THE DAILY EXAMINER.

MAY 12, 1887.

The Queen's Jubilee.

It is pleasing to hear that arrangements for the proper celebration of the Queen's Jubilee are being made, and that there will, in all probability, be a great turn out in Charlottetown. One of the best propositions we have heard respecting it, is to have a Trades procession in which the various trades shall unite to honor the Queen and show in a practical way what they can do and how they do it in this fiftieth year of Her Majesty's reign. The spectacle of workers in iron, and wood, and wool, and cloth, and leather, and paper, carrying on their work, in carriages drawn through the streets, with implements and appliances of the latest invention, will be novel, instructive, and in the highest degree interesting. The last Trades procession we witnessed was in St. John on the occasion of the Dominion Exhibition, and we have ever since had a higher opinion and more definite idea of the capabilities of St. John as a manufacturing town. The cotton mills, furniture factories, iron foundries, tailoring and shoe making manufactories, printing offices, etc. formed in one long procession,—the leaders on horse back, numbers of the men walking and bearing the badges or implements of their calling, others drawn in open carriages, by the best horses to be found, engaged in the operations of their respective crafts,—sewing machines, turning lathes, printing presses, etc., all running and turning out specimens of the handicraft of the town—was an exhibition of surpassing interest,—a splendid object lesson not easily forgotten.

Of course we, in Charlottetown, can not hope to make such a long or fine trades' procession as was made in St. John. But the tradesmen of this town can, if united and willing, make up a trades procession which will surprise and please the thousands who will witness it, and may, perhaps, surprise as well as gratify themselves. It is truly said that half the world doesn't know how the other half lives; it is equally certain that one half the town has not the faintest conception of how the other half works. We often hear people express wonder how so many people can live comfortably in Charlottetown. A trades procession will show how. As a rule, it is by work that men live; and our working artisans are the life of the town. If they show themselves in force in a trades procession people will then see how the town is kept up.

A trades procession to mark the Jubilee of our Queen seems to be peculiarly appropriate; for the reign of no other sovereign, past or present, British or foreign, has been marked by such vast improvement in machinery used by tradesmen as that of Victoria the Good.

Next Year's Expenditure.

Next year's estimates show an increase over this year as follows, and for the causes specified:

Public debt and sinking fund	$ 440,000
Civil government	40,000
Administration of justice	18,000
Legislation	100,000
Experimental farms, on account	80,000
Militia (military schools)	57,000
Ocean and river service	21,000
Subsidies	204,000
Collection of customs	28,000
Excise	14,000
Operating railways and canals	235,000
Post offices (increased facilities)	95,000

The following reductions have been made in the expenditures:

Management of public debt	$ 6,000
Immigration	50,000
Public works	500,000
Mail subsidies	38,000

There are also some smaller items of decrease.

Among the new items of expenditure are the following:

Imperial Institute	$ 97,000
Experimental farms	60,000
Government printing bureau	107,000
Government bindery	21,000

Railway expenditure, capital account to be voted for next year:—

C. P. R. in British Columbia	$ 180,000
I. C. R. Halifax extension	11,000
I. C. R. Moncton, inc'ed accomodation	12,000
I. C. R. Pictou town branch	53,000
I. C. R. rolling stock	318,000
Cape Breton railway	800,000
Canals (including Sault St. Marie $1,000,000)	2,322,000
North Sydney, public building	6,000
Sydney, public building	6,000
Yarmouth, public building	6,000
Charlottetown, public building	13,000
Bathurst, public building	3,000
Dorchester penitentiary	9,000

Appropriations for harbors are asked for as follows:

Cape Tormentine	$100,000
Bay St. Lawrence	2,000
Blue Rock	3,500
Broad Cove	6,000
Cow Bay	11,500
Digby (repairs on piers)	40,000
Arisaig, Bayfield, McNairs Cove	13,000

The increase in the civil government expenditure is in the departments of the interior, post-master general, and privy council. The increase in the administration of justice is owing to the establishment of courts in the Northwest. The increase for legislation is partly due to the franchise act, and for the bureau of agricultural statistics. The miscellaneous items includes the plant for the government printing bureau. The $235,000 for operating railways and canals is nearly all to be expended on extended equipments for the Intercolonial railway system.

The Sussex and Studholm Agricultural Society have delegated two of its members to go to P. E. Island and arrange for the services of a pure-bred Percheron horse, or failing that to buy some Holstein cattle if possible. They have good prospects for getting one or the other, having already had some correspondence.—*St. John Telegraph.*

Mary Queen of Scots.

The above named play drew a very large audience to the Lyceum last evening. Miss Claire Scott assumed the role of Mary Stuart which, to our mind, is the strongest part she has appeared in this week. The Company are, it is generally admitted, the strongest we have had for many a day. The star was all that could be desired, tender, sympathetic, and in the garden scene terribly denunciatory. At the close of the third act Miss Scott and Miss Cody received a hearty ovation, and were called before the curtain. Of the support Mr. S. K. Coburn as Leicester, was strong and self-contained, carrying off well the leading part. Mr. Hayes made a good Mortimer, Mr. Ireson a capital Burleigh, Mr. Neville a fine Shrewsbury, and Mr. Edson an excellent Paulet. Miss Cody as the arrogant Queen, deserves more than passing mention for the way in which she assumed a disagreeable part. The other members of the cast were all that could be desired. To-night the Company present W. S. Gilbert's laughable comedy of Galatea, in which we shall have the pleasure of seeing Miss Scott for the first time in comedy.

Literary Notes.

The May number of *Child Culture*, a magazine devoted to the interests of parents and teachers, is to hand. It is instructive and interesting as usual.

We are in receipt of "Triflet's Monthly Galaxy of Music." It is published by F. Triflet, 408 Washington Street, Boston, at only one dollar a year. The number at hand contains several beautiful songs and instrumental selections.

Wallace's Monthly for May has been received. This excellent monthly is devoted to domesticated animal nature, and gives careful attention to the horse. It is sent by mail for $1.60 a year. Mr. L. S. McLeod of this Province, is one of the editorial contributors.

Wallace's Monthly for May say: "It pays to breed from good stock, and by doing this others will gradually come to see the increased value of such breeding and a general improvement will be noticed. Set your neighbors a good example this spring in the choices of brood mares and stallions."

The universal language called "Volapuk" is already in use by 10,000 people af various nationalities. Its grammar can be learned in an hour. A full account of this new tongue will be given by Richmond Walker in the June number of *The American Magazine*.

Prefers Percherons.

A writer in the *New England Homestead* says: A farmer who raises horses weighing 1,200 to 1,600 lbs. of fair average quality has no difficulty in finding a ready market at good prices. This is no mere theory of mine, as I have raised and sold some fifty horses within the past few years, and the average price was $250, the majority of them selling at one, two and three years old without breaking or handling. To raise horses that would bring me this price I used first-class Percheron stallions to cross on my common and grade mares. A stallion is of little value, to my mind, that must have good mares to cross with. One is needed that will produce a majority of uniform desirable colts with certainty. I have seen Percheron stallions crossed with mares that had invariably dropped unsound colts from stallions of other breeds; also old mares that were blemished and nearly worthless, and I have yet to see an unsound colt from this cross. As a class, grade Percherons are desirable in many respects. Besides being easily disposed of at good prices, they have good dispositions, are easily broken, easy keepers, look well even when very thin, and are the best movers of any cross from a draft breed, a large per cent of them doing ten miles an hour easily.

Who Shall be Bishop?

(*Halifax Herald*)

Episcopalians are eagerly discussing the question of who is the most suitable successor to Bishop Binney. There seems to be a wide difference between the views of the laity and clergy as to the most suitable man; but there appears to be a general concensus of opinion that no local man will be chosen. Though, beyond the fact that prophets have no honor where they reside, no valid reason is given why a resident of the diocese should not be selected. Many names are mentioned, and a good deal of canvassing is already going on. The names most talked of are Rev. Dr. Sullivan, bishop of Algoma; Rev. Wm. Cogswell, whose father and grandfather were episcopal clergymen, and who have rendered over a century of church service; and bishop Lee, of Iowa, who visited the diocesan synod in Halifax at its last session and created a very favorable impression. The name of Dr. Hill has also been frequently mentioned, but his age and the fact that he has left the province tells against him. Some favor Bishop Jones of Newfoundland, but his health is said to be indifferent. On the whole, Rev. Mr. Cogswell seems to have the inside track just now. The Synod will probably be called in a few days; and the prevalent idea is to inaugurate a red letter day in the history of the church throughout the Dominion by laying the corner stone of the new cathedral and consecrating the new bishop on the centennial day of the founding of the first colonial bishopric.

To the Editor of the Herald:—

Sir,—I see in your morning contemporary a letter suggesting the good bishop of Algoma as successor to our lamented chief pastor. Allow me to ask, "Why unsettle a good man who is working well where he *is*, to bring him where he *may not* (I say *may* not for he might, do so well"?

This thing has occurred too often. The square man has been taken out of the square hole that fitted him so perfectly to fill another which he failed to fit, because it was slightly oblong.

I have the pleasure of knowing and honoring Bishop Sullivan, but do not want to rob the diocese of Algoma of its efficient head.

A St. John paper suggests Dr. Hole I see. With all due respect to the newly appointed and zealous rector of St. Paul's, Halifax, I think all will agree that he is too new to the province. Indeed, had he been in the diocese as long as his predecessor (also hinted at by the same paper), I, for one, should object simply because he is in the diocese. I know I shall be met with the cry of "those who have, worked well should be promoted." We are not to consider man's promotion, but God's work. Is there at present any man in this diocese so pre-eminently above his fellows in the needful qualifications of a bishop as to be placed over them in the Lord?

I do say no Nova Scotian should be selected. I think No a Scotians who have knowledge of the work and the experience elsewhere are most suitable to be nominated. There is Heber Bullock, with large outside experience, and of honored name. There is John Storrs, the vicar of perhaps the most important congregation in London, who was found worthy to succeed Dr. Wilkinson when he was made bishop of Truro.

There is William Cogswell, son of an honored sire (once curate of St. Paul's, Halifax) who, with his advantages of double education (if I may so say) at Windsor and Oxford—his private means—his deep piety, his bright loving nature and great tact, would make an admirable bishop. And last, by no means least, Dr. Edgbill, the chaplain general, who though not a Nova Scotian born, knows as much of the church in Nova Scotia as if he were. He, could he be induced to come out, would be a bishop indeed.

Senex.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

To the Insuring Public:

Gentlemen,—The premimums usually charged are well known or may be easily ascertained, but the risk assumed and covered by the companies is not so well known. From the accompanying tables you may learn what it really is worth to a company to cover a risk on any life for the various ages given. (For older ages the cost is on the same basis.) Column (1) indicates the age attained; column (2) indicates the theoretical cost American experience. Commissioner Tarbox says, "Of the companies doing business in Massachusetts with records of from twenty to forty-two years experience, not one has experienced a death rate of within ten per cent. of the expectation."

On page 36 of the 41st annual report of the Mutual Life of New York, which bears date of Jan. 1st, 1884, we find the following statement: "While our death rates have fluctuated during the periods of pestilence by cholera and yellow fever and of war, *yet our losses have never in a single year been so great as the experience tables call for.*"

The Canada Life, which is our oldest Canadian company, has had a mortality during the fifteen years of its experience from April 30th, 1871, to April 30th, 1886, inclusive, i. e., from its 25th to its 39th year of 64.16 per cent, and has in no single year come within eighteen per cent of the theoretical cost to cover its risks, as shown by its reports.

Column (3) indicates the average cost of the Canada Life during the fifteen years from the 25th to the 39th years of its experience inclusive to cover the insurance risk for $1,000 at all the ages given.

Column (4) indicates the total cost to policy holders in the Federal Life on the Homans-plan for $10,000 at each of the ages for the years 1885 and 1886. (Smaller amounts cost in the same ratio.) The extra expense at the issue of the policy is not included; but it is not large and it is payable but once only.

1	2	3	4
20	$7 81	$4 07	$60 00
21	7 86	4 11	60 00
22	7 91	4 16	60 00
23	7 95	4 21	60 00
24	8 02	4 26	60 00
25	8 07	4 32	60 00
26	8 13	4 39	60 60
27	8 19	4 49	61 20
28	8 27	4 60	61 80
29	8 34	4 72	62 40
30	8 42	4 84	63 00
31	8 51	4 97	63 30
32	8 61	5 13	63 90
33	8 71	5 29	64 50
34	8 83	5 46	64 80
35	8 95	5 63	65 40
36	9 09	5 80	66 00
37	9 24	5 98	66 60
38	9 40	6 16	67 50
39	9 58	6 35	68 40
40	9 79	6 53	69 30
41	10 01	6 73	70 20
42	10 25	6 92	71 40
43	10 52	7 13	72 60
44	10 83	7 42	74 10
45	11 16	7 78	75 90
46	11 55	8 27	78 00
47	11 99	8 77	80 40
48	12 51	9 26	82 80
49	13 10	9 77	85 50
50	13 77	10 32	88 80
51	14 53	10 80	92 40
52	15 39	11 36	96 60
53	16 33	11 96	101 10
54	17 40	12 63	105 90
55	18 57	13 40	111 60
56	19 89	14 31	117 60
57	21 34	15 32	124 50
58	22 93	16 42	132 00
59	24 72	17 66	140 10
60	26 69	19 09	149 40

The difference between the theoretical cost and the premiums charged as well as the difference between the actual cost and the theoretical cost can be ascertained by comparing the above figures.

To-morrow I shall have something further to say on this subject.

Very respectfully yours,
H. Sutherland,
Supt. of Agencies.
For The Federal Life Assurance Company.

An Omission.

Sir,—I observe in the contingency account passed by the Legislative Council, there is no sum voted for a law clerk. I understand the Council this last session had a live Judge for their law clerk. The employment of such a distinguished jurist should have been encouraged by a liberal vote for remuneration. It is a pity that this great and good man is compelled to give his valuable services to the public free of charge. Perhaps the Government will *allay* all disappointments by a liberal sum out of the amounts granted under the head of miscellaneous.

Yours, etc.,

Ch'town, May 12, 1887.

Supreme Court.

Tuesday, May 10.

James McBride vs. Merchants Bank of Halifax. This case was tried in Georgetown July term, 1886; verdict for plaintiff. A rule *nisi* was at that time granted for a new trial or non-suit. Mr. McLean and Mr. Hodgson, Q. C., show cause against the rule; Mr. Peters addresses in support of rule. The Court ordered that the rule be made absolute with costs.

Wednesday, May 11.

Edward Chapman vs. John Macdonald—An action of ejectment. This case was tried last Hilary term and a verdict given for defendant. A rule *nisi* was granted for a new trial. Mr. McLean shows cause against the rule. Mr. Warburton and Mr. F. Peters address in support of rule. Court order that a rule for new trial be made absolute.

An application of Annie Macdonald for *certiorari* to remove conviction against her for violation of C. T. Act, 1878, by Neil McQuarrie, S. M., Summerside, James Colwill being prosecutor. On motion of Mr. Hodgson, Q. C., the conviction was quashed.

Thursday, May 12.

John A. Griffith vs. the City of Charlottetown. This case was tried last Hilary term and verdict given for plaintiff for $500. Mr. Hodgson is now showing cause against the rule *nisi* granted last term.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

RANKIN HOUSE.

May 10—Jno Donahoe, Henry Hart, Montreal; A Michals, Halifax; A M Campbell, Tatamagouche. May 11—N J George, Fayetville, Tenn. May 12—F H Bowles, Boston; F Fales, W E Agar, St John, N B; A M Miller, Jas Brennan, Montreal.

REVERE HOUSE.

May 11—A F Higginson, Montreal; A Hart, Halifax; D E Clarke, Orwell; A McMullin, St John, N B.

OCEAN HOUSE.

May 12—J W McPhee, E H Balcom, Halifax; E. Morrissey, J Clarke, Boston; G Panton, Belfast.

Administrator, 357

Standard by Breeding, Performance and Progeny.

WILL be at Newton Large's Stable, Charlottetown—

From Monday afternoon, May 16, until Thursday morning, May 19th.
From Monday afternoon, May 30th, until Thursday, June 2nd.
From Monday, June 20th, until Thursday 23rd June.
From Monday, July 4th, until Thursday, July 7th.
From Monday, July 25th, until Thursday, July 28th.

Administrator is sire of Catchfly, 2.18¼; McMahan, 2.21; Executor, 2.24½; Adjutant, 2.27; Marcus, 2.29½; Memento, 2.32, at 12-years old; Desote, 2.32; Col. Stevens, 2.33¼; Hank Dubois, 2.33; Malden Maid, 2.35½; Adjuster, 2.35; Undine, 2.36; French Lawn, 2.37; Leo, 2.37; Grosvenor, 2.39½; Saul Trial, 2.20; Admiration Trial, 2.22¼; Iola Trial, 2.27½; Vision Trial, 2.28; Arbiter, half-mile trial, 1.12½.

Large prices have been paid for his get; some of which are Daisy Miller, $10,000; $15,000 has been refused for Catchfly; Marcus sold in 1886 for $3,000; Mastiff, in 1886, for $3,000; Administrator sold for $2,000, and others, too numerous to mention, have brought large figures.

J. A. GOURLIE, V. S.

May 12, 1887—2aw tl july1

FOR SALE.

OWING to failing health, the Subscriber offers his GROCERY BUSINESS for Sale. The site is one of the best stands in town for a city and country trade. The shop rent will be moderate and the goods are new and saleable.—A Bargain to a cash buyer. Address:

"GROCERY BUSINESS,
care of Examiner Office."

May 12, 1887—tf

LOST.

A SMALL-SIZED, light red Ox, has some white about face, and two ropes fastened to his horns; was followed to Wright's Bridge, on St. Peter's Road on last Monday night. Any one giving information leading to recovery of the Ox will be suitably rewarded.

JOSEPH GODFREY,
Blacksmith, Steam Nav. Co. Wharf.

May 12, 1887—dy & wy

WANTED.

Three First-Class Vest Makers,
90 CENTS PER VEST.
D. A. BRUCE.

May 12, 1887—tf

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. Inman, *Station D, New York City.*

Seed Wheat & Flour.

ON hand and to arrive:—

100 bags Manitoba White Fife Wheat.
100 do Ontario do do.
100 do do Red Fife Wheat.
100 do do White Russian do.
100 bushels Ontario and Island Timothy Seed.
1000 lbs. Island, Large Late, Red, Alsyke and White Clovers, Flax Seed, Tares, &c.—all very choice.

—ALSO—

FLOUR & CORNMEAL,

A. HORNE & CO.,
UPPER QUEEN STREET.

Ch'town, May 11, 1887—2i wky 3i

Fire Insurance.

Imperial Fire Insurance Co.,
of London.

ESTABLISHED, - - 1830.

Capital Subscribed, £1,600,000 Stg.
Capital Paid Up - - 700,000
Assets - - - 1,581,574

Hartford Fire Insurance Co.,
ESTABLISHED, 1794.

Capital Paid Up - - $1,250,000
Assets 1st Jan., 1887 - - 5,055,946
Net Surplus - - - 1,789,986

Insurance effected at current rates.

FENTON T. NEWBERY,
General Agent for P. E. Island.
Sub Agents:—
J. E. WYATT, Summerside.
J. J. HUGHES, Souris.

Ch'town, April 28, 1887—6i & eod 3wks wky 1mo

TRYON WOOLEN MILLS DEPOT,

Cameron Block, Charlottetown (J. D. Reid's new store.)

Men's & Boys' Felt Hats, 55c, up	Merino & Cotton Linders, 30c, up	Grass Cloths.
White Dress Shirts, 70c, up.	Merino & Cotton Drawers, 35c up	Table Linen.
Regatta and Gingham do 30c, up	Silk & Linen Handkerchiefs.	Linen Doylies.
Merino & Cotton Socks 10c, up	Waterproof Coats.	English Prints.
Silk Scarfs 25c, up.	Waterproof Carriage Aprons.	Cretonnes.
I. R. Braces, 10c, up.	Linen Carriage Wraps.	Furniture Prints.
Linen Collars and Cuffs.	Ladies Silk Umbrellas.	Towels and Towelling.
Cotton Check Shirtings, 10c, up	Gents' Silk Umbrellas.	Turkish Bath Towels.
Gray and White Cottons.	Fine Canadian Tweeds.	Bed Ticking.
Overalls and Jumpers.	Fine Wool Yarns.	Heavy Cottonades, 16c.
Tailors' Trimmings.	Tryon Wool Yarns.	Drills and Denims.
Canton Flannels.		

100 Pieces Tryon Tweeds from P. E. Island,

and Australian Wool that cannot be beaten in the Lower Provinces. For Prompt Payment our prices will be found to be as Low as the Lowest.

CASH FOR WOOL.

Ch'town, May 12—3 mo eod tu thur sat & wky

MANTLES.

French Jeted Dolmans,
Silk Dolmans,
Cloth Dolmans.
Cashmere Dolmans.

FASHIONABLE NOVELTIES.

STOCKINGETTE JACKETS
STOCKINGETTE JACKETS.
STOCKINGETTE JACKETS.

JERSEYS.
JERSEYS.
JERSEYS.

Newest Styles at Lowest Prices.

You are invited to call and examine our large stock in every department.

BEER BROS.

Ch'town, May 9, 1887.

BRITISH WAREHOUSE
83
QUEEN STREET.

EXTENSIVE CASH SALE!

I have decided to close out the whole of my stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, commencing December 15th, 1886, and continuing until the whole is disposed of, at

LARGE DISCOUNTS FOR CASH.

A. L. BROWN.

Ch'town, Dec 14—wkv

King's County Rifle Association

THE Annual Meeting of the above Association will be held at the Montague Range,

On SATURDAY, 14th Inst.,

AT 2 O'CLOCK, P. M.,

for the purpose of appointing officers and transacting other important business pertaining to the Association.

E. STEWART,
Secretary.

Georgetown, May 10, 1887—may11 2i

Sydney and Gowrie Mine Coal

1 cargo Sidney,
1 do Gowrie Mine,
discharging to-day.

An excellent article for house use.

C. LYONS.

May 10, 1887—6i

Furniture, Stoves, Wagons.

I WILL Sell by Auction, at my Salesroom, FRIDAY, 13th inst., at 2 o'clock, parlor, bed-room and kitchen furniture, carpets, crockery, 1 range, No. 8 (Jewel), cook and parlor stoves.

Also—2 Wagons and 1 Vis-a-vis.

G. M. HARRIS,
Auctioneer.

May 10, 1887.—3i

Lorne Hotel Co'y (Limited)

A GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Lorne Hotel Company (Limited) will be held on FRIDAY EVENING the 13th inst., at 7 o'clock, in the office of Messrs. McLean, Martin & McDonald, for the purpose of electing Directors, passing By-laws, and transacting such other general business as the Act of Incorporation requires.

JOHN T. CROCKETT,
JOHN J. DAVIES,
EWEN MCDOUGALL.

May 7, 1887.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A House and Outbuildings and 6 Acres of Land, in good condition, known as "Maryfield," situated on Malpeque Road, adjoining the premises of Malcolm McLeod, Esq. For further particulars apply to J. G. Eckstadt, at St. Vincent's Nursery.

may6 tf

Bags! Bags!

SEVEN THOUSAND new and second-hand BAGS for sale by

HORACE HASZARD.

Ch'town, May 7, 1887—1wk eod

FURNITURE, &c.

I AM instructed by CAPT. MAXWELL to Sell by Auction, at his residence, Fitzroy Street (West), on

Wednesday, May 18th, at 11 o'clock,

Household Furniture, comprising in part Drawing-room, Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Suites, New and Second-hand Carpets (choice).
1 Hall Stove (Sultan), 2 do (Denmark).
3 Parlor Stoves (Standard).
1 Walnut Sideboard (choice).
1 do Bed-room Suit (choice).
1 Book Case and Secretoire (Island Ash).
1 China Dinner Service (choice).
1 China Dessert Service (choice).
A lot Glassware, &c., Kitchen Utensils, complete.
1 Family Phaeton, 2 Sleighs.
1 Jersey Cow (in calf).
1 Brown Mare, 1 set Harness.
1 Riding Saddle, Stable Implements, &c.
1 Hot-bed Frame, 1 Garden Seat, &c.

Furniture on view Tuesday, May 17th, from 10 a. m., to 6 p. m.

A. McNEILL,
Auctioneer.

May 9, 1887.

Trade Sale of Earthenware.

I AM instructed by the P. E. I. Pottery Company to Sell by Auction, on FRIDAY, the 20th inst., at 11 o'clock, at their Warerooms, Welsh's Brick Building, Water Street, their whole stock of Earthenware, consisting of Milk Dishes, Flower Pots, Cream Crocks, Butter Crocks, Pitchers, Stove Stones, &c., &c.

This is a rare opportunity for dealers to secure first-class ware at a bargain.

Terms Easy.

G. M. HARRIS,
Auctioneer.

May 10—tl sale

DWELLING TO LET—The dwelling-house at present occupied by the undersigned, situated on Pleasant Street; possession given 1st May rent moderate. Apply to A. S. Urquhart.

aug23 tf