English Mail of May 1.

(*From the Halifax British North American, May 12.*)

The Royal Mail Steam Packet CANADA arrived here last evening, at about 9 o'clock, in 11 days from Liverpool, with European dates to the 1st inst.

We give below a condensed summary of news, which will be found interesting.

Lord John Russell has opposed in Parliament nearly the very same Militia Bill he introduced three months ago. Wilmer and Smith say:—

"To think that this Derby-D'Israeli Government which was every day expected to tumble to pieces by its own internal weakness—finds itself the first week after Easter, in a majority of 150, through the conduct of Lord John, is sufficient to fix the stigma of incapacity upon him while he lives."

Parliament have decided, by a vote of 221 to 103, not to retain the Crystal Palace.

The Great Britain, steamer, left Liverpool for New York on the morning of the 1st May, with 160 passengers and a large cargo.

Mr. D'Israeli has brought forward his financial statement, which concludes, that the income of the year will be equal to the expenditure, and proposes that the property and income tax should be continued for another year. The general opinion on both sides of the House was favorable.

All Kossuth's relatives have been set at liberty by the Austrian government, and they will leave the country on the first of May.

The Manuscript Journals and papers of the late Thomas Moore are in preparation for publication, and will be edited by Lord John Russell.

News from the Cape represent the continued successes of the British, who have captured immense droves of cattle and killed hundreds of the enemy.

A report was current in Cape Town, that Riebeek, where there is a post with about 40 men, had been attacked by a large body of Caffres, and that the men had taken refuge in the church.

The Dutch bark Juno had been lost, and five passengers drowned off L'Agulhas, on the 2d March.

Intelligence has been received from Adelaide, South Australia, up to the 19th of January. The discovery of gold in the colony had turned out a fabrication.

The Canada arrived at Liverpool on Tuesday, April 27, and the Atlantic on Thursday, 29.

New Barracks are to be erected at Plymouth, at a cost of £50,000.

A fine draft of the 20th Regiment were to be embarked on board the Simoom for Canada.

Owing to the effect of bad writing, £11,000 lie annually in the London Post Office—contained in "uncalled-for letters."

A Telegraph despatch in anticipation of the Mail from India, has been received from Trieste, where the mail Adria arrived on the 28th April with dates from Bombay to 3d April. The expedition against the Burmese goes on apace. A battle of three hours duration had been fought between twenty-five hundred British troops and a body of native Mountaineers, to the north of Peshawar—Mountaineers defeated, no further details. The import Market at Bombay was firm. Cotton active, and prices rising. Money less abundant. Exchange on London One shilling and seven pence three farthings.

Five days later advices have been received from the Cape of Good Hope. Skirmishes were continually occuring between the troops and the Caffres.

It appears that the Government of Peru have put forward claims to the newly discovered guano Islands in the Pacific. The chairman of the Liverpool Ship-owners' Association has directed the attention of the Foreign Office to the subject, with a view to obtain the benefit of the discovery of those Islands for this country.

DESTRUCTION OF A BRITISH SHIP BY GUNPOWDER.—By the ship 'America,' from the coast of Africa, we have received information of the total destruction of the British ship 'Mary,' of this port, in the Bonny River, on the 19th of January last. The Mary sailed hence in June last, and had partly discharged her outward cargo and received a portion of her homeward one, on the day of the explosion. What is technically known as "the house," built on the ship's deck, had become as dry as tinder, and by some means it caught fire. There was at the time on board between two and three hundred barrels of gunpowder; and the captain and crew, 25 in number, finding themselves unable to quench the flames, threw themselves overboard, and got safely on board of the adjacent vessels. About twenty minutes after the breaking out of the fire, the Mary blew up, with a tremendous report, and soon scarcely a vestige of her was visible. The ship and a great portion of her cargo were fortunately insured. She belonged to Messrs. Harrison, of Mersey Street, Liverpool.

IRELAND.

A party of eight ribbonmen have been captured in Layford and committed for trial.

Cardinal Wiseman next month visits the College of Maynooth, when all the Roman Catholic bishops of Ireland will meet him.

An old man, named Martin, and his wife, both upwards of 90 years of age, were found dead in bed a few mornings since, at Bridge-end, County Antrim, having retired to rest in their usual health.

News has reached Dublin, that Thomas Francis Meagher, the Irish political convict, had escaped from Van Dieman's Land. The intelligence has reached his friends from a private source.

The largest copper brewing-pan in the empire is in Dublin, and of Irish manufacture. It was made for Alderman Guinness; its weight is twelve tons, and it will contain 1000 barrels.

The man Walsh, convicted at the last Assizes in Kilkenny of a murder committed five years ago, was executed on Thursday week. A few hours before his execution, the wretched man made an attempt at suicide, by forcing a sharp-pointed stick into his ear, hoping to penetrate the brain.

A convict named Ahern, under sentence of death at Waterford, for a conspiracy to murder, had his sentence commuted to transportation for life.

BURNING A PRIEST'S HOUSE.—The house of the Rev. Mr. Hefferman, P. P., at Clerihan, County Tipperary, was maliciously set on fire and burnt to the ground on Saturday night last, the Rev. gentleman himself narrowly escaping from the flames. It was done, it is understood, by a person whom he had thrust out of the house in the early part of the same day.

The emigration this summer to the United States, it is thought, will be as large, as at any other period.

It is again stated, that her Majesty will visit Ireland this summer; landing at Waterford, where she will be received by the Duke of Devonshire, with whom she will stop a few days at his seat, Lismore Castle, and then proceed to the Lakes of Killarney. She will then proceed to Dublin, hold a levee and drawing-room at the Castle, and passing a few days at the Vice-regal Lodge, cross Kingstown to Holyhead, and thence by train to Balmoral.

FRANCE.

Another Review took place on Sunday, on the Place de Carousel. The troops mustered in greater numbers than on previous occasions.

The Ministers of the Interior and Police are at present occupied with a matter which stirs great scandal.

A Commissioner of Police is on the point of being arrested, on the charge of having trafficked in pardons, and sold for hard cash commutations of punishments, or releases from prisons. The fact was denounced to the authorities by a prisoner, who had procured his liberty by this corrupt channel, and has since been confirmed by others.

Amongst the Arab chiefs, who are to come to Paris for the *fete* of the 10th May, are two khalifas and a bachaga, with their suite of forty persons.

Prince Jerome Buonaparte opened his saloons at the Luxemburg on Sunday evening, for the first time. A great number of the diplomatic corps were present.

A decree decides, that, in the course of the month of May, the officers of all arms, and the functionaries of the war department are to take the oath of fidelity to the President.

The *Moniteur*, of Monday, contains a fresh shower of largesses to the army. This is a decree ordaining, that the year 1851 shall count as a year of campaign to those troops who were called upon in any part of the French territory to suppress the resistance offered to the usurpation of December 2.

PRUSSIA.

A monster trial is about to come on at the Weimar Assizes. Fifty-three of a band of some 200 individuals who, in 1848, crossed the Prussian frontiers, and plundered a landholder and his family of all his papers, deeds, and leases, have been discovered.

BERLIN, April 25.—The English embassy at this court is about to undergo a greater change than has taken place here for years.

INDIA.

The Burmese expedition, under General Godwin, had set sail, and was expected to arrive at Moulmain on the 4th of April. There was already a considerable naval force there.

A second expedition of 2500 men, under Sir C. Campbell, marched against the mountain Crubes to the north of Peshawur, on the 11th of March. On the 20th, they repulsed an attack upon them by the enemy, after a conflict of three hours. Sir Colin had demanded additional forces.

The state of the Nizam is *in articulo mortis*; the irregularities of Caroda were increasing, and the recall of Lord Falkland was anticipated.

All the secretaries of legation, Messrs. Howard, Lowther, and Manley, who have been at Berlin for many years, are about to leave their posts, and to occupy the same position at other courts. This sudden recall of persons is generally presumed to be the act of the tory cabinet.

GREECE.—The national *fete* had been celebrated with the greatest order. There has been a stormy debate in the senate. Several speakers violently attacked the cabinet, and the President was obliged to leave the chair suddenly.

AUSTRALIA.

We notice in Monday's *Sun*, an extract from a letter received in this City, (Halifax,) giving a glowing picture of the Gold Diggings, and bearing date—Oct. 1851. The following is an extract of a letter, written from Sydney, Dec. 18, 1851—TWO MONTHS LATER:—

"The precious metal arrives in daily increasing quantities, and the estimated exports have risen from £1,000,000 to £3,000,000 per annum. There is no end to the gold; and, as far as I have been able to ascertain from personal communication with diggers of various degrees, the labor is by no means so tremendous as some would make it out. Commercial affairs are going on easily. The harvest is magnificent. Wages are not extravagantly high, and I do not see any prospect of famine for some time to come. I do not venture to prognosticate the probable state of the markets. We are completely in the dark. I have it, however, from good authority, that in the early part of the year the probable heavy shipments of goods on speculation will have the effect of creating a glut; and it would be well if a large degree of caution were exercised in making consignments. The *Vimiera* brought us the first "return wave" of the gold news from you; and we are looking with intense curiosity for the first *Times'* leader on the subject of our great discovery."

In reference to the Victoria Gold Fields, the Sydney *Morning Herald*, of December 18, says,—

"We have received by the *Emma*, Melbourne papers to the 10th instant. The Melbourne *Morning Herald*, of that date, says—Letters were received in town yesterday from the Police Magistrate at Gipps Land, stating, that the whole dividing range between Sydney and Victoria, and known as the Snowy Mountains, for two hundred miles in extent, is one vast gold field. There was upwards of a ton and a half of gold in Mr. Commissioner Powlett's tent, waiting for the escort, up to Saturday last, and it is expected, that to-day's escort from the Mount will not be able to bring down one half the quantity offered. It is intended to increase the military force here to one hundred men."

The Australian Packet Sydney has arrived with gold dust valued at £177,000. Her dates are to the 9th of January.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

The Packet Steamer *Levantine*, Captain Hunter, from St. John's, Newfoundland, arrived here yesterday morning—bringing us St. John's papers of the 6th inst. From whence we learn the following particulars:—

The question of the Protection of our Fisheries, says the Newfoundland *Express*, from foreign aggression, is one which just now most earnestly presses itself upon the consideration of the country; and we are glad to notice the praiseworthy exertions of two or three gentlemen of the town, who have obtained a large number of the most influential signatures to a Petition to the Legislature on this vitally important subject. The Petition prays for the appointment of a Cruiser, suitably armed and equipped, on the coast to the Northward and at Labrador; and we trust it will meet with a prompt and earnest attention.

From the same paper we learn, that—"about 400 shipwrecked sealers have been brought into Carbonear. These, with those brought in here, number in all upwards of 700. It is calculated, that fully as many are still on the coast to the Northward; and the vessels sent out to relieve them, may be looked for in a day or two, with the poor fellows on board. The destitution occasioned by the disasters of this spring is very great; but we hope it will continue to be, as it has hitherto been, readily relieved. The consequent expenditure, with the falling off of the revenue, must cause a curtailment of the anticipated appropriations; but that will not be so much felt, as there is a sum of £7000 unexpended of the grant of last year. It is gratifying to know, however, that the fishery, notwithstanding so many vessels having been lost, will, according to present appearances, be equal to the average of former years."

St. George's day was celebrated in St. John's, with much festivity.

The papers are extremely barren—being filled with Legislative proceedings, to the exclusion of every thing else.

An inquest was held on the bodies of George Strong, a fisherman—who went to bed apparently quite well, and was found dead in the morning—and James Sawyer Bowden, who was shot by accident, while hunting, by a young man named Thomson. Verdict in first case, "Died by visitation of God"—and in the second, "Accidental Death."

MISSING STEAMER.—The Steamer St. George, Captain Husband, sailed from St. John's, Newfoundland, for Cork and this port, on the 15th of January, and has not since been heard of. She was a vessel of about 300 tons, with two engines of fifty-horse power each. It is supposed that there were about twenty persons on board. She was built for the St. George's Steam packet Company at this port and is now owned by a firm at Bristol, by whom she is insured at Lloyd's. *Liv Chron.*—The St. George was formerly owned in P. E. Island and ran between Charlottetown, and Pictou.—ED. GAZ.

HASZARD'S GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, MAY 18, 1852.

☞ *The Proprietor of this* Paper *intending shortly to make several alterations and improvements in his Establishment, particularly calls upon all persons indebted to him to make* Payment, *to enable him to effect the necessary arrangements to carry out his purpose.*

With reference to the case of "Mitchell *vs.* Harvie," tried at the Supreme Court of Judicature, on Tuesday May the 4th, a report of which appeared in our paper of the 11th inst.—it seems, that one of the three questions raised in the argument was, "Whether the order of the Lieut. Governor justified the Defendant in discharging the Prisoner?" On that issue, the learned Judge states, "It appears to me, therefore, that the Lieut. Governor had no power to discharge the Prisoner, and that the order does not justify the Defendant in having permitted the Prisoner to escape."

The manner in which this case is thus reported, leaves the public to infer, that the Lieut. Governor wilfully or ignorantly assumed a power which he does not possess, by issuing an order to allow a person accused of crime, to be liberated *before* trial. We are authorized and have been desired to state, that His Excellency gave the order in question, fully aware of the powers with which he is invested, and did so entirely on his own responsibility, well knowing, that if he exceeded his powers in this instance, *he* was amenable and bound to hold harmless Mr. Harvie the Jailor, or any other person, from any consequences which might attach to him or them, for acting in obedience to the orders of the Lieut. Governor. The Prisoner White, a Private in the 38th Regiment was, therefore, delivered over to his Commanding Officer, by an order from His Excellency, under the following circumstances:—The man was accused of stealing a Watch, and committed for trial, the Detachment to which he belonged was on the eve of leaving Prince Edward Island, having previously lost ten men by desertion, while quartered in Charlottetown. This circumstance was communicated to the Lieut. Governor, and that White, the Prisoner, (against whom, the depositions were difficult of proof, it being stated, that the Watch was stolen on a certain day, and at a certain time of day,) was to rest his defence on proving an *alibi*, but that he required several of his comrades to remain in the Colony, to appear as Witnesses on his trial. The Commanding Officer of the Detachment of the 38th, represented to His Excellency, that if these Witnesses remained in the Colony, they would in all probability desert, and that White, if acquitted, would do the same, and trusted, that the Lieut. Governor would, under all the circumstances, take the responsibility on himself, of ordering White to be delivered over to a Military tribunal, which His Excellency agreed to do. But, instead of the Jailor permitting "the Prisoner to escape," he was delivered up and carried to Halifax as a Prisoner, to be tried by a Court Martial. The Lieut. Governor holding himself amenable to the Civil Court for any injury or damage proved to have been sustained by Her Majesty's subjects, in consequence of the order which he gave to Mr. Harvie, the Jailor of Charlottetown Prison.

We can no longer withhold the expression of our firm conviction, that however morally wrong, reckless, and indefensible was the conduct of Mr. Whelan in the case of the Election for the second district of King's County, he must be acquitted of the crime of Perjury. It is evident, that he does not know the legal distinction between the title to real and personal property; that the former is transferable only by deed under seal, while a bare delivery is sufficient for the latter. It was not the want of registry, but want of a deed, legally conveying the property from Dawson to Whelan, that made the qualification oath taken by him a false one. He has obtained his seat under false pretenses, and nothing but his ignorance will protect him from the consequences of a bill of indictment for perjury; it is in fact, the only defence that he can possibly make. The comparison between the right to a broad cloth coat, and the title to a tract of land, is the emanation of ignorance, as profound, as it is deplorable.

We are requested to state, that Sir Alexander Bannerman and Lady Bannerman have consented to become the Patrons of the Horticultural Society of Charlottetown, and have graciously given permission to hold the first exhibition on the Government House Grounds.

On Thursday last, Captain Boyle, Ensign John C. Stewart, and 74 men of the 72d Highlanders, arrived in the Brigantine 'Rose,' to relieve the Hon. Capt. Rollo's Company of the 42d Regiment. We cannot allow the present opportunity to pass, without expressing the admiration felt by this community for the good and orderly conduct of the men composing this Detachment, which, we believe, in a great measure, to be attributable to the Officer-like and judicious discipline exercised by the Hon. Capt. Rollo and Lieut. Orde; and we are happy to remark, that, in consequence, they lost only two men by desertion whilst lying here; but we are also inclined to attribute much of the good conduct of the men to their honorable sense of the high character which the gallant 42d has, for a period of many years, so justly borne. We are also satisfied, that Hon. Capt. Rollo carries with him the esteem and best wishes of this community.

It has been announced to the Lieut. Governor, by Admiral Sir George Seymour, Commander-in-Chief on the North American and West India Station, that Her Majesty's Steam Ship *Devastation* has been ordered by the Admiral to the Gulf of St. Lawrence, for the protection of the Fisheries, and that Capt. Campbell, who commands the *Devastation*, has orders to explain the nature of his instructions, and to communicate with His Excellency on this most important subject.

From respect to the memory of the late Chief Justice Jarvis, whose recent death his family and numerous circle of relatives and friends have to deplore, we are requested to state that the usual reception at Government House in honor of Her Majesty's Birth Day, has been postponed.

In our next we intend to bring the debates of the last Session of the Legislature to a close. We are aware, that to many of our subscribers they are dry reading; but as newspapers contain the "brief and abstract chronicles of the time," and as the expression of the sentiments of the framers of our public statutes, may at some future time afford serviceable *materiel* to the politician or the historian, we have considered it a duty to be instrumental in their preservation.

We beg to call attention to the Advertisement in this day's paper, announcing the completion of the publication of the Revised Statutes of this Island. The first volume, reaching from the calling of the first General Assembly to 1845, is fully bound and ready for delivery; and the second, including the Session of 1851, it is expected, will be finished in about a fortnight. Copious Indexes accompany each volume. The printing and binding will be allowed, we think, on all hands, equal to those of any similar work in the lower Colonies.

FIRST ADMISSION.—We are glad to find that Mr. Whelan has satisfied himself, as to *one* incorrectness respecting the accounts of the present Queen's Printer; and we admire his candour in stating it. We shall be very shortly in a position to treat him to a great number more, which, of course, he will be equally ready to acknowledge.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Mr. Angus M'Donald, late Preventive Officer at the East Point, must not think that, by our not publishing the details of his case, we have lost sight of him or his grievances: the fact is, there are certain circumstances connected with the subject, that we must be better assured of, before we can do it full justice. Over these, we have at present no control; but a short time will put us in possession of all we wish, and he may then rely upon our giving the matter the fullest publicity.

To "D. F."—The *Advertiser* having removed the imputation, of the person who stabbed the Indian being a native of Belfast Settlement, any further notice would appear superfluous.

Though at all times most anxious to foster rising merit, it is not every copy of verses sent, that we can venture to print, in order to gratify the author. The lines "To my Sarah," and others, have some merit, and we shall show our appreciation of them, by inserting a specimen in our next.

A communication from Bedeque, on the subject of the Shediac Packet, "and the conduct of some of our political leaders," has been received. Although containing several home truths and pertinent remarks, we fear that it is, upon the whole, rather too personal for insertion.

MADAM;

The Central Board of Health, having imposed upon me the duty of conveying to you the sentiments of esteem and respect, entertained by them, both for the private and official character of your deceased husband, and of their sympathy with yourself and family under your late bereavement; I most respectfully beg leave to do so, by now laying before you the following Extract from the Minutes of the Board.

I have the honour to be, Madam,
With sentiments of the highest respect,
Your obedient servant,
R. B. IRVING,
Secretary C. B. H.

MRS. RANKIN.

Meeting of the Central Board of Health, Tuesday, 27th April, 1852.

PRESENT—Charles Dempsey, Esq. Chairman,
W McGill, Esq., Mr. Barnard,
H. Stamper, Esq., Mr. Williams,
Mr. Trenaman, Mr. Chappell,
Mr. Crabb, Mr. R. B. Irving.

On motion by Mr. Williams, seconded by W. McGill, Esq., the following Resolution was unanimously adopted:

Whereas, this is the first time that this Board have met, since the death of their late worthy Chairman, COUN DOULY RANKIN, Esq., and, as they unanimously acknowledge a tribute of respect to his memory, and an expression of condolence to the much respected lady, his widow, to be justly due from them, and are anxious to discharge themselves of this obligation on this, the first suitable occasion which has occurred; therefore,

Resolved, That the Secretary be, and is, hereby, instructed to address Mrs. Rankin, the widow of their late worthy Chairman; and assure to her of the high esteem in which they held the general character of her deceased husband, and of the very great satisfaction which they feel in being able to assure her also of the respect which they entertained for him, as their Chairman, on account of his punctual and conscientious discharge of all the duties incumbent upon him in that office; connected with his performance of which, they are sensible there were ever manifest in him, a spirit of honorable independence and the most scrupulous integrity. And, further, that the Secretary be, and is, hereby, likewise instructed to convey to Mrs. Rankin, from this Board, an assurance of their sympathy with her and her family under their bereavement.

[THE following Address, signed by Sixty-eight of the principal merchants, and others, inhabitants of Georgetown, and its vicinity; and the reply thereto, has been forwarded to us for publication:

Georgetown, April 26, 1852.

JOHN GOFF, ESQ.

SIR—Having observed that your name is omitted in the list of Commissioners lately appointed for the recovery of Small Debts in this town, we take this opportunity of giving expression to our sense of your integrity and independence whilst acting as a Small Debt Commissioner.

In displacing you we are under the impression that the Government have overstepped their authority, which forbids them to "suspend or displace any officer within the Island Prince Edward "without good and sufficient cause." See instructions to a late Governor-in-Chief of the North American Provinces.

We regret that circumstances convince us that no man of independent principles can expect to be continued in any office over which the present Government can exercise control; and while we regret the loss of your services as a Commissioner, we rejoice that the Government cannot deprive us of a very highly respected member of the community; and with assurances of our esteem, we have the honor to be,

Sir, your obedient servants,

To the Inhabitants of Georgetown, and its vicinity.

GENTLEMEN;

Accept my best thanks for the very flattering Address with which you have honored me on my having been superseded as a Commissioner of the Small Debt Court. I feel highly gratified by the assurance that my services whilst acting as a Commissioner of that Court, (in concert with my brother Commissioners,) have given satisfaction, and met with the approbation of so numerous and highly respectable a part of the community of Three Rivers.

In giving expression to my feelings on this occasion, I regret being obliged to call in question the measures adopted by the Government: measures which have given such universal dissatisfaction; and it is to be lamented that men entrusted with the Government should be guided by mistaken policy, in displacing so many Commissioners of the Small Debt Court throughout the Island: persons who, for the just and faithful discharge of their duties, have long enjoyed the respect and confidence of the public. But it is already evident that such partial and extreme measures are making a strong impression on the minds of the community, and will, undoubtedly, produce a change, which is becoming daily more necessary.

The circumstance of my services as a Commissioner being dispensed with by the Government, is no cause of regret to me, since it does not deprive me of your esteem and good wishes.

Gentlemen, I have the honor to be,
Your obedient servant,
JOHN GOFF.

TO THE EDITOR OF HASZARD'S GAZETTE.

DEAR SIR;

I beg, through the medium of your paper, to state, that I withdrew the trifling sum I offered to the Subscription, opened in aid of the Nova Scotian Episcopal Endowment Fund, "last July," some three months since, with the sanction and concurrence of one of the Committee appointed to collect the said sums.

I insert the above lines, observing my name entered in the last copy of your *Gazette*, as a Subscriber to the Fund above mentioned,

And remain, dear Sir,
Yours truly,
STEPHEN SWABEY.

Charlottetown, Monday morning, May 17, 1852.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE, May 15, 2852.

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor has been pleased to prick the name of Arthur Ramsay, Esq., to be High Sheriff of Prince County.

By Commission bearing date the 23d of April, 1852, Her Majesty the Queen has been pleased to confirm by Royal Sign Manual, the following appointments:—James Dingwell and John Picton Beete, to be members of the Legislative Council of this Island.

JAMES WARBURTON, Col. Sec'y.

COUNCIL OFFICE, 14th May, 1852.

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor in Council has been pleased to appoint Mr. John Morris, Collector of Impost and Excise for Flat River, in the place of Allan M'Dougall, Esq., resigned.

CHARLES DESBRISAY, C. E. C.

Passengers.

The Brigt *Rose*, with a Company of the 72nd Highlanders under the command of Capt. Boyle, arrived here from Halifax on Thursday evening, the 13th inst., to relieve a Company of the 42nd stationed here.—*Isl.*

In the Steamer Rose, from Pictou, on Wednesday, the 11th, Lieut. Forbes, R. N. and Lady; Lieut Agassiz, Lady, and two servants; Mr. M. Beazeley, Mr. W Jarvis.

In the Steamer from Pictou, on Friday, the 14th—James Peake, Esq., Fredk Brecken, Esq., Mr. Bracket and others.

In the Steamer Rose for Pictou on Tuesday last, on their way to Australia—Alex. Beazeley and William Hodgson, Esqrs; and Messrs. Wallace Mackieson and Robert Haszard.

In the *Gulnare*, this morning from Quebec, Mr. & Mrs. Evans, and Mrs. Hill.

Married.

On the 12th inst., by the Rev. B. Scott, Mr. Nicholas L. Cousins to Isabella, eldest daughter of Mr. John McLennan, both of Lot 49.

In London, C. W., on the 24th ultimo, Lewis N. Agassiz, late Lieutenant in H. M. 23 Regiment, to Mary Caroline, second daughter of Peter Schram, Esq.

Died,

At Cardigan, on Monday the 3d inst., in the 44th year of her age, after a severe illness, which she bore with christian fortitude, MARGARET LOWDEN AITKEN, the beloved Wife of Mr. W. Alley. She has left an affectionate husband, large family, and a numerous circle of friends and acquaintances to mourn their loss.

On Saturday evening last, after a protracted illness, Edward J. McCormack, Esq., aged 52 years. The funeral will take place To-Morrow, at 10 o'clock, from the Roman Catholic Church.

Port of Charlottetown.

ENTERED:

May 12—Schr. Native American, Fenbush, U.S.; goods.
Alms, Chase, do.; do.
13 Thetis, Atwater, N. S.; bal.
Mary Ellen, M'Donald, Boston; goods.
Lady Sale, M'Neill, N. S.; bal.
Ann, Murchison, Boston; goods.
Foreigner, M'Donald, do.; do.
Brig Falcon, Chambers, London; goods and passengers.
Schr. Bellona, M'Rae, Boston; goods.
Unity, M'Donald, Boston; bal.
14 Ellen, Mattatell, Tatmagouche; scantling, &c.
Rose, Girroir, Halifax; troops.
Union, Reynolds, Halifax; goods.
Wasp, Lang, do.; do.
Petrel, Boudrot, Arichat, deals.
Catherine Elizabeth, Le Blanc, do.; do.
Charlotte, Le Blanc, do; do.
Brigt. Bee, Terrior, Boston; goods.
Richard Cobden, Wyman, N.S.; bal.
Schr. Sarah Jane, Livingston, Arichat;
Olive Branch, Bouchot, do.; bal.
Bark Tancred, Breansmead, Liverpool; goods.
Brig Josephine, Murchison, Swansea; do.
Schr. Shannon, King, Arichat; bal.
William, Delany, Arichat; do.

CLEARED:

May 12.—Schr. Isabella, Turnbull, Boston; produce.
14 Rose, Girroir, Halifax; troops.
Mary Elizabeth, M'Leod, Miramichi.
15 Pheasant, Cameron, Halifax; produce.
Unicorn, Mutch, Newfoundland; do.
Golden Grove, Pine, fishing voyage.
Wave, Vanderstine, Sydney.
Acastus, Thompson, Cork; timber, deals, &c.
Happy Return, Balfontaine, Bathurst; produce.
Lady Sale, M'Neill, Newfoundland; produce and cattle.
True Friend, Coffin, do.; do.
Wasp, Lang, Canso; bal.
Petrel, Boudrot, Arichat; do.
Mary Jane, Duggan, Miramichi; produce.
Ellen, Mattatell, Tatmagouche; do.
Jason, M'Donald, Richibucto; bal.
Amegent, M'Rae, Halifax; produce.