

THE DAILY EXAMINER.

JULY 5, 1882.

New Rolling Stock for the P. E. Island Railway.

WORK SECURED FOR ISLAND MECHANICS.

HAD the case referred to in the Patriot's leader, yesterday, been put up to tender, as at first proposed, it is rather more than probable the contract would have been secured by some of the extensive car building establishments in other parts of the Dominion which are already provided with all the facilities and materials required in the construction of cars.

The order for the construction of these cars has not, as the Patriot more than intimates, been countermanded.

It is but two days since the appropriation for their construction became available, and already some twelve or fifteen Island mechanics have been employed, and frames for the first five are well under way.

All the lumber for the whole lot is now on hand, seasoned, in the Railway lumber yard; and, with the exception of the oak, which was not to be had here, it was all procured by tender on the Island. Wheels, axles, and springs for twenty-five cars are on hand, and the balance required tendered for. All castings required will be procured in Charlottetown.

It has also been suggested to us that one cannot always hardly, perhaps, tell much about the opinions of Railway Superintendents. But it is sufficient, in this case, to say that during the past year there have been built at the Railway works, by Island mechanics, under Mr. Archibald's directions, some twelve or fifteen box and flat cars, which are as good as any on any railroad, broad or narrow gauge, on this continent.

It will now be in order for the Patriot to tell us what Messrs Brydges and McKechnie's opinion of Island mechanics was when they built at Moncton, in 1876, some fifty-seven cars for this road, out of second-hand material, resulting from the change of gauge on the Intercolonial, and why it did not occur to the Patriot to sympathize with the Island mechanics at that time!

We feel sure the Patriot will also be pleased to learn that every mechanic in the Railway employ, at the present time, is in receipt of higher wages than when under the late Government.

The Ballot Deprivation Question.

WE, in this Province prefer open voting, as the more manly and more moral method; and we choose not to incur the expense every year of costly electoral lists. We have a perfect right to do this; and we have nothing whatever to do with the conduct of Dominion elections.

Yet the Patriot charges the Local Government with being the cause of the want of ballot papers at Eldon and elsewhere.

The Patriot quotes the 4th sub-section of the 28th section of the Dominion Election Act, which provides that,—

It shall be the duty of the Returning Officer to furnish to each Deputy Returning Officer a sufficient number of ballot papers, of the same description, and as nearly as possible to supply the number of electors in each polling district."

The Local Government, knowing that it is the requirement of the Dominion Election Law, put it out of the power of the Returning Officer to supply his Deputy with voters' lists, and also took from the Returning Officer himself the only means known to the Dominion Law of deciding how many ballot papers to send to each polling place.

Strange (isn't it!) that in searching for "the 4th sub-section of the 28th section," the editor of the Patriot had not discovered the 11th section of the Act, which provides against the very contingency which arose in this Province. Here it is:—

"The Returning Officer shall ascertain from the lists of voters, which, under the provisions of this Act, are to be used at the election, and, in Electoral Districts where there are voters entitled to vote, but there are no lists of voters, from such other information as may be within his reach—the number of, or probable number of persons qualified to vote in each city, town, ward, parish, township, local municipality or other locality, where voters are so entitled to vote; and if such city, town, ward, parish, township, local municipality or other locality has not been constituted or subdivided for electoral purposes into polling districts by the Legislature, or by the local authorities under the legislation of the Province wherein such electoral district is situated, or where such subdivision comprises more than three hundred voters, he shall constitute or subdivide the said city, town, ward, parish, township, local municipality or other locality or subdivision, into polling districts in a convenient manner, so that there shall be at least one polling district for every two hundred voters; and he shall also fix a polling station in a central and convenient place in each polling district, and the Returning Officer may in his discretion grant such additional polling places in such polling districts as the extent of the district and the remoteness of any body of its voters from the polling place may render necessary, although the voters thereof may be less than the number above specified."

Who will dare say, after this, that the editor of the Patriot does not scruple to suppress the whole truth where it suits him to do so?

This section shows clearly the duty of the Returning Officer; and in the poll books of the recent local election there was placed within his reach the very information he is required by the law to obtain.

An Unfounded Charge.

THE article in the Patriot, headed "The Partisan Council," is, we are assured, without a tittle of truth. McDougall and King were not policemen; but only acting temporarily. Councillor Chappelle did not solicit the vote of any one on the force.

It was generally understood that King voted for the Government candidates. McDougall's political leanings were unknown. Councillor Chappelle assures us that he never had any conversation, political or otherwise, with McDougall. The assertion that none but "Tories" are employed to perform city work is also a fabrication. Some prominent city officials voted and worked against the Government candidates; and at least two of the three newly appointed policemen are Grits. Therefore, the Patriot's charge of partisanship falls to the ground. We are assured that in the appointment of policemen the recommendation of the Supervisory Magistrate is generally accepted.

Surprising—Very Surprising.

(From the Patriot, with the proper applications.)

We are surprised that Dr. Robertson, (M.P.P.) is not too much of a man, is not too high spirited, to be a party to a contemptible trick, devised by the Grit lawyerlings of Charlottetown, to endeavor to take a seat for which under the law he is clearly not eligible;—especially when he knows that he would never have obtained his majority of 61 votes if the electors had not been misled and deceived as to the true position he occupies. Why does he not, now that the law has been clearly explained to him, submit to the law. To see him try, by illegitimate means, to sneak into a seat for which he is legitimately ineligible, must be most humiliating to anyone who ever formed a good opinion of him. The nullity of his election is a matter that there can be no dispute about. Dr. Robertson owes it to himself and to his friends to make it known that he was not a party to the trick by which it was hoped Messrs. Perry and Robertson could contest the Dominion election and still, in direct opposition and violation of the law, remain members of the Local House of Assembly.

To Shippers.

The following circular has been issued:— "Boston, June 24, 1882.

DEAR SIR,—We beg to call your attention to the fact, that by the Regulations of the United States Custom House, no goods from foreign ports are allowed to be entered or delivered to consignees until bills of lading are produced. You will therefore save much delay and expense if you will promptly send forward to your consignees bills of lading for all goods hereafter sent by our steamers. In cases where merchandise is consigned to order, two copies of bill of lading must be sent to consignees, one for use at the Custom House and the other to the agent of steamer.

We call your attention to the above facts, as in the past, either through carelessness or ignorance, shippers in several instances have suffered serious inconvenience and loss, by not complying therewith. Yours, very truly, W. H. RING, For Boston, Halifax and Prince Edward Island Steamship Line."

Found Dead.

AN INSANE MAN ESCAPES FROM THE LUNATIC ASYLUM, AND IS FOUND DEAD IN THE WOODS OFF NORTH RIVER ROAD.

TEN or eleven days ago, a lunatic named Peter Oliver escaped from Falconwood Asylum. He wandered through the different groves in the Royalty during the disagreeable weather last week, and it is supposed, met his death from exposure and starvation. His body was, yesterday, at 5 o'clock, discovered by Mr. Dickieson, milkman, in a grove on the "Swabey Farm," North River Road. Mr. Dickieson informed the Police of the discovery, and they had the body removed to the Poor House, where it was to-day viewed by the Coroner's Jury who will hold an inquest this afternoon. A post mortem examination was held by Dr. Conroy who will give evidence at the inquest.

The deceased appears to be a man of sixty years of age. He has been a year or more in the Asylum, and, we learn, was pronounced to be a quiet untroublesome patient. The result of the Coroner's inquest will appear to-morrow.

The Egyptian Army.

Should the British Government find it expedient to despatch an army of 20,000 men to Egypt to restore order among the rebellious soldiers of the Khedive, that force could prove more than a match for the Egyptian army as it is at present organized.

The last Khedive, Ismail Pasha, though under obligations to limit his army to 30,000 men, had an effective force of 180,000 men, well armed, well equipped, fairly trained, and fairly officered—an army superior in every respect to that of Turkey. The Egyptian contingent during the Russo-Turkish war showed marked superiority in equipment to the Turkish troops, and did not disgrace itself in action. But in 1878 the financial rottenness of Egypt involved reductions in the army, and in 1880 the numerical limit was fixed at 18,000 men, a portion of which are stationed in Upper Egypt, and cannot be counted upon for use in Egypt proper. Large numbers of officers have been discharged, among them the Europeans and Americans, who had always been on good terms with the native regimental officers, though they were cold shouldered by the higher Turkish and Circassian officers in the army. The number of men at present under arms in Egypt proper is estimated at 8,000 infantry, 1,000 cavalry, and 1,000 artillery. The troops have for some years been regarded by Europeans critics as well trained, the drill being mainly Prussian, while the Remington rifle and Krupp field gun leave little to be desired in point of armament. General Stone, however, who has served in the Khedive's army for more than twelve years, says:—"The common soldiers possess all possible military virtues with the single exception of bravery."

New Grand Excursion Route.

(From Portland Daily Press, June 29.)

The fine side wheel steamer "Admiral" has been secured to run the coming season between Eastport, Bar Harbor, Campobello, and Grand Menan in connection with the steamers of the Intercolonial Steamship Company.

This offers a very tempting trip and all tourists will desire to visit the new eastern summer resort Campobello, and Grand Menan, which it is admitted has the most magnificent scenery on the coast. It is only 18 miles from Eastport and has never till this season had good steam communication with the mainland.

The "Admiral" is a first class sea going steamer of about 600 tons and well fitted for the route. She was finely furnished and fitted up by Gen. Butterfield for Gen. Grant's trip to Cuba, and will be found, we are assured, in every respect comfortable and safe.

"What came in the cart?" asked the judge at the court of a witness in one of the minor cases. "A horse, your lordship," promptly replied the man, who wondered what on earth the court room was consulted about.

CLOSING-OUT SALE

—OF—

HARDWARE, &c

—OF—

WE NOW OFFER

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

OUR LARGE STOCK OF

GOODS,

WITH THE VIEW OF

Closing it out this Year,

AND WILL SELL THE

BUSINESS AT A BARGAIN

should a fair inducement be offered.

We mean business.

A. A. BALDWIN & CO.

Ch'town, July 5, 1882—9w eod, wkly 4i

"KENWITH."

—OF—

Extensive Sale of Farm Lands.

I AM instructed to sell AT AUCTION, on WEDNESDAY, July 19, commencing at eleven o'clock, on the premises, at Kenwith, the property of the late Hon. John Myrie Holl situated about 5 miles from the City, on the Malpeque Road, about six hundred acres of Valuable Farm Lands, which, with the Stone House, comprise the Estate known as Kenwith. The Land has been divided as follows:— Four Lots, each 23, 37, 41 and 41 acres, and on the latter of which the Stone Dwelling House and out-buildings are situated, front on the Upper and Lower Malpeque Roads, and together form one of the most eligible Farms near the City. Seven Lots of 12 1/2 to 5 1/2 acres each, front on the Lower Malpeque Road. Three Lots of 6, 32 and 43 acres each, extending westwardly to the North River. This Valuable Property is beautifully situated on high land, commanding some charming views of the surrounding country. Part of the Land has been under pasture for some years, and is in splendid condition for breaking up; the remainder is beautifully wooded.

Terms—20 per cent. at the time of Sale, the balance in five yearly instalments with interest at 6 per cent. Plan showing clearances, &c., to be seen at the offices of F. W. Hals, John Ball and William Dodd.

WILLIAM DODD, Ch'town, July 3, '82—wkly 2i Auct'r.

Dwelling House

—AND—

WAREHOUSE,

AT AUCTION.

I AM instructed by the Proprietor Joseph Wise, Esq., to sell by Public Auction, on

Saturday, the 15th instant,

AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON,

That Valuable Property consisting of a Dwelling House and Warehouse situated on Sydney Street, and known as McCraith's Brick Building.

The building is well and substantially built, and conveniently arranged for the purpose of a Dwelling House and fire-proof Warehouse.

Terms easy and made known at sale. Title perfect.

For full particulars apply to

W. D. STEWART, Auctoiteer.

July 5, 1882.

SELLING OFF

—AT—

Greatly Reduced Prices.

A LARGE LOT OF

MEN'S AND BOYS'

Hats, Caps, Clothing, &c.

1200 Straw Hats, 600 Felt Hats, 500 Caps, in Cloth, Silk and Linen, Boys' Suits, Youth's Suits, Men's Coats, Pants and Vests, Shirts, Linters and Drawers, Collars, Ties, Braces, &c. Also, 3000 Rolls Paper Hangings, Blind, Borderings, &c.

As the subscribers are desirous of clearing out the above Goods during the present month, great bargains may be expected for ready cash.

F. LePAGE & CO.

July 5, 1882—wkly

LOBSTERS

STEAM FOR LONDON.

Str. Carroll, leaving here 13th,

WILL CONNECT WITH

Steamer Leaving Boston for London on 18th inst.

Lobsters taken at a special reduced rate.

CARVELL BROS.

July 5, 1882—pat 2i

Crockeryware.

15 CRATES at

CARVELL BROS.

Ch'town, July 3, 1882—2i pat 2i

JULY.

—OF—

BARGAINS. BARGAINS.

—OF—

DURING THIS MONTH,

J. B. MACDONALD

WILL CLEAR OUT SUMMMER GOODS

AT GREAT BARGAINS.

—OF—

Short Ends and Remnants of Dress Goods

and Prints at a great sacrifice.

—OF—

Will Close Out Balance of Ladies' and Gents' Straw Hats Very Cheap.

—OF—

TRUNKS & VALISES Lowest Prices.

Store open every evening until 8 o'clock.

J. B. MACDONALD,

QUEEN STREET.

July 4, 1882—wkly pat

MANITOBA!

—OF—

POMEROY TOWN!

—OF—

I AM INSTRUCTED TO SELL AT MY SALES ROOM, ON

Monday and Tuesday Ev'gs, 3rd & 4th July Next,

AT THE HOUR OF EIGHT O'CLOCK, P. M.,

BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

A Large Number of Town Lots in the Town of Pomeroy, Province of Manitoba.

This is not a paper town, but a place with Stores, Churches, Schools and private residences.

Sales of a large number of Lots in the above Town have been made to the leading merchants of Halifax, St. John and Yarmouth. The Yarmouth Syndicate, who purchased largely in Pomeroy, have decided to send out an agent to erect Houses and Stores at once.

This Town lies about midway between Winnipeg and Emerson, on the South Western line of Railway. The Railway is built within six miles of Town site now, and is expected to run through it within a few weeks. The surrounding country is settled by first-class farmers, and altogether, from its situation and other natural advantages, will soon become one of the prominent places of the North-West. Title good.

Terms of Sale—20 per cent. down, and 30 per cent. in ninety days, and the balance in six and twelve months, bearing six per cent. interest. Liberal discount for cash payment in full.

Plans and all other necessary information to be seen and obtained at my office.

W. D. STEWART,

AUCTIONEER.

June 29, 1882.

POSTPONED.

The above Sale is postponed until THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 6th and 7th inst., at 8 o'clock.

W. D. STEWART, Auctioneer.

CITY STEAM BAKERY!

—OF—

BRANCH STORE JUST OPENED

DIRECTLY OPPOSITE THE MARKET HOUSE,

TWO DOORS FROM STAMPER'S CORNER.

—OF—

Our BISCUITS are always fresh, as they are manufactured daily at our Bakery on Prince Street, and warranted by us to be better than the imported article, inasmuch as none but the purest ingredients are used.

—OF—

Best and Cheapest Assortment of CONFECTIONERY in the City, wholesale and retail.

—OF—

Tea Party and Picnic Committees will save money by buying their supplies from us. Come and examine our Goods, or send for wholesale price list.

—OF—

A full line of GROCERIES constantly in stock and selling at lowest prices.

GIVE US A CALL.

—OF—

J. QUIRK.

Charlottetown, June 26, 1882—3w wkly

Stock Farm Stock.

BY AUCTION, on FRIDAY, July 7th, at 12 o'clock, noon, on the Market Square,

1 Fat Cow, 1 Thoroughbred Ayrshire Bull Calf, over eight months old.

Immediately after above sale,—

1 Thoroughbred Jersey Bull, one year old, 2 Milch Cows.

A. McNEILL, Auct'r.

July 5, '82, 2i

SIGN OF THE ELEPHANT

W. R. Boreham

Has just received a large part of his SPRING and SUMMER GOODS, consisting of Men's, Women's and Children's Boots, Shoes and Slippers in all the leading styles. Our motto is quick sales and small profits.

W. R. BOREHAM,

Grafton Street, North Side, Queen Square.

July 5, 1882—3m 2w

NOTICE.

Mondays, Wednesdays & Thursdays.

We, the undersigned, dealers in

BOOTS AND SHOES,

In conjunction with the leading Dry Goods Houses of this city, have decided that, during the months of JULY and AUGUST, we will close our stores, on the above days, at SEVEN o'clock, p. m. SHARP.

DORSEY, GOFF & CO., Ch'town Boot & Shoe Factory.

JOHN WONA'OOT, W. R. BOREHAM, C. B. WARREN, J. C. SPRAGUE & CO.

Ch'town, July 5, 1882—4i.

BAZAAR, TEA PARTY,

—AND—

PROMENADE CONCERT,

IN THE DRILL SHED,

—ON—

Tuesday, the 11th of July.

THE members of St. Peter's Church Sewing Society intend holding a Sale in the Drill Shed, on 11th July.

Fancy Work, Flowers, Strawberries, Ices, and Refreshments for sale.

Lawn Tennis, Swings, Quoits and other Games will be provided on the Exhibition Grounds.

In the evening at 6 o'clock there will be a Tea.

At 8 o'clock there will be a Promenade Concert by the Orchestral Club.

Admission 10 cents; children half-price. Tickets for Tea 25 cents each, or 5 for \$1.00. Sale to begin at half-past 2 o'clock. Tea at 6 o'clock; Concert at 7.

FRENCH BURS.

WE have on hand a set of French Burs (Mill Stones), which we will sell at a rare bargain. They are in first-class order, having been manufactured in Toronto and re-dressed here.

MACDONALD, MACDONALD & CO.

Souris East, June 24, 1882—3tw

THE BEST TURNIP SEED

—AT—

BEER & SONS.

June 12, 1882.

WANTS, LOST, FOUND, &c.

BOARDERS Accommodated on Richmond Street, by Mrs. Charles Sanderson. [j 11]

WANTED—In a Gentleman's family, a good plain Cook. Wages \$6 a month. Apply at this office. [j 4 31 pd]

WANTED—Two Girls, one for general housework, the other as waitress.—Apply at the EXAMINER Office. [j 3i]

JIGGER FOR SALE, nearly new and in good order, suitable for single horse or for team. Enquire at this office. [j 15]

CABBAGE and CAULIFLOWER Plants, of various kinds for sale at John Colwell's, Upper Queen Street, and on market days at W. P. Colwell's, North Side. [j 17 3w wy 2i]

TO LET, House and Premises at the Head of St. Peter's Bay, near the Railway Station. A good situation for a tradesman. Apply to John P. Sullivan, Esq., for particulars. [j 15]

FOR SALE, VERY CHEAP, 2 barrels Pitch, 20 gallons Kerosene Oil, and other inflammable material, intended for Grand Bonfire on the eve of 27th ultimo, but was not used. For particulars enquire at Liberal Association Rooms, Montague, on Monday evening. By order. Montague, June 29, 1882.—july 3

TO LET—That pleasantly-situated residence on De-Strisay Lane, Head of Hillsborough Street, formerly the property of P. W. Hyndman, now occupied by Mr. Unsworth. Possession on the 2nd June.—Jas. De-Bruay. [m 3]

CITY HOTEL TO LET—This house is finely situated, standing opposite the Bishop's Palace, on the highest ground in the city. It contains 37 rooms, and being contiguous to the Steam Navigation Company's Wharf, is admirably adapted for the accommodation of summer visitors to the island. Terms easy. Apply to Messrs. Geo. Davies & Co., London House. [m 17]