

# THE DAILY EXAMINER.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, FRIDAY, MARCH 25, 1887.

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**ALMANAC FOR MARCH, 1887.**  
MOON'S CHANGES.  
First Quarter 2nd day, 9h. 53.3m., p. m.,  
W. S. W.  
Full Moon 9th day, 4h., 21.4m., p. m., N. E.  
(below horizon.)  
Last Quarter 16th day, 9h., 29.6m., a. m., W.  
New Moon 24th day, 11h. 57.2m., a. m., S.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Sun	Moon	High	Day's
M	risest	sets	risest	water	lenh
1 Tuesday	6 43	5 41	9 52	2 9	10 58
2 Wednesday	42	43	10 29	2 54	11 1
3 Thursday	40	44	11 13	3 44	4
4 Friday	38	44	aft 2	5 14	8
5 Saturday	36	47	1	2 6	37
6 Sunday	34	48	2	3 7	52
7 Monday	32	50	3	28	8 32
8 Tuesday	30	51	4	41	9 42
9 Wednesday	29	52	6	10	28
10 Thursday	27	54	7	18	11 9
11 Friday	25	56	8	35	11 50
12 Saturday	22	57	9	50	aft 31
13 Sunday	21	59	11	1	13
14 Monday	19	6	0	morn	1 59
15 Tuesday	17	1	10	2	51
16 Wednesday	15	2	11	3	36
17 Thursday	13	3	2	7	5
18 Friday	11	5	2	54	6 33
19 Saturday	9	9	3	38	7 40
20 Sunday	9	7	4	15	8 31
21 Monday	8	8	4	48	9 13
22 Tuesday	2	9	5	15	9 49
23 Wednesday	6	10	5	42	10 23
24 Thursday	5	58	12	6	8 10
25 Friday	56	13	6	32	11 24
26 Saturday	54	14	6	58	11 57
27 Sunday	52	15	7	22	morn
28 Monday	50	16	7	54	9 37
29 Tuesday	49	18	8	28	1 5
30 Wednesday	48	21	9	6	1 48
31 Thursday	5	46	6	22	9 54

**BRITISH WAREHOUSE**  
— 83 —  
**QUEEN STREET.**

**EXTENSIVE CASH SALE!**

I have decided to close out the whole of my stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, commencing December 15th, 1886, and continuing until the whole is disposed of, at

**LARGE DISCOUNTS FOR CASH.**

**A. L. BROWN.**

Ch'town, Dec. 14—wky

**COKE PLATES.**

**3,000 BOXES,**  
**BEST BRANDS GUARANTEED,**  
TOGETHER WITH ALL OTHER

**Lobster Packers' Supplies and Tools**  
AT SPECIAL LOW PRICES.

**P. WALSH,**  
**HALIFAX, N. S.**

March 8th, 1887—1 mo

**CHARLOTTETOWN BOOT AND SHOE FACTORY.**

**SPRING, - - 1887 - - SPRING.**

WE must thank our friends and the public generally for their ever increasing patronage since we have commenced business.

Our Boot & Shoe Factory, in starting, had many difficulties to overcome, and we are glad that to-day those difficulties have been surmounted, and we are now well able to compete with the best Boot and Shoe Factories abroad.

Some of the advantages purchasers have in buying from us, saving of freight, ordering goods when you want them (not six months before), getting them without delay—which saves carrying a large stock which deteriorates on the shelves.

Our leathers are bought directly from the tanneries, thereby saving commissions which many factories have to pay.

We are more determined than ever to give the

**BEST OF SATISFACTION**

and to merit the whole of the Island's patronage.

We hope to see many new industries arise, thereby increasing the prosperity of this "Gem of the Sea."

**DORSEY, GOFF & CO.**

Ch'town, March 15, 1887.—cod & wky

**SEE!**  
**30 PER CENT DISCOUNT!**

WE will Sell our MAGNIFICENT STOCK at the above discount, for cash, to clear by the 1st of April.

This is a Genuine Sale, as we want to commence in our new premises with an entire New Stock.

**This Discount is for Cash Only.**

**JOHN MACLEOD & CO.**

Ch'town, Feb. 10, 1887.—cod & wky

**ADAMSON'S**  
**BOTANIC**  
**COUGH**  
**BALSAM**  
SAFE.  
SURE.  
PROMPT.  
**25 Cts.**  
**A WONDERFUL REMEDY**

Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam. It is as pleasant as honey. Coughs, Colds, and Asthma, which lead to Consumption, have been speedily cured by the use of ADAMSON'S BALSAM after all other remedies have failed. Sufferers from either recent or chronic coughs or bronchial affections, can resort to this great remedy, confident of obtaining speedy relief. Do not delay, get it at once.  
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.  
Bottled at St. Stevens, N. H., by the proprietors,  
F. W. KINSMAN & CO., Druggists,  
36 STATE AVE., N. Y.

**Valuable Property**  
**FOR SALE.**

THE subscriber offers for sale, by private contract, the St. Lawrence Hotel Property.

ALSO.—The adjoining Double-tenement Dwelling House, fronting on Water Street, in Charlottetown.

ALSO.—A Dwelling House immediately in the rear of the property, fronting on King Street.

A deposit will be required to be paid down and the balance may remain on mortgage for a term of years.

For terms and further particulars apply to F. L. HAZARD, Solicitor, Charlottetown, or the undersigned, owner.

ROBERT MUTCH,  
Gallus Point, March 18, 1887—2w wky Im

**Liverpool Traders.**

**SPRING - - 1887.**



THE CLIPPER BARQUE

**"GEORGE PEAKE,"**

550 Tons Register,

OR THE CLIPPER BARK

**"MOSELLE"**

500 Tons Register.

WILL SAIL FROM

**Liverpool for Charlottetown,**

**DIRECT ABOUT THE 1ST APRIL.**

And will carry Goods at through rates, to all points of the Island, where the Railway connects, at very low rates.

The "George Peake" is now at Liverpool. Both vessels have good accommodation for passengers.

For Freight or Passage, apply in London to JOHN PITCAIRN & SONS, 16 Great Winchester Street, E. C.; in Liverpool to PITCAIRN BROTHERS, 57 South John Street, or here to the owners.

**PEAKE BROS. & CO.**

Ch'town, Feb. 1st, 1887—6w cod

**SELLING OFF.**

GRAND Clearing-out Sale for one month, at Reduced Prices for Cash, of

**Clocks,**

**Watches,**

**Jewelry,**

**Silverware, Spectacles, &c.**

As I want to make room for a new stock, and have on hand a large assortment of the

**LATEST STYLES OF GOODS,**

I will sell at prices that will defy competition. Old goods sold regardless of cost.

**G. G. JURY,**

North Side QUEEN SQUARE, opposite New Post Office.

March 8, 1887—2w & wky tf

**FOR SALE.**

Ten Shares in "The Examiner Publishing Company"

each Share representing \$100 in the Capital Stock.

THE undersigned offers for Sale TEN SHARES (all paid up) of the Capital Stock of THE EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY. Will be sold in lots of one or more shares, to suit purchasers.

For further particulars apply to

**J. W. MITCHELL.**

Ch'town, Nov. 9, 1886.

**An Appeal for Ireland.**

ARCHBISHOP LYNCH URGES LORD RANDOLPH CHURCHILL TO JOIN MR. GLADSTONE IN HIS EFFORTS TO BRING PEACE AND PROSPERITY TO IRELAND.

The New York Herald publishes a letter written by Archbishop Lynch, of Toronto, to Lord Randolph Churchill on the 18th inst. The following are extracts from the letter:—

"MY DEAR LORD CHURCHILL.—You must recollect the prelate from Canada who paid a visit to the Vice-Regal Lodge at Dublin, in 1879 to thank your venerable and noble mother, the Duchess of Marlborough, for her kindness, liberality and charity toward the starving Irish. I had the honor then of a short acquaintance with your Lordship. On that occasion I predicted that you would become a great statesman. The twinkling of your brilliant eyes, however, portrayed you would be a little restive for a few years. I have assiduously watched your course since then, sometimes with regret (Belfast,) at other times with joy, but always with great hope. The motives of your resigning a very honorable and important post in the Cabinet of England, proved the honor and self-respect of a great mind. Now, my dear Lord Randolph, the object of this letter is to beg you to study the Irish question.

ROOT AND BRANCH,

not in the spirit of party, but of 'justice to all men.' I am confident, from your character of uprightness and honor, that you will, even for this once, join Mr. Gladstone and bring peace and prosperity to Ireland and effect a more stable union between England and Ireland. Your Lordship cannot but feel the dispirited condition involved in the present attitude of the British Parliament towards Ireland. On the one hand, admitting the injustice of landlords' exactions and the utter inability of the tenants to meet them, the British House passes a law appointing a commission to regulate rents, which results in their being reduced in many instances to one-half or one-third of their former amount. On the other hand, the machinery of that tribunal being so

CUMBERSOME AND SLOW,

that fifty years would scarcely suffice for the hearing of all the cases, the landlords are availing themselves of this delay and are pushing evictions by wholesale, and the British Parliament prostitute the power of the law, which should be sacred, by granting the aid of police and soldiery to assist the sheriffs and bailiffs in evicting thousands of unfortunate people, young and old, in the most inclement season of the year amid the screams and cries of women and children and the curses of outraged tenants, whose hearts are broken by exact tithes which the court appointed by the Government had pronounced unjust. Does this accord with a true philosophy of a just and legitimate Government? When authority so far forgets itself, the people will not be persuaded to respect it. The rule of injustice is a hard and hopeless task. Let the landlords receive a fair rent,

NOT OPPRESSIVE,

and let them restore to poor tenants the overpayments of past years. There are unnumberable victims in England of a growing volcano which, I trust, English prudence will avert. Evictions have been very unwisely fostered there. Will the time ever come when England will begin to have some regard for the honest public opinion of the world, civilized as well as uncivilized, which is to-day horrified at the inhuman spectacle of evictions whose only equivalents, according to England's greatest statesmen of past or modern times, are death warrants? The unfortunate victims, however, shivering from cold and hunger, after that sad day of their trials, are debared from warning themselves at the blaze of their own burning hovels. How English journals would, with hypocritical zeal, gloat over and publish the inhumanity of such deed. How the Pope would be called a monster of iniquity, a

MURDERER OF HIS PEOPLE,

and ordered to be dealt with as such, if, during his temporal power, he had permitted one township to be depopulated. Such wholesale and inhuman evictions are only heard of under the British crown. Her Most Gracious Majesty must not be grateful to her responsible ministers for discharging her otherwise glorious reign of fifty years by the periodical oppression of the poor and starving Irish, and finishing up by the more than savage acts of cruelty and the violation of all true laws and order. The Irish element in the United States is becoming more and more powerful. Your English papers sometimes remark, when a statesman in this country speaks disparagingly of England, "that he is trying to catch the Irish vote." By that they acknowledge that the Irish vote is a great factor in America, and the same may be said of Australia and other English-speaking countries, where the Irish congregate and multiply and prosper. Hence you must conclude that numbers will tell, and the combined Irish are a powerful ingredient in the Government of this country, and the power of their organizations is increasing every day. They hold already

THE BALANCE OF POWER

in the Presidential and other elections. This is beyond dispute. You may judge of their temper from the tone which the Americans take in the present fishery dispute. It is said that we in Canada live under the British flag by the toleration of the United States. When there was a question of enlisting volunteers for our defence, one of our chief statesmen said: "What use is this expense? The chief guard of five millions of people, in fact of fifty, will be good behavior, but good behavior means now, it appears, 'let the Americans do as they like.' The English forces are distant. Better have good neighbors near than blood relations at a distance. Should a misunderstanding happen between England and the United States, Canada would, in a few days, be overrun by American troops. It would cost that republic very little, as the Irish-American military organizations would supply very largely both men and money. It is well known that there are

MANY ANNEXATIONISTS

here in Canada who think that annexation to the United States would bring them more trade and money. Let us finish, my dear Lord, this, perhaps, too long letter, by imploring you again and again to help your country, England, out of the murky chaos in which she is, and induce her to do justice at length to Ireland. Don't wait for an opportunity. England's ill-treatment and calamities will never reconcile former friends or foes. Union is strength, and the condition of the Irish at home and abroad does not add to the

strength or honor of England. We must not forget how the great Roman Empire fell. England is not beyond the reach of eternal justice.

**Labor Regulations.**

The New England legislatures are devoting a good deal of attention to labor legislation just at present. The Maine Legislature has passed a ten-hour law applicable to boys under sixteen years old, and to girls and women employed in manufacturing establishments. The employment of children under twelve in manufacturing or mechanical establishments is prohibited. In the Connecticut legislature a bill has been agreed on providing for the appointment of county arbitrators, and another looking to the incorporation of trades unions, with power to hold property, sue and be sued, and make contracts for labor. In the Massachusetts legislature an employers' liability bill has been reported. It fixes the maximum compensation to be receivable in case of personal injury at \$4,000, and in case of death at \$5,000. The bill is made applicable to injuries by reason of defective plant, not remedied on account of negligence on the part of the employer or of persons intrusted with supervision, and by reason of negligence on the part of certain employes on railroads. To entitle an employe to the benefit of the act, he must have given information of any defect or negligence liable to cause injury, if he knew of it. Contributions by an employe to an insurance fund or relief society, maintained for indemnification for injuries for which compensation may be recovered under the act, will be allowed to mitigate damages.

**Disappearance of the Narrow Gauge.**

The supplanting of the narrow by the standard gauge width of railroad tracks goes on quietly but steadily. Attention is called by the New Orleans Times-Democrat to the gradual extinction of the narrow-gauge system of the south, where at one time it was preferred to the broad gauge. Narrow-gauge roads of Texas were left without an outlet last year by the change on the Paramore line. The Houston East & West Railway, running from Houston to Shreveport, will be converted at once into a standard-gauge line. It seems only a question of short time, says the above-named paper, when the narrow-gauge railroad will have disappeared.

**Astonishing Success.**

It is the duty of every person who has used Doan's German Syrup to let its wonderful qualities be known to their friends in curing Consumption, severe Coughs, Croup, Asthma, Pneumonia, and in fact all throat and lung diseases. No person can use it without immediate relief. Three doses will relieve any case, and we consider it the duty of all druggists to recommend it to the poor, dying consumptive, at least to try one bottle, as 50,000 dozen bottles were sold last year, and no one case where it failed was reported. Such a medicine as the German Syrup cannot be too widely known. Ask your druggist about it. Samples bottles to try, sold at 10 cents. Regular size, 75 cents. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers, in the United States and Canada.

**Farmyard Manure.**

The composition of the manure made in the barnyard is determined by the character of the animals and the food which they receive. In case of a full-grown animal that is neither gaining or losing in weight, the manure will contain the same amount of nitrogen and ash constituents as were present in the food consumed. The animal is like a machine for the conversion of the principal constituents of the fodder into a more available form for plant food. If an animal is gaining in flesh, producing milk, or growing wool, etc., its manure will be less valuable. Its character of food can give only a poor manure, while if the animal has a good supply of rich food, as oil-cake and bran, its manure will be correspondingly rich in nitrogen and ash constituents. Aside from the animal and the food it gets, the value of a manure is governed greatly by the treatment it receives after being dropped.

**Cholera—Preparations.**

The New Yorkers are beginning to see that their authorities have been acting with great imprudence with respect to the cholera. That deadly disease has been raging for more than four months in South America, yet merchandise has been freely imported during the whole of that time from the infected cities. The risk they have been running is very great, and it is considered time to put a stop to the unrestricted importation of goods from the River Plate. There is talk about establishing a quarantine against products coming from that part of South America, but it has not been done yet. It is to be hoped that the door will be locked before the horse is stolen.

HAVE you these dangerous symptoms,—cough, pain in the side or breast, fever, short breath, night sweats, tickling, rising or soreness in the throat, diarrhoea, nervous debility, asthmatic or bronchial affections? If so, use at once Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam. Trial bottles 10 cents.

The feud being raised by the press of Russia for the benefit of the families of the insurgents recently executed in Bulgaria has reached the sum of 10,000 roubles. The Czar has donated 5000 roubles, the Czarina 3000, and the Czaritch 1000 roubles.

Pierce's pleasant purgative pellets, positively popular, provoke praise, prove priceless; peculiarly prompt; perceptibly potent; producing permanent profit; precluding pimples and pustules; promoting purity and peace. Purchase. Price, petty. Pharmacists, patronizing Pierce procures plenty.

The Chinese Government is taking active steps for the improvement of the Navy. Cruisers have been ordered from English and German firms and are now in course of construction. The relations between Russia and China are cordial.



—FOR—

**BOSTON.**

**SPRING ARRANGEMENT.**

**THE PALACE STEAMERS**

OF THE

**INTERNATIONAL S.S. CO.**

Leaves St. John for Boston, via Eastport and Portland, every Tuesday, and Thursday at 8.00 a. m. Pass from Charlottetown to Boston, \$6.50, 2nd class; \$9.50, 1st class.

For tickets and other information apply to

A. SHARPE, F. W. HALES,  
P. & L. Ry., P. E. Island Steam Nav. Co.

or to your nearest Ticket Agent.

Feb. 12, 1887—cod wky



GOOD PURE

**PARKER-HOUSE BAKING-POWDER.**

WHOLESALE

W. L. COTTON,  
Manager.

Ch'town, Nov. 16, 1886.

**CARD.**

THE EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY, having lately added to their stock of type and material for Job Printing, are better prepared to execute orders for Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Handbills of all kinds, Valuing or Business Cards, etc., promptly and cheaply, in the best style of the art.

Very first-class workmen are employed in their office, and, as they import their printing papers direct from the manufacturers, they are able to fill all orders on the most favorable terms. The continued patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

W. L. COTTON,  
Manager.

Ch'town, Nov. 16, 1886.

**CARD.**

MRS. E. RUTH wishes to announce to the ladies of Charlottetown that she is prepared to do MANTLES AND DRESS-MAKING in the latest fashions, having had many years' practical experience in the United States, patrons can feel assured of getting every satisfaction.

Residence, Richmond Street, near Hillsborough Square.

Nov. 2—3w cod & wky

**L. ARTHUR & CO.,**

**GENERAL**

**Commission Merchants,**

**121 ATLANTIC AVENUE,**

**BOSTON, MASS.**

Signs and Produce a Specialty.

July 15—4w wky