

THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 7. CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1880. NO. 113

JUST ARRIVED!

BRITISH WAREHOUSE,

Ex S. S. "Hibernian,"
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
Black Silk Fringe,
Corsets,
Cashmeres,
Colored and Black Satins,
Pompadour Prints,
TOILET COVERS & QUIETS,
(in Plain and Fancy);
White, Scarlet, Grey & Fancy Flannels,
Cloths, Tweeds, &c.,
All of which are now opened, and will be sold at our usual low prices.
W. & A. BROWN & CO.
Ch'town, Aug. 24, 1880.

PACIFIC Mutual Insurance Co.,

NEW YORK MARINE.

Assets 31st Dec., 1879, - \$744,149.00
Insurance effected on CARGOES and FREIGHTS, covering \$15,000 and upwards on first-class risks.
Certificates issued payable in London at the office of Messrs. Ross & Co., Bankers, or in New York.
Risks taken and rates fixed without being referred to Head Office.
FENTON T. NEWBURY,
Agent for P. E. Island.
May 11, 1880.

TRY IT. TRY IT

GIVE ALBION MINE NUT COAL
A fair trial and you will not be disappointed in the result; it is COAL, not fire clay and slate. For orders apply to
G. W. DEBLOIS,
Sole Agent for P. E. Island.
Office—No. 35 Water Street,
Charlottetown, July 8, 1880—pat tf

Nut Coal. Nut Coal.

FREE from Slate and Fire Clay. Also Round and Slack, at Albion Mines, Pictou, Nova Scotia. For orders apply to
G. W. DEBLOIS,
Sole Agent for P. E. Island.

Old Sydney Mines, Cape Breton.

Lingan Mines, Cape Breton.
ORDERS for Round Coal can be obtained on application to
Terms as usual.
G. W. DEBLOIS,
Sole Agent for P. E. Island.
Office, No. 35 Water Street, Charlottetown.
June 17, 1880—pat her sj kca ti

QUEEN INSURANCE CO'Y.

OF ENGLAND.
CAPITAL . . . TWO MILLIONS STERLING.
INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Buildings, Merchandise and Produce. Also, on Vessels on the stocks.
Special rates for isolated residences.
Losses settled promptly.
GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank),
Agent for Prince Edward Island
June, 1877—

THE NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE CO.,

Of Edinburgh and London,
ESTABLISHED IN 1809
Subscribed Capital, \$9,723,332.00
Paid up Capital, - 1,216,666.00

Transacts every description of Fire, Life and Annuity Business on the most favorable terms.
FIRE DEPARTMENT—Insurances may be effected at the lowest current rates.
Insurances upon Public and Private Buildings effected on especially favorable terms.
Losses settled with promptitude and liberality.
LIFE DEPARTMENT—New and Reduced premiums for Dominion of Canada.
G. W. DEBLOIS,
General Agent for P. E. Island.
Office, No. 35 Water Street, Charlottetown.
April 14, '80—pat her ne sj kca tf cod

INCORPORATED A. D. 1864.

CITIZENS' Insurance Company,

OF CANADA.

CAPITAL, . . . \$2,000,000.
\$112,000 deposited with Dominion Government.

President—SIR HUGH ALLAN.
Vice-President—HENRY LYMAN.
GERALD E. HART, General Manager.

FIRE, LIFE, ACCIDENT, GUARANTEE.

RISKS taken at Moderate Rates, and Losses paid promptly.
HEAD OFFICE—179 St. James Street Montreal.

M. A. CAMERON,
General Agent for P. E. I.
sept4-3m 2aw

BUY IT! TRY IT!

THE Hamden Manufacturing Co's KETCHOLINE,

For all Household Cleaning Purposes,
BEST IN THE WORLD.

Cleans Metals, Glass, China, Marble, Silver-Plated Wares, Furniture, Oil Cloths, Doors, Walls, and every painted portion of the House.

Housekeepers say that the condition of their houses is never satisfactory without the use of KETCHOLINE.

Directions for use with each package. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by

F. LEPAGE & CO.,
Agents for P. E. Island.
Glasgow House, 53 Queen Street.
Aug. 27, 1880—pat ne



LORNE HIGHLAND WHISKY.

ANALYTICAL SANITARY INSTITUTION,
54, Holborn-viaduct, E. C., London, Aug. 18, 1879
REPORT on the LORNE HIGHLAND WHISKY:
"We have visited the bottling stores of Greenlees Brothers, and have selected from the vats, samples of their Lorne Highland Whisky, and have subjected them to careful examination and analysis. The samples were very fragrant, mellow, and of pleasant flavor, and possessed all the characteristics of pure and well-matured Scotch Whisky of the first quality."

"ARTHUR HILL, HASSALL, M. D.
"OTTO HEHNER, F. C. S., F. I. C."
Agents: -
MESSRS. OWEN CONNOLLY & CO.,
Charlottetown, P. E. I.

Feb. 24, 1880

BENJ. F. GRAFON, STORY B. LADD,
HALBERT E. PAINE.

Late Commissioner of Patents.

PATENTS.

PAINE, GRAFTON & LADD,
Attorneys-at-Law and Solicitors of American and Foreign Patents,

412 FIFTH STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Practice patent law in all its branches in the Patent Office, and in the Supreme and Circuit Courts of the United States. Pamphlets sent free on receipt of stamp for postage. sept4

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.



JOSEPH GILLOTT'S STEEL PENS.

BY ALL DEALERS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

THE place to get your Printing done is at the EXAMINER PRINTING ROOMS.

Dominion of Canada.
PROVINCE OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND,
CITY OF CHARLOTTETOWN.

In the City Court before ROWAN ROBERT FITZGERALD, Esquire, the Stipendiary Magistrate for the City of Charlottetown.

TAKE NOTICE that His Honor the Stipendiary Magistrate for the said City of Charlottetown has, by virtue of the power and authority in him vested by the Statute of the General Assembly of said Island, intitled "An Act in further amendment of an Act to Incorporate the City of Charlottetown and of the Statute 43 Victoria, chapter thirteen, in amendment thereof," ordered and appointed that FRIDAY, the first day of OCTOBER, A. D. 1880, be the day set down for hearing all appeals made to him from the last preceding valuations, assessment or rates imposed or authorized by the City Council of said City, and that on such day, and daily thereafter until all such appeals have been heard, at the hour of eleven o'clock, forenoon, in the said City Court, in Charlottetown, aforesaid, all such appeals will be heard and finally determined by him.

Dated at Charlottetown this thirteenth day of September, A. D. 1880.

By order,
W. SHEPHERD,
City Collector for said City.
(se 14) pat her ne pres arg once a week to date

INSURANCE

AGRICULTURAL FIRE Insurance Co'y,

OF WATERTOWN, N. Y.
ORGANIZED 1853.

Net Assets for Protection of Policy Holders
\$1,137,549.73.

Deposited with the Dominion Government for Security of Canadian Policy Holders.
\$100,000.00.

LOSSES PAID TO DATE, OVER
\$3,000,000.

Parties desiring Insurance on Private Residences and contents, or Farm property, had better find out rates, etc., of this Time Tried and Fire Tested Insurance Company.

N. B.—Canvassers wanted.
ROB. ANGUS, Special Agent for the Maritime Provinces.

JAS. DESBRISAY,
General Agent for P. E. I.
Ch'town, July 31, 1880—3m

MACLEAN & MARTIN

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

Newson's Building, Opp. Post Office,
Charlottetown, P. E. I.

A. A. McLEAN. D. C. MARTIN.
June 18, 1879.—ex2aw

WORTH'S LIVERY STABLES!

PRINCE STREET,
Between Kent and Grafton Streets
Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

June 17 1880—3m cod pd

For Sale or to Let.

THAT Freehold Property, with a front of eighty feet on Pownall Street and eighty-four feet on Sydney Street, the House containing 16 large rooms and two Kitchens. Can be turned into one Dwelling by unlocking a door. Apply on the premises to
MRS. BOSWALL.

April 26, 1880—tf

MANILLA ROPE!

Manufacturers' Prices,
Orders Solicited. All Sizes in Stock.

CARVELL BROS.

Ch'town, July 16, '80—2m 2aw, pat 2m law

BUILDING LOTS.

PARTIES wanting to purchase Building Lots in Victoria, Lot 29, will please apply to

DONALD PALMER, Esq., or
MRS. HENRY HARDAY,
July 20, 1880—oaw Summerside.

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

SEPTEMBER 30, 1880.

The Crops and Prices.

OATS, we regret to report, are not turning out so well as was anticipated shortly before the harvest. It appears that they ripened too quickly, and are, therefore, not, on the average, so well filled as they would have been had the weather been cooler. It is said that the grains are small, but that they weigh well. Prices in Charlottetown range from 34 to 36 cents per bushel for black oats, and 38 to 40 cents for white. In Liverpool, G. B., oats are quoted at 6s. 2d. stg. per 100 lbs; and in Montreal on the 24th oats were easier and slightly lower, at 75c. to 77c. per bag of two bushels.

Barley is a fair crop throughout the Island; but the quantity grown is comparatively small. In this city prices range at from 60 to 65 cents. Montreal quotations of the 24th inst. are, "barley per bushel, 60 to 70 cents."

The annual volume on the crops of the various grain-growing countries of the world has just been issued by Mons. Bruy Estienne, of Marseilles, and the reports it contains occupy several hundred large quarto pages. Of the whole of the cereal crops of France the reports are good. The wheat crop is in five departments fairly good (*assez bonne*), in 16 departments medium, and in six departments only bad. Oats are very good in twenty-eight departments, good in forty departments, fairly good in seven departments, medium in six departments, bad in two departments, and very bad in one department. The maize crop, grown chiefly in the southern departments, is fairly good. In three departments it is very good, in 19 good, in five fairly good, in five medium, and in one only bad. Rye is reported as very good in eleven departments, good in 63 departments, fairly good in six departments, and medium in three departments. Barley is the best crop of the year in France. In 26 departments it is very good, in 40 good, in five fairly good, and in three medium. In no department is either the rye or barley crop declared to be bad. So far as other countries are concerned, with the exception only of Russia, the reports are generally favorable. In Upper Italy, the crops are reported as yielding 30 per cent. above the average. Romagna and Upper and Lower Bavaria stand next on the list with a produce of 25 per cent. over the average, and these are followed by Podolia and Swabia with an over average production of 20 per cent. In the south of Italy and Bavaria, and in Wurtemberg, the estimates are of crops 15 per cent. over average; while in Rossarabia they are 10 per cent. over. The crops of the year are 5 per cent. over average in Hungary, Poland, Belgium, and the United States of America. Average crops, without either surplus or deficit, have been grown in Prussia, the Palatinate, Baden, Switzerland, Denmark, Sweden, Norway, Central Italy, Holland, the North of Russia, Servia and Egypt. Deficiencies of 5 per cent. are reported in Great Britain, Ireland and Saxony. In Courland the deficiency is put down at 20 per cent., and in Gothland, another Russian province, at 25 per cent. under average. The commercial summary which accompanies the report shows that Europe will largely depend for much of her breadstuffs from America, and that there is every prospect of fairly good and remunerative prices being obtained for cereals this year.

Potatoes, all agree, are a splendid crop; but prices will probably rule low throughout the season. They sell in this city now at from 16 cents per bushel. The Montreal *Gazette* of the 24th says: "Potatoes are plentiful and cheap, selling at 40c to 45c per bag. It is rumored that sales have been made at 17c per bush for choice Early Rose and Chili for shipment to Boston and Portland." Hay, which was an excellent crop on the Island, was, we learn, a poor one in Nova Scotia. Consequently, the demand in Nova Scotia is likely to be good; and we are in a position to supply it.

The cattle trade is brisk at Montreal. Last week, seven steamers were loaded at that port with 2,674 head of cattle and 1,709 sheep. The ports of destination were London, Liverpool, Bristol and Glasgow. The average price paid was 51 cents per pound, live weight. The whole number of cattle and sheep shipped from Montreal up to Saturday night last was 38,974 cattle and 65,775 sheep; and it is said that the shipments have generally been remunerative. What a pity that we are not in a position to engage to a larger extent, in this direct trade with the mother country! We are informed that at present sheep are being bought in the Island and sent to Quebec for shipment to England. How much more profitable and satisfactory, to have them sent direct by our own merchants.

Mackerel continue to be plentiful and there does not seem to be much prospect of a rise. The receipts at Boston during the week ending, Sept. 24th, were 5,000 barrels fresh, and 155,700 barrels salted. Unsalted No. 3s are quoted at \$4.50 to \$5.00 per barrel.

In a foot race at Toronto on Friday, the winner, named Sparks, ran 100 yards in ten seconds.

Features of Taxation in England.

If anybody leaves you \$500, you have to pay \$10, and if he dies without a will, you will then pay \$15 to get this \$500. The Government fee on a \$50,000 legacy is \$1,000, and \$1,500 if there be no will, and if the legacy be \$1,000,000, then the Queen's fee is \$77,500, or without a will, more than \$100,000. If you study and become a barrister, the admission costs you \$250, or as much as you are likely to earn the first year. When you graduate in medicine you pay \$50. If you become a mere notary public to administer oaths, it costs you \$450. When you execute a lease to rent your house for anything above \$150 a year, you pay about 70 cents. If you want arms and a crest on your carriage you pay \$11, and if you get those arms "granted" to you, and in a measure fully recognized, you will have to pay \$50 license. One carriage is taxed \$11 a year. Your dog costs \$1.25 a year. For a license to carry a gun you pay \$2.50. The tax for every male servant is \$4.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Lord Dufferin, in returning from St. Petersburg, via Berlin, was invited by the Emperor of Germany to the dinner in honor of the Guards.

The suits against Bradlaugh for having taken his seat in the House of Commons without having previously taken the required oath, are to be pressed, it appears, against him in November.

Public meetings are being held in various places in the West to help the Kansas sufferers. Aid is solicited for the people in Phillips, Sherman, Decatur, Sheridan, Rawlins, Norton, and other counties. In Norton County alone, 1800 people are said to be in absolute want of food. In all the Counties named the wheat crop failed, and was ploughed up in June, and the fields were planted in corn, which has been destroyed by worms.

A liberal Scotchman in the Antipodes has given some \$250,000 for the establishment of a Divinity Hall in Melbourne; another has given \$300,000 towards the establishment of a University in South Australia; while a liberal New Yorker has recently given some \$500,000 to the Wesleyan University Middleton. When shall we have the pleasure of recording the munificent act of some city philanthropist in donating say \$30,000 towards the support of a free Public Library?

Three hundred and eighty men are at work on Cape Cod Canal. The force is to be increased to twelve hundred. The length of the waterway will be 42,000 ft; the breadth at the bottom, sixty six feet; at the top, 250 feet, depth below water, twenty-five feet; the cost, \$10,000,000; the saving of a distance of 150 miles on a dangerous coast. This makes Boston nine hours nearer New York by steam. The time for building is two years. The canal is to be a tide level waterway without locks.

The English Burial Act has gone into operation. The first case coming under the Act is thus described:—"The first burial under the Act took place in the parish churchyard of Beckenham on Thursday. The funeral was that of a Baptist, and the officiating minister was the Rev. G. Samuel, of Peuge. The service consisted of an extempore prayer, the reading of passages of Scripture and brief addresses, and the singing of a hymn. The occasion excited some interest, and several clergymen and strangers were present. The service, which lasted half an hour, was marked throughout with befitting solemnity. No allusion was made to the exceptional character of the occasion."

Says a telegram from Montreal to an exchange:—"The fact that Scottish capitalists have organized a company to control the lumber trade in the Ottawa district, as mentioned some weeks ago, has had the effect of greatly enhancing the value of lumber limits. Limits that could be purchased last year for \$20,000 and \$25,000, are now held for \$50,000 and \$75,000 each. Within the last three months wages, too, have advanced and men are getting scarcer every day. This, in a measure, is due to the large number of men who have been engaged to work in the Western shanties. It is estimated that over 600 men have left the city for outside firms within the past two months."

A Young man from the agricultural districts was lately in a tailor's shop getting measured for a vest. "Married or unmarried?" queried the tailor. "Unmarried," said the young man, with a blush. "Inside pocket on the left hand side then," observed the tailor, making a memorandum to that effect. "What difference does my being married or unmarried make as to the inside pocket of the vest?" "Ah, my dear sir," observed the tailor, with a bland smile "all the difference possible. Being unmarried, you want the pocket on the left side, so as to bring the young lady's picture next to your heart." "But doesn't the married man also want his wife's picture next to his heart?" queried the anxious youth. "Possibly there is an instance of that kind," said the tailor, "but I never heard of it."

A Good Account.

"To sum it up, six long years of bed-ridden sickness and suffering, costing \$200 per year, total \$1,200—all which was stopped by three bottles of Hop Bitters taken by my wife, who has done her own household work for a year since, without the loss of a day, and I want everybody to know it for their benefit."

"JOHN WEEKS, Butler, N. Y."