

recognition of the Divine command. We earnestly and respectfully request our civic and Provincial authorities to cooperate with us in this good work, by enforcing the existing laws, which, in many instances, flagrantly violated."

**THE DAILY EXAMINER.**  
MARCH 29, 1884.

**About Telegrams.**

The papers relative to the Piers being now before the public, there is every opportunity of judging as to the truth of the telegrams sent by Messrs. Sullivan and Davies on the 19th and 20th February last. Mr. Sullivan's telegram reads thus:—

"OTTAWA, Feb. 19, 1884.

"Minister of Public Works received his Chief Engineer's report yesterday. It is favorable and will be substantially concurred in by Cabinet this week. Besides assuming works and refunding provincial expenditure, Dominion Government will put in estimates this season, a sum sufficient to put Piers taken, in thorough repair."

"W. W. SULLIVAN."

Mr. Davies' telegram reads as follows:

"OTTAWA, Feb. 20, 1884.

"No Piers money granted or proposed. Government refused to say whether any will be. Engineers' not reported."

"L. H. DAVIES."

Mr. Davies' defenders here, have alleged in his defence that he did not refer in the above telegram to the Report of the Engineers' who examined our Piers last summer, but to that of the Chief Engineer, Mr. Perley. Now, what do we find? Mr. Perley's report is dated on the 16th of February, or four days before the telegram was sent. The 16th of February fell on Saturday. The Monday following was the 18th, and it would of course follow, that a document completed by the Engineer on Saturday would reach the Minister on the Monday following. This exactly corroborates Mr. Sullivan's telegram of Tuesday the 19th, that the Engineer's Report was received by the Minister on the previous day (the 18th of February.) Here then we have the most unmistakable evidence that in this respect Mr. Davies' telegram was entirely false, and Mr. Sullivan's strictly true.

The other portions of Mr. Davies' telegram are equally false. We defy Mr. Davies to produce any proof that on the 20th of February the Government refused to say whether any money would be voted for our piers. The next quibble will be that his telegram referred to the answer he received from Sir Hector Langevin on the 13th of February. This quibble, if urged, will show what duplicity Mr. Davies was capable of resorting to in order to deceive the electors of Belfast, on the eve of the late election.

Mr. Sullivan's telegram is now demonstrated to be true. The Chief Engineer's report was received on the day stated. The liability of the Dominion to maintain the piers of Federal importance to this Island was admitted, therefore the report was favorable. It was "substantially" concurred in only three days later than expected by Mr. Sullivan when he sent the telegram, and a sum is authorized to be placed in the estimates to put "the piers taken in thorough repair."

Mr. L. H. Davies now stands convicted of sending a telegram to this Island on the eve of the Belfast election, and for the purpose of influencing that election, every word of which was untrue. He is, truly, the prevaricator!

**Death of H. R. H. Prince Leopold.**

OUR despatches to-day announce the death of Prince Leopold, fourth son of Her Majesty Queen Victoria. It occurred very suddenly at Cannes as His Royal Highness was about starting for Darmstadt to attend the wedding of his niece. Prince Leopold was a victim of hamophilia, a disease of the blood where excessive bleeding occurs spontaneously or from slight cause. It was probably one of those fits of bleeding which yesterday in him proved fatal. His Royal Highness Prince Leopold George Duncan Albert, was born on the 7th of April, 1853, and had he lived to the 7th prox., would be thirty-one years of age. He married on the 27th of April, 1882, the Princess Helen of Waldeck-Pyrmont, sister to the Queen of the Netherlands. He was created Duke of Albany, Earl of Clarence, and Baron Arklow in 1881-2. Prince Leopold was a special favorite in the Royal Family, and Her Majesty, our despatches state, is profoundly affected by his death.

**The Truth is in Us.**

In its flimsy article on the pier money, the *Patriot* calls THE EXAMINER a "lying organ." Yet in the same article it admits that THE EXAMINER is thoroughly reliable. Though the piers correspondence were laid on the table of the House of Assembly on Friday evening, the editor of the *Patriot* did not take the trouble of consulting them for his own or his readers information. It says "we have not yet seen the Piers correspondence, but we glean from the EXAMINER the following information." That is all information in reference to the pier question. Now, if the EXAMINER is a "lying organ," why does the *Patriot* cater its figures to the public? Why does not the editor or his numerous subs "seek and find?" The truth is, the editor of the *Patriot* believes every statement we make, but it does not suit his circumstances to acknowledge his belief in this respect. Therefore, he says with his pen we lie, while his own articles prove the truth is in us.

**PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.**

**HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.**

FRIDAY, March 28.

The Bill to incorporate "The Charlotte-town Water Works Company" was reported from the Special Committee, and ordered for second reading. Among the petitioners asking for this Act of incorporation are Wm. Murphy, Daniel Davies, R. R. Fitzgerald, John Ings, W. E. Dawson, Alex. McKinnon, J. D. McLeod, Donald McKinnon, William Dodd, James Byrne, Thos. Handrahan, S. W. Crabbe, Benj. Rogers, David Laird, Horace Hazard, F. W. Hals, L. C. Owen, Owen Connolly, Wm. Weeks, L. L. Beer, Geo. Peske, Fredk Perkins, F. P. Taylor, J. B. Macdonald, W. A. Weeks, H. J. Callbeck, G. W. DeBlais, Geo. Davies, Chas. Palmer, J. Longworth, S. W. Dodd, J. T. Jenkins, Theo. L. Chappelle and Wm. Koughan. The capital stock of this Company is to be \$150,000, divided into six thousand shares of \$25 each.

The bill to prevent the shooting and destroying of wild fowl at night by the use of torchlights, etc., was read the first time and made an order of the day for second reading.

The County Court's Amendment Act was read the second time.

The expiring Laws Committee reported a bill to continue certain Acts therein named.

The Attorney General presented correspondence between the Secretary of State, Ottawa, and His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of this Province, relating to the publication of a pamphlet by authority of the Government, and at the request of the Marquis of Lorne, containing information relating to the soil, climate, and resources of this Province as a field for Emigration.

A Bill authorising the Sale of Lands at Princetown Common and Royalty was introduced by the Attorney General and ordered for second reading to-morrow.

SATURDAY, March 29.

Hon. Mr. SULLIVAN introduced a Bill respecting the execution of Deeds by married women. Also an Act respecting affidavits and affirmatives; and also an Act relating to Law Students, all of which were severally read and read the first time, and ordered for the second reading on Monday next.

The Bill authorising the sale of lands in Princetown Common and Royalty was considered in Committee of the Whole House, and reported agreed to.

Hon. Mr. FERGUSON presented to the House the reports of the Provincial Exhibition Commissioners, the Advisory Board, and Commissioners to the St. John Dominion Exhibition, and of Government Stock Farm Commissioners.

At noon the House adjourned until Monday next, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

**Educational Institute.**

The usually monotonous routine work of the Institute was, last evening, broken in upon by a somewhat diverting episode. One member felt aggrieved at what appeared in the columns of THE EXAMINER, purporting to be a statement of his remarks, at the last meeting of the Institute, on "Ungraded Schools." He likewise referred to a former report which made him say that he was opposed to the teaching of Latin in our common schools. Another gentleman, who also shall be nameless, likewise (the opportunity being seemingly favorable) alluded to what he was reported to have said some two or three months ago on the "Course of Study." He was, however, very charitable; being willing to excuse our reporter for any alleged misstatement and having the printer (who would appear to be no one in particular, hence no offence is to be taken), blamed for incurring reports! We have, however, been assured by members of the Institute that our reports have been in every instance substantially correct. And here we may remark that, if members of the Institute desire to see their speeches correctly reported, we ask them to be somewhat more explicit and definite in their remarks; for we have not yet reached that exactness which enables one to report what speakers intended to say. Immediately following this digression Dr. Leeming was called upon by the President to read an essay on "Decimal Notation." The audience was small but appreciative. The Dr. started with Egyptian numerical characters, carrying us along through the Hebrew, Greek, Roman, Runic and Sanscrit or Arabic notation, giving an historical review of those characters, showing by charts the several marks representing numbers, and explaining how the several characters assumed their forms both in writing and sculpture. The Doctor has always something fresh for his hearers; and in this instance he was not behind former occasions, his essay being interlarded with many instructive and interesting comments. The chief speakers were Messrs. D. Montgomery, J. McSwain and the President.

**Our Advertisers.**

A White wants a tenant for the brick store on Queen Street lately occupied by W. A. Hutchison.

R. H. Crawford announces that the meeting of the License Commissioners has been adjourned until Monday next, at eleven o'clock.

E. W. Taylor offers a reward of \$5.00 for the recovery of a bound memorandum book, lost at the time of the late fire.

Mrs. Stamper calls for tenders for the erection of a brick building on the South Side of Queen Square.

There are twenty vacancies in the Cardinals' College. Although by recent appointments the number of Italians has been reduced, they still preponderate. One solitary survivor, Cardinal Schwartzberg, Archbishop of Prague, owes his appointment to the predecessor of Pius IX., and has, therefore, held his high position for nearly half a century. Thirty-seven were created by Pius IX., and already twenty have been elevated to the cardinalate by the present pontiff, while twenty vacancies remain to be filled. Cardinal McCloskey is, as yet, the only cardinal of the scurlet cloak on this continent.

**LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.**

**A Third House.**

SIR,—Is it true that in this Province we have three Houses before which all public business must pass before becoming law?

It is rumored that the third House is composed of a society of lawyers, who have members among both political parties in the House of Assembly; and one of the objects of the society is to veto or obstruct any legislation that is not supposed to advance the interest of the legal profession, or the clients of such as have money enough to retain their services, and especially anything that would tend to lessen the costs in legal proceedings, or lessen the revenues to be derived by those non-producers from the labor of the producers of the country.

If this is the case, and the legal profession have the power to dictate what legislation shall take place and what petitions to the legislature shall be acted upon by Parliament, it will be a strong argument to be used in favor of a legislative union of the Maritime Provinces, as in a larger community such a society would not be likely to have the same influence in proportion to their number in the government of the country, as they appear to have in this Province.

Yours, etc., LAYMAN.

**CURRENT NOTES.**

An agitation in Basle, Switzerland, against the priestly control of education has resulted in a popular verdict against the continuance. The Grand Council submitted the question to vote. The ballot-box showed that 4,479 were in favor of committing the schools to the care of laymen, while only 2,910 voted for clerical control.

The building of the long-projected Roman Catholic cathedral in London is about to be begun. As was to be expected, it is to be on a scale of great magnificence. The site is that occupied by Tothill Fields Prison, and has been purchased for \$575,000. The estimated cost of the building itself is about \$25,000,000. In magnitude the structure will surpass Westminster Abbey. It is designed to be 570 feet in length and 350 in breadth, Westminster Abbey being 511 feet in length and 203 feet across the transepts.

The Dominion Government have decided to yield to the pressure of the regular life insurance companies and will abandon the bill for this session at least, amending the General Life Insurance Act of 1877. The bill, which has passed its first reading, places mutual benefit and co-operate life associations under the General Life Insurance Act, making it compulsory for all American concerns of this character to take out licenses and deposit fifty thousand dollars with the Government as security for insured, while Canadian associations are not obliged to make a deposit, although subject to inspection. The regular life insurance companies hold that no distinction should be made, but that all, whether American or Canadian, should be compelled to make the deposit. In view of these representations, no further action will be taken on the bill this session.

The Catholic directory for 1874 gives the following statistics of the Catholic Church in the United States: There are 13 archbishops, 57 bishops, 6,385 priests, 1,651 ecclesiastical students, 6,613 churches, 1,150 chapels, 1,476 stations, 22 ecclesiastical seminaries, 87 colleges, 599 academies, 2,582 parochial schools, 481,834 pupils attending the parochial schools, 204 asylums, and 139 hospitals. There has been an increase during the last year of 289 priests, 217 ecclesiastical students, 372 churches, 6 colleges, 20 academies and 41 parochial schools, and in the attendance an increase of 53,192 pupils, and 19 asylums. The number of Catholics in the country is given at 6,623,176. The number of Roman Catholic clergy in England is 2,176. Scotland added six to her list of clergy during the year. The number of churches, stations and schools in Scotland and England increased fifty-one per cent. during the past twelve months. England has one archbishop and fourteen bishops, and Scotland two archbishops.

Madison Square Congregational Church, New York, has been for months in a state of great perturbation. Stormy meetings have from time to time been held, the scenes at which occasionally rivaled the animation at political partisan assemblages. The present pastor of the congregation, Rev. Mr. Newton, was and is a minister in connection with the Methodist Episcopal body. He entered on an engagement to supply the pulpit of Madison Square Congregational Church. After a time a number in the congregation thought he should either consent to be formally installed as a Congregationalist minister or retire. Dr. Newman and his friends objected to the proposal and the antagonism subsequently became intense. A council has just decided that the course proposed by what is termed the Old Church party is the proper one to follow, and they advise the calling of a meeting to finally end what has been a long, unseemly and bitter contention. All parties in this militant congregation seem now inclined to manifest a conciliatory spirit.

It is pretty clear that among the other storm-clouds lowering over England a regency now impends. That which has long been coming seems at last to have come. The Crown is politically faint; yet a great change in the social character of the Court might in the present frame of the public mind be attended with political effects. The Prince of Wales went into life with an excellent disposition; nor in becoming a voluptuary has he, like most old friends who are entirely outside his present circle. He had the misfortune to lose, at the critical moment, the three men who might have stayed his youthful steps in the slippery path, his father (whose hand, however, was rather too tight), the Duke of Newcastle, and General Bruce. Soon men, and women as bad, of course, soon met the unguarded heir to the throne. The pleasures of Marlborough House have not been like those of Carlton House, grossly scandalous; yet the company kept there has wrought the most serious mischief by lowering the tone and standard of society. It is possible that if the Prince comes into a position of high responsibility the sun may break through the clouds; but suns do not often break through the clouds at the age of forty-three.—*Dynesider.*

**GREAT SALE OF New Cottons.**

We have just opened a large Stock of

**ENGLISH AND AMERICAN PRINTS, NEW SPRING STYLES,**

Received Before the Advance in Duty.

We have an immense stock of

**GREY AND WHITE COTTONS,**

Purchased when the Cotton market was at the lowest point of depression.

**Fleecy Cottons, Sheetting Cottons, Pillow Cottons,**

**TABLE LINEN AND NAPKINS,**

**Towels and Towelling,**

**TAPESTRY, SCOTCH AND BRUSSELS CARPETS,**

And other House Furnishing Goods.

**WHOLESALE AND RETAIL CHOICE TEAS, VERY CHEAP!**

By the Chest, Half-Chest, and Quarter-Chest. Also, in Packages of 5, 10, 15 and 20 pounds.

**GEO. DAVIES & CO.**

Ch'town, Feb. 11, 1884.

**THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF ENGLAND.**

ESTABLISHED A. D. 1836.

Invested Funds, \$30,632,000; of which ONE MILLION DOLLARS is invested in Canada.

General Reserve and Fire Re-Insurance Fund, SEVEN MILLION TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS.

This Company will now do a general business in the City and Province. Risks taken daily by

**R. R. FITZGERALD,** AGENT.

Ch'town, March 10, 1884.—ed

**NEW SPRING GOODS. J. B. MACDONALD**

IS now showing an extensive range of NEW PRINTS, bought before the advance in duty, consisting of,—

- 650 pieces, in all the Newest Designs,
- 20 bales (800 pieces) Grey Cottons,
- White Cottons, in the Different Makes,
- Sheetings and Pillow Cottons,
- Towelings and Stair Linens.

—ALSO—

A Large Variety of Carpets, in Brussels, Tapestry, Scotch and Dutch Carpets, Stair Carpets, Hearth Rugs, and Door Mats.

**SOLD AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.**

**J. B. MACDONALD.**

Ch'town, Feb. 28, 1884.—2aw wkly.

**GRAND SALE OF DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING.**

JOHN MACPHEE & CO. will, during the HOLIDAY SEASON, give special bargains in

Dress Goods, Knit Wool Goods, Mantles, Shawls, Flannels, Hosiery, Gloves, &

**CLOTHING. CLOTHING.**

- Men's Overcoats, \$3.90, \$5.00, \$6.50, \$7.50, up.
- Men's Ulsters, \$4.95, \$6.25, \$7.00, up.
- Men's Reefers, \$2.95, \$3, \$3.50, \$5, \$4.50, \$5.50 up.

Fur Caps, Kid Mitts and Gloves, Horgan Jackets, Worsteds Tweeds, Underclothing, Buffalo Robes, Cardigan Rugs, Small Wares, etc.

**PARKS' WARP, CHEAP.**

Cash Buyers can depend on getting REAL BARGAINS in every Department.

**WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.**

**JOHN MACPHEE & CO,**

ROBERT ORE'S OLD STAND,

Ch'town, Dec. 12, 1883.—2aw wkly pres pat.

**TO LET,**

The large Brick Store on Queen Street, lately occupied by Mr. W. A. Hutchison. Apply to

A. WHITE, Or W. F. CARTER.

March 29, 1884—tu sa fr

**TO BUILDERS.**

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the subscriber, at her residence, on Queen Street, until Saturday, the 12th of April, at twelve o'clock, noon, from any person or persons willing to contract for the erection of a Brick Building, on the South Side of Queen Square. Plans and specification to be seen at the office of Thomas Alley, Prince Street. The subscriber does not bind herself to take the lowest or any tender.

CATHERINE N. STAMPER.

Ch'town, March 29.—4i sa tu fr tu

**NOTICE.**

The meeting of the Board of License Commissioners, appointed to be held in the Court Room, in the Law Courts Building, in Charlottetown, this day, is adjourned until Monday next, the 31st day of March, instant, then to be held at the same place, at eleven o'clock, a.m.

By order of the Board.  
R. H. CRAWFORD, Chief Inspector.  
Ch'town, March 29, 1884.

**\$5.00 REWARD.**

LOST, at the time of the late fire, a bound M-memorandum Book, about one foot long. Whoever brings the same to E. W. Taylor, Watchmaker, will be paid the above reward.  
March 29, 1884.—3i

**N. J. CAMPBELL,**

(Successor to Campbell & Rayden)

Auctioneer and Commission Merchant,

SHIP BROKER,

AND INSURANCE AGENT,

COR. OF QUEEN AND WATER STS.,

Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

Importer and Jobber of Choice Groceries and Spices

General Agent for P. E. Island of the British Empire Mutual Life Insurance Company, of London, England. Special attention given to Auction Sales of Lumber, Coal, Fish, Apples and other Fruit, Real Estate, Household Furniture, Bankrupt and other Stocks, and all kinds of Merchandise.

Correspondence and Consignments solicited. Returns promptly made.  
March 28, 1884.

**NOTICE.**

ALL persons owing Robert Young, of A Charlottetown, merchant, are hereby notified to make payment forthwith to the subscriber, agent of Messrs. Daniel & Boyd, assignees of said debts, at Robert Young's store, 77 Queen Street, Charlottetown.

W. J. ROBERTSON.

Ch'town, March 28, 1884.—6i

**Schooner For Sale.**

THE schooner "Enterprise," twenty tons Register. Apply to

A. KENNEDY & CO.,

Head of Queen's Wharf.

Ch'town, March 28, 1884.

**\$500 REWARD.**

A REWARD of five hundred dollars will be paid by the undersigned to the person giving such information as will convict the party or parties who feloniously destroyed by fire, on the night of the 26th instant, the stable situate at the head of Knight's Wharf, in Souris East.

JAMES McFARLANE, VERNON H. KNIGHT, Trustees of Estate of late John Knight.  
Souris, March 28, 1884.

**SEED WHEAT.**

WE have a quantity of choice Fife and White Russian Seed Wheat, expected in a few days per "Northern Light," imported from a reliable farmer near Toronto, will be sold cheap.

HORNE, PIERCE & CO.  
March 28—law th wkly

**The Pathways to Fame.**

J. C. FLEMING, ESQ., Editor of the *Charlottetown Herald*, will deliver a

**LECTURE,**

on the above subject under the auspices of the Catholic Literary Union, in

**ST. PATRICK'S HALL,**

—on—

Wednesday Evening, 2nd April.

Admission, 10 cents; Reserved Seats, 15 cents. Tickets for sale at Fraser & Reddin's Drug Store and at Apothecaries' Hall. Doors open at 7:30; Lecture to commence at eight p. m.

T. CURRAN, Secretary.

Ch'town, March 28, 1884.

SUBSCRIBE for the WEEKLY EXAMINER, THE CHEAPEST and BEST Newspaper published on P. E. Island. Only \$1 per year.