

# THE EXAMINER.

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W. L. COTTON, J. W. MITCHELL,  
Manager. Office Sup't

## Prince Edward Island RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 13.  
Winter Arrangement.

TO COME INTO FORCE  
TUESDAY, December 2nd, 1879.

### TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	Nos. 1 & 3, Mixed.	No. 5, Mixed.
Georgetown	Dp 8.20 a. m.	
Cardigan	" 8.46 "	
Mt Stew't Junc.	Ar 10.10 "	
Royalty Junction	" 11.27 "	
Charlottetown	Ar 11.50 a. m.	
Royalty Junction	Dp 8.00 a. m.	Dp 3.00 p. m.
North Wiltshire	" 8.22 "	" 3.23 "
Hunter River	" 9.14 "	" 4.15 "
Breadalbane	" 9.30 "	" 4.30 "
County Line	" 10.07 "	" 5.08 "
Kensington	" 10.17 "	" 5.18 "
Summerside	" 10.55 "	" 5.55 "
Wellington	Ar 11.30 a. m.	Ar 6.30 p. m.
Port Hill	Dp 1.30 p. m.	
O'Leary	" 2.19 "	
Alberton	" 3.00 "	
Tignish	" 4.17 "	
	" 5.17 "	
	" 6.10 "	

### TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	Nos. 2 and 4, Mixed.	No. 6, Mixed.
Tignish	Dp 6.30 a. m.	
Alberton	" 7.25 "	
O'Leary	" 8.25 "	
Port Hill	" 9.40 "	
Wellington	" 10.22 "	
Summerside	Ar 11.10 a. m.	
Kensington	Dp 2.30 p. m.	Dp 7.30 a. m.
County Line	" 3.05 "	" 8.05 "
Breadalbane	" 3.43 "	" 8.44 "
Hunter River	" 3.53 "	" 8.54 "
North Wiltshire	" 4.30 "	" 9.30 "
Royalty Junction	" 4.46 "	" 9.43 "
Charlottetown	" 5.37 "	" 10.38 "
Royalty Junction	Ar 6.00 p. m.	Ar 11.00 a. m.
Charlottetown	Dp 2.30 p. m.	
Royalty Junction	" 2.53 "	
Mt. Stew't Junc.	Ar 4.10 "	
Cardigan	Dp 4.15 "	
Georgetown	" 5.35 "	
	Ar 6.00 p. m.	

### SOURIS BRANCH.

#### Trains Going West.

STATIONS.	No. 7, Mixed.
Souris	Depart 7.15 a. m.
Harmony	" 7.37 "
St. Peter's	" 8.55 "
Morell	" 9.23 "
Mt. Stewart Junction	Arrive 10.10 a. m.

#### Trains Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 8, Mixed.
Mt. Stewart Junction	Depart 4.15 p. m.
Morell	" 4.58 "
St. Peter's	" 5.30 "
Harmony	" 6.48 "
Souris	Arrive 7.10 "

ALEX. MACNAB,  
Sup't and Engineer.

Railway Office, Chtown, Nov. 28, 1879.  
—pat pres h a ne sp j kca pio 6i

## VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale all that Valuable Property situated on corner of Grafton and West streets, and comprising Town Lots Nos. 15 and 16 in the third hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown. Also, that Property on Kent Street, consisting of Town Lots Nos. 67 and one-half of 66, also in the third hundred. This property is a most desirable one for private residences, and will be sold low. If not disposed of by private sale, it will be offered at Auction about June 1st, next. Offers for part of the property will be received. For further particulars apply to Messrs. DAVIES & SUTHERLAND, or to the subscriber.  
F. MITCHELL,  
Trustee.  
Ch'town, Feb. 19, 1880—Zaw

## Daily Examiner!

1880.

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## SECOND EDITION

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

APRIL 5, 1880.

### NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL.

#### HOUSE OF COMMONS.

##### FISHERY AWARD DISTRIBUTION.

Mr. MACDONELL, of Inverness, Nova Scotia, moved for a committee of the whole to consider certain resolutions declaring the Provinces of Quebec, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island to have each claims and rights to distributive shares of the amount of the fishery award. Mr. Richey, of Halifax, moved the adjournment of the debate in order that some documents might be laid before the House by the Government, so as to enable members to obtain the fullest information on the question, and thereby assist them to discuss the whole matter intelligently. A statement was made by Mr. Flynn that the Government was anxious to burke the question and postpone the discussion indefinitely.

##### THEN A "SCENE"

followed. Mr. Yeo rose to speak at eight minutes to six. He indulged in some self-glorification about the manly course he had adopted in reference to bringing the question of distributing the Award before the House for the duration of four minutes, and then, from some unexplained cause, remained speechless for four minutes more, holding the floor till the Speaker left the Chair. A general titter was heard all over the House in consequence of the unusual and novel predicament of the member for Prince. Some members suggested that he was holding "the fort" so as to prevent the question of adjournment of the debate being put to vote before six o'clock and thereby secure for himself a breathing spell during which time he might be stuffed by some one in the intervals of recess, others thought that his speech had been written out for him, but memory proved treacherous and left him a victim of misplaced confidence in his own powers, while a few murmured in an undertone that he was "too full for utterance," his emotion over-coming him while contemplating the grand stand he had taken on the momentous question before the House. Certainly in these heartless remarks no Islander could take part, for Mr. Yeo was more to be pitied than laughed at. He was desirous of making a speech that would occupy the time till the Speaker left the chair, but miscalculated by four minutes and then without the ability to command ideas or words he remained dumb for the balance of the time. What moments of agony those must have been to his mind, as he stood speechlessly watching the long minute hand of the clock sweeping its weary circle, while all eyes in the House were fastened upon him. One would fancy as he stood there, he sent up a silent prayer for the old clock to hurry over the four minutes and then as a reward for so doing it might stop short never to go again so far as Mr. Yeo was concerned. Perhaps it was wise on the part of Mr. Yeo not to attempt to fill up the whole of the eight minutes, as his speeches are never listened to by the House. Silence in his case being as effectual as speech, he therefore saved himself the physical exertion of beating the air, and talking against time for a period of four minutes. This is the second

##### EXHIBITION

with which Mr. Yeo has favored the House during this session. The first being on the occasion when the Minister of Marine and the Minister of Customs successfully proved that Mr. Yeo carried about with him the resignation of a Dominion official who had entered a political contest; and was prepared to present the resignation to the proper quarter if the official had succeeded in being elected. The house, on the occasion referred to, witnessed the dignified spectacle of one its members exclaiming that he would go before two Magistrates and swear to the truthfulness of his statements. The last effort of Mr. Yeo seems to have disgusted even himself, for he has departed from Ottawa in a very summary manner, and it is said is on his way home. "Turn again," "Turn again," O Grit member for Prince County, Lord Beaconsfield once had the misfortune to break down while addressing Parliament, and Mr. Lowe, a short while ago, was compelled to take his seat, being unable to proceed with his speech. Having a mind cast in the same mould as these two great British statesmen, you may yet "achieve greatness." The Editorial correspondence of the

##### "PATRIOT"

contains the statement that the writer could not hear the Minister of Marine when he spoke in the House, because of the indistinctness of that hon. gentleman's utterance. Perhaps the ear of the Editor of the Patriot is so attuned to the distinct articulation of the Hon. David Laird that no other speaker from the Island succeeds in making himself heard in the cock-loft in which the editor of the Patriot has been placed. But, one may safely venture the assertion that Mr. Yeo will be credited with an able speech in the columns of the Patriot, delivered before recess on Monday night last, although that Hon. gentleman stood for some minutes with his tongue cleaving to the roof of his mouth, and was as dumb as

a wooden god. After recess Mr. Yeo seemed to be a little more fortunate in his attempt to speak. He had doubtless taken in fresh cargo, and went along swimmingly as long as he confined his remarks to his own little efforts in favor of the distribution of the award, but in attempting to argue the question on its merits and the justice of the Island's claim, he found himself "all at sea." It is a pity that Mr. Yeo does not rise above little, petty attempts to make political capital out of this question to be used by him at elections, and endeavor by sound, solid argument to convince such men as Mr. Blake, Mr. Anglin and Mr. Mackenzie of the justice of the Island's claims to a share of the award. It is a well known fact that these leaders of the Reform party are against the division of the money paid over on account of the award. Mr. Blake refused to support Mr. MacDonell's resolutions. Mr. Anglin stated in the House his opposition to the division of the money proposed in those resolutions, and while Mr. Mackenzie has not yet spoken out, his views are known to be against the Island's claims. The Liberal member for Prince would earn for himself the esteem of his political opponents by standing up like a man and urging the justice of his country's claims to an equitable proportion of the money paid for the fisheries, instead of mixing up with the question protection and free trade, Railway branches, dismissals, and Indian affairs. Mr. MacDonell, of Inverness, took Mr. Yeo under his wing and endeavored

##### TO CHAMPION

the cause of the Lower Provinces on the fishery question. But this is the gentleman who, last year, poohed, poohed, and sneered at the Island's claims to what is considered by her representatives her share of the money handed over to the Dominion Government. When Mr. A. C. McDonald, of King's, introduced his amendment to Dr. Fortin's resolutions last year. The member for Inverness went to a great length out of his way to depreciate the value of Prince Edward Island fisheries. I will here quote

##### THE AMENDMENT

introduced by the member for King's—Mr. A. C. McDonald:—

"That after the word, should in the third last line, the following be inserted: 'Subject to the claims of Prince Edward Island;' and at the end of the last paragraph, the following be added: 'That Prince Edward Island has special claims upon the moneys arising out of the award, and that the amount of such claims should be fixed and settled at as early a day as possible.'"

The member for Inverness made a strong attempt to detract from the value of our fisheries along the coast, and made use of the following figures in support of his statement: Mr. MacDonell said that "neither Prince Edward Island, Gaspe, nor New Brunswick possessed fisheries equal to the fisheries surrounding the Island of Cape Breton. The following was a comparative statement of the products of our fisheries in 1878 already mentioned amounting in all to \$12,000,000, contributed by the four Provinces: Nova Scotia, \$5,527,858, New Brunswick, \$2,133,237, Quebec, \$2,560,148, Prince Edward Island only \$763,000. It appeared that Nova Scotia produced alone, in one year, more fish than the other three Provinces, and about one half the product of the whole Dominion."

Mr. Hackett replied to this argument very forcibly and effectually, and was applauded for his success in demolishing the argument of the member for Inverness. These are Mr. Hackett's words as reported in Hansard:

"He was a little amused at the hon. member for Inverness, (Mr. MacDonell), who waxed so indignant when referring to the hon. member for King's (Mr. Macdonald) remarks respecting the value of the Prince Edward Island fisheries. The value of the exports of fish was no criterion of the value of the fisheries. It was well known that the same amount of capital was not invested in Prince Edward Island as was invested in the larger Province of Nova Scotia; but that did not detract from the value of the fisheries of the former Province. The hon. gentleman knew that many vessels from Nova Scotia fished around the coasts of Prince Edward Island which possessed the most valuable fisheries in the Gulf. If the hon. gentleman's Province had such valuable fisheries why were not these people kept at home? But no, they were glad to come around the shores of the Island and benefit by their valuable fisheries, and it ill became the hon. gentleman to detract from their value."

Mr. Yeo cannot but recognise that in allying himself with Mr. MacDonell he is supporting for party purposes a member who has done his best to depreciate the value of the Island fisheries. The member for Inverness has attacked in a very violent manner the five Conservative members from the Island, who have ably advocated the cause of their Province on the floor of Parliament, because the gentlemen supported the motion of Mr. Richey to adjourn the debate and allow the Government the opportunity to bring down the promised documents. The wisdom of the course taken by the Conservatives is apparent from the fact that Sir John Macdonald has a motion on the paper in the House in connection with the fishery question, to be discussed on Wednesday next. If it be true that Mr. Yeo has left Ottawa to return home, then he has done so at a most critical time, and a time when his vote may be wanted.

### The Ottawa Workingmen.

The following paragraph taken from the Ottawa Citizen of the 31st March, distinctly shows that the agitation at Ottawa for work, which afforded so much capital for Grit papers against the N. P., was not a genuine one, but must have been worked up by some wire pullers:—

"The first instalment of men for section 'B' contract on the Canada Pacific Railway will leave Montreal early in April. Mr. Shields was unable to hire any number of men in Ottawa, they refusing to accept \$1.50 per day unless he paid their passage to the scene of labor. He offered to bear one-half the expense, but could only get a few to accept."

It must be manifest to all that some of the working men of the capital prefer a state of pauperism to one of profitable employment. Some of them are willing to lend themselves to political demagogues without the prospect of remuneration, but refuse to accept employment at remunerative wages. We regret very much that some Lower Province men were connected with a demonstration which, if the promoters had gained their object, must have resulted in making the men of other portions of the Dominion support the working men at the capital.

Barque William Owen, Brown, from Rouen, January 5, for New York via Workington, heretofore ever-due, arrived in Hampton Roads, on Saturday evening, where she was driven by stress of weather. Captain Brown arrived at Norfolk on Monday and made the following statement. "The barque left Rouen harbor on January 25 for Workington, where she was to have taken in a cargo of coal for New York. Shortly after leaving port, the second mate and four of the crew were taken sick, and while thus short-handed, a heavy gale was encountered, which lasted six days, during which time the barque lost two lower topstails, a mainsail, jib, foretopgallant sail, maintopmast stays, and her rudder head. Before the damage could be repaired the vessel drifted into the Bay of Biscay, 26 days after leaving Rouen. Owing to the heavy easterly gales which prevailed and the crippled condition of the vessel, it was determined to make for some port in the United States. Heavy weather was experienced during the entire voyage."

A range of barracks, which are the largest buildings of the kind in Russia, and perhaps in the world, has been lately completed at Moscow. The facade is 3,500 feet long, and the blocks are all three stories high. Separate blocks—connected by corridors—are provided for the accommodation of the men, for instructional and drill purposes, for sick quarters, and for the officers. The rooms for the men are of large size, the ceilings being supported on light iron pillars, with windows on both sides, while all parts of the buildings are also provided with very perfect arrangements for warming them by means of hot air, and also for insuring adequate ventilation. Each company has a mess room separated altogether from the sleeping room of the men, and a large and commodious kitchen.

COL. BOB INGERSOL is going to lecture in Montreal. The Gazette and Witness refuse to advertise his lecture, but Bob will have a full house nevertheless.

MAJOR GENERAL LOUARD, formerly military secretary to General O'Grady Haley, has been appointed to General Sibby Smith's Canadian position. The latter leaves for England shortly.

Mr. R. G. Haliburton is out in an Ottawa evening paper, in favor of the Fishery Award being handed over to the Maritime Provinces.

Dr. Schultz says carpenters get from \$2.50 to \$3.00 a day in Winnipeg.

MINIATURE ALMANAC.  
TUESDAY.....APRIL 6, 1880.  
SUN RISES.....5.34 | HIGH WATER 8.54. pm  
SUN SETS.....6.30 | FULL MOON 24, 6.37.6m

### Weather Bulletin.

Probabilities for the next 24 hours for the Maritime Provinces.

TORONTO, April 5.

Strong southerly veering to westerly winds, cloudy weather, with rain, followed by partially clearing weather.

### August Flower!

The immense sale and great popularity of Green's August Flower in all towns and villages in the civilized world has caused many imitators to adopt similar names, expecting to reap a harvest for themselves at the expense of the afflicted. This medicine was introduced in 1868, and for the cure of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, with their effects, such as Sour Stomach, Sickheadache, Indigestion, Palpitation of the Heart, vertigo, etc., etc., it never has failed to our knowledge. Three doses will relieve any case of Dyspepsia. Two million bottles sold last year. Price 75 cents. Samples 10 cents.