

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

TERMS—FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR.

"This is true Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES.

SINGLE COPIES TWO CENTS.

NEW SERIES.

1 CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, THURSDAY, APRIL 28, 1887.

VOL. 19.—NO. 278.

The Daily Examiner

is issued every evening by
The Examiner Publishing Co

From their office, corner of Water and
Great George Streets, Charlottetown,
Prince Edward Island.

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Three months 1.25
One month 50

Advertising at moderate rates.
Contracts may be made for monthly, quar-
terly, half-yearly, or yearly advertisements,
on application.

ALMANAC FOR APRIL, 1887.

MOON'S CHANGES.
First Quarter 1st day, 9h. 40.3m., a. m., N.E.
(below horizon.)
Full Moon 8th day, 1h., 26.4m., a. m., S.
Last Quarter 14th day, 11h., 51.3m., p. m.,
W. (below horizon.)
New Moon 21st day, 4h., 42.7m., a. m., E.
First Quarter 30th day, 6h., 47.9m., p. m., S.

DAY OF WEEK	Sun	Moon	High	Day's
	risest	risest	water	len'th
1 Friday	5 44	6 23	10 50	3 17
2 Saturday	4 42	5 11	5 41	4 43
3 Sunday	4 0	26 aft	59	6 10
4 Monday	3 28	27	2 13	7 28
5 Tuesday	3 7	29	3 31	8 31
6 Wednesday	3 5	30	4 47	9 22
7 Thursday	3 35	32	6 10	8 13
8 Friday	3 1	33	7 23	10 49
9 Saturday	2 29	34	8 38	11 30
10 Sunday	2 7	35	9 51	11 12
11 Monday	2 5	37	10 58	0 52
12 Tuesday	2 3	38	11 59	1 39
13 Wednesday	2 2	40	morn	2 28
14 Thursday	2 0	41	0 52	3 25
15 Friday	1 8	42	1 36	4 36
16 Saturday	1 6	43	2 12	5 52
17 Sunday	1 5	45	2 51	7 1
18 Monday	1 3	46	3 29	7 57
19 Tuesday	1 1	47	4 7	8 36
20 Wednesday	9 48	4 12	19	42
21 Thursday	8 50	4 38	9 56	46
22 Friday	6 52	5 10	10 27	49
23 Saturday	4 53	5 27	11 0	52
24 Sunday	2 54	5 56	11 33	54
25 Monday	0 55	6 29	morn	56
26 Tuesday	4 58	5 57	7 8	0 8
27 Wednesday	3 57	5 8	7 51	0 43
28 Thursday	3 0	8 42	1 25	4
29 Friday	2 54	1 9	4 12	6
30 Saturday	4 52	2 10	4 6	9

Six Hundred Pairs CORSETS,

Best makers, and all sizes from 18 to 36 inches, ranging in price from

38 CENTS, UP.

A Large Stock **EMBROIDERIES**, very cheap.

Sheetings,
Pillow Cottons,
Ticking,
Hessians,
Towelings,

White Cottons,
Grey Cottons,
Print Cottons,
Shirtings,
Ginghams,

Dress Goods,
Cashmeres,
Merinoes,
Plushes, Velvets,
Silks, Satins, &c.

A Full Line of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods---New Stock,

AT PRICES AS LOW AS ANY IN THE TRADE.

STANLEY BROS.,

BROWN'S BLOCK.

Ch'town, March 11, 1887—cod & wky

X HATS! HATS! X

NO MATTER what competitors may say in their advertisements, it is apparent to the

general public that the

BEST BARGAINS

can be had at our establishment.

We have not the time to enumerate our bargains in Muffs, Caps, Gloves, Coats, Sacques,
Robes, Collars, &c., but we invite you to call and examine them—satisfy yourself that our
bargains are genuine, and our prices the LOWEST OF THE LOW.

STUARTS NEW FUR STORE,

NEWSON BLOCK, CHARLOTTETOWN.

Ch'town, April 14, 1887.

NEW SPRING GOODS

If you want to dress in the Latest Style go to JOHN
McLEOD & CO'S, where you will get all the novelties in
Suits, Trowserings and Gents' Furnishings.

Now opening, Ex Northern Light, 5 cases TWEEDS, 9
cases HATS (newest styles).

JOHN MACLEOD & CO.

Ch'town, April 19, 1887—cod & wky

SEE THEM! DON'T FAIL TO READ ABOUT THEM!

OUR new stock of HATS is just opened, and



"MUST BE DISPOSED OF."

We have the Largest and most Complete stock of HATS ever seen in the City and our
prices are away down. Try us, try us. We can beat the Island.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

L. E. PROWSE,

SIGN OF THE BIG HAT, 74, QUEEN STREET.

Ch'town, April 11, 1887—cod & wky

THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Assets, 1st January, 1886 \$36,606,822.03.

FIRE RISKS accepted upon the most Favorable Con-
ditions and at Lowest Current Rates.

R. R. FITZGERALD,

Jan. 3, 1887.

ADAMSON'S BOTANIC COUGH BALSAM

SAFE.
SURE.
PROMPT.

AWONDERFUL REMEDY

25 Cts.

Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam.
It is as pleasant as honey, coughs, Colds, and
Asthma, which lead to Consumption, have been
speedily cured by the use of ADAMSON'S BALSAM after
all other medicines have failed. Sufferers from either
recent or chronic coughs or bronchial affections, can
rely on this great remedy, confident of obtaining
speedy relief. Do not delay, get it at once.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Bottled at St. Stevens, N. B., by the proprietors,
F. W. KINSMAN & CO., Druggists,
343 4th AVE., N. Y.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that an application will be
made to the Parliament of Canada, at the next
ensuing session thereof, for an Act to authorize
and allow the Nova Scotia Permanent Benefit
Building Society and Savings Fund, a Society
established and formed under an Act of the
Legislature of the Province of Nova Scotia,
Chapter 42, 12 Victoria, entitled "an Act for the
regulation of Benefit Building Societies," to
transact business as a Building Society and
Savings Fund throughout the Provinces of New
Brunswick and Prince Edward Island, as well
as the Province of Nova Scotia, and to loan
money on real and certain kinds of personal
property, and to borrow money and receive money
and deposits, with power to issue debentures and
deposit receipts and other powers usual to Loan
Companies and for other purposes.

Dated at Halifax, 5th March, 1887.

JNO. W. PAYZANT,
Solicitor of Applicant.

March 22, 1887—2mos

TAMARAC ELIXIR

NATURE'S REMEDY
FOR GRAVE GOLDEN ROSENEISS
TROPIC BLENDS COMPLAINTS
AND ALL PLEASANT POSITIVE CURE

NOTICE

THE celebrated stallion ALL RIGHT will stand
on the coming season at Charlottetown, Sum-
merside, Cape Traverse and New Glasgow.

NEWTON LEE.
Truro, March 21, 1887.

CANADA AND WEST INDIES.

Tenders for Steamship Lines.

TENDERS will be received at the Finance De-
partment, Ottawa, up to and including the 1st
day of May next, from persons or companies, for
the performance of the following steamship
services, viz.:—
1st. A line of mail steamers sailing from Halifax
to Havana, thence to Kingston, thence to San-
tiago de Cuba, thence to Canada; and (2nd) a
line of mail steamers between Canada and Porto
Rico and adjacent islands. Trips to be made by
each line fortnightly. Steamers to be of a size
sufficient to carry 2,000 tons of cargo and to be
able to steam twelve knots an hour, averaging
not less than eleven knots an hour. The con-
tract in either case to be for a period of five
years. Tenders will be received for and above
services either separately or together. Tenders
to be marked on the outside "Tenders for Steam-
ship Service to West Indies." The Government
of Canada do not bind themselves to accept any
tender.

By command, J. M. COURTNEY,
Deputy Minister of Finance.
Finance Department,
Ottawa, 7th Feb., 1887—febr 19 law till april 30

PURE GOLD GOODS

ARE THE BEST MADE.
ASK FOR THEM IN CANS
BOTTLES OR PACKAGES

THE LEADING LINES ARE
BAKING POWDER
FLAVORING EXTRACTS
SHOE BLACKING
STOVE POLISH
COFFEE
SPICES
BORAX
CURRY POWDER
CELERY SALT
MUSTARD
POWDERED HERBS

2 GOLD MEDALS
1 SILVER MEDAL
8 BRONZE MEDALS
1886

ALL GOODS
GUARANTEED GENUINE
PURE GOLD MANFG. CO.
31 FRONT ST. EAST, TORONTO.

FOR SALE.

Ten Shares in "The Examiner Pub-
lishing Company,"
each Share representing \$100 in the Capital Stock.

THE undersigned offers for Sale TEN SHARES
(all paid up) of the Capital Stock of THE
EXAMINER PUBLISHING COMPANY. Will be sold
in lots of one or more shares, to suit purchasers.
For further particulars apply to
J. W. MITCHELL.
Ch'town, Nov. 4, 1886.

Parliamentary Notes.

Sir Hector Langevin, replying to Mr.
Perry, said the Government had no in-
tention of repairing West Point or Cascum-
peque wharves in Prince Edward Island.

Mr. Welsh has given notice that he will
move for an order of the House for copies
of all correspondence, Departmental orders,
reports and other papers relating to the
dredging of the Harbor of Pinette.

A return brought down to the house
shows the revenue for the period between
July 1st, 1886 and April 10, 1887, was
twenty-six million dollars and the ex-
penditure twenty-four million six hundred
thousand. For the corresponding period
last year the revenue was \$25,990,000 and
the expenditure \$27,550,000.

In reply to Mr. Amyot, Sir Adolphe
Caron said it was not the intention of the
Government to contribute by a grant of
money or by a military demonstration or
review towards the celebration in the sev-
eral capitals of the provinces of the Domini-
on of the fiftieth anniversary of Her Ma-
jesty's reign, but leave would be given to
any corps to join in any celebration they
thought fit at the capitals or elsewhere.

One of the features of the Auditor-
General's report for the last fiscal year is
the Government's account for legal ex-
penses in connection with the trial of Riel.
Mr. B. E. Osler, Q. C., of Toronto, got
\$5,979, namely, for fifty-six days' services
at the rate of \$75 a day, \$4,200; also thirty-
seven days' services at \$100 a day, \$3,700;
also \$479 for consultation and travelling
expenses. Mr. Christopher Robinson, Q.
C., the leading Crown Counsel at Regina,
got \$100 a day for forty-seven days, making
\$4,700, and \$292 for travelling expenses;
total, \$4,992. Mr. T. C. Casgrain, of
Quebec, the third counsel, got \$2,620,
namely, forty-six days at \$50 a day, and
the balance for travelling expenses and
consultation.

Earl of Longford.

DEATH OF A DISTINGUISHED SOLDIER OF THE
CRIMEAN WAR.

The Earl of Longford, whose death was
reported by cable the other day, was a dis-
tinguished soldier of the Crimean war. The
Pakenhams, the family name of the Earls
of Longford, have always had a bent for
military service. Sir Edward Pakenham,
the British commander at New Orleans, an
able general, though most unfortunate in
his last field, was a son of the first Baron
Longford and a brother of the first holder
of the earldom. The deceased peer was
born in 1819 and entered the army in his
18th year, as an ensign in the 52nd foot.
In the following year he obtained a lieuten-
ancy in the 7th fusiliers, and, having
risen step by step, he went to the Crimea
in 1854 as a lieutenant-colonel. In the fol-
lowing year he was promoted colonel and ad-
juant-general to the British forces. He served
with distinction throughout the Crimean war,
and was present at the battles of Alma,
Balaclava and Inkerman, and his gallantry
was recognized by French, Turkish and
Sardinian decorations. At the outbreak of
the Sepoy mutiny, in 1857, he went to
India, where he remained for two years as
adjutant-general to the forces. On the
death of his brother, in 1860, he succeeded
to the earldom and retired from active
service. In 1866, on the formation of Lord
Derby's third administration, he accepted
a ministerial position as secretary of state
for war, retiring with his party two years
later. In 1868 he was promoted a major-
general, in 1877 a lieutenant-general, and
in 1879 full general. He was placed on the
retired list in 1881. The title passes to his
son, Lord Pakenham, now in his 23rd year.

The Fisheries Dispute.

Mr. Secretary Bayard is reported to have
said, in the course of an interview held a few
days ago, that he was glad to note the in-
creasing interest manifested in this subject.
He felt that the people of the country outside
of Massachusetts had never realized its im-
portance, or appreciated the gravity of the
alternative left to the administration. A de-
claration of non-intercourse—if it failed to
effect a peaceable adjustment of the diffi-
culties between the United States and Great
Britain respecting the construction of the
treaty rights of our fishermen. It is doubt-
ful, he said, if the interests of San Francisco
in maintaining her present source of coal sup-
ply from British Columbia, aside from the im-
portance of the great Chicago business con-
nections with Canada and of the vast trade that
ebbs and flows across the three thousand
miles of our northern boundary, do not exceed
the interest of Massachusetts in the results of
the application of such an alternative as com-
mercial non-intercourse. The negotiations
with Great Britain on this subject were, he
said, progressing, and the Secretary hopes
they will result in a harmonious and satisfac-
tory understanding between that country and
the United States.

The power of a magistrate to commit par-
ties charged with violation of the Scott Act
to jail for refusing to give evidence against
themselves, is being argued at Fredericton.

The annual slaughter of brakemen in cou-
pling cars goes on. The Railroad Gazette es-
timates the probable annual casualties in this
way at 450 killed, 4,073 severely injured and
13,780 slightly injured. Here is a total of
18,302 killed and wounded in the United
States in a single year while coupling cars—a
loss one half greater than that sustained by
the United States army at the great battle of
the Wilderness.

Last Friday afternoon, Mr. Josiah Dough-
erty, of Toronto, had picked up some pars-
nets that a farmer had thrown over the fence,
and brought them home for his wife to eat.
As she had formerly asked her to do so, Mrs.
Dougherty and a neighbor's daughter, Christina
McKay, ate some of the parsnets, which im-
mediately made them sick. Mr. Dougherty,
suspecting that they were poisonous, went for
medical assistance, but it proving unavailing,
as Mrs. McKay died within a few minutes,
and Mrs. Dougherty early next morning.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

Landing at the West End.

SIR,—I consider making a landing at
the West End of Water Street a decided
improvement at a very small cost to the
city. There is no sheltered landing at the
West End of the city; so boats hitherto
have had to go round to the south side, and
at low water or half tide passengers have
to scale up the sides of the wharves. This
landing affords good shelter for boats when
the wind is from south-east to south-west,
when the wharves at the south side are
completely exposed in stormy weather,
boats will be able to run into this landing
at low water or half tide. I would suggest
that Mr. Connolly be asked to give the
Street Committee permission to put a pair
of stairs for the convenience of passengers
landing at low water when the city landing
cannot be reached by boats. I observe
that the south end of Mr. Ings' garden
projects across part of the street landing
in the shape of a Y. I am not aware if it
is an encroachment on city rights by Mr.
Ings, or if by his deed he has the right;
but if he has, I am sure he would allow
the landing to be carried out parallel with
the lines of Water Street. It would im-
prove his property. Hitherto, this place
has been a receptacle for filth and rubbish,
an unsightly place overgrown during the
summer with burdock and where seaweed
accumulated and decayed, emitting an un-
pleasant smell, I should say injurious to
the health of the neighborhood. It will
not be so now as the ebb tide will carry it
away when not taken up for use.

Your obedient servant,
WEST END CITIZEN.

Ch'town, 27th April, 1887.

John Morley at Wolverhampton.

EULOGIZES MR. GLADSTONE AND THE PAR-
LIAMENTS.

John Morley addressed an audience of 4,000
persons at Wolverhampton, Eng., a few days
ago. Referring to Mr. Gladstone, he said no
greater leader had ever launched a great
issue or fought for a great cause with spirit so
entirely forgetful of his own personality, and
so entirely shutting out the mean and igno-
ble considerations which seemed to effect igno-
ble minds. The Crimes Bill, continued the
speaker, awakened tens of thousands of
Liberals to what they did when they rejected
Mr. Gladstone's policy. He repudiated the
accusation that the Liberals countenanced
violence and obstruction in Parliament, and
that they allied themselves with men whose
hands were stained with outrage. He re-
minded Mr. Chamberlain that he, in the
Fortnightly Review for February, 1886, advised
that the Parnellite leaders be taken into the
councils of the Queen. The Round Table
Conference had been suspended because Mr.
Chamberlain, though conciliatory in enclaves,
continued in speech and letter publicly to re-
vive the old bitterness. The Unionists pro-
posed to settle the question by ignoring five-
sixths of the Irish people, and dubbing their
trusted representatives ruffians. On the
fringe of every popular movement, were some
bad men, but it was a mistake to call the
Irish-American Home Ruler the sum of the
earth. The Chicago convention had resulted
in the defeat of the party of violence. The
testimony even of prejudiced witnesses was
that they had to deal, not with ruffians, but
with all that was best and most honorable,
and most country-loving among the masses of
respectable men in America. (Cheers.)

A Terrible Domestic Muddle.

A WARNING TO PERSONS WHO THINK OF
GETTING MARRIED.

I GOT acquainted with a young widow
who lived with the step-daughter in the
same house. I married the widow; and
my father fell shortly afterwards in love
with the step-daughter of my wife, and
married her. My wife became the mother-
in-law and also the daughter-in-law of my
own father. My wife's step-daughter is
my step-mother and I am the step-father of
my mother-in-law. My step-mother, who
is the step-daughter of my wife, has a boy,
he is naturally my step-brother, because he
is the son of my father and of my step-
mother, but because he is the son of my
wife's step-daughter, so is my wife the
grand mother of the little boy, and I am
the grand-father of my step-brother. My
wife has also a boy, my step-mother is con-
sequently the step-sister of my boy and is
also his grand-mother, because he is the
child of her step-son, and my father is his
brother-in-law of my son, because he has
his step-sister for a wife. I am the brother
of my own son, who is the son of my step-
mother; my wife is the aunt of her own
son, my son is the grand-son of my father
and I am my own grand-father. Here is a
pretty mix—unravel it if you can.

ADAMSON'S BOTANIC BALSAM has gained a
reputation which places it in the front rank
of curative agents. It has been in the market
about twenty years. It is now recommended
by the best physicians because it cures coughs
and colds every time. Price 35 cents. Trial
bottles 10 cents.

AUSTRALIA comes to the front with a man
who wants to fight Sullivan. Frank P. Slavin
is his name. He is 21 years of age, weighs
trained, 193 pounds, and is nearly six feet
high. He is said to be possessed of great
strength, is a general all-round athlete, a
clever boxer and an expert wrestler.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Mrs. Winslow's
Soothing Syrup should always be used when
children are cutting teeth. It relieves the
little sufferer at once; it produces natural
quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain;
and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a
button." It is very pleasant to taste. It
soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all
pain, regulates the bowels, and is the best
known remedy for diarrhoea, whether arising
from teething or other causes. Twenty-five
cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs.
Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other
kind.

1887 cod & wky

FOR
BOSTON.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT
THE PALACE STEAMERS
OF THE
INTERNATIONAL S.S. CO.

Leave St. John for Boston, via Eastport and Port-
land, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at
8.00 a. m.
Also leave St. John at 7.30 every Saturday
night for

BOSTON DIRECT.

Fare from Charlottetown to Boston, \$6.50, 2nd
class; \$10.00, 1st class.
For tickets and other information apply to
G. A. SHARP, F. W. HALES,
P. E. I. S. S. Co., P. E. I. Steam Nav. Co.
or to your nearest Ticket Agent.

April 18, 1887—cod wky

GUARDIAN FIRE INSURANCE CO.

CAPITAL \$10,000,000

CARVELL BROS.,
AGENTS.

March 26—21 wky 1mo pat

CARD.

THE EXAMINER PUBLISHING COM-
PANY, having lately added to their stock
of type and material for Job Printing, are better
than ever prepared to execute orders for Bill
Heads, Letter Heads, Handbills of all kinds,
Visiting or Business Cards, &c., promptly and
cheaply, in the best style of the art.
None but first-class workmen are employed in
their office; and, as they import their printing
papers direct from the manufacturers, they are
able to fill all orders on the most favorable terms.
The continued patronage of the public is
respectfully solicited.

W. L. COTTON,
Manager.

Ch'town, Nov. 16, 1886.

L. ARTHUR & CO., GENERAL Commission Merchants,

121 ATLANTIC AVENUE,
BOSTON, MASS.

Eggs and Produce a Specialty.
July 15—41y wky