in cash, \$430.
- No. 2. Manufacturers' Match No. 2, 69 prizes in cash, \$420.
- No. 3. Dominion of Canada Match, 5 team prizes, a medal, and 70 prizes in cash, \$750.
- No. 4. McDougall's Challenge Cup Match, cup and 58 prizes in cash, \$360.
- No. 5. Hon. Minister of Militia Match, 4 team prizes and 54 prizes in cash, \$380.
- No. 6. The Gzowski Military Match, 4 team prizes and cup, 14 prizes in cash, \$450.
- No. 7. The Bankers' Prizes, 62 prizes in cash, \$500.
- A. Nursery, 62 prizes in cash, \$300.
- B. Consolation, 50 prizes in cash, \$264.
- C. Grand Aggregate, 2 medals and 50 prizes in cash, \$365.
- No. 8. The London Merchants' Cup Match, 2 team prizes and vase, 2 prizes in cash, \$144.
- No. 9. Prizes presented by His Excellency the Governor General and H. R. H. the Princess Louise, 3 prizes in cash, \$500.
- No. 10. Long Range Match, 21 prizes in cash, \$250.
- No. 11. Hamilton Powder Co's Matches, Series A, 24 prizes in cash, \$150.
- No. 12. Hamilton Powder Co's Matches, Series B, 14 prizes in cash, \$100.
- No. 13. Abingdon Works Co. Match, 1 rifle.
- Extra prizes given by Lawlor Manufacturing Co., 1 sewing machine.
- Individual prizes 547.
- Team prizes, 25.
- In kind, 9.
- Total prizes, 531.

Personal.

HON. ALEXANDER MCKENZIE has returned home from the seaside, much improved in health.
HON. MR. McLELAN and family returned to the city from the "Seaside Hotel," yesterday evening.
HON. LEONARD TILLEY and Lady Tilley are in St. John, and are staying with Senator Boyd. Sir Leonard's friends will be pleased to learn that his health is fully restored. He will go to St. Andrews, N. B., on Friday or Saturday and will leave there for Ottawa on the following Thursday.
The first discovery of gold in Siberia was made at the beginning of the present century, and the gold annually taken out of the mines of that country is estimated to be worth \$6,000,000. The miners are paid only \$3 per month and board.

Telegraphic from the Seat of War.

WOLSELEY'S ACCOUNT OF THE BATTLE OF KASSASSIN.

LONDON, Aug. 29.

General Wolseley telegraphs from Ismailia at 1.40 o'clock this morning:—"I have just received news from the front that General Graham was heavily attacked, last evening, by a large force of Egyptians. The British cavalry from Mahsaneh went to his assistance and he had a brilliant success, taking eleven guns. Only a few British were killed; over 100 were wounded. I am just about to proceed to the front."

General Wolseley telegraphs from Kassassin Lock: Major Gen. Graham, commanding his post, was attacked yesterday evening by about twelve guns and eight battalions. Our men behaved extremely well and inflicted severe loss upon the enemy. At first Major Gen. Graham had but five guns, two and a half battalions and a small detachment of cavalry and mounted infantry. Being reinforced by another battalion he attacked the enemy in front whilst the 1st Cavalry Brigade, under Col. Sir Baker Russell, charged them in the flank, sabering a considerable number. The cavalry were handled by Major General Drury Lowe. General Graham's dispositions were all that they should have been. His operations were carried out with the coolness for which he has always been well known. Arabi Pacha was on the field during the action. The cavalry charges were by moonlight, but were unable to secure the rebel guns, which the enemy withdrew during the night. They left, however, all their ammunition. Our killed are: Surgeon-Major Shaw, six marine riflemen, one infantry sergeant; wounded, one major, two captains, two lieutenants and fifty six men.
It is reported that an officer of the Guards, who participated in the fight at Kassassin is missing.

ISMAILIA, Aug. 29.

Mahmond Fehmy says Arabi has five batteries of Krupp guns and three mounted batteries at Tel el Kebir. Mahmond Fehmy designed the lines at Keif el Dwar and Tel el Kebir. All the important telegrams which have fallen into our hands from Arabi and his chiefs are addressed to Mahmond Fehmy, and it is evident that he sent them fabulous accounts of engagements with the English troops since. The telegrams from Arabi while at Cairo contained most enthusiastic congratulations on victories. Mahmond Fehmy reported he is regarded as the Nana-Sahib of revolt.

The Times Ismailia correspondent says:—"Major Tullerch has proceeded to the front, taking his provisions and baggage on camels, in order to be independent of the commissariat. His orders are to advance with the most advanced guard, always feeling the enemy so as to keep Wolseley constantly advised of their movements and position. This officer has been wisely chosen, as no one is better fitted for the duty, or has better knowledge of the country."

PORT SAID, Aug. 29.

Sultan Pacha has arrived here. It is understood that he will install the representatives of the Khedive in districts successively occupied by the British, as his influence with the natives is great. Hopes are entertained that this will do much towards the pacification of the country.
The Times Port Said correspondent telegraphs: "I have just interviewed Yusuf Bey, who recently escaped from Cairo. He asserts that the Turkish and Circassian residents of Cairo are being arrested daily and never heard of again. The sole Turkish and Circassian Pashas, with a few Europeans remaining in Cairo, are guarding the citadel. They seem well prepared to hold their own until the British arrive. If the absurd stories circulated by Arabi, of British atrocities, were disproved, the majority of Arabi's troops would desert."

ALEXANDRIA, Aug. 29.

The enemy are still strengthening their left. They sent out an armored train again last evening. The man-of-war Minotaur has shifted a thousand yards nearer Aboukir. Gen. Evelyn Wood has gone to reconnoitre Meke.

General Wilkinson, of the Indian division, arrived yesterday, to confer with Wolseley. Mahmond Fehmy asserts that the troops cannot come from Kafr-el-Dewar to Tel-el-Kebir. Arabi holds several leading E-douin chiefs as hostages for the good behaviour of their tribes.

The Times Alexandria despatch says report of the death of Toulba Pacha is confirmed.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 29.

The Porte insists that the Turkish troops shall be permitted to land at Alexandria, and argues that Alexandria shall serve as a common base for British and Turkish operations.

M. Condarities, Greek ambassador, represented to Said Pacha that the collision between the Greeks and Turks was provoked by the visitation of Greek territory by Turks. Said Pacha replied that last month a detachment of Greek troops crossed the frontier, and cut the telegraph communication between the Turkish military post and the village. The Turks, requiring supplies, were obliged to pass through part of Greek territory; they were opposed and fired upon by the Greeks and retaliated, driving off the latter. The Porte has telegraphed to the Minister at Athens instructing him to make representation to the Greek Government insisting upon a cessation of hostilities.

Another engagement took place at Karakil Dervend, last night, and the Greeks were again repulsed. To-day the Greeks with artillery made a third attack, the result of which is unknown.

TO BE LET for the remainder of the season, excellent fat grass pasture for eight or ten cattle. Apply at the office of the London House. [an 26 1w

A CLERK with some experience, will find a situation by applying by letter to P. O. Box 212. Must be well recommended. [an 22

OUR Boots and Shoes are taking the lead.—DORSEY, GORF & CO.

JAMES SLAYWHITE, North-West, says he was almost fatally injured by the fall of a tree. After doctors gave him up, Minard's Liniment, used externally and internally, cured him. [2 eod wky
EGGS—Highest cash price paid for Eggs at Beer & Goff's. [14 22
ROYAL READER'S, Arithmetics, Algebras, Geographies, Histories, Grammars, &c. at S. T. Nimes' Standard Bookstore, opposite market, Charlottetown. au 16 wky 1m

Next to Dynamite.

YESTERDAY EVENING an explosion took place on West Street, which startled the residents of that vicinity. It was one of the most extraordinary kind of explosions, and those who witnessed and experienced its effects refrain from giving us anything like a graphic description. The facts, as near as we can ascertain, are: A boy named William Peebles, returned from a shooting expedition in the Royalty. His game was scarce, and the boys in his neighborhood gathered on the bridge near General Dunn's residence, to hear him relate his adventures. He did not waste all his powder on the game. One bottle remained. With this his companion—a well-known mulatto of the West End, named "Mucksey" Jackson—proposed to give an exhibition of a "powder devil." The "devil" was promptly made of wet powder by "Mucksey," and a tail of dry powder was formed at a considerable distance from His Majesty. On applying the match it was found that His Majesty's tail was too thin, and would not burn quickly. Young Peebles produced the bottle of powder, and as the tail blazed towards the body, he added more powder. His Majes severely felt the effects of the operation before the operator and spectators discovered they had been playing with a most infernal machine. As Peebles was pouring on the powder the blaze communicated with the bottle, and a dreadful explosion followed. The report was louder than that of the heaviest fowling-pieces. It aroused the residents of the vicinity, and on their repairing to the scene, they found operator and spectators lying prostrate on the ground. Casualties:—Arthur Davies, son of S. Davies, Esq., severe cut on the throat; William Peebles right hand horrible cut and hair burned off head; Harry Douse, son of H. Douse, severely cut on the forehead; Wm. Earle, Mucksey Jackson, and others found unconscious, but not otherwise injured. Medical attendance was summoned, and the painful wounds were dressed. All are now, we are pleased to say, doing well.

Sad and Sudden Death.

THE sad and sudden death of Mr. John McLean, of Clyde River, which occurred this morning, cast a gloom over the community. Mr. McLean was one of the oldest and most respected farmers in Clyde River; and although upwards of seventy years of age, daily attended to the work of his farm. This morning he arose early and made his usual visit to the different out-buildings. The members of his family noticed that he had been away some time, but they did not think anything had happened to him. One of his daughters, however, on passing the horse stable saw the body of a man lying on the floor close behind a horse, and on approaching was horrified to find her father lying cold and dead. On examination no marks were found on the body, and it is believed he died from natural causes. A coroner was summoned, and an inquest will be held on the body this evening.

BIRTH.

On the 30th August, the wife of Staff Commander W. F. Maxwell, R. N., of a daughter.

MARRIED.

At St. James' Church Charlottetown, on the 30th inst., by the Rev. Kenneth Macdonald M. A., Arthur Allison Bartlett, of St. John N. B. to Maggie Scott, only daughter of the late Neil Rankin Esq.

At the residence of the bride's father, Lot 48, August 30th, by the Rev. W. Wesley Colpitts, Mr. George G. Jury, of Charlottetown, watchmaker, to Miss Anna R. McKenzie, fourth daughter of Mr. William McKenzie.

At the residence of the bride's father, Weymouth street, on the 30th August, by the Rev. F. Smallwood, Mr. Albert R. Crosby, to Miss Jane D., third daughter of William W. Stumbles, all of this city.

At Picton, on Wednesday, Aug. 16, at the residence of D. M. Geldert, brother of the bride, by the Rev. J. A. Kambach, of Truro, William J. Ross, Conductor, I. C. R., of Truro, to Sarah C., daughter of M. C. Geldert Picton.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

RANKIN HOUSE.
August 30—F. H. Sawyer, S. S. Worcester; W. C. Spalding, do; Frank Morse, Manchester, N. H.; Mr. McLeod, city; Hon. A. W. McLeelan, Mrs. McLeelan, Miss McLeelan, Miss T. E. McLeelan, Ottawa; Miss Colby, Stanstead; Miss J. Colby, do; Allan Finlayson, Y. R. Bridge; W. P. Horrie, Portland, Me; H. C. Sparrow, Boston; A. H. Hilyard, Montreal; Mr. Justice Caron, Chicoutimi, Quebec; Geo. H. Morse, Boston.

OSBORN HOUSE.
Aug 29—S. H. Hart, St. John, N. B.; J. B. Shaffner, Nova Scotia; Wellington Mutch, Eldon; John McL. Smith, do; K. Martin, do; A. L. Phillips, Phenix, R. I.; Y. H. Young, do; Miss Martin, Boston; Geo. A. Cutter, Montague; M. L. Callahan, Summerside; J. C. McLeelan, Grand River; J. C. McMillan, do; S. B. Titcombe, Carleton Place; E. Pomeroy, Shediac; Chas. Prescott, Cape Tormentine. 30—Mrs. A. J. McCormack and son, Boston; A. Morrison, Eldon; T. Edwards and lady, Fort Augustus; Wm. McLeod, Port Egin, N. B.; Miss Alice McLeod, do; J. W. Huse, Manchester, N. H.; John Price, Truro James Johnston, Alberton; H. L. McDonald, Cardigan; D. C. Morrison, do; J. A. Chipman and 2 children, Halifax; A. Campbell, Montague Bridge, David Montgomery, Summerside; Miss L. Almont, Salem, Ma s.

DOCKLIN HOUSE.
Aug 29—Wm. Kennedy, Aberdeen, Scotland; Rev. John McLeod, Halifax; A. Simpson, North Sydney; Geo. Stephenson, Boston; John McLeod, Inverness, Scotland; Jos. Murray, St. John; Wm. Carpenter, do; Alex. McMillan, Wheatly River; Mrs. Chambers, Catmese, Scotland; Wm. Douglas, Mount Stewart; Jas. Douglas, do; Wm. E. Hyde, Halifax; Alex. McKinnon, do; John McEachern, Lot 49; John McKinty, Summerside; R. McNeill, M. I., Stanley Bridge.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, on FRIDAY the 1st September, at 2 o'clock, at the subscribers' room, Queen Square, a quantity of Household Furniture, the property of a person leaving the Island, comprising one Parlor Suite of Walnut and Hair-cloth, Dining Table and Side Board, Chairs, Carpets, Stoves, Bed-room Furniture, Kitchen Utensils, &c.
WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.
Aug. 30, '82.

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Aug. 30, '82.

NOTICE

P. E. I. BANK DEPOSITORS.

A MEETING of the Depositors in this Bank is requested to take place at Odd-fellows' Hall, in Charlottetown, on Tuesday, the 5th September next, at eight o'clock, p. m. Business of importance to depositors will be under consideration.
R. McNEILL, Clerk.
Ch'town, Aug. 30, 1882.

Kensington Brewery AND LANDS.

TO be sold by AUCTION, on MONDAY, the 11th September, at 11 o'clock, on the premises, St. Peter's Road, all that valuable property known as Kensington Brewery, together with the land adjoining the same. The land is laid out into acre lots, and is very desirable for parties requiring pasture lots near the city. A plan of the property can be seen at my office.

Terms—One-third of the purchase money at the time of sale; the balance in 3 years, with interest at 6 per cent.
Sale positive, no reserve.
By order of the Liquidators of the P. E. I. Bank.

WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.

Ch'town, Aug. 28, 1882.

MACKEREL BARRELS.

I HAVE a few hundred on hand. A prime article.
H. COOMBS
Aug. 29, '82—31

VALUABLE

Farm & House Property

TO be sold by Auction, on MONDAY, the 11th September, at Kensington Brewer's, St. Peter's Road, at 12 o'clock, the under-mentioned property viz. call that valuable Farm situated in the Royalty of Charlottetown, consisting of about 70 acres of very superior land, with a never-failing spring of excellent water, adjoining the property of Benj. Wright, Esq., and now sold by order of the Merchants' Bank of Prince Edward Island.

at the same time and place, the Dwelling House known as St. Avard's, on the St. Peter's Road, with the Land measuring 2 5 feet on St. Peter's Road and 315 feet on a cross street leading to Mt. Edward Road.

These properties to be sold by order of the Union Bank of P. E. Island.
Plans of the above can be seen at my office. Terms—25 per cent. down; balance in three years, with interest at 6 per cent.

WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer

Ch'town, Aug. 30, '82.

EXTRAORDINARY SALE LONDON HOUSE.

We have purchased Forty-four Cases and Bales of English and Scotch Goods, recently imported and not delivered to the party ordering them.

These Goods have been bought at a great advantage, and we shall clear them out at extraordinary low prices for Cash.

GEO. DAVIES & CO.

July 11, 1882—wky

Household Furniture.

TO be sold BY AUCTION, on FRIDAY the 1st September, at 2 o'clock, at the subscribers' room, Queen Square, a quantity of Household Furniture, the property of a person leaving the Island, comprising one Parlor Suite of Walnut and Hair-cloth, Dining Table and Side Board, Chairs, Carpets, Stoves, Bed-room Furniture, Kitchen Utensils, &c.
WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.
Aug. 30, '82.

WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer.
Aug. 30, '82.

1125 Barrels of Flour. CHOICE SUPERIOR.

TO ARRIVE, on WEDNESDAY, the 30th inst., CHEAP.
Orders solicited.
W. D. STEWART, Auctioneer
Aug. 28, 1882—31.

THE P. E. ISLAND EXHIBITION, 1882.

WILL BE HELD AT THE Drill Shed & Governor's Field, CHARLOTTETOWN, ON Wednesday & Thursday, 11th and 12th, October next.

Admission Tickets—Adults 20 cents; Children under 12 years 10 cents.

For full particulars get Prize List containing Rules, Regulations, &c., to be had by applying to the Secretary of Prince County Exhibition at Summerside—the Secretary of King's County Exhibition at Cardigan; the Market Clerk, Charlottetown; and at the Secretary's Office, Charlottetown.

A. McNEILL, Secretary Provincial Exhibition.
Queen St., Ch'town, Aug. 23, 1882.—wk tl ex

TEA! TEA!

NEW TEA.

Something we can Recommend!

DON'T FAIL TO TRY IT,

EVERYONE!

Beer & Goff.

August 14, '82.

TEA PARTY

Picnic Supplies,

Beer & Goff's.

Raspberry, Lemon and Pine Apple Syrups, Ginger Beer and Ginger Ale.

(IN BARRELS AND BOTTLES).

BISCUITS AND CONFECTIONERY,

DATES, FIGS, NUTS, &c.

Favorable arrangements made with Tea Party Committees.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR EGGS.

BEER & GOFF.

Charlottetown, June 22, 1882

SIGN OF THE

ELEPHANT

W. R. Boreham

Has just received a large part of his SPRING and SUMMER GOODS, consisting of Men's, Women's and Children's Boots, Shoes and Slippers in all the leading styles. Our motto is quick sales and small profits.

W. R. BOREHAM,
Grafton Street, North Side Queen Square,
July 5, 1882—3m 2w

WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.

WANTED, in a Grocery Store, a young lady as clerk. One having experience preferred. Apply by letter to F. P. Box 95. au 31 31

LOST—On Sunday morning, between St. Dunstan's Cathedral, Dr. Creamer's and Judge Reddin's, a gold brooch set with gem-stones. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at this office. au 30 31

LOST—A red and white Cow. The finder will please give information at the Examiner's office. au 24

LOST—On Saturday evening, the 12th inst., a Black Worsted Coat, done up in parcel, and addressed. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at this Office. au 21 1f

THE SUBSCRIBERS have about \$350.00 of the Bank of P. E. Island Notes on hand for sale.

HAMILTON & SMITH,
Shediac, N. B., 9th Aug., 1882. au 11