

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

MARCH 18, 1882.

Calculations and Miscalculations.

The accuracy of the calculations of the Government, during the past year, is worthy of notice. In his Budget speech for 1881, Mr. Sullivan estimated that revenue and expenditure would probably come out about square at the end of the year. Instead of this, however, there is a surplus of over \$14,000. This has arisen from an excess of receipts at the Land Office over receipts of 1880 of about \$9,000, and an increase in subsidy on account of population of nearly \$8,000. Without the increase from these sources, revenue and expenditure would have come out just as Mr. Sullivan predicted—about square. No Government could force the increase from these sources. The attempt of the Patriot to make the sum of \$4,436 refunded to duty, in reducing the surplus, is clumsy and contemptible. Of that amount \$1,100 was earned from the Dominion in the maintenance of prisoners, and is not withdrawn from capital; but is paid out of the Dominion Treasury. The balance was withdrawn from land funds and paid to Mr. L. H. Davies, for services rendered several years ago. As this sum appears both in the receipts and expenditure, it does not effect the surplus in any way.

Juggling and Misrepresentation.

The pitiful straits to which the organ of the Opposition is reduced, in regard to the public accounts, is well illustrated in its article of last evening. The Government, it says, have made the Governor "a vehicle for conveying false information to the public," and goes on to charge Mr. Sullivan and his colleagues with practising "juggling and misrepresentation"—all this because they have not deducted nearly all the money received from the Land Office from the amount to the credit of the Province. Did the Davies' Government, in any of their statements, so deduct the land money? If they had, the surplus of \$3,000, about which they boasted in 1877, would have been converted into a deficit of \$75,000, and the enormous deficit of 1878 would have been swelled to the tune of an additional \$54,000. The Patriot is indeed in a tight place when it has to have recourse to this flimsy dodge.

Abolition of the Council.

In his latest work, Mr. Alpheus Todd, the great authority on Parliamentary Government says: "The Legislatures of the different British Colonies, wherever Parliamentary Government is established are, as a rule, composed of two Chambers. The only exception is in certain of the Provinces which are composed in the Dominion of Canada, in view of the limited jurisdiction and functions of these legislative bodies, one Chamber has been accounted sufficient for the purposes of legislation in the Provinces of Ontario, Manitoba, and British Columbia. In Quebec, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island, the question of abolishing the second Chamber is also under consideration; but though the House of Assembly in these Provinces is decidedly in favor of such a modification of the existing constitution, the Legislative Councils have not yet concurred in this opinion. In small communities, and in Provinces where the business of legislature is mainly of a municipal description, experience has shown that two Chambers are cumbersome, and needlessly expensive."

At a special meeting of the Benevolent Irish Society, held in St. Patrick's Hall, this forenoon, the following resolutions were moved by Francis P. McCarron, supported by W. C. DeBrisay and P. C. Kelly, and carried unanimously:

Whereas, The P. E. I. Railway Department has in the past issued return tickets at one fare on the occasion of the gatherings and demonstrations of the various Societies and other bodies in this community; and Whereas, The Benevolent Irish Society, one of the oldest in the Province, being in existence nearly sixty years, applied to the Superintendent of the Island Railway for an extension of the same favor on this, our present annual celebration, and had our application refused; and Whereas, The Minister of Railways and Canals was then immediately telegraphed to, directing his attention to our request, and the only reply received through the Superintendent, Mr. Archibald, was that the Department would issue return tickets at one and one third first-class fare on St. Patrick's Day. It is therefore Resolved, That this Society is of the opinion it had a right not inferior to that of the Caledonian and other bodies for one first-class return fare; that it refuses this contemptible, miserable cheese-paring reduction, and considers it a direct insult to this, the oldest Irish Society in the Province; that we utter our strong condemnation of the parties who are responsible for extracting this Society in a manner so disgraceful; and Further Resolved, That this resolution be published in the newspapers of the Province. JAMES HUGHES, Secretary. Ch'town, March 17th, 1882.

Potato flour, or the dried pulp of the potato, is attaining considerable importance in the arts—so much so, in fact, that in Lancashire, England, some 20,000 tons of it are sold annually, and its market value is stated to be much greater than that of wheat flour. The article is extensively used for sizing and other manufacturing purposes, and, on being precipitated with acid, is converted into starch. After having been calcined it is used with advantage as a dressing for silk.

Lord Justice Cotton, an English judge held in high respect, has lately pointed out that the committing of mere boys for trial at the assizes with all the paraphernalia of a grand jury, judge, jury, &c., is an absurdity, and that they ought to receive instead a sound birching by magistrates' order (as all boys of the higher class do at public schools), and then be discharged. The Home Secretary is to introduce a bill to facilitate this mode of punishment. It is contended that a boy who has once been in goal carries the stigma through life, and too often becomes a hardened miscreant, while a fine is useless, as he cannot pay one.

SEND your orders to G. H. HAZARD for a Bird's eye view of Winnipeg, and see the great city before going West. mar 10 31

Home Rule for Ireland.

A well attended meeting of the different Irish Societies was held on Friday evening, 17th instant, in St. Patrick's Hall, James Byrne, Esq., U. C., President of the Benevolent Irish Society, was called to the chair, and the undersigned was appointed Secretary. Mr. Byrne stated that the object of the meeting was to take into consideration the propriety of giving expression to the feelings of Irishmen here with reference to the political condition of Ireland, and of adopting resolutions requesting the House of Commons of Canada to pass an address to the Queen, praying Her Majesty to release the "Suspects," and grant to Ireland parliamentary privileges similar to those enjoyed in this Dominion. He spoke at some length on the many grievances of Ireland, and felt that a local parliament was the only remedy which would secure peace and prosperity in the country.

Maurice Blake, Esq., read a letter he received from the President of the Irish Society in Ottawa, in which the necessity was urged of the Irish National Societies of the Dominion adopting resolutions wherein the House of Commons would be invited to use its influence by passing an address to the Queen praying Her Majesty to release the political prisoners and grant Home Rule to Ireland.

P. R. Bowers, Esq., introduced, and Hon. Simon Bolger seconded, the following resolutions, which they ably supported in eloquent and stirring speeches, replete with many facts proving Ireland's capacity for self government:

We, the members of the Irish Societies of Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, this day met together in general assembly, resolve as follows:—

1st, That enjoying, as we do in this Province of Canada, the privilege of Legislative independence in all matters of a Provincial nature, we hail with satisfaction the intimation recently given by the Premier of Great Britain, that he is not adverse to the granting of local self government to the Irish people; and we heartily sympathize with our fellow-countrymen in Ireland, in their efforts for such a measure of constitutional Home Rule.

2nd, We regret extremely that the British Government has imprisoned those recognized as leaders of the Irish people in the present agitation, and believe that the best interests of the Empire will be served by their immediate release.

3rd, That any resolution proposed in the House of Commons of Canada, expressing an opinion that Irishmen in this portion of Her Majesty's dominions earnestly desire such a measure of political reform, will meet with our full accord and sympathy.

Mr. J. W. Mullanly had much pleasure in supporting the resolutions just submitted, and so ably endorsed by the gentlemen preceding him. He drew a picture of the aspect of affairs in Ireland at the close of the eighteenth century, and referred to the causes which led to the loss of her Parliament. He indulged the hope that before the close of another year Parnell and his associates would head an Irish Parliament in College Green.

The above resolutions were then put and carried unanimously. The following resolutions were also agreed to:—

Resolved, That copies of the foregoing resolutions be forwarded to John Costigan, Esq., M. P., and also to the representatives from this Province in the Dominion Parliament, asking their support in the matter.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be sent for publication to all the city papers.

Meeting adjourned. RICHARD WALSH, Secretary. March 18, 1882.

CORRESPONDENCE.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions or statements of our correspondents.

Letters from Mr. H. Coombs.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

DEAR SIR,—The writer, with many others, was surprised that the Benevolent Irish Society have by the Railroad department been placed on a different footing from that accorded to that liberal association known as the Caledonian Club. I think Mr. Editor, the matter can be explained. As is well known, Sir Charles Tupper is just now very busy, and in those cases, or in his absence, matters relating to this and the Intercolonial Railway are often referred to Mr. Schreiber, as many know to their cost. The last named gentleman is cheese-paring incarnated, as for instance, his report on the state of our Island road bed previous to the smash up proves. Now, sir, this whole small-potato business, is just like Mr. Schreiber. Sir Charles Tupper, with all his faults, is confessedly a good business man, and as a matter of dollars and cents this episode is a blunder of the worst kind, but it is just like Schreiber. In fact after reading the correspondence one fancies he has been transported back to the good old times, when a McKenzie was king, and cheese-paring the saving of pennies and the wasting of millions was the order of the day. Yours, etc., HENRY COOMBS.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

SIR,—Can nothing be done to induce the assembled wisdom to take up the culture of potatoes, with a view to their improvement? Our potatoes are the most unsalable in America, and getting worse. A change of seed is imperatively required. The cost to the tax payers need be little, if anything. Let the Government import, say, \$3,000 worth of potatoes, and fix a price on them just sufficient to cover cost. In the poorer settlements leave it optional with the farmer to pay in the fall. The climate of Ireland and the north of Scotland is similar to our Island, no doubt; but Mr. John Hughes, who is now in England, would gladly select some of the best and most valuable varieties. Two or three leading American firms could be got from Maine. My idea is that the kind of seed most likely to thrive here is that grown in a climate as cool, or nearly so, as our own. The Early Rose and Proific are too soft and liable to disease. The Blue Seedlings, Peaches, Snowflake, Scotch, Victoria, and Late Rose, are hardy kinds, and yield largely. I believe most farmers would be glad to change their seed if the opportunity was afforded. There is thousands in it. Yours respectfully, HENRY COOMBS. Ch'town, March 15, 1882.

CRANBERRIES, 10 cents; cheese, 15 and 18 cents; digby herring, 8 cents; at the Family Grocery.—R. K. BRACK. mar 10 31

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

The Budget Debate Still Continues.

Nova Scotia Syndicate.

Mail Service at the Capes.

Special to the Examiner.

OTTAWA, March 18.

The budget debate, which was thought to have been finished yesterday morning, still continues, and Sir John McDonald says it will probably be closed on Tuesday night. The speeches delivered yesterday were all in French. At six o'clock the House adjourned in honor of St. Patrick's Day.

Over one hundred and fifty members of the Dominion House of Commons, visited Kingston Military College to-day, and expressed themselves well pleased with the institution.

Mr. S. H. Holmes, Premier of Nova Scotia, and Wm. McDonald, a member of the Nova Scotia Government, arrived in Ottawa yesterday. They come on business in reference to the Nova Scotia Railway Syndicate.

Mr. Courrier, M. P., is likely to be appointed Postmaster of Ottawa, instead of Mr. Baker, deceased, and ex-Mayor McIntosh, editor of the citizen, will probably run for the House of Commons in this place.

Senator Haythorne, in the Senate, yesterday, asked for information regarding the mail service between Cape Traverse and Cape Tormentine. His remarks in moving for such information is calculated to injure the present couriers.

St. Patrick's Day, in Montreal, Ottawa and Quebec passed off quietly. It was celebrated by High Mass in the forenoon, a concert in the evening, and a general display of bunting in the cities.

GENERAL NEWS.

OTTAWA, March 17.

In the House to-day McCuaig introduced a bill entitled an Act to prevent the amalgamation of Railways directly or indirectly under the contract of the Parliament of Canada, under express provisions in the Act respecting each of the companies amalgamated, and to provide that in no case should such an amalgamation be lawful, unless annual bonuses or privileges of any kind paid or granted to either company by a municipality be previously repaid or restored or the grant for promise thereof cancelled.

The budget debate was resumed by Mr. Landry, who spoke in French on the Government side. Mr. Brehart followed in French speaking against the N. P.

FREDERICTON, March 17.

There was a very large meeting with the St. John members to-day, in which Alderman Smith and Councillor Reynolds expounded the provisions of the Assessment Bill. The Provincial Secretary was in the chair. A telegram giving an outline of the petition against one section of the Bill was read by the Chairman. The delegates were heard thereon as well as on other points. The Portland Councillors and Town Treasurer, Moore, were present. The meeting stands adjourned to hear other persons.

MADRID, March 17.

It is reported that Gen. Hendergast has resigned the Captain Generalship of Cuba, because there are dissensions between the Liberals and Conservatives on the Island.

LONDON, March 17.

In the Commons this evening, a motion of Mr. Gorst (Conservative) praying that the Queen revoke or alter so much of the charter of the Borneo Association as gives an implied sanction to slavery, was rejected by a vote of 125 to 62.

LONDON, March 17.

While a band was parading the streets Dunmanway, Cork, yesterday, the police interfered and cleared the streets with loaded rifles. Several persons were arrested. The day passed quietly in Belfast and Dublin.

LONDON, March 17.

The Daily News says that the suspension of negotiations regarding copyright treaty between England and America is due to a lack of common action among American publishers. In the House of Commons last evening, George Trevelyan, Secretary to the Admiralty, submitted an estimate of the cost of the Navy for 1882 and 1883 amounting to £10,493,991. It was also proposed to spend on the Navy £80,000 more than last year, which increase would be met by further sales of old ships.

COPENHAGEN, March 17.

A Danish polar expedition, to start in July, has been arranged, the Chambers having voted an appropriation for it.

Weather Bulletin.

Probabilities for the next 24 hours for the Maritime Provinces.

TORONTO, March 18—10 a. m.

Strong winds and gales from the northeast and east; snow in the southern portion to day, followed by snow or rain to-morrow.

NOTICE.

The undersigned have entered into Partnership as ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, under the style of

PALMER MULLALLY.

OFFICE—Mrs. O'Halloran's Building, next door to Union Bank, Charlottetown. All law business promptly attended to. Dated March 17th, 1882.

H. V. PALMER, JAS. W. MULLALLY. March 18, 1882—4w, wkly 4w

Heavy Goose Guns.

A FEW MUZZLE LOADING 9 BORE GOOSE GUNS—W. & C. Scott's make—at the London House. G. DAVIES & CO. March 18, 1m

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE

Fire and Life Insurance Company,

OF EDINBURGH AND LONDON,

ESTABLISHED IN 1809.

Subscribed Capital \$ 9,733,352.00 Paid Up Capital 1,216,666.00

TRANSACTS EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

FIRE, LIFE AND ANNUITY BUSINESS

ON THE MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

Losses Settled With Promptitude and Liberality.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Reserved Funds (Irrespective of Paid up Capital) over - \$5,000,000.00

Insurances effected at the Lowest Current Rates.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Accumulated Funds (Irrespective of Paid up Capital) over - \$12,000,000.00

Nine-tenths of the whole Profits of the Life Branch belong to the Assured.

Profits of previous Quinquennium divided among Policy Holders, \$1,158,500.00

New and Reduced Premiums for the Dominion of Canada.

Copies of the Annual Report, Prospectuses, and every information, may be obtained at the

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND BRANCH,

No. 35 Water Street, Charlottetown.

GEORGE W. DEBLOIS,

March 16, 1882—eod GENERAL AGENT

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC

WE beg to announce to the public that we have purchased the good will and interest of OWEN CONNOLLY, Esq., in the Dry Goods business heretofore carried on by him at Charlottetown.

We invite an inspection of our large and varied Stock, especially in the following Departments:

Dress Goods, Silks, Velvets, Shawls, Millinery, Hosiery, Gloves,

Muslins, Shirtings, Sheetings, Linens, Lace Curtains,

Prints, Tickings, Grey and White Cottons, &c.

Cloths, Worsted, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Ready-

made Clothing, Hats, Caps, &c.

Carpets, Oil Cloths, Wall Paper, &c., Cotton Warp, Small Wares, &c.

We have decided to close some very large lots of these Goods at cost to make room for spring importations, and to give bargains in every department.

JOHN MCPHREE & CO.

Charlottetown, March, 1882—wkly

In reference to the above, I do hereby return my sincere thanks to the public for the generous patronage extended to my Dry Goods business at Charlottetown, and take this opportunity of soliciting the same patronage for the above firm in the future.

OWEN CONNOLLY.

MARCH SALE!

CLEARING-OUT PRICES!

J. B. MACDONALD.

7000 yards Grey Gotton, - - 5 cents up. 9000 yards White Cotton, - - 7 " " 8000 yards Print Cotton, - - 5 " " 13,000 yards Ladies Cold. Dress Goods, 8 " " 3000 yards Black & Cold. Cashmeres 22 " " 15000 yards Spring Tweed, - 40 " " 700 yards Table Damask, - 20 " " 600 yards Pillow Cotton,

White Cotton Sheetting, Lace Curtains, Curtain Muslin, Tapestry Carpets, Scotch Carpets, Felt Carpets, Hemp Carpets, Flour Oil Cloth, all widths, and Room Paper.

During the month of March I will give Bargains in every Department. Cash customers will find no cheaper goods in Town.

J. B. MACDONALD.

Brennan's Old Stand, Queen Street, February 23, 1882—wkly, pat pres

MORTGAGE SALE.

TO be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, in front of the Court House in Charlottetown, on TUESDAY, the twenty-first day (21st) of March, A. D. 1882, at 12 o'clock, noon, under a Power of Sale contained in a Mortgage, dated the third day of March, A. D. 1881, and made between Edward Warn, of Charlottetown, aforesaid, and Margaret, his wife, of the one part, and the undersigned, Thomas Lund, of Township Number Sixty-five (65) in Queen's County, of the other part, L.L. that tract, piece and parcel of land, situate, lying and being in Charlottetown, in Queen's County, and being part of Town Lots Numbers Forty-eight and Forty-nine, in the second hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, that is to say: Commencing on the north side of Richmond Street, thirty-eight feet east from the division line, between said Town Lot Number Forty-eight and Town Lot Number Forty-seven in said hundred, and at the south-west corner of a piece of the land hereby described, deced by Mary Alice Alexander to Charles William McCough, by deed bearing date the twentieth day of August, 1872, and duly recorded; thence running northwesterly at right angles with said Richmond Street for the distance of one hundred and sixty feet (160) or until it meets the southern boundary line of Town Lot Number eighty-five (85) in the second hundred; thence running northwesterly along the last mentioned line and the southern boundary line of Town Lot Number eighty-six in said hundred for the distance of sixty-nine (69) feet, thence running southeasterly at right angles with said Richmond Street for the distance of one hundred and sixty feet, or until it meets said Richmond Street, and thence southwesterly along said Richmond Street for the distance of sixty-nine (69) feet to the place of commencement, together with all buildings and improvements thereon, and appurtenances thereto belonging.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. Palmer & McLeod, Solicitors, Charlottetown. Dated February 3rd, A. D. 1882. THOMAS LUND, [ma 18] Mortgagee.

GRAND CONCERT

THE Choir of the B. C. Church, assisted by some of the ablest talent in the city, will give the Concert of the Season in the

HALL OF THE Y. M. C. A.,

Wednesday, 29th of March.

Proceeds in aid of the Church Fund. Programme will be published in a few days. Tickets 25 cents, to be had at the door. March 16, 1882.

OLD BANK PAPER

TAKEN AT FACE for Furniture, Side Boards, Bedsteads, Sofas in H. C. Lounges in Rep, Parlor Sets, Stoves, Winches, Windows, Doors and Sashes, 200 Mackerel Barrels, 50 Pork Barrels; Carriages, Wagons, Harness, Sleighs, Horses, Cows; 100 boxes Herring, saffers, Dyes, Copperas, Cheese, Beans; quarter ton Clinch Rings at half price, Cooley Creamery, Children's Carriages, Carts, Trolleys, Dried Apples, Pedlar's Wagons; 1 American Built Barouche, s-44 by judges to be one of the best on the Island; Covered Sleigh, just the thing for an invalid, or for stormy weather, at H. COOMBS. March 16, '82—31

NOTICE.

THE business heretofore carried on by Mr. Robert Bridges will, from date, be carried on by the undersigned, under the name and style of A. L. BRIDGES & Co.

March 1, 1882—tf A. L. BRIDGES. [m13]

Hake and Codfish.

FOR SALE— 100 quintals good HAKE, 50 quintals CODFISH. DOYLE & McBRIDE. Squire, March 2, 1882—1w eod

SCHOONER FOR SALE.

I NOW OFFER the Clipper Schooner CITY POINT, 50 tons, at private sale, as she now lies at Queen's Wharf, Charlottetown. Apply to A. Kennedy & Co., for particulars, or to the owner at Bay View, New London, Feb. 28, 1882. ROBERT D. McLEOD.

THE place to get your Printing done is at AL. DEAN'S PRINTING ROOMS

WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.

WANTED—A good plain Cook. Apply at Admiral Bayfield's. [mar 18tf]

FOR SALE—17 Goose Decoys, in perfect order. Apply to S. DAVIES, West Street. mch17-6t eod

A Second-Hand Piano and Organ for sale cheap. Apply at this office. mch17

TO LET—A house containing eight or eleven rooms, situate on Kent Street, half of the subscribers premises. Rent moderate. Apply to Francis McRory. mar 7 eod

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, an experienced Nurse Good references required. Apply to Mrs. Freenan, Brighton, or at Admiral Bayfield's, Queen Street. [ma 3]

WANTED—At the "Lorne Restaurant, a good smart cook (one used to Restaurant cooking preferred). The highest wages will be paid to the right person. [fe 27 eod tf]

FOR SALE—The complete edition (2 vols.) of Picturesque America, new, handsomely bound, cost \$18 per vol., will be sold at a bargain. Apply at this office. [m12 2w]

TO LET—The second story of the Brick Building, on Queen Street, lately occupied by the Orange Hall. It is conveniently situated and well adapted for a Lawyer's office. Apply to Mrs. ORR, Queen Street. [fe 14 2w]

FOR SALE—A Breach-Loading Gun, 10 gauge, rebounding lock, susp action. Apply at this office. [fe 12 2w]