



Pays to Buy at Perkins'

**WHITE GOODS SALE**

Begins To-day

Our annual white goods sale commences to-day. We've been preparing for this sale for months back and we are now ready with the finest stock and lowest prices in the city. Read on.

**CORSET COVERS.**

- White cotton, untrimmed, good fitting, size 32 to 38, price.....15c
- Fine white cotton with white lawn frills size 32 to 38, price.....2.
- Extra English cotton, trimmed round neck and sleeves with white hamberg, price.....38c
- Fine English cotton, trimmed round neck and sleeves with white hamberg, pearl buttons size 32 to 40, price.....50c
- White lonsdale with muslin frills edged with valenciens lace and galeon finish, price.....75c
- Fine quality cotton with yoke of all embroidery and torchon insertion, trimmed round neck and sleeves with torchon lace, price.....\$1.15
- Queen's cloth with torchon lace and insertion and baby ribbon, price.....\$1.50

**NIGHT GOWNS**

- Good quality, white cotton, tucked yoke, trimmed with torchon edging, price.....59c
- Fine cotton, empire style, yoke and reverse of embroidery, white lawn frills and galeon finish, price.....95c
- Queen's cloth, empire style, frills on neck and sleeves, edged with embroidery and galeon finish, price.....\$1.35
- Fine lonsdale, empire style, finely tucked yoke, deep frills of embroidery, price.....\$2.25
- Extra fine lonsdale, wide sailor collar, trimmed with insertion with wide frills of hamberg, price.....\$3.50

**SKIRTS**

- Good cotton, wide hems, with three rows of tucking, price.....45c
- Fine cotton, deep frills of embroidery, five rows of tucking, price.....90c
- Fine English Cotton, deep frills of embroidery, six rows of tucking, price.....\$1.15
- Extra fine cotton, with three tucks and frills of torchon lace, price.....\$1.55
- Queen's cloth with deep frill of same, insertion setting, deep frill of embroidery on bottom, finished with feather galeon, price.....\$2.10
- Queen's cloth, three rows of tucking, deep frill of embroidery, finished with feather galeon, price.....\$2.25

**DRAWERS.**

- Drawers with frill of lace, price 25c
- Fine cotton, three tucks, frill of embroidery, closed, price 45c
- Fine cotton, three tucks, frill of embroidery, finished with feather embroidery, closed, price 45c
- Fine cotton, 2 rows of tucking and embroidery frills with feather galeon, closed, price 55c
- Extra cotton, 5 tucks with frill of cotton and lace insertion, finished with feather galeon, price 58c
- Extra fine cotton, five tucks and embroidery frills, finished with feather galeon, price 75c
- Queen's cloth, 5 rows of tucking deep frill of torchon lace, finished with feather galeon, price 85c
- Queen's cloth, three rows of tucking embroidery insertion with frills of embroidery, price \$1.15
- Queen's cloth, two rows of tucking torchon insertion, frills of torchon lace finished with galeon, open, price \$1.50

**F. Perkins & Co**

We anticipate a visit from you.

**THE DAILY EXAMINER**

JANUARY 30, 1900

**SITUATION IN SOUTH AFRICA.**

SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE for February contains a number of excellent articles. Among them is one entitled the First Stage of the Boer War, written by Mr. H. J. Whigham, in the British camp at Modder River. Mr. Whigham first describes the military situation immediately after the invasion of Natal and Cape Colony by the Boers, and says:

"With practically the whole Natal army locked up in Ladysmith the Boers had a somewhat merry time on the Cape Border. Twenty-five thousand men may seem a large army to defend the Queen's possessions in South Africa when the casual observer is using a small-scale map and regards Natal and Cape Colony as one and the same thing. In reality they are as distinct as France and Poland, and even if Sir George White had not been locked up by the Boers, he could in no way have reinforced the troops at the Cape.

"There is no line of railway from Maritzburg to Cape Town except by way of Johannesburg, which obviously was out of the question. In order to get from Durban in Natal to anywhere in Cape Colony you must embark at Durban and go by sea to East London or Port Elizabeth, and go by train from there to your destination. De Aar, for instance, is as far from Maritzburg as New York is from Havana, and by no means as easy of access. In a word, as soon as President Kruger began his attack we were fighting two distinct campaigns, in both of which we were heavily outnumbered and were further handicapped by fighting in a country which was nominally our own, but whose partial hostility was only half concealed. The Cape Boers were only waiting for the cat to jump and already might have risen if it were not for the difficulties in the way of concentration. The railways, the only means of rapid movement, were still in our hands and they lacked a leader. In the meantime, Kruger, with his ally, Steyn, held the inside position, and while absolutely safe from invasion himself, could use his whole available force to overrun British territory and work his sweet will upon the inhabitants. We were not even strong enough to seize the two railway bridges, which cross the Orange River into the Free State, the main arteries by which the Boers were able afterward to pass to and fro between Cape Colony and their own country. We could not, moreover, play them at their own game and arm every burgher in the two colonies against them. For various reasons the British government refused to call out the burghers and even used the ordinary colonial troops very sparingly until they found that irregular mounted infantry were practically indispensable."

Referring to the initial difficulties overcome by the British, Mr. Whigham remarks:

"Supposing Chamberlain had forced matters to an issue three months sooner and put an army corps on the sea in July, Natal and the Cape would have been even worse off than they are now. Kruger would have invaded Natal as soon as the order was given to mobilize our army corps, and Joubert would not have found 16,000 men north of Maritzburg when he descended upon Dundee.

"Indeed the Government did a clever piece of work in getting so many men into Natal as they actually did before hostilities began.

"As I write it is just six weeks since the fateful 9th of October. Yet in that time an army corps of 30,000 men has been organized with its attendant force of 5,500 cavalry, and troops for the line of communications to the extent of 10,000. A force, that is, easy of some forty-five thousand fighting men has been mobilized with every possible sort of provision for their comfort, has been put on the sea in thirty transports, and of that force a whole division is to day, on the banks of the Orange River, ready to strike for Kimberley, having travelled 6,000 miles by sea

and nearly six hundred miles by land, over a single line of railway through the parched and pathless Karroo."

He continues:

"When it is considered that this is by far the largest force that has ever crossed the sea since the days of Xerxes, and is besides the largest British force that has ever taken the field anywhere in the history of the nation, it must be admitted that the War Office and the whole system have covered themselves with glory at least up to the present time. For it is one thing to move troops by land and sea; it is quite another to move 50,000 men into what is practically a desert, and keep them perfectly supplied with food and the other necessities of life. In this regard the Army Service Corps has done extraordinary work. Before a regiment of the army corps landed there was a million pounds' worth of supplies at De Aar, within sixty miles of the Orange River, and that in spite of the fact that two months ago the Army Service Corps was not even equipped with half its complement of horses."

Mr. Whigham points out that "the Orange Free State has two natural defences in the Drakensburg Mountains to the east and the Orange River to the south. It would be practically impossible to force the mountain passes, if the Boers made the slightest effort to hold them, consequently it may be taken for granted that to invade the Free State at all one must cross the Orange River." Fortunately the brigadier De Aar is in British hands and General French commands the bridge at Colesburg.

**NOTABLE INCREASES**

The debt of Canada was \$258,497,432 in 1896 and \$266,273,46 in 1899,—increase \$7,776,014.

The ordinary expenditures of the (Conservative) Government of Canada in 1896 amounted to \$36,946,42 and the ordinary expenditures of the (Liberal) Government of Canada in 1899 amounted to \$41,903,500,—increase \$4,954,666.

The taxes levied in 1896 amounted to \$27,739,285, and in 1899 to \$34,958,069,—increase \$7,218,784.

**A CORRESPONDENT'S OPINION.**

The London correspondent of the New York Tribune, Mr. I. N. Ford, writes:

"It is premature to forecast the ultimate fulfilment of Bismark's reputed prediction that South Africa would be the grave of the British Empire. It is enough to record another melancholy mound in the cemetery of British reputation. Among the boulder-littered kopje Buller's prestige has been buried by this utter failure of a singularly brilliant and most promising turning movement, which was ended in retreat, without a single great battle. He has played for high stakes, lost Ladysmith, and won nothing. His own army was not strong enough for the work, and the enemy was too well entrenched in an impregnable position. Warren also has clouded his fame by lack of success at a moment when he appeared to be training British soldiers in practical methods of warfare with a wily and resourceful foe.

It now remains for Roberts and Kitchener to prove whether they can escape the terrible mortality among the British military reputations. They are not responsible for Buller's campaign in Natal, which was planned before their arrival in South Africa. Upon them now rests the full burden of the deliverance of England from a disastrous war, since Buller has completely broken down and scattered the army.

—According to advices received at Vancouver from the Far East, many of the Japanese newspaper are predicting an early war with Russia. The Japanese troops, it is stated, are ready to resist a possible attack.

**MEETING AT CLIFTON.**

Messrs P. A. Patriquin and Jeremiah S. Clarke kept their appointment at Clifton Hall on Saturday night. The weather was very unfavorable and the roads bad, but the interest in the work was shown by thirty-four being present. Mr. McLeod was appointed chairman.

Mr. Patriquin in his address gave some reasons why P. E. Island farmers could grow fruit successfully with other farm products. They could work so as to receive much more money from the orchard than from any other equal area where other crops grow. He said that the Island soil was almost the same as that of Sparr Point, N. S., and that the climate was practically the same. Last apple season five farmers living together at Sparr Point had a crop of 8,000 barrels, selling at an average of \$2 per barrel. There was good reason to believe that farmers here would be receiving as much for fruit in twenty-five years as any other country if they would but go to work in the proper way. Mr. Patriquin spoke for an hour and gave much valuable instruction to his hearers. He answered questions at the close of the address.

Messrs. Marks, Whitehead and others also spoke.

The black knot on plum trees was discussed. Mr. Patriquin much regretted the slack enforcing of the law respecting it.

In regard to the packing of fruit, Mr. Patriquin said that cleanliness was a great requirement. He advised the top layer to consist of well-colored and of medium sized apples, and, if nothing else, to be a true sample. The adaptability of the varieties on the Island was fully discussed.

A vote of thanks was moved by Mr. Whitehead and seconded by the chairman.

**LUCKY OWEN SOUND MAN.**

Charles T. Bye Escapes from Almost Certain Death.

OWEN SOUND, Jan. 30.—Mr. Chas. Bye, of this town has escaped from the hitherto inevitable consequences of Diabetes. He has had this fatal disease for three years and has been treated by various physicians in vain.

Diabetes is next to Bright's Disease the most fatal form of Kidney Disease. Few people had ever escaped, once its clutches had been fastened upon them, until the discovery of Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I read of the wonderful cures Dodd's Kidney Pills had made, and concluded to test them myself. I have finished three boxes and am completely cured. Dodd's Kidney Pills should be in every household."

NO AMOUNT of brilliant advertising will make a fraud finally successful. Men are fools to try it. As for us we merely tell a true truth and say Adamson's Botanic Balsam is splendid for coughs, 25c. All druggists.

On Monday, the 12th day of February, 1900, carpenters will begin to work in our main store. We want to get the goods now in our dress goods shelves somewhere, where they won't get destroyed. We think the best place to store them is in the homes of our customers. How to get them there is the question. If they remain with us after the carpenters visit they will be worth 25 per cent to 33 1/3 less. We have due on \$3,000,000 worth on hand. Every piece has been gone carefully over and the price giving ticket attached. Now ladies, come along and see the reductions they will surprise you. The remodeling sale will only last till Saturday, the 10th at 10 p. m. It begins Tuesday, at 9 a. m. sharp. This sale is for spot cash only.—Jas. Paton & Co.

**Come in and Read**

P. E. I. clergymen's testimonials to the wonderful cures made by

**.. OXYGENATOR ..**

Nature's Perfect Blood Purifier cures all chronic Diseases. For sale only at

**Macdonalds Drug Store**

Cor. Kent and Great Geo. Sts. NIGHT BELL TELEPHONE.

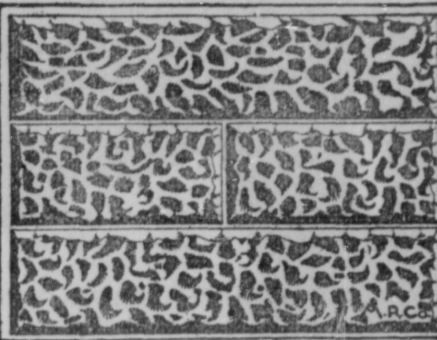
Your Kind Attention to our December 31s Account will oblige us.

**HASZARD & MOORE**  
SUNNYSIDE.

**DR. CLIFT**

cures CHRONIC-DISEASES and RUPTURE by Salsbury treatment. Send stamp, for information, or call at Truro, Nova Scotia, Office Merchants' Bank of Halifax Building

**Are you Building?**  
Why not use our **Rock Faced Stone**  
Steel Siding, Galvanized or Painted.



It makes a wonderfully durable and economical covering for new buildings, or for improving old ones. Gives a most handsome effect—is very easy to apply—offers fire proof protection—and can't be penetrated by dampness. By deciding in its favor you'll get the best results, at least expense. Write us if you're interested, we'll send full information.

METALLIC ROOFING CO., Limited  
Manufacturers, Toronto.

**St Peter's Schoolroom**

**Boys Brigade**

Tuesday, January 30, 1900.

**St. Peter's Schoolroom.**

**PROGRAMME.**

- Address.....Col. Moore
- Boys Drill.....The Brigade
- Instrumental trio.....Mandolins & Banjo
- Reading.....Miss Sayre
- Vocal Solo.....Mr. Leslie Cooke
- Inst. Solo.....Prof. W. Watts
- Reading.....Miss Helen Anderson
- Vocal Duett.....Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Moore
- Vocal Solo.....Rev. J. W. Geddry

- Recitation.....Miss Enid Maclean
- Vocal Solo.....Mrs. Watts
- Inst. Solo.....Prof. Vintoncomb
- Reading.....Rev. Leo Williams
- Vocal Solo.....Mr. Chas. Earle
- Inst.....The Messrs. Payne
- Vocal Solo.....Mrs. S. C. Moore
- Vocal Duett.....Messrs. O'Brien & Sons
- Boys' Drill.....The Brigade

Doors open at 7.30. Concert commences at 8 o'clock. Admission 20 cents. Best of home-made candy for sale during intermission.

**YOU TAKE**

no chances in buying your Bread, Pastry and Cakes at Stewart's Bakery.

**Everything is of Best Quality**

We have to day—Doughnuts, 10c per doz Rock Cakes, 10c per doz Lemon Tops, 10c per doz Cream Pies 12 and 15c Coconut Pies, 15 and 20 Mince Pies, 10c Apple Pies, 10c, etc. And all kinds of Plain and Fruit Cakes from 16c to 20c per lb.

TELEPHONE 98.  
**D. Stewart**  
EQUIP BAKERY  
BAKES BEST BREAD.

**HILLSBORO**

**RINK**

**AFTERNOON SKATING**

Tuesday and Friday, 2.30 to 5.30; Saturday, 3.30 to 6, with band until further notice.

**EVENING SKATING**

Monday and Thursday 8 to 10. Band in attendance. Coupon Books now on sale, 5 skates for one dollar.

B. C. PROWSE, } Manager  
E. H. BEER, }

**NOTICE.**

Notice is hereby given that the Annual General Meeting of the shareholders THE EXAMINER Publishing Company, will be held at the office of THE EXAMINER newspaper, on Wednesday, the 31st day of January, inst, at 8 o'clock, p. m. A. IN'N, Secy.

**Silverware for the Table**

Durable Table Ware is the only kind you will find in our stock, and our prices are no more than they should be for the good quality we offer.

You might gather many articles from this stock that would greatly aid in beautifying your table, or that would make very acceptable gifts.

- Baking Dishes
- Hot-Water Jugs
- Cake Baskets
- Spoons and Forks

Call and inspect our stock, the prices we ask will meet your views of economy.

**W. W. WELLNER**

Jeweler and Engraver.

**CARD!**

**DR. H. L. DICKEY**

(Late Chemical Assistant at Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital, Moorfields, and Central London Throat and Ear Hospital)

**SPECIALIST—Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.**

OFFICE—Cameron Block  
RESIDENCE—Richmond Street, West.  
OFFICE HOURS—9.30 a. m. to 1 p. m. 2 to 4 p. m.  
Evenings by appointment  
Eyes Tested and Fitted With Glasses.



**A Mark of Value**

The signature on any article is the stamp of its value.

**IN MUSIC**

right quality is more essential than all else. You start right if you have an instrument of proper character—

**YOU WILL**

be safe if you have one of our instruments—we guarantee them all.

**WE WILL**

be pleased to have you call and examine—you don't have to buy.

**Miller Bros,**

Queen Street,  
Cannolly's Building.



**IT'S HIGH QUALITY**

not because it's from the top shelf, but because they are the celebrated Chase & Sanborn's brand of coffees.

It's the same in every department of our store—best stock of highest quality, always.

**John McKenna**