

Ireland would proceed forthwith to enforce the provisions of the act.

A letter received from Dublin, dated July 26th, states: The Government have determined upon a considerable number of arrests, and it is stated that some persons not heretofore openly connected with the revolutionary movement are to be taken up. It is said that four clerks have been occupied in making out the warrants, which awaited the arrival of the act authorising the Lord Lieutenant to take the necessary steps.

At this hour (half-past four o'clock) the Attorney General and the Solicitor General are at the Castle, and it has been arranged that the warrants are to be issued this afternoon. Mr. S. O'Brien, and several other leaders, now organising the clubs throughout the country, are to be taken into custody to-night; and, if the attempt to arrest them should not lead to an outbreak, they will be brought up to Dublin to-morrow.

The accounts from the south this morning are really most alarming. The Confederate leaders contemplate an insurrection; and, indeed, already they have gone little short of an actual outbreak. The deepest anxiety and apprehension prevails amongst the gentry. From various counties gentlemen have come up to make representations to the Government on the state of their districts, and requiring arms for their tenantry to defend their families and property against any insurgent movements. Lord Farnham from Cavan, and magistrates from Wicklow, Meath, and other counties, have been in attendance at the Castle.

Troops are constantly arriving from England and departing for the south, where the danger is most pressing. At one o'clock to-day a regiment of cavalry received a sudden order for Kilkenny.

A troop of the 8th hussars, en route from Cork to Newbridge, has been ordered to halt at Kilkenny, where it is to be stationed for the present.

Four companies of 89th, which landed this morning from England, marched direct for Kilkenny. The remainder of the regiment on its arrival here will proceed to the same destination.

At an early hour this morning two troops of the 17th lancers, with two pieces of ordnance, left town for Dunshaughlin, county of Meath, where disturbances are apprehended.

At the Privy Council held in Dublin Castle, on the 22d inst., the following additional districts were proclaimed. The act took effect on the 25th:—1. County Kilkenny. 2. County of the city of Kilkenny. 3. County of Meath. 4. The baronies of Decies within Drum, Decies without Drum, and Coshmere and Coshbridge, in the county of Waterford. 5. Barony of Kerricurrery, Kinsale, Courcies, Kinameaky, Barretts North, Barretts South, Barrymore, Kinnatallow, Emokelly, East Muskerry, East Carberry, and Ibane and Barryroe, in the county of Cork.

NENAGH.—The club met at the Temperance Hall, Nenagh, on Sunday evening, at rather an earlier hour than usual. Head Constable Hayes and Constable Arthur took up a position opposite the doors of the building and took down the names of the members as they entered. The meeting was the most numerous since the formation of the clubs. Mr. Mathew Kennedy presided, and forty new members were admitted. At the close of the proceedings the members ranged themselves in procession four abreast, headed by a band of music, and in that order proceeded through Castle street, up Queen street and Pound street, followed by a vast crowd. There could not have been less than 700 men in the procession, while, if an estimate could be made of the attendant crowds in the streets, a couple of thousands would be under the mark. We understand that at a meeting of the above club, held on Tuesday at the Temperance Hall, Nenagh, Mr. Mathew Kennedy in the chair, Mr. James Hayes, secretary, and convened by special requisition, it was resolved to dissolve the club.

CLONMEL, JULY 25.—The cannon which are placed on the top of Caher Castle were fired yesterday several times for practice, under the direction of the authorities. Within the last two days Clonmel has been filled with most alarming rumours. Yesterday it was reported that the clubs were to assemble at the Mile Tree, near the town, and to make a sudden irruption into it when darkness favoured them. At noon to-day an express constable arrived from Cashel, it was said with information of an outbreak there; we doubt, however, its correctness. The most painful anxiety is awakened for to-night, as the general feeling is that an insurrection, with all its horrors, is at hand, and may commence before we see the light of another day. The police have removed from the barracks in the Irishtown, and taken possession of the West Gate. Military are to occupy the main Guard, and no doubt every precaution will be made for the protection of the town and the security of its peaceable inhabitants. It is further said that one of the leaders spent last night at Thorneybridge, in the neighbourhood of Slievenamon, and that the Carrick-on-Suir corps are in readiness to join the onslaught. We are informed that the riding-school of the cavalry barracks is open for the reception of families, or any one who may require protection, and probably will be so used should alarm and apprehension continue to prevail as they have since Sunday. All the police on duty at the court-house were furnished with their muskets and accoutrements about one o'clock to-day, even the men placed stationary at the inner doors. A number of the inhabitants were served with notices to-day to attend before the

magistrates, in order that they might be sworn in as special constables. The mayor and other justices of the peace are now sitting for that purpose, and a good many are already enrolled, who will be but too happy to devote all their energies to the protection of their friends and relatives in Clonmel.

The suspension of the Habeas Corpus Act has excited Clonmel to an unwonted degree. On hearing the news yesterday, the John Mitchel, the 'crack' club of Tipperary, was suddenly called to council. The clergy endeavoured to deprecate the infatuated from dangerous courses. Lectures were delivered from the altar at the several masses, though, I believe, with little effect. I have heard that Dean Burke was hooted in the chapel when commencing to address words of peace to the deluded.

RATHKEALE.—A correspondent informs us, 'that Rathkeale is in the greatest commotion by the appearance of the two policemen who swore the information against Thomas J. Meagher. Not a second day passes that placards of a threatening character are not exhibited. One lately appeared having a coffin marked on it; another was an effigy with a pike stuck in the body; a third contained a narrative of their career; a fourth was a ballad reciting their literary qualifications, and setting forth at some length, their cleverness as Government Reporters.' Within the past few days, however, one of these two obnoxious policemen has been sent to another station. Mr. Smith, the sub-inspector, went to the club-room on Sunday to take the names of the members. He was asked if he came for the purpose of becoming a member, to which he replied in the negative. He was then told that if he would subscribe to the rules, and pay the usual entrance money, he would be received; but if not, he should withdraw. In reply to inquiries from Mr. Smith, he was informed that the strength of the club was 500, and that in the course of two days it would be over 600 strong; and that the members consisted of gentlemen, farmers, mechanics, and labourers. Mr. Smith then withdrew. Same evening the police attended by his directions outside the club-room, and took down the names of those that entered. The people are arming rapidly.

CARRICK-ON-SUIR.—We saw a letter this day from Carrick, in which it is stated that among other extensive preparations on the part of the people in that town, twelve anvils ring night and day with the sound of the pike, in defiance of all 'legal consequences,' and in the presence of police and military.

KILKENNY.—MESSRS. O'BRIEN, MEAGHER, AND DILLON.—On Sunday evening these gentlemen arrived, rather unexpectedly, in Kilkenny; but upon the news of their visit spreading, dense crowds immediately blocked up the entire of William-street. Mr. O'Brien on presenting himself on the balcony of the Citizen's Club, was received with the utmost enthusiasm, and addressed the multitude at considerable length, stating his readiness to make every sacrifice for Ireland, provided that the people would come forward in large masses to assist their friends in carrying out their views. He stated that he was not then prepared to explain to them what those views exactly were; but they should shortly be put before them by persons in every way competent to advise them. Dr. Cane then apologised for the non-appearance of Mr. Meagher, whom, he said, he was sure they would excuse, when he told them that he was completely prostrate from fatigue. He had been up for several days and nights working for Ireland. Nothing could equal the enthusiasm of the reception that those announcements were received with. The vast, yet peaceable multitude returned with order and quiet to their several habitations. At ten o'clock the city presented an appearance of quiet very unlike that of a town under the proclamation of a Coercion Act. The following morning (Monday) Mr. Smith O'Brien visited the several clubs, and expressed much satisfaction at their progress towards organisation and efficiency. He left town accompanied by his friends at about twelve o'clock.

The Belfast Vindicator gives a flourishing account of the five Belfast clubs. The same authority states that the organisation goes on in the counties of Down, Monaghan, Tyrone, and Cavan. In Connaught also—nay, even in perishing Mayo—they have their clubs.

A Privy Council was held this afternoon at Dublin Castle, when proclamations were issued offering rewards as follow:—Smith O'Brien, £500; Meagher, Dillon, Doherty £200 each. The following is the proclamation:—

BY THE LORD LIEUTENANT GENERAL AND GENERAL GOVERNOR OF IRELAND.

A PROCLAMATION.

CLARENDON,

Whereas we have received information that William Smith O'Brien has been guilty of treasonable practices, and has openly appeared in arms against her Majesty:

Now, we, the Lord-Lieutenant, being determined to bring the said William Smith O'Brien to justice, do hereby offer a reward of

FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS

to any person or persons who shall secure and deliver up to safe custody the person of the said William Smith O'Brien.

And we do hereby strictly charge and command all Justices of the Peace, Mayors, Sheriffs, Bailiffs, Consta-

bles, and all other, her Majesty's loyal subjects, to use their utmost diligence in apprehending the said William Smith O'Brien.

Given at her Majesty's Castle of Dublin, this 28th day of July, 1848.

By his Excellency's command.

T. N. REDINGTON.

Shortly after four o'clock this afternoon the printing-office of the *Nation*, at Sackville-place, was visited by the police, who arrested all the printers therein, eleven in number, and brought them before the magistrates at Henry-street Police-office, when they were remanded, to appear to-morrow (Saturday) at twelve o'clock. The publishing office in D'Olier-street, was about the same time taken possession of by the police, who seized everything remaining on the premises, books, papers, &c.

In consequence of Smith O'Brien's proceedings at Mullinahone, where a large meeting was lately held by Doherty, Government have issued orders for the formation of a camp there, as well as at Pilltown, (already formed,) near the seat of the Earl of Besborough.

Our latest accounts from Ireland state that arrests for training and drilling had taken place at Drogheda; that it was rumoured that Smith O'Brien had been captured; and that the police had made a search for arms in 43 houses at the same instant of time.

POLITICAL EXCITEMENT IN LIVERPOOL.

During the past week Liverpool has been in a state of great excitement, consequent upon the present aspect of political affairs in Ireland, and the numerous body of Repealers and Confederates who reside here. Their designs have caused the local authorities to set about preparing for any outbreak, should such be attempted.

During the week the Mayor and magistrates have been actively engaged in swearing in special constables, and this body now numbers 20,000.

TRADE AND COMMERCE IN ENGLAND.

The progress of trade and commerce during the past week (says the Liverpool European Times of the 29th ult.), has been greatly retarded by the extreme uneasiness which is felt respecting the state of affairs in Ireland. The markets for Colonial produce have therefore been less active, with the exception of Sugar, which has been in fair demand. The Corn trade has been active, and prices rather higher. Manufactured goods are less inquired for for home use. The Money market is easy, and the rates of interest remain at the figure last quoted.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

The news from France is reported to be satisfactory. General tranquility prevails. "Parties in the French capital," says the *Times*, "are gradually falling into their natural order."

Respecting the war between Denmark and the Germanic Confederation, we learn that, owing to the reluctance of General Wrangel to sign the armistice, a temporary truce has been concluded for three days.

The war between Italy and Austria is carried on with variable success. The Austrians have entered Ferrara, levied considerable supplies, and then again withdrew from the city. By the most recent accounts from the royal camp all the communications between Mantua, Verona and Legnago are completely interrupted.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

TO BE SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION on Wednesday the 30th day of August, next month, at the old Court House, in Charlottetown, at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, if not previously disposed of at private Sale, the undermentioned valuable real estate, being the property of the Reverend ANGUS MCINTYRE, late of this Town, viz:—Town Lot No. 71, in the 2d hundred of Lots in Charlottetown, with the Dwelling House and Out-houses thereon. This property fronts on Richmond and Cumberland Streets, and is the next House east of the residence of Daniel Hodgson, Esq.

Pasture Lot No. 418 (12 acres) in the Royalty of Charlottetown aforesaid, fronting on the Brackley Point Road, and situate near the residence of Mr. Martin Doherty. The soil of this Lot is of excellent quality, and the Subscriber is authorized to treat with any person for the sale of the two adjoining Lots, part of which has been under crop; the whole, containing 36 acres, would make a snug Farm, and is but little over two miles from the town.

Town Lot No. 7, in the First Range Letter D in Georgetown, in this Island. This is also a very desirable Lot, having but one Lot between it and Kent Square.

For further particulars, apply to

CHARLES BINNE,
Charlottetown, 31st July, 1848. (All the papers.)

Farm for sale.

THE LEASE and IMPROVEMENTS of the Farm now in possession of William Kendal, within five miles of Charlottetown, on Brackley Point Road, containing 175 acres of first rate LAND, nearly 100 acres of which are clear and in a high state of cultivation, with suitable Buildings thereon. For particulars enquire on the premises.

Brackley Point Road, August 14.