

The Daily Examiner.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free born Men having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURYPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1882

VOL 11.--NO. 97.

THE DAILY EXAMINER

IS ISSUED EVERY EVENING,
BY THE EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY,
FROM THEIR OFFICE, CORNER OF WATER
AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS,
Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:
Six Months, \$2 25
Three Months, 1 50
One Month, 0 50

Advertising at most moderate rates.
Contracts may be made for monthly,
quarterly, half-yearly or yearly advertise-
ments, on application.

ALMANAC FOR SEPTEMBER, 1882.

MOON'S CHANGES.

Third Quarter 4th day, 9h. 14m., a. m., S. W.
New Moon 12th day, 8h. 46m., a. m., S. E.
First Quarter, 20th day, 9h. 15m., a. m., N. E.
(below horizon.)
Full Moon, 27th day, 1h. 51m., a. m., S. W.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	Moon sets	High water	Days len ^h
1 Friday	5 26	6 34	8 23	0 54		
2 Saturday	5 27	6 32	9 51	1 40		
3 Sunday	5 28	6 30	11 14	2 30	13 09	
4 Monday	5 29	6 28	12 44	3 32		
5 Tuesday	5 31	6 26	1 43	4 45		
6 Wednesday	5 32	6 24	morn	6 10		
7 Thursday	5 33	6 22	0 43	7 21		
8 Friday	5 34	6 20	1 44	8 16		
9 Saturday	5 35	6 18	2 45	8 59		
10 Sunday	5 37	6 16	3 47	9 36	12 48	
11 Monday	5 38	6 14	4 47	10 10		
12 Tuesday	5 40	6 12	5 48	10 41		
13 Wednesday	5 41	6 10	6 47	11 12		
14 Thursday	5 42	6 9	7 47	11 43		
15 Friday	5 43	6 8	8 47	morn		
16 Saturday	5 45	6 7	9 48	0 15		
17 Sunday	5 46	6 5	10 48	0 49	12 25	
18 Monday	5 47	6 4	11 46	1 27		
19 Tuesday	5 48	6 3	12 45	2 12		
20 Wednesday	5 50	6 2	1 32	3 2		
21 Thursday	5 51	6 1	2 17	4 14		
22 Friday	5 52	6 0	3 57	5 39		
23 Saturday	5 53	5 59	5 33	7 3		
24 Sunday	5 54	5 58	7 4	8 10	12 04	
25 Monday	5 56	5 57	9 36	9 2		
26 Tuesday	5 57	5 55	11 9	9 49		
27 Wednesday	5 59	5 54	1 41	10 32		
28 Thursday	6 0	5 53	3 41	11 14		
29 Friday	6 1	5 52	5 41	11 56		
30 Saturday	6 3	5 51	7 44	12 37		

L. ARTHUR & CO.,

General Commission Merchants

Particular attention given to the sale
of Island produce.

121 Atlantic Avenue & 20 Essex Avenue,
BOSTON, MASS.

May 27, 1882--wkly

Bank of Nova Scotia.

ESTABLISHED 1832.

Paid Up Capital . . . \$1,000,000
Reserve Fund . . . 325,000

An Agency of this Bank will be opened on
Monday next, 19th inst., in the building
lately occupied by the Bank of Prince Edward
Island, under the management of the undersigned.

Deposits will be received on interest, and
on current account.
Drafts granted on the various Agencies and
correspondents of the Bank.
Sterling and other Exchange bought and
sold, and general banking business transacted.

D. C. CHALMERS,
Ch'town, June 17, 1882--tf Agent.

INSURANCE OFFICE.

Queen Insurance Company,
OF ENGLAND.

CAPITAL, TEN MILLION DOLLARS.

City of London Fire Insurance
Company.

CAPITAL, TEN MILLION DOLLARS.

Insurance effected on all kinds of property
at current rates. Losses settled promptly
and equitably.

F. KENNEDY,
General Agent,
Office—South Side, Queen Square,
Ch'town, Feb. 3 1882.

W. C. BISHOP,

SHIPPING

—AND—
FORWARDING AGENT,

Marine Insurance Broker,

—AND—
General Commission Agent,

BEDFORD ROW,

P. O. BOX 1 . . . HALIFAX, N. S.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION given to the
Shipment of Lobsters and other Canned
Goods, and Collectors of Custom Drawbacks
thereon.

Hulls, Cargoes, and Freights insured in
first-class offices at most favorable rates.
Consignments of Produce solicited, and
prompt returns guaranteed.

Compensation solicited and answered
promptly.
Nov. 14, 1881--1yr

BRITISH WAREHOUSE, QUEEN SQUARE.

IN the month of May W. & A. BROWN & CO. opened about
148 CASES DRY GOODS.

from which they are still supplying largely to the WHOLE-
SALE and RETAIL TRADE at very close prices.

Every Department of their Establishment is Kept Replenished
BY WEEKLY STEAMERS.

100 Chests of Superior Congou Tea.
IN STOCK AT VERY LOW PRICES.

6072 GRAIN BAGS Daily Expected.
Charlottetown, July 26, 1882.

D. A. BRUCE, MERCHANT TAILOR,

Is now offering Cash Buyers the BEST VALUE that
can be had in the market, in

Broadcloth, Worsted, Scotch and Canadian
Tweed Suits.

A magnificent range of

GENTS' FURNISHINGS,

AMERICAN WHITE & COLORED SHIRTS,

Collars, Ties, Underclothing, English and American Hats.

Our Readymade Clothing is Manufactured on the Premises,
fashionably cut, well sewed, and having good trimmings,

Will be sold as Cheap as Imported.

We invite you to inspect our Goods.

D. A. BRUCE,
Charlottetown, May 22, '82. 72 Queen Street.

"CITY STEAM BAKERY."

THE proprietor of this Establishment, owing to the increased
demand for his Goods, has added new facilities to his
Bakery, consisting of the latest and most improved machinery,
etc., and is now prepared to supply the trade with

Hard Bread, Plain and Fancy Biscuits, &c.,

AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

1000 lbs. CHOICE CONFECTIONERY

To arrive per Steamship "Miranjichi," from Montreal.

Orders by mail promptly executed.

J. QUIRK,
Prince Street, Charlottetown, P. E. Island

May 4, 1882.

For Scotch and English Tweeds or Worsted Suits

For Canadian Tweed Suits,

For Overcoats of all Descriptions,

JOHN MACLEOD & CO'S,

UPPER QUEEN STREET,
TWO DOORS ABOVE APOTHECARIES HALL CORNER

There you will find the largest and best assortment of Cloths in the
Island. Prices very moderate. The best workmanship and a perfect fit
guaranteed.

—ALSO—
A complete line of Gents' Furnishings and Felt Hats, cheap, &c. &c.
Remember the address, two doors above Apothecaries Hall Corner
Charlottetown, Oct. 11, 1881.



THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM,

Neuralgia, Sciatic, Lumbago,
Backache, Soreness of the Chest,
Cout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swell-
ings and Sprains, Burns and
Scalds, General Bodily
Pains,
Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted
Feet and Ears, and all other
Pains and Aches.

No Preparation on earth equals St. James Oil
as a safe, sure, simple and cheap External
Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively
trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering
with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its
claims.

Directions in Eleven Languages.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS
IN MEDICINE.
A. VOGELER & CO.,
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

\$500 Reward!

WE will pay the above reward for any case
of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick
Headache, indigestion, Constipation or Cos-
tiveness we cannot cure with West's Vegetable
Liver Pills, when the directions are strictly
complied with. They are purely Vegetable,
and never fail to give satisfaction. Sugar
Coated. Large boxes containing 30 Pills, 25
cents. For sale by all Druggists. Beware of
counterfeits and imitations. The genuine
manufactured only by JOHN C. WEST &
CO., "The Pill Maker," Chicago and Toronto.
Free trial package sent by mail prepaid on
receipt of a 3 cent stamp. Sold by FRASER
& REID, and all Druggists.
ang14--dy & wky Ly.



LORNE HIGHLAND WHISKY
ANALYSED BY SANITARY INSTITUTION
54, Holborn-viaduct, E. C. LONDON, AUG. 8, 179
Report on the LORNE Highland Whisky.
"We have visited the bottling stores of
Greenlee Brothers, and have selected
from the vats, samples of their Lorne
Highland Whisky, and have subjected
them to careful examination and analysis.
The samples were very fragrant, mellow,
and of pleasant flavor, and possessed all
the characteristics of pure and well-
matured Scotch Whisky of the first
quality."
"ARTHUR HILL, HASSALL, M. D."
"OTTO HEINER, F. C. S., F. I. C."
Agent:—
OWEN CONNOLLY
Charlottetown, P. E. I.
Feb. 24, 1882.

INCREASE YOUR CAPITAL.

\$10
\$20
WHEAT
\$50
STOCKS
\$100

Those desiring to make money
on small and medium investments
in grain, produce and stock
speculation, can do so by oper-
ating on our plan. From May 1st,
1882, to the present date, our in-
vestments of \$10,000 to \$1,000, each
profits have been realized and
paid to investors, amounting to
several times the original invest-
ment, still leaving the original in-
vestment making money or pay-
able on demand. Explanatory cir-
culars and statements of fund sent
free. We want responsible
agents, who will report on crops
and introduce the plan to their
commissioners paid. Address,
FLEMING & MERRIAM, Com-
mission Merchants, Market Block,
Chicago, Ill.

A CURE GUARANTEED.

Magnetic Medicine!

For Old and Young, Male and Female.

Positively cures Nervousness in ALL its stages,
Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Sexual Pro-
stration, Night Sweats, Neurasthenia, Lencorhea,
Barrenness, Seminal Weakness, and General Loss
of Power. It repairs Nervous Waste, Rejuven-
ates the Jaded Intellect, Strengthens the Enfeebled
Brain and Restores Surprising Tone and Vigor to the
Exhausted Generative Organs in either sex. 25¢ With
each order for twelve packages, accompanied with five
dollars, we will send our Written Guarantee to refund
the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. It is
the Cheapest and Best Medicine in the Market.
25¢ Full particulars in our prospectus, which we
desire to mail free to any address.

Mack's Magnetic Medicine is sold by Drug-
gists at 50 cts. per box, or 6 boxes for \$2.50, or will
be mailed free of postage, on receipt of the money, by
addressing
MACK'S MAGNETIC MEDICINE CO.,
Windsor, Ont., Canada.

Sold by Apothecaries' Hall Co.,
Agents for Charlotte and Prince Edward Island, and by all Druggists
everywhere.

CORRESPONDENCE.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the
opinions or statements of our correspondents

Obstacles to the Scott Act.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

MR. EDITOR,—Observing the call
for a meeting of the Branch of
the Alliance in your journal, I would
wish your leave to offer a few suggestions
for the consideration of this body, and en-
deavor to show some of the obstacles or
difficulties stand in the way of enforcing
the Act, and against which the community
have to contend.

The first of these may be said to consist
chiefly in the perverse character of those
who buy as well as those who sell in viola-
tion of all law. Among the buyers it is im-
possible to find men occupying a fairly good
position in society, who when taken to task
and placed on the witness stand have no
hesitancy to screen the seller, and
while men such as these may be allowed
to escape, what can be expected from the
more thoroughly depraved individual when
placed in the same position. Now is there
no possibility of the Alliance bringing
about such a change as will to some extent
at least, deter offenders of this class from
aiding the seller, and of treating him to a
task of law? I am no lawyer myself, but I
am under the impression that there can be
no great difficulty in the matter, and some-
thing must be done in order to bring all
such characters to a proper sense of their
duty.

Another obstacle or difficulty, and to my
mind a very serious one is, that in one of
our prosecuting courts there is an
official which is well known to be a friend
to the cause of temperance, and who I
seriously believe aid the offenders in giving
information when complaints are lodged
for violating the law, and thus the
offender is placed in a position to deal with
his customers which he could not possibly
have were a conscientious person holding a
like position.

In order then to aid in the removal of
these and any other obstacles that may
stand in the way, public sympathy must be
aroused and an influence brought to bear
on all classes of this community so that
transgression of whatever kind may be
punished as a lesson, that they will not soon
forget, and thus a reproach be wiped out
which ought not to exist for a
hour. A practical change is absolutely
necessary, and whatever changes are re-
quired it rests with the christian com-
munity of Charlottetown to do their part,
they leave us much responsibility in this
matter as any, and when the Alliance shows
what is really necessary, I have little
doubt, that all right minded men will do
their duty.

Hoping that this may meet your approval
and result in effecting some reform.
I remain sincerely
A FRIEND OF REFORM,
Charlottetown, Sept. 11, 1882.

The Attack at Kassassin.

The New York Herald commenting on
Saturday's battle, says:—In one respect
the British commanders showed an im-
provement on their former tactics. They
were not surprised by the enemy. At Tel-
el-Mahuta, a fortnight ago, being oppo-
sited with scouts, their outposts were only
saved by the efforts of the mounted infantry;
and at Kassassin, a few days later, General
Graham might have met with grave disaster
if the Household Cavalry had not come to
his rescue and charged in the moonlight.
To guard against surprises the Thirteenth
Bn of Lancers have been detailed from Sir
Herbert Macpherson's Indian contingent,
and the value of those fine horsemen in the
Egyptian contingent against an Arab foe
was yesterday proved both as scouts
and combatants. But, as usual, they
were not properly supported. "If,"
said the British officers, "the lancers
had the Highland brigades behind them
Tel-el Kebir would have been taken." The
Scottish troops had been withdrawn from
Alexandria and should have been sent to
the front immediately. But Sir Garnet
Wolseley has hitherto left his outposts to
defend themselves. Having great diffi-
culties of transport he has trusted to luck.
Though his capture of Tel-el Kebir was
rumored three weeks ago he is not yet be-
fore its walls. And this inaction takes
place in a country where the canal which
supplies the army with almost all its water
is at one time reported to be cut, at another
to be poisoned, at a third to be choked with
corpses, and where the sun, blazing through
the long days of idleness, is striking down
men by the score.

A Fight in a Theatre.

A scandalous disturbance occurred on the
night of the 6th, at the Odeon Theatre during
the performance of the new play, "Le Mariage
d'André." In the interval between the third
and fourth acts M. Paul Deroulede, the well
known poet and Prussian hater, ran up against
M. Mayer, director of the Lanterne, in the
lobby, and, accusing him as a German whose
paper is inspired at Berlin, without further
parley, struck him in the face. Mr. Mayer
returned the blow with interest, and for some
minutes the delighted gallery gods, who had
rushed to the scene of the affray at the first
sound of strife, were treated to a hand-to-
hand encounter worthy of the most palmy
days of the prize ring. Both combatants were
at length removed to the police station. The
quarrel will no doubt be finally settled with-
out a duel, though M. Mayer talks of pro-
secuting his assailant. M. Deroulede is the
author of the "Chants du Soldat," and has
been conspicuous in several recent anti-German
manifestations, which have given rise to an
interchange of diplomatic views between
Prinse Hohenzoln and M. Duclerc.

Abbotsford Armory.

The Abbotsford armory contains a
wonderful array of the weapons of the
various ages, and disposed among the
spears, battle-axes, darts, arrows, etc.,
and many relics not of a warlike charac-
ter, such as Oliver Cromwell's spurs and
the hunting-bottle of "bonnie King
James;" and the cross which you can
see on the wall once belonged to the
Queen of Scots. Bonaparte's pistol's,
said to have been found in his carriage
at Waterloo, and a sword superbly
mounted, bestowed upon Montrose by
Charles I., also belonging to this unique
collection. I wish I might say no more
here, except to mention the bulls' and
stags' horns over the doorway, but there
is a secret as dark as Blue Beard's. In
a corner, almost, but not quite, hidden
from view, are some of the old Scottish
instruments of torture called "thumb-
kins," and an iron which was so adjusted
that the victim could not even try but by
his agony,

The Policy of Russia.

The St. Petersburg, correspondent
sends the following to the New York
Herald:—Although the Egyptian ques-
tion is the one which at the present
moment occupies the attention of Europe
here in Russia it is a matter of no more
than secondary importance. Russia's
interests in the East are only indirectly
influenced by the action of England
against Arabi Pasha, and it may be
pretty confidently asserted that as long
as Egyptian troubles do not influence
directly the future fate of Constantinople
and the Bosphorus, in which Russia is
most nearly concerned, the government
of the Czar will content itself with play-
ing a more or less passive role. The
part of the Egyptian question in which
she is probably most inclined to be firm
and straightforward is in the preservation
of the neutrality of the Suez Canal; for
like the other great Powers, though in a
much more insignificant degree, Russia
claims the necessity of communicating
with her Eastern ports by way of the
canal. Public opinion as far as it is ex-
hibited in the press is far from favor-
able to the initiative which England has
taken upon herself on behalf of half-
hearted and self-suspecting Europe.
The Slavophile and national organs are
furiously hostile and abusive of England,
supporting the pretensions of Arabi
Pasha as a true son of Islam and
Egyptian patriot, while the semi-official
press represented by the Journal de St.
Petersburg, has, up to the present
moment, been extremely sceptical and
cautious, showing clearly that the per-
sonal opinions of those who direct
Russian foreign affairs were in no way
well disposed toward the abrupt interrup-
tion of diplomacy at the conference by
Admiral Seymour's energetic attack on
the forts of Alexandria. The Golos
alone has all along endeavored to follow
the movements of English policy in
Egypt with approval.

Ever since the bombardment Russia
has regarded the Conference at Constani-
nople as an utterly useless formality,
and even on one occasion instructed her
representative to withdraw from it alto-
gether. However, on the gradual sub-
mission of Turkey to the demands of the
Powers that she should enter the Confer-
ence and take part in restoring order in
her vassal's dominions, and on the earnest
solicitations of one or two of the other
Governments, Russia was induced to
reappear at the Conference.

A Wonderful Doctor.

There is a wonder in Toronto. She
is a miraculous doctor. Mounted on a
car in the street, in a slightly oriental
costume, she heals the lame, the deaf,
the blind, and the sick of almost all dis-
eases, by the administration of medicine
or ointment to the afflicted and by act of
faith on the part of the sufferer.

The World reports her proceedings,
sometimes with an air of scepticism,
sometimes with awe-struck admiration
of her powers. The World reporter saw
her draw teeth of the worst kind without
pain to the victim. Physic us rail at
her. Rev. Dr. E. Pelham Mulvaney, that
last of the Roman poets, thunders out
sonorous rhyming Philippics, accusing
her of charlatanism and various other
vices, with allusions to classic female
sinners of like character. The Mail and
Globe refuse to advertise her, but the
crowd follows her and thousands believe
in her. An English professor in this
country once remarked that he considered
the chief characteristic of Canadians
was their gullibility. He said they
seemed to want to be gulled. This may
account for the popularity of the great
female doctor. It seems more natural to
attribute her success to that course than
to the apparently irrelevant circumstance
that she is the seventh daughter of a
seventh son. Still there is one thing
that is hard to believe in connection with
this affair, and that is that anyone can
draw teeth for a person and fool him
into thinking it doesn't hurt him.—Hc.
Herald.