

The Liberal-Conservative Candidate: Dr. Jenkins.

Liberal-Conservative committee rooms: Connolly's building, Queen Street. Store lately occupied by W. & A. Brown & Co. Open all hours.

THE DAILY EXAMINER. AUGUST 2, 1884.

Among the many false reports in circulation last evening was one to the effect that Dr. Jenkins had withdrawn from the contest. This report was as absurd as it was false. Dr. Jenkins is the Liberal-Conservative Candidate; and knowing that Liberal-Conservative sentiment is paramount throughout the country he feels certain that he will be elected, and that in despite of all their tricks, his opponents will suffer a great defeat.

The Burden of Taxation.

As an answer to the "wildly extravagant" statement of Mr. Davies, that taxation has risen from \$4 to \$9 per head of our population, we quote the following from Sir Leonard Tilley's Budget Speech:—

"I may say further, in answer to the charge of increased taxation, that, deducting from the receipts from customs and excise since 1873 the surplus, and charging simply the amounts which were necessary for the payment of the expenditure of the Government, our expenditure per head of the population has been less since 1873 than it was from 1874 to 1879. (Cheers.) I recollect that the leader of the Opposition, in the speech he made in answer to the speech from the throne, remarked that I was great on average. Well, sir, I believe that that is a correct principle to apply, and especially to the conduct of a Government. No Government would be justified in taking one particular year of their expenditure and presenting that to the country as an evidence of their economy. Neither would it be fair for an opposition to take a particular year in which expenditure was large, owing to circumstances over which the Government had no control, and say that was an evidence of ministerial extravagance. (Hear, hear.) Therefore, in all discussions on this subject I desire to take the averages as well as the expenditure in particular years, as evidences of our economy or of our extravagance. Now, sir, we find that in last year, deducting the surplus, the taxation per head of our population from customs and excise was \$4.82, against an average of \$4.88 per head from 1874 to 1879. We also find that, taking the average from 1879 to 1883, it amounted to \$4.81 per head, against an expenditure from 1874 to 1879 of \$4.88 per head. Under these circumstances it will be found that while it is true that receipts have been large, and that during these years our surplus has been large, the taxation on the people of the country was less than the average from 1874 to 1879."

We ask Mr. Davies to prove, if he can, that this statement of Sir Leonard is not absolutely correct.

The Public Debt.

As a consequence of the repayment of debt bearing a high rate of interest and an increase of debt bearing lower rates, the average rate of interest payable on the net debt decreased during the past fiscal year from 4.42 to 4.16 per cent., and on the debt payable in England from 4.39 to 4.37, and a further reduction was made in the sum paid for interest on public debt, less interest received on investment, which amounted to \$153,435.27.

The three and a half per cent. loan, lately negotiated by Sir Leonard Tilley to replace a matured loan, is equivalent to a further saving of about \$350,000 a year.

In fact, the public credit has risen to such an extent under the present Government, that though the sum of the public debt is necessarily greater than it was—owing to the building of the Canadian Pacific Railway, etc.—the amount of interest paid is actually less than it was in former years; and the burden of the debt upon the taxpayer is consequently not so great.

Federation of the Empire.

LONDON, July 29.—A meeting in the interest of colonial federation was held to-day, Right Honorable William E. Forster presiding. A resolution presented by Mr. W. H. Smith, M. P., and seconded by Lord Roseberry, was adopted, declaring that the federation of the colonies is indispensable to avert disintegration and secure the permanent unity of the Empire. Sir Charles Tupper was present and addressed the meeting."

This telegram is going the rounds of the press; and it gives rise to a good deal of comment and criticism. A federation of the British empire has been regarded as a great impracticability; but very practical statesmen are now, it appears, engaged in working it out, on the ground that it is indispensable.

It is very pleasing to hear that the public men of Great Britain are waking up to the value of the Colonies; and we are not without hope that the movement will result in at least a Commercial Union of the Mother Country and her widespread Dominions.

The Commercial Bank of Brazil, Ind., has suspended.

Editorial Notes.

An exchange remarks that the English Government does not appear to have decided upon its plan of operations in the relief of Khartoum, and, indeed, there is no trustworthy proof that Gordon has not already been murdered by the rebels.

Mr. Holding, of London, England, Inspector for the Northern Insurance Company, and Mr. Beaton, Inspector for the Fire Insurance Association of England, have been through the chief towns of the Maritime Provinces, examining their risks, and are in Charlotte-town now. They report that they have found no town of its size so badly off for a water supply as Charlottetown. We hope that ere the end of another year this reproach will have been wiped away.

The St. John Sun notes that "according to the Trade and Navigation Returns for June we find that British imports have fallen over £7,000,000 from the total of June, 1883. Of this immense reduction more than \$3,000,000 occur in the imports of raw materials for manufacturing purposes. In exports of British products manufactured, the total for June, 1884, was £2,000,000 less than that of June, 1883. In Canada the total imports for the whole year 1884 were only \$16,000,000, and the total exports only \$10,000,000 less than in 1883 when they were unprecedentedly large. Great Britain has free trade, and Canada has a protective tariff. According to Opposition logic the diminution in Canada is all due the N. P.; in Great Britain it does itself."

The education of General Logan, the Republican nominee for the vice-presidency of the United States was, it appears, somewhat neglected in his early days. The St. Louis Post-Dispatch, which was the first paper to publish his letter of acceptance, apologises for changes made in it in consequence of duty on the part of the proof-reader. As a specimen brick of the original structure it says one part of it, in particular which appeared otherwise, should have read: "The twin relics of barbarism was slavery and polligamy." However, a man may not speak very good English, and yet make a very good president or vice-president. The story is told of the elder Bennet that once, when a young man, whose qualifications as a news-gatherer were excellent, applied for a situation on the Herald, and objection was made by the editor that the applicant could not write grammatically, he replied, "Damn Grammar; give us facts."

The following is Mr. Lydiard's statement of the exports of P. E. Island produce and manufactures from Queen's and King's Counties during July 1884:

Table with 4 columns: Commodity, Quantity, Value, and another Value. Includes items like OATS, POTATOES, EGGS, STARCH, LOBSTERS, PORK, CATTLE, SHEEP, PIGS, HORSES, MACKEREL, MISCELLANEOUS.

Beet Root Sugar.

German sugar is playing havoc with the markets in Europe, and disturbing to a considerable extent, the producing interests in the West Indies and Southern States. The German sugar is made from beet root, and the beet root crops during the last few years have been of exceptional excellence. Germany gives protection and a bonus to the production and export of beet root sugar, and under this protecting influence the progress of the industry has been surprising. From the first to the fifteenth of June of this year the production was 97,510 centners of raw and 41,910 centners of refined sugar, in comparison with 80,585 of the former and 27,740 of the latter in the same period of last year. The quantity exported from 1st August, 1883, to 5th June, 1884, amounted to 4,565,071 centners of raw and 791,003 centners of refined sugar, as against 3,663,277 and 648,900 centners of raw and refined respectively in the corresponding period of the preceding season. This gives an increase of about 1,000,000 centners. This sugar is laid down in France and Great Britain, and the effect has been in France to bring the price of her native sugar below the cost of production, and in Great Britain to seriously compete with and disturb the trade in cane sugars. A strong demand is being made in France for protection for the native sugar industry, in order to save it from destruction by the threatened influx of German sugar, which, owing to the assistance of the Government, can undersell the French product. Here, again, protection assists the country which enjoys it, and free trade has no counter-veiling benefit as an offset.—St. John Sun.

Our Advertisers.

A. McNeill informs the Public that he will hold an auction sale of Molasses on Monday at eleven o'clock. He also announces that he is expecting a cargo of Ontario Mine Round Coal, which will sell cheap on arrival.

DIRECTIONS TO VOTERS.

The following is the form of ballot to be used in the election for Queen's County:—

Election for the Electoral District of Queen's County District, August 19th, 1884.

JENKINS, I. John Theophilus, Charlottetown, County of Queen's, Physician and Surgeon. X

WELSH, H. William, Charlottetown, County of Queen's, Merchant.

HOW TO MARK THE BALLOTS.

Be sure to mark your ballot for the Liberal-Conservative Candidate. The elector, on receiving the ballot-paper, shall forthwith proceed into one of the compartments of the polling station, and there mark his ballot paper, making a cross with a pencil on any part of the ballot-paper within the division containing the name of the candidate for whom he intends to vote, and shall then fold up such ballot-paper, so that the initials on the back can be seen without opening it, and hand it to the Deputy Returning Officer, who shall, without unfolding it, ascertain, by examining the initials, and the number upon the counterfoil, that it is the same he furnished to the elector, and shall first detach and destroy the counterfoil, and shall then immediately, and in the presence of the elector, place the ballot-paper in the ballot-box.—Ballot Act, Sec. 46.

No voters should make any mark on the ballot-paper save one cross on any part of the ballot paper within the division containing the candidate's name for whom he intends to vote. If the voter writes his name or initials, or any remarks, he makes his ballot useless.

A simple cross upon the ballot for your candidate will assist in electing him. Any other mark or writing will contribute to their defeat.

- 1. Poll opens at nine o'clock a. m., and closes at five o'clock p. m.
2. Vote early.
3. See that your Liberal Conservative neighbor votes early also.
4. If you have a vehicle, place it at the service of your Committee to bring tardy voters to the polls. Give the information to the Secretary of Committee.
5. Do not "pair" on polling day with your Grit neighbor. Poll your own vote and let him look out for his.
6. Poll every possible vote; the loss or gain of a single vote in each sub-division may make all the difference between victory and defeat.
7. If your returning officers and deputy returning officers are Grits watch them.
8. Each Liberal-Conservative should vote as though the result of the election depended upon his individual exertions.
9. Remember that any bribery, corrupt treating, hiring of vehicles, paying of voters' expenses, or any undue influence, will not only void the election, but is punishable by law.
10. Electors can only vote at one polling sub-division in the same electoral division, no matter in how many sub-divisions they may have votes.
11. Any elector's vote may be challenged who has received anything on account of his vote, or has been promised anything directly or indirectly, either to induce him to vote at the election or for loss of time, travelling expenses, hire of teams, or any other service connected therewith; or even if the said elector has directly or indirectly paid or promised anything to any person, either to induce him to vote or to refrain from voting at the election.
12. An elector having more votes than one in the same electoral district should vote in that electoral sub-division in which he resides. Attention to this rule will facilitate the polling, and possibly contribute to the individual elector's comfort.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

The Sabrevois Mission.

SIR,—In your issue of the 30th ult., you state in an editorial notice that "the Sabrevois Mission belongs to and is conducted by the Church of England in Canada." Permit me to inform you that this statement is wholly inaccurate. The directors of the Sabrevois Mission have not even ventured to ask recognition from the Provincial Synod of the Anglican Church in Canada. By request, I attended one of their conventions in Montreal, and having been permitted to ask for certain explanations, I obtained from the chairman—the Lord Bishop of Montreal—an admission that by the suppression of certain facts, he was induced to administer the Sacrament of Confirmation to certain "converts" of the mission. Had all the facts been laid before His Lordship, it is not possible to believe that so grave an irregularity would have been committed. Messrs. Tucker and Ray may be conscientious men—I hope and trust they are—but they cruelly misrepresent the doctrines and discipline of the Church of England in Canada.

Yours, &c., EDWARD J. HODGSON. Hillsborough House, August 1st, 1884.

The McNally Case.

SIR—In your local column of Wednesday last, I notice the record of a prosecution under the Scott Act, against a Mrs. McNally, of the Royalty, in which it would seem as if the writer considered that the administration of this law should be carried out with more regard to the circumstances of the offenders than is usual in the enforcement of other statutes. That young children should ever have to suffer in this world for the sins of their parents is, doubtless, sad; but such is the Law of the Creator, as well as that of man. The children of the drunkard do so, perhaps, more than any other, and if Mrs. McNally had stolen goods to feed or clothe her children, she would have been taken to prison just the same, and I never heard of

the Judges being expected to look after the families.

I fail to see why sympathy should be sought to be created in such cases as this, and the guardians of the law blamed for doing their duty, because forsooth the offender belongs to a class whose occupation has, and does, entail greater suffering, and causes more sin, than all other offences combined.

Yours truly, F. A Nice Question.

SIR,—Can you inform the writer, and through your columns, the public, if the day on which the Caledonia Club hold their annual games is a statutory holiday? On one of the chief Dominion offices here, a notice was posted, "To-day, closed until six o'clock." As the Money Order Department of the institution closes at four o'clock, p. m., persons having business with that Department are put to no small inconvenience. Of course, all are willing to do honor to the preservers in memory of Auld Scotia, but those who are Irish and English ought, in all fairness, to have some recognition; and it is now in order to close the Dominion offices, particularly the Post Office, on, certainly, St. Patrick's Day; and St. George should not be forgotten. Yours, TOILER. Charlottetown, July 31.

The Egyptian Fellaheen are said to be in despair at the prospect of the collection of the arrears of taxes and are looking for the arrival of El Madhi in hope of relief.

MOLASSES.

BY AUCTION, on MONDAY, August 4th, at 11 o'clock,—4 Puncheons Choice Retailing Molasses (New Crop), ex M. A. Starr. A. McNEILL, Auctioneer.

Round Coal.

HOURLY Expected, another Cargo (ex Schr. "O Mullins"), from Glace Bay, of the Ontario Mine ROUND COAL. Will be held by Auction on arrival, in lots to suit purchasers. A. McNEILL, Auctioneer.

Baptist Sabbath School PICNIC!

THE Baptist Sabbath School intend holding a Picnic at Farquharson's Wharf, West River, On Wednesday, August 6. Steamer Southport will leave Ferry Wharf at 10.30 a. m., and at 2 p. m. Refreshments may be had on the grounds. Tickets 25 cents; Children half price. Should the day prove unfavorable, Picnic will be held on following day. ang1

STEAMER MIRAMICHI.

Montreal to Charlottetown. Leaves Montreal, Monday, 11th August, and every alternate Monday afterwards. Returning, leaves Summerside, Tuesday, 19th August, and every alternate Tuesday. Superior passenger accommodation, and freight carried carefully at lowest rates. CARVELL BROS. Ch'town, Aug. 1, 1884.

Spruce Flooring and Sheathing, &c.

HAVING been appointed by Messrs. Primrose Brothers, of Pictou, Agent for the sale of their well known Grooved and Tongued SPRUCE FLOORING and SHEATHING, I will always have on hand a stock of the same WELL DRIED and SEASONED, which I have no hesitation in recommending as the best in the market. Messrs. Primrose Brothers are also prepared to execute promptly orders left with me for any description of Spruce Scantling, Boards, Laths, &c. For further particulars apply at my residence, Prince Street. ang1—2aw 3 m. THOMAS ALLEY.

To the Free and Independent Electors of Queen's Co.

GENTLEMEN,—Having been called upon, by representative men from all parts of the County, I have decided to offer myself as a candidate for the seat vacated by the acceptance of the Charlottetown Postmastership by your late representative, Frederick de St. Croix Brecken. As my opinions on Reciprocity and Free Trade are well known to you, I need not at the present time reiterate them. Suffice it to say that, if elected, I pledge myself to give my time and energy to do all I possibly can, irrespective of party, to advocate the best interests and to secure the just rights of this my native Province. I have the honor to remain, gentlemen, Your obedient servant, WILLIAM WELSH. Ch'town, Aug. 1, 1884. ang1—pat n era her pres 18th.

LADIES, ATTENTION!

JUST Read This, and be convinced of the excellence of the Model Washer and Beacher. It makes the washing light and easy, gives the clothes that pure whiteness that no other mode of washing can produce. No rubbing required, no friction to injure the fabric. It is a Scientific and Successful Machine, which does its work superior to any other Washer that ever have been in use. You can do a heavy wash in a quarter of the time, without any labour at all. They are a durable, time and money saving machine, and sold cheap. Price, \$3.00; when sent to the country, \$3.75. WM. WORTH, Spring Park Road, Agent for Queen's County. Ch'town, July 31, '84.—2aw wly.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE WEEKLY EXAMINER, The Cheapest and Best Newspaper published on P. E. Island. Only \$1 per year.

APPLES, APPLES, APPLES.

CHARLES DONALD & CO., 79 Queen St., London, E. C. Will be glad to correspond with Apple Growers, Merchants and Shippers, with a view to Autumn and Spring business. They will also give the usual facilities to customers requiring advances. ang1

WANZER Sewing Machines.

THESE CELEBRATED MACHINES RECEIVED HIGHEST AWARDS At all the leading Exhibitions of the World. Only Gold Medal in Canada, 1883. J. F. WILLIS & CO., Sole and only authorized Agents for P. E. I. jy30

GEO. DAVIES & CO

WE shall offer the coming week, special and decided bargains in

SUMMER DRESS GOODS,

Prints, Parasols, Sunshades, Table Linen and Towellings.

Readymade Clothing,

STRAW HATS, &c. July 26, 1884.

NEW SEASIDES,

BREMNER BROS. July 28, 1884.



THE Subscriber announces that he is completing a

NEW & FIRST-CLASS HEARSE

for the streets; and having ordered a set of Ostrich Plumes from London will have a turnout

Second to None in the City.

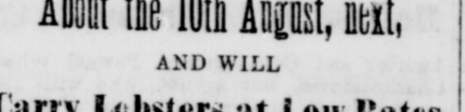
REMEMBER THE PLACE: Opposite Dr. Taylor's, Grafton Street.

ISAAC W. WADMAN,

Ch'town, July 24—'aw wly

FOR LIVERPOOL, DIRECT.

THE CLIPPER BARQUE MOSELLE,



Alex. McLeod, Master, Now on her way from Liverpool to this port, will

SAIL FOR LIVERPOOL, DIRECT,

About the 10th August, next, AND WILL

PEAKE BROS. & CO.

July 22—cod Handsome Cake Baskets, PICKLE DISHES, and a few dozen Silver-Plated Spoons, Forks & Knives to sort up, just opened, at TAYLOR'S, Queen Street. Ch'town, July 5—cod wly

Credit Foncier Franco-Canadien.

LOANS on Mortgage for periods not exceeding 10 years without Sinking Fund, and from 10 to 50 years with Sinking Fund. The borrower is privileged to pay off his loan, in whole or in part, at any time. Circulars giving detailed information can be obtained on application at the office of Messrs. Sullivan & Macneil, Solicitors, Charlottetown. W. W. SULLIVAN, Agent for the Company. jy 30—pat dy & wky pres sun jour 4.

Household Furniture.

To be Sold by Auction on Thursday, 7th August Next, At 11 o'clock, at the residence of Mr. E. R. Brown, Upper Prince Street, all his Household Furniture, consisting in part of—

- 1 Handsome Drawing Room Set, (Walnut and Kipp) 2 Marble Top Tables, Carpet and Rug, Easy Chair, Window Curtains and Cornices, Wall Brackets, Pictures, Mantle Ornaments, Dining Room Set, Sideboard, (Walnut), one Eight Day Clock, Pictures, 1 Carpet, and Curtains, Cornices and Blinds, China and Glassware, 1 Stove, Bed Room Set, (Walnut and Marble) Carpets, 1 Case of Crotonne, 1 Case of 1 and 2 tier, Hat Rack and Chair, 1 Hall Stand and Pipe and Drum, Kitchen Furniture and Utensils, 1 Wheelbarrow and Garden Tools, etc., etc. The above is in good order. WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer. July 29, 1884.

DOMINION EXHIBITION

September 5th to 13th. MONTREAL, 1884.

\$25,000 IN PREMIUMS,

Agricultural and Industrial.

Ample grounds and magnificent buildings for the display of Live Stock, Manufactured Articles, Agricultural Implements and Machinery in motion. Grand International Bench Show of Dogs. The Exhibition will be in full operation from Friday, September 5th, to Saturday, the 13th, 1884, and will be open till ten p. m. each day. Reduced rates are offered by all the principal Railway and Steamboat Companies. For all information apply to the undersigned. S. C. STEVENSON, Joint GEO. LECLERE, Secretaries, 76 St. Gabriel Street. July 25—1 sep 5

BLACKSMITH'S COAL.

ALBION MINES SLACK COAL can be supplied freely, and with dispatch, for about one month. Orders given by G. W. DEBLOIS, Agent, 36 Water Street. July 10—4f

WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.

WE will give exclusive sale at and near Charlottetown, of our Entire Wheat Flour, to a dealer who will push it. Covered by patent. Easily sold. We guarantee 100 lbs. more bread to the barrel than any other flour.—FRANKLIN MILL CO., 38 Clark Street, Chicago, Ill. ang2

TO LET.—Shop and Tenement on Upper Queen Street, at present occupied by Mrs. McLean. Apply to J. McGILL. ang2—pat.

MONEY TO LEND at 5 per cent., in sums over \$500, upon personal security; also upon mortgage, not less than \$1,000, at 7 per cent. Apply by letter to EDMUND McKINNON, B. C. L., 167 St. George Street, Montreal. ang1

TO LET.—An onyx Brooch, set in a double band of plain gold. Any one finding and bringing it to the EXAMINER Office will be suitably rewarded. ang1

WANTED.—A Good Plain Cook. Apply at Admiral Payfield's. ang1

BOARD.—A couple of first-class Boarders, Ladies or Gentlemen, may find comfortable accommodation by applying to Mrs. W. Kennedy, Hillsborough Park. [jy 29 th

WANTED.—By a competent young man, versed in book-keeping, a situation as clerk in a store. Good references. Salary moderate at first. Apply at this office. [jy 23

FOR SALE.—A first-class No. 2 Singer Sewing Machine, for shoemaker's work, quite new. Also a Patent Gramophone Machine, in good order. The above will be sold cheap for cash. Apply to JAMES McLEOD, Spring Park Road. [jy 22

BOARDERS.—A Lady and Gentleman or two Ladies can be accommodated in a private family, with Parlor, Bedroom and Dining Room. Situation desirable. Rooms large, airy and well-ventilated. Apply to MRS. PEEBLES, King Square. [jy 22 cod th

TO LET.—With immediate possession, that desirable Dwelling House, on Pleasant St., at present occupied by Henry Blatch.—W. J. DODD. [jy 17

TO LET.—Furnished or Unfurnished, the Dwelling House adjoining the residence of Judge Hensley, Upper Prince Street. Apply to E. R. BROWN. [jy 16

FOR SALE.—The yacht Carita. For particulars enquire of W. C. HOBBS. [jy 15 th

TO LET.—Two Furnished Rooms, with use of Kitchen, in a private family. Apply at this office. [jy 10

FOR SALE.—A Cabinet Organ, as good as new, has been very little used, will be sold at a bargain. Apply to W. R. BOREHAM, Grafton Street. [jy 9 law

TO LET.—House opposite Railway Station. Apply at this Office. [jy 2

TO LET.—House on King Street, near Pownall Street. Apply at this Office. [jy 2