

THE EXAMINER.

VOL. 7.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1880.

NO. 93

JUST ARRIVED!

BRITISH WAREHOUSE,

Ex S. S. "Hibernian,"
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
Black Silk Fringe,
Corsets,
Cashmeres,
Colored and Black Satins,
Pompadour Prints,
TOILET COVERS & QUILTS,
(in Plain and Fancy),
White, Scarlet, Grey & Fancy Flannels,
Cloths, Tweeds, &c.,
All of which are now opened, and will be
sold at our usual low prices.
W. & A. BROWN & CO.
Ch'town, Aug. 24, 1880.

St. Dunstan's College, CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.

THIS College will be re opened under the
charge of the
Fathers of the Society of Jesus,

Wednesday, September 15th.

Intending students should make immediate
application.
For prospectus and further particulars ad-
dress

REV. GEORGE B. KENNY, S. J.,
Ch'town, Aug. 6, '80—till sep President.

PACIFIC Mutual Insurance Co.,

NEW YORK MARINE.

Assets 31st Dec., 1879, - \$744,149.00

Insurance effected on CARGOES and
FREIGHTS, covering \$15,000 and upwards
on first-class risks.

Certificates issued payable in London
at the office of Morton Rose & Co.,
Bankers, or in New York.

Risks taken and rates fixed without being
referred to Head Office.

FENTON T. NEWBERRY,
Agent for P. E. Island.

May 11, 1880.

Nut Coal. Nut Coal.

FREE from Slate and Fire Clay. Also
Round and Slack, at Albion Mines,
Picton, Nova Scotia. For orders apply to
G. W. DEBLOIS,
Sole Agent for P. E. Island.

Old Sydney Mines, Cape Breton. Lingan Mines, Cape Breton.

ORDERS for Round Coal can be obtained
on application to
G. W. DEBLOIS,
Sole Agent for P. E. Island.
Office, No. 35 Water Street, Charlottetown.
June 17, 1880—pat her sj kea tf

Great Summer Resort PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

LORNE HOTEL.

THIS New and Commodious House, situate
at North Shore, offers great attraction
for Tourists who are wanting recreation, sea
bathing, fishing, etc.

It is within easy access of the City, being
only thirteen (13) miles by rail or carriage.
Charges moderate. For further particulars
apply to the Manager, or address

LORNE HOTEL COMPANY,
Charlottetown, P. E. I.
June 12, 1880.

TRY IT. TRY IT.

GIVE ALBION MINE NUT COAL
a fair trial and you will not be disap-
pointed in the result; it is COAL, not fire
clay and slate. For orders apply to
G. W. DEBLOIS,
Sole Agent for P. E. Island.
Office—No. 35 Water Street.
Charlottetown, July 8, 1880—pat tf

SUBSCRIBE for the DAILY EXAMINER,
the Cheapest and most Newsy Paper
published in the Provinces.

THE GUARDIAN

FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1821.

HEAD OFFICE:
11 Lombard Street, London, E. C.

Total Assets, - - - - - \$14,500,000.00
Annual Income, - - - - - \$2,375,000.00

Risks at lowest current rates by
Carvell Brothers,
Charlottetown, July 21, 1880—2aw 2m, pat law 2m Agents.

MACDONALD'S.

THE POPULAR CHEAP STORE.

New Goods every Steamer.

35 CASES AND BALES FALL GOODS
ALREADY RECEIVED.

A Splendid Stock of BLACK and COLORED CASHMERES and FRENCH MERINOS,
all Shades; GREY and WHITE COTTONS, NEW WORSTED COATINGS and TWEEDS—
no better value in Town.

Summer Goods at Clearance Prices, at
J. B. MACDONALD'S.
65 QUEEN STREET, Aug. 16, 1880. her pat aug16

SEASIDE HOTEL!

RUSTICO BEACH, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.
(UNDER VICE-REGAL PATRONAGE.)

THIS Beautiful Watering Place will be open for the reception of Guests from the 24th
June till the 15th September.

The above Hotel is situated in one of the most charming spots on the Island,
having beautiful scenery, a bracing atmosphere, a beautiful beach, splendid surf-
bathing, sea and river fishing, etc., etc. Good Tables. Moderate charges. Special
arrangements made for Picnic and Dinner Parties, etc. Also the spacious Pavilion will
be let for Picnic Parties, etc., at moderate charges.

Coach will leave Charlottetown every Wednesday and Saturday evening, calling for
Guests; returning every Thursday and Monday morning, at 9 o'clock, a. m.

Also, arrangements have been made with Mr. Bagnall to meet trains from all
points at Hunter River, for passage to Seaside—7 miles.

ADDRESS,
JOHN NEWSON & CO., Proprietors,
June 21, 1880. Charlottetown, P. E. Island

CANADA CORDAGE FACTORY.

ESTABLISHED 1825.
JOHN A. CONVERSE, MONTREAL.
MANUFACTURER OF CORDAGE of Every Description, including all sizes Manill
Rope, Tanned Manilla Hawser, Lobster Marlin, Tanned Hemp Rope, Houseline
Hambroline, &c., &c., equal in quality to the best American. Prices on application.
Jan. 7, 1880.

GRAND Dominion Exhibition,

TO BE HELD ON THE
Provincial Exhibition Grounds,
MOUNT ROYAL AVENUE, MONTREAL,
Opens Tuesday, Sept. 14th,
Closes Friday, Sept. 24th, at 2 p. m.

\$20,000 OFFERED IN PREMIUMS.

Entries must be made with the Secretaries
in Montreal, on or before the undermen-
tioned dates, viz: Horses, Cattle, Sheep,
Swine, Poultry, Agricultural Implements and
Dairy Products, to

Saturday, September 4th.
Fine Arts, Manufactures, Implements, Ma-
chinery, Stoves, &c.,
Saturday, August 28th.

Prize Lists and Blank Forms of Entry can
be obtained of the Secretaries.
For further particulars apply to
S. C. STEVENSON,
Sec'y Council of Arts and Manuf's, or to
GEO. LECLERE,
Sec'y Council of Agriculture.

August 14, 1880—wkly

QUEEN INSURANCE CO'Y. OF ENGLAND.

CAPITAL, . . TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Build-
ings, Merchandise and Produce. Also, on
Vessels on the stocks.
Special rates for isolated residences.
Losses settled promptly.

GEORGE MACLEOD (Union Bank),
Agent for Prince Edward Island
June, 1877—

BARRELS BAIT AND SALT, QUEEN'S WHARF.

500 BAGS SALT,
200 Barrels Herring and Mackerel
BAIT.
300 MACKEREL BARRELS.
100 Barrels } FAT HERRING.
50 half-barrels }
100 Quintals CODFISH and HAKE.
aug17 D. SMALL.

BUILDING LOTS.

PARTIES wanting to purchase Building
Lots in Victoria, Lot 29, will please ap-
ply to
DONALD PALMER, Esq., or
MRS. HENRY HARDAY,
July 20, 1880—oaw Summerside.

The State of Trade.

(From the Montreal Gazette.)

Reports received from wholesale mer-
chants are of an exceedingly cheering cha-
racter, and fully bear out the former pre-
dictions of a good fall trade. An increased
volume of business is reported in wholesale
dry goods; iron and hardware remain steady
and groceries show a fair average of trans-
actions. A much larger business has been
done in leather during the past few days,
and although sales have been made on the
basis of former values up to the present, an
advance of 1c. per lb has now been agreed
upon for sole, and future transactions will
be at the advanced rates. Yesterday and
to-day about 5,000 sides of sole changed
hands on this market. A good business has
transpired in boots and shoes, prices of
which have a stiffening tendency in sym-
pathy with the leather. A fair amount of oils
has been placed at good figures, several
large lots of Newfoundland cod having
changed hands at full rates. Refined pet-
roleum has advanced 1c per gallon with a
moderate amount of business reported at
the rise. Wool and hides show little change
from last week's review. Remittances are
fully up to expectations for this season of
the year, and the wholesale trade generally
was never in a more healthy condition than
at present.

The grain trade of this port continues to
show an important increase over that of
last year, the receipts of grain from Janu-
ary 1st to date by rail and canal amounting
to 13,245,570 bushels as compared with
those for the corresponding period last
year of 10,511,821, being a gain of 2,733,-
749 bushels, or 20 per cent. The ship-
ments of grain for the same period foot up
14,304,813 bushels, against 9,610,988 bush-
els for the same time in 1879, showing the
still larger increase of 4,693,825 bushels.
The receipts of flour for the same time
were 403,705 barrels against 497,819 bar-
rels last year, which shows a decrease of
94,114 barrels. The shipments were 384,-
974 barrels against 436,332 barrels, being a
decrease of 51,357 barrels. In dairy pro-
duce the movement during the past week
has been large, at a considerable advance
in prices over those ruling about ten days
since, butter having gone up fully 2 cents
per lb., and cheese 1c. to 1c. per lb. So far
this season has turned out a remark-
ably profitable one for farmers, it being a
difficult matter to point to any previous
season to match it.

The Book-Keeper.

The book-keeper's place, as a member in
commercial circles, is one of strictest con-
fidence and trust. He is not sworn to non-
divulgence, but is in honor bound to hold
inviolate all facts and circumstances which
may come to his knowledge by reason of
professional position. He is not required
to give bonds for the faithful and proper
discharge of his duty as an accountant, yet
his reputation is continually at stake in
every ordinary performance of his work.
He is the accepted confidential assistant to
the business manager, and it not un-
frequently devolves upon him to perform
much of such management himself. By
virtue of his position he is expected to be
in possession of important matters pertain-
ing to the business, and is presumed as
well to keep all such information strictly to
himself. Although not a word passes upon
this subject at the time of his engagement,
yet his position implies all that could be
embodied in the strongest bond. His ac-
ceptance of the trust carries with it all
the strictest regulations of a confident em-
ployee.

The divulgence of business plans, how-
ever honorable and legitimate they may be,
will often work defeat to what might have
been successful undertakings. Too much
caution cannot be exercised by either
manager or assistant in keeping from the
world matters pertaining strictly to mer-
cantile enterprises. Business circumstances
of a purely private nature are things the
public are not entitled to understand. It
is to be regretted that so much impru-
dence is manifested among Americans, as a
class, in the habit of sowing broadcast
private business matters, as if to advertise
ability or shrewdness in speculative in-
genuity. More discreet circumspection in
this direction would be conducive of bet-
ter business qualifications and results.

The book-keeper, or clerk, who would
hope to secure the most favorable reputa-
tion, which will enroll his name among the
foremost of his profession, must fully
understand his situation, and zealously
guard his acts as his custodian of specially
delicate and highly important trusts and
responsibilities. He dare not ignore these
conditions of his position, and to prove
faithless by injudicious divulgements is to
prove utterly incapable and unworthy the
nobility of his calling.—Book-keeper.

Integrity in Business.

No merchant, however persistent and
shrewd he may be in his commercial op-
erations, can build up a great and prosperous
business without integrity. Integrity is the
link that holds the financial world together;
it is the basis upon which all great com-
mercial operations are founded. When
business men lose faith in one another,
mercantile interests are immediately affected
industries become paralyzed, and the great
laboring world complains of poverty, of
hunger and hard times. The great rush and
struggle to win immediate wealth bankrupts
many reputations, and ingloriously ends
many a brilliant business career. When men

undertake and promise to perform certain
impossible things; when they engage to
pay certain amounts, when due, well know-
ing at the time that they cannot meet their
obligations at maturity; when they borrow
money without any serious intention of re-
paying it, they are not only taking a course
that will eventually result in disaster and
distress to themselves, but they are bring-
ing discredit and dishonor upon the whole
trade or branch of industry they represent.
They are shirking the commercial confidence
and trust of the business community with
which they are associated. A merchant
cannot too much appreciate the value of
business integrity and honor. They give
him social as well as business standing.
They give weight to his counsel and respec-
tability to his name.—Grocer's Criterion.

Latest News Notes.

Italy has instituted autumn military
manoeuvres.

The Turkish squadron in the Corfu
Channel is to be reinforced by three iron-
clads.

Mr. Gladstone's tour has brought him
as far as Leith. His health is said to be
entirely restored.

United States brewers hold a convention
in New York shortly, to protest against an
increase of duty on Canadian malt.

A bridge over the Ebro, near Logrono, in
Spain, fell while a company of soldiers were
passing over it, seventy of them being
drowned.

Late despatches from Cape Town state
that affairs in Basutoland are in a very un-
quiet condition and that the colonial troops
will enter the country shortly.

A party of disguised ruffians entered a
house near Tralee, in Kerry, Ireland, from
which a tenant had been evicted, and cut
off the ears of two men who had been left
in charge of the place.

A Montreal despatch says that Mrs.
Trudel, wife of Senator Trudel, has entered
an action of separation from her
husband on the following grounds:—
1st, that he has lost no opportunity to in-
sult her; 2nd, that he deserted her and
has not been living with her for some time
past; 3rd, that he has refused to provide
for her the necessaries of life, leaving her
to meet the expenses of the family; 4th,
that he has taken away her children against
her will; 5th, that he had refused to let
her see her children. The case will be
argued in Court.

According to a St. John despatch to an
Upper Province paper—

A large amount of P. E. I. oats, which
remained in the hands of the Island Gov-
ernment when the Island entered confed-
eration, are being sold at a discount of 10
per cent. and are flooding the market.

The above reads suspiciously like a para-
graph circulated a few days ago in refer-
ence to P. E. Island cents being sold at a
discount. Oats are at a premium this year,
but holders probably would have to sell
them at a discount if held since Confederation.
—Moncton Times.

Scenes from the Long Parliament are
being re-enacted at Westminster after
slumbering 150 years. A formidable wea-
pon is being waived over the heads of the
Peers.—The Lord's rejection of the Irish
Registration Bills has raised a constitu-
tional storm. Mr. Parnell proposed to
attack the principal clause of the rejected
measure to the Appropriation Bill, which
the Lords cannot modify and must pass;
but although the Government condemned
the conduct of the Lords, it was opposed to
Mr. Parnell's proposal. Mr. Forster the
Secretary for Ireland declared in the House
of Commons that "the Peers owed their
power to the accident of birth," and that
"certain circumstances may render it
necessary to alter the constitution of the
Upper House."

Le Courier de Montreal has had an in-
terview with M. Lavallee, the agent of the
French beet-root company. He says each
of the four factories will spend about \$200,-
000 a year in wages, purchase of beet root,
etc., exclusive of the money sunk in build-
ings. The company is a strong one. The
prospectus sets out that the directors have
been guaranteed by the Canadian Govern-
ment five years' exemption from duty on
sugar actually manufactured within the
country; and the Government promise
that if a duty should be levied on home
manufactured sugar, the duty on imported
sugar will be increased so as to leave them
a fair margin of protection. M. Joly, in a
letter dated the 2nd July, gives the scheme
his cordial support.

Ireland is generally quieter, in conse-
quence of the abundant harvest. The rain-
fall in England and Ireland is under an
inch against eight and five inches in the
preceding years. Splendid sunshine has
advanced the crops of the three kingdoms,
and this, it is hoped, will end the agricul-
tural distress. General satisfaction is ex-
pressed at the resolution of the Irish
farmers to give evidence before the new
Land Commission. The O'Donoghue has
recommended them to do so. Leading
Irish papers state that the farmers' case
will be adequately put forward. The signs
are that the Irish people will trust in
the Government's sincerity for remedial
measures, rather than in a barren agitation.
A Commission has been appointed to in-
quire into corrupt practices at elections in
boroughs, there being several in Cathedral
cities. It is probable that there will be
fresh legislation to reduce election ex-
penses.