

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

TERMS:—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, FRIDAY, MARCH 28, 1890.

VOL. 25.—NO. 101

The Daily Examiner

Is issued Every Evening by
The Examiner Publishing Co.,
FROM THEIR OFFICE,
"LONDON HOUSE," QUEEN SQUARE
Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:
Six Months.....\$2 50
Three Months.....1 25
One Month.....0 50
Advertising at most moderate rates.
Contracts may be made for monthly, quarterly, half-yearly or yearly advertisements on application.

ALMANAC FOR MARCH, 1890.

MOON'S CHANGES.
Full Moon, 6th day, 2h., 35.1m., p. m., N. E. below horizon.
Last Quarter, 14th day, 0h., 52.1m. a. m., E. below horizon.
New Moon, 20th day, 4h., 43.5m., p. m., W.
First Quarter, 28th day, 5h., 20.0m. a. m., S.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	Moon sets	High water	Day's length
1 Saturday	6 44	5 44	0 40	7 01	11 3	11 3
2 Sunday	4 41	4 51	1 37	7 57	10 6	10 6
3 Monday	3 38	4 6	2 37	8 45	9 10	9 10
4 Tuesday	3 37	4 7	3 41	9 28	8 16	8 16
5 Wednesday	3 35	4 8	4 46	10 6	7 22	7 22
6 Thursday	3 34	4 9	5 52	10 59	6 29	6 29
7 Friday	3 32	5 9	6 58	11 42	5 35	5 35
8 Saturday	3 30	5 11	8 5	12 24	4 41	4 41
9 Sunday	2 29	5 12	9 15	1 16	3 47	3 47
10 Monday	2 27	5 14	10 24	2 1	2 53	2 53
11 Tuesday	2 25	5 15	11 35	3 0	1 59	1 59
12 Wednesday	2 23	5 16	12 40	3 53	1 5	1 5
13 Thursday	2 22	5 17	1 47	4 46	1 0	1 0
14 Friday	2 21	5 18	2 43	5 39	1 0	1 0
15 Saturday	1 18	6 0	3 2	6 2	2 42	2 42
16 Sunday	1 16	6 0	3 57	7 28	4 5	4 5
17 Monday	1 13	6 0	4 43	8 34	6 18	6 18
18 Tuesday	1 11	6 0	5 20	9 26	7 54	7 54
19 Wednesday	9 6	6 59	6 11	10 11	9 20	9 20
20 Thursday	8 8	6 18	7 10	10 49	10 57	10 57
21 Friday	6 9	6 43	8 11	11 28	12 3	12 3
22 Saturday	5 9	7 6	9 13	12 0	11 9	11 9
23 Sunday	5 9	7 3	10 17	1 2	10 12	10 12
24 Monday	5 59	8 24	11 14	1 15	9 18	9 18
25 Tuesday	5 57	9 2	1 56	1 56	8 24	8 24
26 Wednesday	5 55	10 42	2 42	2 42	7 30	7 30
27 Thursday	5 53	11 30	3 41	3 41	6 36	6 36
28 Friday	5 50	12 12	4 5	4 5	5 42	5 42
29 Saturday	4 49	1 24	6 16	6 16	4 48	4 48
30 Sunday	4 47	2 1	7 2	7 2	3 54	3 54
31 Monday	5 45	2 11	8 1	8 1	3 0	3 0

Read this Column

(x)
J. B. MACDONALD,
QUEEN STREET,

HAS RECEIVED THE GREATER PORTION OF HIS

NEW SPRING STOCK

Men's Clothing,

Specially made for his order, and guaranteed to fit and wear as well as any Custom-Made Clothing, and 25 per cent. cheaper.

Dress Goods.

A fine stock of LADIES' DRESS GOODS at any price you can name. We are selling Dress Goods very cheap this Month, and would ask you in your own interest to look at the goods before you buy. REMNANTS selling off at your own price.

EMBROIDERY.

About Fifty Pieces of Embroidery selling off at half price. You cannot resist buying these goods when you see them.

Carpets! Carpets!

NEW CARPETS ex S. S. "Stanley," direct from England, in BRUSSELS, TAPESTRY and HEMPS, newest patterns.

Lace Curtains, in Cream and White, very cheap.

CORSETS! CORSETS!—Large Stock, new last fall, price from 25 cents a pair up. New PRINTS, GINGHAMS and ZEPHYRS just opened.
JUST OPENED—12 Cases MEN'S NEW SPRING FELT HATS, Christy and other makers.

J. B. MACDONALD,

Ch'town, March 3, 1890—cod&wky QUEEN STREET.

LONDON HOUSE!

NEW SPRING GOODS JUST OPENED.

New Embroiderys, New Embroiderys,
New Prints, New Prints,
New Shirtings, New Shirtings,
New Gingham, New Gingham,
New Sheetings, New Sheetings,
New Pillow Cottons,
New Tweeds, New Tweeds,
New Worsteds, New Worsteds,

HARRIS & STEWART,

SPECIAL SALE!

WE ARE OFFERING A SPECIAL LOT OF

75 Suit Lengths of Tweeds,

—AT FROM—

20 TO 30 PER CENT. DISCOUNT ON REGULAR PRICES.

Call and examine Stock and get prices. The Best Bargains ever offered.

JOHN McLEOD & CO.

Charlottetown, March 22, 1890.

ACCIDENTS WILL HAPPEN.

Moral—"I sure in the Travelers."

Travelers' Insurance Co.

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Largest, Safest and Best Accident Company in the World.

ASSETS, . . . \$10,383,000

SURPLUS, . . . 2,041,000

A POLICY GRANTING:

\$1,000 in event of death,
\$1,000 for loss of two eyes,
\$1,000 for loss of two hands,
\$1,000 for loss of two feet,
\$1,000 for loss of one hand and foot,
\$333 33 for loss of one foot,
\$333 33 for loss of one hand,
And \$5.00 per week for disabling injury.

costs a PROFESSIONAL OR BUSINESS MAN but \$3 00 per annum, and pro-rata for larger policies.

These Policies cover all kinds of accidents caused by external, violent and accidental means, and limits of travel cover all the civilized portions of the globe.

For further information apply to

FENTON T. NEWBERY,

Agent for P. E. Island.

mch11—1m eod

Electric Gas Lighters.

NO unsightly wires, no attachments, no waste matches, no danger of fire, can be used by a child, no battery, always ready for use, convenient to handle, can be carried from jet to jet and used millions of times, and thus effect a saving in the end. Price \$3. For sale at Watson's Drug Store. mch19

CABINET MAKING.

FURNITURE Repaired and Upholstered; Patterns and Models made to order; Shop Fitting and General Jobbing. Orders solicited. Corner Pownall and Grafton Streets, or door west of Fish Market.

R. D. PYKE.

mch24—3i pd

TO LET.

A HOUSE WITH STABLE on Pleasant Street, at present occupied by Miss Tweedy. Possession 1st of April.

WILLIAM DODD.

mch19

"The Master and the Soul,"

(AN EASTER CARD).

BY THE REV. W. B. KING,
Rector of St. Luke's Cathedral, Halifax.

For sale at W. R. WATSON'S. Price 10 cents. Proceeds for Charity. mch19

Molasses and Sugar,

NEW CROP,

Direct Cargo due here first opening of Navigation.

350 Puncheons MOLASSES, 50 Tierces Choice Quality, 40 Barrels 300 Barrels SUGAR.

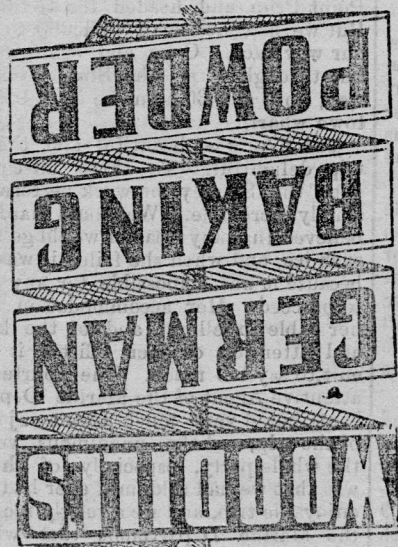
At lowest current rates while landing.

CARVELL BROS.

mch21—2w 2aw pat

THE WEATHER DOES,

—BUT—



Never Varies.

jan18

College Education.

(The Week.)

Is a university, or let us say a college education, a thing to be desired for its own sake, or only as a means to an end? Is it a thing to be coveted by all, irrespective of native abilities, or is it fit only for the select and clever few? Is it a training ideally desirable for men and women as such, without regard to prospective occupations, or is the College performing its proper and highest function when it is preparing a limited number for learned professions and pursuits? Most of those who have given any thought to such questions are familiar with the ideas of Sir William Hamilton and other educationists and philosophers whose views agree with his. Are such views not only Utopian but erroneous? Is it a mischievous, as well as an impracticable dream, that leads enthusiasts to hope for a good time coming when higher education, the highest education available, shall be regarded as the birthright of the race; or to put it in a somewhat less startling shape, when a College education shall be deemed of value chiefly for its own sake, as a training of the mental and moral powers necessary alike to the performance of the highest duties and the enjoyment of the highest pleasures of life, a development of the true manhood and womanhood, and so a boon to be brought as far as possible within the reach of all? May the gradual shortening of the hours of toil, and the upward extension of those educational facilities which are now within the reach of all, be regarded as tending towards a state of society in which the best culture may be had by everyone, whatever his occupation, whose mental faculties are sufficiently aroused to make it an object of desire? These questions are not so impracticable or visionary as they may seem, since, so far as we are able to see, the whole duty and relation of the public to the universities and colleges turn upon the answer. They are old questions, but still unsettled. They have just now been suggested afresh by the following passage in the current number of the *Bystander*:

"A university education is a very good thing for such as can really turn it to account. Of those there are two classes; men who intend to devote their lives to science or learning, and men who, though they do not intend to devote their lives to science or learning, are capable of making good use of the fruits of high intellectual training in other walks of life. Both of these classes are limited, and the second, perhaps, is fully as limited as the first. To send an ordinary boy to college is not only to incur great expense on his account, but to expose his character, and especially his habits of industry, to no small peril.

If this be the true view of the matter, it should dampen the mischievous ardor of educational enthusiasts. A most serious responsibility is devolved upon those who are obliged to decide whether they or their children and wards belong to either of the two exceptional classes indicated, since to make a mistake, and thus expose a character to peril, is a very serious matter. The obvious inference is, since the most sanguine can hardly venture to hope that the great majority of our ordinary college students belong to one or the other of the two limited classes, that it becomes ordinarily a duty to discourage, rather than encourage, scholarly ambition. We cannot pursue the subject, but we cannot dismiss it without suggesting the query, whether, if the case be as described, it does not argue a serious fault in the character of the University education itself, and whether it is not both possible and natural to conceive of a true higher education which should stimulate and strengthen every good mental and moral quality, the habits of industry included, and so fit the man or the woman for the better discharge of duty in every sphere of life, however humble.

News Notes.

The Checapal Indians in Lower California are said to be on the warpath, and massacres are feared.

The bill establishing English as the official language has passed its third reading in the Manitoba Legislature.

A letter to promote the new temperance crusade, signed by Archbishop Walsh and others, was read in all the churches in Ireland on Sunday.

Honolulu advices say King Malietoa has by proclamation excluded Hawaiians from the Samoan Islands. The king had previously excluded the Chinese.

Guthorn Oslog, a Swede, and a faith-curler, in Brooklyn, was indicted on Saturday for manslaughter in the second degree for allowing his 10-months-old son to die without medical attendance.

The American tug *Mogul* has been libelled at Victoria, B. C., for alleged infringement of the Canadian customs law, and bonds to the value of \$800 have been deposited pending an appeal to O. T. W. The trouble arose over the towing of a schooner.

The *North German Gazette*, Bismarck's organ, says the result of the recent elections for members of the Reichstag and the loss of his old influence were the real reasons for the resignation of Prince Bismarck. Nobody, the *Gazette* says, asked him to reconsider his resignation.

The great Hungarian painter, Mankaczy, whose works are well known and appreciated in America, is painting an immense picture for the Vienna Museum of Art. The picture is intended to form the ceiling of the entrance hall, and the bold perspective has been contrived with an art worthy of any of the painters of the Renaissance period. The figures of Michael Angel, Raphael, Leonardo da Vinci and Paolo Veronese appear in the foreground, while seated at the back is Pope Julius II. inspecting the plans of the architect Bramante, whilst the striking head of the artist himself emerges from behind a balustrade.

Heavy sole leather just received—price 20c per lb. by the side.—Grafton Bros.

The Best Newspapers.

Geo. P. Rowell & Co., proprietors of the American Newspaper Advertising Bureau, No 10 Spruce Street, New York, have issued a pamphlet containing a choice selection of newspapers for an advertiser to use, who prefers to confine his advertising investments to such as are likely to pay him best.

This catalogue names all the greatest and all the best newspapers. The selection made includes every religious, agricultural, or other class weekly, having a regular issue of so many as ten thousand copies; all the great monthlies, the leading dailies in all the largest cities, and aims to name the best paper in every county seat having a population of so much as three thousand, and every other town, village or city having so much as five thousand population, provided a paper is printed which issues as many as a thousand copies a week.

The total output for a single edition of the publications named in this Catalogue of Preferred Newspapers is between fifteen and eighteen million copies, and is, therefore, more than enough to place a paper regularly with every family in every State and Territory.

The number of American newspapers is now so large that the great advertising agencies do not find it wise to attempt to specially represent them all, and at the last meeting of the Association of Newspaper Advertising Agents it was resolved that each member should prepare a list which, while enumerating the best papers, should name only about one in ten of all which are published.

It has been fully demonstrated that fully one-half of all American newspapers emanate from less than seven hundred offices, and that a list of more than ten thousand newspapers can be made up, among which no single one prints regularly so many as a thousand copies. To have dealings with this myriad of small papers cannot be thought of by the majority of advertisers, and advertising agencies find transactions with them to be the reverse of profitable.

The carefully selected list which is now issued by Geo. P. Rowell & Co. is the first which has been put forth in accordance with the resolution of the Association of General Newspaper Advertising Agents.

It is issued by the old, best equipped, and most favorably known of all the agencies, and is likely to invite careful examination, and criticism from both advertisers and publishers. Geo. P. Rowell & Co. have a more thoroughly perfected system and better facilities for conducting the necessary negotiations with newspapers and watching the fulfillment of advertising contracts than has ever been attempted by any other house in this line in this or any other country. At their advertising bureau, which was established in 1865, have originated most of the methods of conducting such a business, which have proved to be permanently successful. They have issued the American Newspaper Directory for twenty-four years. They now advise their advertising patrons that it will always be well to confine advertisement orders to papers selected from the Catalogue of Preferred Papers here referred to, unless the advertiser has some conclusive reasons of his own for using others.

The population of every place where a newspaper is published is stated in the Catalogue; county seats are designated, and the circulation rating accorded to every paper by the last issue of the American Newspaper Directory is given. Out of the seventeen thousand papers named in the Directory, only about two thousand are selected of these it is, perhaps not necessary to add that THE EXAMINER is given the prominence to which its merits entitle it.

Watering Horses.

It is claimed that when horses are fed grain before watering, the drink subsequently taken will wash the grain out of the stomach into the intestines. Color is given to this view by the fact that a horse's stomach is exceedingly small compared to his size, and especially so when it is recalled that the horse consumes coarse food as well as does the ox. Ex-Secretary Russell, of the Massachusetts State Board of Agriculture, informs us that while in Paris he saw old horses slaughtered after eating a mass of oats and receiving directly afterwards a round drink of water. Mr. Russell states that fresh oats were found in plenty in the intestines where they had been carried by the moving water. A horse will often drink all that his stomach will hold if empty—some three and one-half to four gallons. As the horse's stomach is never empty, either of water or of hay, it is easy to believe that water will pass through the stomach at once. This cannot occur as a stream or central current, as it must be diffused in the mass of the stomach, forcing out the liquid already in it, as well as the finer matters of the stomach. It might not follow that fresh food, if coarse like oats, would be moved, but the eyes of Mr. Russell must be accepted as competent witnesses.

The only question that could arise would be upon the conditions. He does not give us facts enough to enable us to state that they were normal. It can readily be seen that under special conditions such a result might occur when it would not under normal conditions—for instance, the ratio of grain to hay that had been fed, the condition of the stomach as to its relative emptiness, and the time of the prior watering. If the conditions were normal then the oats that were seen to have been moved into the intestines were reduced, in all probability, in their nutritive value, but not fully relieved, as digestion goes on in part after leaving the stomach and may possibly be complete, although not so likely to be so digested. If the horses in question were underfed and allowed to or caused to go a long time from previous drinking, then the fact that oats were found in the large intestine may mean nothing at all for horses under normal conditions.

For Rickets, Marasmus, and all Wasting Disorders of Children

Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, is unequalled. The rapidity with which children gain flesh and strength upon it is very wonderful. "I have used Scott's Emulsion in cases of Rickets and Marasmus of long standing." In every case the improvement was marked.—J. M. Main, M. D. New York. Sold by all druggists, 50c and \$1.00.

JOHN T. MELLISH,

Barrister, Attorney, Notary Public, &c.,
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND.

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All kinds of Legal Business promptly attended to. Money to Loan at low interest.

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Corner Pownall and Water Streets.

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nov6—dy 3m eod wky pd

JAMES H. GOOD,

Attorney-at-Law, Commissioner, &c.

OFFICE—Cameron Block, Queen Square, Charlottetown.

MONEY TO LOAN.

feb1 dv 3w 3aw wky ft

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY

OF PURELY VEGETABLE INGREDIENTS AND WITHOUT MERCURY, USED BY THE ENGLISH PEOPLE FOR OVER 120 YEARS, IS

Cockle's Pills

These Pills consist of a careful and peculiar admixture of the best and mildest vegetable essences and the pure extract of Flowers of Chamomile. They will be found a most efficacious remedy for derangements of the digestive organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the liver and bowels which produce indigestion and the several varieties of bilious and liver complaints. Sold by all Chemists.

WHOLESALE AGENTS:
EVANS AND SONS, LIMITED,
MONTREAL.

SALT! SALT! SALT!

1500 BUSHELS OF TURK'S ISLAND SALT, in Store.

For sale by

PEAKE BROS. & CO.

TEA AND FANCY SALE.

The Ladies of St. James Church will hold their annual TEA AND FANCY SALE

IN ST. JAMES' HALL.

—ON—

Thursday, April 10.

March 7—2aw pat