

# THE DAILY EXAMINER

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Reading Room  
House of Commons

his is True Liberty, when Free Born Men, having to advise the Public, may speak free."—EURIPIDES

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about  
black  
goods



Are you interested?

We'd like to talk to you about some of ours.

Started out to tell about all the black goods, but found that we'd need a paper big as two EXAMINERS to do it.

So we'll be contented with these few items to-day. More later.

Nicely finished, double width wool broches. 27c

40 inch "Pekin Cord" heavy with pretty raised designs, 39c and 42c

Very handsome patterns in mohair cords, 42, 43 and 44 inches wide at only 55c, 58c and 69c

Quite a large range of pretty broches, 42 inches wide—very effect trim, dainty goods 59c

Here's a pretty thing, in a serpentine stripe effect, all wool, rich and soft 69c

Dull finish wool Crepon new soft designs, not loud—but quiet and graceful 70c

Then a pretty goods has a jet bengaline ground with a raised scroll pattern in bright black, 42 inches 75c

Four arrivals in black figured goods for to-day. We'll describe one

Jet black background with a quaint zig zag patterns thrown on the surface 90c

Four patterns. Then come a half dozen of pretty new things in 42 inch black crepons—a grand value at \$1.00

Four or five blister effects follow closely.

One pretty 42 inch line has plain background with black blister pattern in a pretty zig zag—general finished toned down by an indistinct scroll \$1.15

Those new, dainty, rich effects at \$1.28 and \$1.38 come next.

Some single dress lengths in rich black blister cloth deserve a word.

They're hard to describe—somebody referred to the patterns as "little waves on a sea of ink," 43 inches wide \$1.80

We have had no room to speak of poplins—er of the serges and cashmeres, and not a word of black broad cloths. Another day for these

MOORE & McLEOD

## LADYSMITH GARRISON IN GOOD SPIRITS

### The Naval Brigade Dismount Boer Guns

Particulars of the Fighting on Monday—Comment in the European Capitals—Another Canadian Contingent talked of—Reinforcements on the way and Arriving.

[SPECIAL TO THE EXAMINER.]

LONDON, Nov. 1.—About 6000 fresh troops will arrive at Cape Town on Sunday next from England and will be available to reinforce Sir George White.

Transports will arrive there daily after Sunday until by the end of next week 28,000 troops will have been landed in South Africa.

These men are intended for Gen. Sir R. Buller's army. But they undoubtedly will be despatched to Natal if the situation there should become perilous.

The British army will eventually reach a total of 87,644, of which 67,644 will be regulars and the other 20,000 miscellaneous and colonial troops.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—From the scanty advices received up to 11 o'clock yesterday, p. m., it seems tolerably certain that the disaster was simply a repetition of the battle of Majuba Hill, though on a larger scale.

The two regiments were allowed to march into a trap set by the Boers. It is simply a case of Boer spider and guileless British fly.

In fact the whole engagement of Monday seems to have been brought on by Commandant General Joubert, who skilfully conceived the gigantic trap out of which, as official despatch shows, Sir George White only escaped with difficulty.

General White advanced with the idea of driving the Boers from Tintwa Ingoni hill, seven miles out, which General Joubert made an ostentatious show of fortifying.

On Sunday the Boer commandant left

a force sufficient to draw General White on while the mass of the Boers he had at his disposal stealthily moved round the British right to deliver a flank attack and to endeavor to cut off General White from Ladysmith.

The British commander succeeded in beating off the attack, but only with great difficulty, and during the turning movement of his troops suffered from a flanking fire.

It is apparent that General White is no match for the Boers in that cunning by which Boer tactics are conceived.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—The newspapers do not attempt to conceal the gravity of the disaster which, they contend, must act as a warning and as an incentive in the future, especially as the enemy will be greatly encouraged by their success.

All the papers take comfort from the conviction that the present reverse will not affect the ultimate result.

OTTAWA, Nov. 1.—The result of the disastrous news is that there is a consensus of opinion amongst the English-speaking population of the Capital that the government of Canada should at once offer the services of another contingent for service in South Africa.

Canada, of all the colonies, was last in the field with her recent offer, and the sentiment here is that she should be first in the field now.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—The Cabinet has been summoned to meet today.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—A correspondent learns that General Buller left Cape Town on the Durban Castle for Durban on Tuesday night.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—Nothing can be ascertained now concerning the situation at Ladysmith. Inquiries at the War Office at 2 o'clock this morning elicited the information that nothing had been received there, and that the officials were as ignorant as the public of the extent of the British losses.

Anxious enquirers thronged the War Office until a late hour; but they could learn nothing of the casualties.

ANTWERP, Nov. 1.—There is enthusiasm in Holland over the British defeat.

PARIS, Nov. 1.—The offices of the newspapers of Nationalist tendencies, displayed the flags of Transvaal and Orange Free State, when the news of the British disaster at Ladysmith was received.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—It is announced, today, by a special from Ladysmith that the Boers again closed around that place on Monday night sending shells into the British camp.

The two guns landed from the cruiser "Powerful" opened fire on the Boers at dawn on Tuesday.

The Boers brought up more guns. But some of them were silenced. It is added that the Boers' loss must have been heavy.

The garrison at Ladysmith is in good spirits and confident; and the troops are said to be "full of fight."

The artillery duel is still in progress.

On Tuesday night, the guns of the British Naval brigade knocked a Boer forty pounder clean off its platform; and they have silenced the Boer guns on Herpworth Hill overlooking Ladysmith.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—General White's despatch to the War Office, describing operations of Monday, says: The circumstances which attended the movements of Lieut. Colonel Carltons' column are not yet fully known; but from reports received, the column appears to have carried out the night march unmolested until within two miles of Nicholson Neck's.

At this point two boulders rolled down the hill and a few rifle shots stampeded the infantry ammunition mules.

The stampede spread to the battery mules which broke loose from their leader, and got away with practically the whole gun equipment and the greater portion of the regimental small arm ammunition. The reserve was similarly lost.

The infantry battalion's fixed bayonets and accompanied by the personnel of the artillery seized the hill on the left of the road, two miles from the Neck with little opposition.

There they remained unmolested till dawn. At dawn a skirmishing attack was commenced by the enemy. But they made no way until 9.30 when the strong reinforcements enabled them to rush to the attack with great energy.

Their fire became very searching and two companies of the Gloucesters in an advanced position were ordered to fall back.

The enemy then proceeded to short range. The losses on our side becoming very numerous, at 3 p. m., our ammunition practically exhausted our position was captured and the survivors fell into the enemy's hands.

The enemy treated the wounded with humanity. General Buller, at once despatching a letter to me offering safe conduct to doctors and ambulance, to remove the wounded.

Our want of success is due to the misfortune of the mules stampeding and

the consequent loss of guns, ammunition and reserve. The security of Ladysmith is in no way affected.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—The Exchange telegraph reports that a British transport has foundered. No name was given and the report cannot be confirmed.

The only tailor made, ready to wear O'coats in the city are at Prowse Bros.

The stereopticon man is always changing his views.

**ROYAL Baking Powder**

Made from pure cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

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