

# THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 2.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, THURSDAY, APRIL 25, 1878.

NO. 281.

## THE DAILY EXAMINER

Is Published every Evening.  
OFFICE:  
INGS' BUILDING, CORNER OF WATER  
AND GREAT GEORGE STREETS,  
Charlottetown, P. E. I.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:  
Six Months, \$2 50  
Three Months, 1 25  
One Month, 0 50  
One Week, 0 12

Advertising at most moderate rates.  
Contracts may be made for monthly, quarterly, or half-yearly advertisements, on application.

W. L. COTTON, J. W. MITCHELL,  
Manager. Office Sup't.

## PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RAILWAY.

### TIME TABLE NO. 9. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT!

ON AND AFTER  
MONDAY, APRIL 29th, 1878.

#### Trains Going West.

STATIONS.	No. 1 Express.	No. 3 Mixed.	No. 5 Mixed.
Georgetown	Dep 4.00 pm	Dep 7.30 am	
Cardigan	ar 4.20 "	ar 7.50 "	
M. Stewart Jun	dp 5.25 "	dp 9.20 "	
Royalty Jun.	ar 6.32 "	ar 10.45 "	
Ch'town	ar 6.50 "	ar 11.05 "	P. M.
Royalty Jun.	dp 6.25 am	dp 11.35 "	dp 5.25 "
N. Wiltshire	ar 6.43 "	ar 11.55 "	ar 5.45 "
Hunter River	ar 7.18 "	ar 12.50 pm	ar 6.42 "
Breadalbane	ar 7.30 "	ar 1.07 "	ar 7.00 "
County Line	ar 7.58 "	ar 1.47 "	ar 7.38 "
Kensington	ar 8.05 "	ar 1.57 "	ar 7.48 "
Summerside	ar 8.33 "	ar 2.38 "	ar 8.25 "
Wellington	ar 9.00 "	ar 3.15 "	ar 9.00 "
Port Hill	dp 9.15 "	dp 3.45 "	
O'Leary	ar 9.52 "	ar 4.40 "	
Alberton	ar 10.22 "	ar 5.27 "	
Tignish	ar 11.18 "	ar 6.54 "	
	ar 12.00 "	ar 8.00 "	
	ar 12.40 pm	ar 8.50 "	

#### Trains Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 2 Express.	No. 4 Mixed.	No. 6 Mixed.
Tignish	Dep 1.50 pm	Dep 6.30 am	
Alberton	ar 2.30 "	ar 7.20 "	
O'Leary	ar 3.13 "	ar 8.57 "	
Port Hill	ar 4.10 "	ar 10.22 "	
Wellington	ar 4.40 "	ar 11.10 "	
Summerside	ar 5.15 "	ar 12.05 pm	A. M.
Kensington	dp 5.30 "	dp 12.40 "	dp 6.30 "
County Line	ar 5.55 "	ar 1.17 "	ar 7.07 "
Breadalbane	ar 6.23 "	ar 1.57 "	ar 7.46 "
Hunter River	ar 6.32 "	ar 2.07 "	ar 7.58 "
N. Wiltshire	ar 7.00 "	ar 2.48 "	ar 8.35 "
Royalty Jun.	ar 7.12 "	ar 3.05 "	ar 8.52 "
Ch'town	ar 7.47 "	ar 4.00 "	ar 9.45 "
Royalty Jun.	ar 8.05 "	ar 4.30 "	ar 10.05 "
Mt. Stewart	dp 8.05 am	dp 3.40 "	
Cardigan	ar 8.23 "	dp 4.10 "	
Georgetown	ar 9.20 "	dp 5.25 "	
	dp 9.40 "	dp 5.45 "	
	ar 10.43 "	ar 7.06 "	
	ar 11.05 "	ar 7.35 "	

#### SOURIS BRANCH.

#### Trains Going West.

STATIONS.	No. 7 Mixed.	No. 9 Mixed.
Souris	Dep 3.15 p.m.	Dep 6.30 a.m.
Harmony	ar 3.31 "	ar 6.52 "
St. Peter's	ar 4.28 "	ar 8.07 "
Morell	ar 4.55 "	ar 8.38 "
M. Stewart Jun.	ar 5.25 "	ar 9.20 "

#### Train Going East.

STATIONS.	No. 8 Express.	No. 10 Mixed.
M. Stewart Jun	Dep 9.30 am.	Dep 5.35 p.m.
Morell	ar 10.02 "	ar 6.15 "
St. Peter's	ar 10.25 "	ar 6.47 "
Harmony	ar 11.23 "	ar 8.02 "
Souris	ar 11.40 "	ar 8.25 "

C. J. BRYDGES, WM. McKECHNIE,  
Gen. Sup. Gov. Railways. Supt. P. E. I. R.  
Ch'town, April 20, 1878.

## St. Lawrence Marine Ins. Co. OF P. E. ISLAND.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL . . \$120,000.00.

#### BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

ARCHIBALD KENNEDY, Esq., President; JOHN F. ROBERTSON, Esq.; ARTEMAS LORD, Esq.; G. D. LONGWORTH, Esq.; W. E. DAWSON, Esq.; THOMAS MORRIS, Esq.; P. W. HYNDMAN, Esq.  
Risks taken daily at their Office, Exchange Building.  
FRED. W. HYNDMAN, Secretary.

March 25—1y law

FOR SALE—A FLAG STAFF, TOP-MAST and LOWER MAST, already finished, about 66 feet long, which will be sold for less than cost. Apply to J. D. CURRIE, corner Prince and Grafton Streets. March 5, 1878—8y law

## 1878.

# THE Weekly Examiner

FURNISHES MORE NEWS, FOR LESS MONEY THAN ANY OTHER PAPER IN THE PROVINCE.

It Contains Twenty-eight Columns, nearly every one of which is in closely set READING MATTER.

## CONSIDER OUR TERMS:

**SINGLE COPIES** to the 31st December, 1878—thirteen months—**\$1.00** in advance.  
**SIX COPIES** to one address, or addressed separately, as desired, **\$5.50** in advance.  
**TEN COPIES** to one address, or addressed separately, as desired, **\$9.00** in advance.  
**FIFTEEN COPIES** to one address, or addressed separately, as required, **\$13.50** in advance.  
**TWENTY COPIES** to one address, or addressed separately, as desired, **\$17.00**.

## IN DULL TIMES

## CHEAPEST AND BEST

## The Weekly Examiner

is acknowledged to be ahead of any other paper in the Province in the item of

## LOCAL NEWS

and is always well filled with Political, Shipping, Commercial and General Information.

The debates of the Local Legislature will be carefully and impartially given. Special telegrams and letters from "Our Own Ottawa Correspondent" will contain everything of interest transpiring in the Dominion Parliament.

A Good Story will be made a specialty.

## The Daily Examiner

Will be sent to any part of the Province, the Dominion, United States or Great Britain on receipt of

For Six Months, . . . . . \$2.50  
For Three Months, . . . . . 1.25  
For One Month, . . . . . .50

W. L. COTTON,  
Manager Examiner Printing and Publishing Company.  
Ch'town, Dec. 6, 1877.

## PAINTING!

THE Subscriber takes this opportunity of thanking the Public for the liberal patronage he has received during the five years he has been in business, and solicits a continuance of the same.  
He is now prepared to execute, in a very superior manner, **House, Sign, and Carriage Painting, Paper Hanging, &c.**  
Special attention is given by him to WHITENING, COLORING and the DECORATING of CEILINGS, WALLS, etc.  
**On hand and made to order— EVERY DESCRIPTION OF CARRIAGES.**  
Carriage Repairing promptly attended to.  
Prices to suit the times.  
**P. H. TRAIOR,**  
68 Kent St., opp. Rocklin House.  
April 2—3m eod

## Notice to the Public!

**SUPPLIES** for the "Soup Kitchen" will reach the Committee if left at the Store of Mr. Alex. Horne, Corner of Queen and Fitzroy Streets.  
Donations of money will be thankfully received by them through Dr. Dodd and Mr. J. Quirk.  
N. B.—Food for the sick carefully prepared by the Committee.  
Nov. 30, 1877.

## BOOK & JOB PRINTING!

neatly and expeditiously executed,  
AT THE "EXAMINER" OFFICE  
under the careful supervision of  
**J. W. MITCHELL.**  
We are now in a position to execute orders for all kinds of Printing, such as

LETTER HEADS,  
BILL HEADS,  
CIRCULARS,  
CARDS,  
PAMPHLETS,  
DODGERS,  
HANDBILLS,  
POSTERS,  
AND ALL KINDS OF  
**Bank and Legal Blanks,**  
&c. &c. &c.  
AT MODERATE PRICES.  
Office:—Ings' Old Stand,  
Corner Great George and Water Streets.

## KING SQUARE HOUSE!

GENTLEMEN  
Are Invited to Call and Look at

## NICE NEW CLOTHS JUST OPENED UP

Our Tailoring Department.

## LATEST PATTERNS! EXCELLENT VALUE!

## BEER & SONS.

Ch'town, March 23, 1878.

## Cloths and Clothing!

Ready-made or Made to Order.

## JUST RECEIVED A Very Large Supply of READY-MADE CLOTHING!

HATS, CAPS, TIES, SCARFS, SHIRTS, &c.,  
Tweeds, Coating and Cloths.

Buyers before leaving their measures or orders elsewhere, should inspect our Stock and Prices.  
**ROBERT ORR & CO.**  
Charlottetown, March 18, 1878.

## NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

### THE SITUATION.

From the Daily Patriot.  
St. PETERSBURG, April 24.  
General Milieton is to take command of the army of the Caucasus, and General Kauffman will become Minister of War.  
Great preparations for war are being made in Asia. Twenty-five regiments of Cossacks are to be levied.  
Twelve Russian engineer officers, who were lately at Rome, have started for the Suez Canal and the Persian Gulf.  
The fore-posts of the Russian army are within twenty-four hours' march of Bucharest.  
The Mussulman insurrection extends over one thousand square miles, from Tartar Bazarjik and Philippolis to Gumuldz, China and Scherman. This insurrection has been caused by the intolerable oppression of the Russo-Bulgarian regime.  
A battle was fought near Demotica on the 18th. The Russians lost five hundred men, including eight officers.  
The demand for reinforcements has greatly reduced the garrison of Adrianople and Philippolis.  
VIENNA, April 24.  
Russia fearing that the Turks will permit England to occupy the forts on the Bosphorus in the event of war, has asked Germany to guarantee the line of demarcation during the negotiations. Bismarck is considering this request.

### Alleged Interview with Ignatieff.

The Herald correspondent at St. Petersburg telegraphs that he had a conversation with General Ignatieff in which the General summed up the political situation as follows: "England continues to show her teeth. Austria is almost appeased. England wishes to act only by diplomacy and refuses to declare war openly. Italy's interests demand strict neutrality. France had a tendency towards England, but the President and chiefs of the army want to remain quiet and keep on good terms with Russia. To sum up, the chances of an understanding are increasing gradually but slowly. We must wait for some time for a solution. The Congress will perhaps be replaced by arbitration with England, but nothing positive can be said on that point yet."

### The Attitude of England.

Says the London "Spectator":—"It should be noted that while the Press of the Continent is almost unanimous in praising England for threatening Russia, no Continental Power has as yet shown any willingness to take serious part in a war with that country. The idea obviously is that if England will do the whole work, that will be very pleasant, and the foreign Powers will look on complacently. We believe there is a feeling on the Continent, which explains a great deal of this attitude—namely, a kind of indignation that England alone in the world should be free from the miseries of war. England, once remarked an Italian of importance, 'England is too damn comfortable!' and the remark roughly embodies Continental feeling. It was displayed in the same way just before the Abyssinian Expedition. 'Ah!' said the French journalists, not ill pleased, 'England also is now to have her Mexico. We did not have one, and may escape one this time, but to quote lists of the journals which are patting us on the back is rather undignified.'"

### The English Budget.

It appears, from the Budget statement of the Chancellor of the Exchequer, that the total revenue was estimated at £79,146,000 and it had produced £79,763,298. The total expenditure was £78,903,495. With regard to the vote of credit of six millions, three and a half millions had been expended, which created a deficit of £2,640,000, to meet which the Government had issued Exchequer bonds for £2,750,000. The deficit Parliament would have to meet for the present year was estimated at £5,300,000. To meet this he proposed to add 2d per £1 to the income tax, to impose an additional duty of 4d per pound on tobacco, and to raise the dog tax from 5s to 7s 6d; but a shepherd should be entitled to keep one or two dogs free of taxation. He expected thus to increase the ways and means of the year by £3,750,000, which would leave £1,550,000 for the following year. On the resolution as to the tobacco duties, Major Nolan divided the House against the proposed increase of 4d per lb., but the resolution was adopted by 204 votes against 24. The resolution of the income tax was likewise agreed to, and that as to the dog tax was postponed.

In the American Congress, the movement to do away with the national bankrupt law is so strong, that its success this session is generally expected. There are, in several of the States, bankrupt laws which were suspended by the National Act, and which would be immediately revived by its repeal, thus bringing back all the old confusion and annoyance from different State laws that the Act was designed to remedy. It is said that meantime many persons who desire to avail themselves of the national law are hurrying up to "get through" ere it be too late.

## GENERAL NEWS.

A new conflict is threatened between the Catholic Church and the Brazilian Government.

It is thought probable the first-class of the British naval reserve will shortly be called out.

The Messrs. Rothschild, of London, have taken ten million of the new 4½ per cent. bonds of the United States.

Greece is making vigorous preparations for war. She can now furnish 100,000 soldiers and 10,000 sailors.

Information has been received at Washington that Minister Foster recognized the Mexican Government on the 9th inst.

A serious riot is reported near Glasgow, some miners on a strike attacking sheriff's officers who were serving notices of ejectment.

The International Sunday School Convention, which has been in session at Atlanta, Ga., this week, decided to hold the next meeting in this city.

The Toronto "Leader," aptly characterizes the proposed duty on flour—proposed by Brown, and seconded by Ross—both Ministerialists—as "this strange semi-Governmental proposition."

The Speaker of the English House of Commons has just deposed before a Parliamentary Committee that a six months' session is not sufficient to enable the House to go through the greater pressure of Parliamentary business.

A communication has been received at Washington addressed to the President and Congress from the Bordeaux Chamber of Commerce, intimating that a lower duty on French wines would tend to increased commercial intercourse between the United States and France.

The financial losses of Russia during the war have been enormous. Eight hundred million roubles were spent in preparing for and conducting the war, and by the time the troops are back, this sum will have swelled to 850,000,000 roubles. The war has thus increased the Russian debt by nearly one-half.

Two diametrically opposed opinions are already showing themselves in regard to the cadets of the Military College. Sir John Macdonald would like to see as many of them go into the British Army as possible. Mr. Jones suggests that this might soon cause opposition on the ground that Canada should train cadets for herself and not for the empire.

Jeanne Donst, born in 1870, is attracting attention in Paris as a musical prodigy. At a recent concert she played pieces by Mozart, Mendelssohn, Chopin, Schumann and Sebastian Bach, not only with extraordinary mechanical facility, but with intelligence that would have done credit to far older performers. The other day she performed, accompanied by a full orchestra, Mozart's ninth concerto by heart.

From Washington comes serious news, if well founded. In official circles at the capital there is some fear that the labor riots of last year may be resumed the coming summer with even greater violence. It is said they broke out last summer prematurely, and there is a suspicion that preparations have been made to renew the attack on property and business with better organization.

English farmers are rejoicing in the prospect of the first good season they have had for four or five years. Accounts from all parts of Great Britain agree in saying that the land was never in better order, and that the spring crops were never put in with a better chance of success. Grain is cheap, but the farmers do not hold much of it, while stock is very dear, notwithstanding that there is an enormous lot of roots left over.

The "Times," commenting on a despatch from St. Petersburg to the effect that Germany's mediation is likely to be successful, says:—"We cannot afford any more engagement of an imperfect accuracy. It is necessary, therefore, for the present to entertain with reserve the encouraging hopes held out to us by the mediation now offered and, however, hopeful may have been the preliminary interchange of views, it will also be necessary for our Government to consider with great care the specific proposition which is made to them. No alarm need be aroused by the proclamation of the Queen prohibiting the export of war material as the prohibition is a necessary precaution so long as we are compelled to contemplate the possibility of having to assert our interest by force."

The appetite of Europe is of some consequence to the United States. In addition to the vast quantities of grain exported thither we have the following "animal products" during a single month, February: Bacon and hams, 90,342,777 lbs.; pork, 5,064,115 lbs.; pickled beef, 4,995,950 lbs.; fresh beef, 4,894,514 lbs.; lard, 41,865,433 lbs.; butter, 721,464 lbs.; and cheese, 3,338,722 lbs.—the aggregate value, including tallow, amounting to \$13,655,218. The exports from New York during the month were as follows: Of bacon and hams, 61,232,994 lbs.; of pork, 4,097,606 lbs.; of pickled beef, 3,081,905 lbs.; of fresh beef, 4,072,464 lbs.; of lard, 33,846,383 lbs.; of butter, 575,193 lbs.; and of cheese, 3,273,766 lbs.—the aggregate value, including tallow, being \$9,734,025.