

THE WAR-TRAIL!

CHAPTER LXXIX. — (CONTINUED.)

So alleged the trappers Rube and Garey. It would be better to endure the cold, than risk our scalps—thus counselled they.

But for all that, Rube had no idea of being starved to death. He could kindle a fire, and burn it upon an open prairie, without the least fear of its being seen; and in a few minutes' time he had succeeded in making one, that could not have been discerned by the most sharp-sighted Indian in creation.

I had watched the operation with some interest.

He first collected a quantity of dead leaves, dry grass, and short sticks of the mesquite tree—all of which he placed under his saddle-blanket to prevent the rain and sleet from wetting them. This done, he drew out his bowie knife, and, with the blade, "crowed" a hole into the turf about a foot deep, and ten inches or a foot in diameter. In the bottom of this hole he placed the grass and leaves, having first ignited them by means of his flint, steel and "punk" tinder—all of which implements formed part of the contents of Rube's pouch and possible sack as present. On the top of the new blazing leaves and grass, he placed the dry sticks, first the smaller ones and then those of larger dimensions, until the hole was filled up to the brim, and over all he laid the piece of turf originally cut from the surface, and which fitted as neatly as a lid.

His furnace being now finished, the trapper "hunkered" down close to its edge in such a position as to embrace the fire between his thighs, and have it nearly under him. He then drew his old blanket over his shoulders, allowing it to droop behind until he had secured it under the salient points of his lank, angular hips. In front he passed the blanket over his knees, and both ends, reaching the ground, were gripped tightly between his toes.

The contrivance was complete, and there sat the old trapper like a hand-glass over a plant of spring rhubarb, a slight smoke oozing through the apertures of his scant blanket, and curling up around his "ears," as though he was hatching upon a hot-bed. But no fire could be seen, though Rube shivered no longer.

He soon found imitators. The young trapper had already constructed a similar furnace, and the others were soon warming themselves by this simple but ingenious device.

I did not disdain to avail myself of the extra "shaft" which the kind-hearted Garey had sunk for my accommodation, and having placed myself by its side, and drawn the ample robe over my shoulders, I felt as warm as if seated in front of a sea-coal fire.

Under other circumstances, I might have joined in the merriment produced by my companions by the ludicrous spectacle which we presented. A comic spectacle indeed—nine of us squatted at intervals over the ground—the blue smoke escaping through the interstices of our robes and blankets, and rising around our heads, as though one and all of us were on fire!

Wind, sleet and darkness continued throughout the whole night—cold wind, sharp sleet and black darkness, that seemed palpable to the touch. Ever so eager, ever so fresh, we could not have advanced along the trail. Grand war-trail as it was, it could not have been traced under that amorphous obscurity, and we had no means of carrying a light, even had it been safe to do so. We had no lantern, and the norther, with one blast, would have whisked out a torch of pitch-pine.

We thought no more of going forward, until either the day should break, or the fierce storm should lull.

At midnight we replenished our fires, and remained on the ground. Hail, rain, wind and darkness. My companions rested their heads upon their knees, or nodding, slept. No sleep for me—not even the repose of thought. Like some fevered sufferer on his wakeful couch, I counted the hours—the minutes. The minutes seemed hours.

Rain, hail, sleet and wind seemed like darkness itself to belong to the night. As long as night lasted, so long continued they. When it came to an end, all vanished together—the norther had exhausted its strength.

A wild turkey, killed before daylight, with some steaks of the peccary-pork, furnished us with an ample breakfast. It was hastily cooked, and hastily eaten; and as the first streaks of dawn appeared along the horizon, we were in our saddles, and advancing upon the trail.

TO BE CONTINUED.

Once upon a time a woman died, and as the mourners were carrying her to the grave they tripped against a stump and let the coffin fall. She revived, having been only in a deep trance. Two years after she really died, and as they were carrying her down the same road and near the same stump the disconsolate widower sobbed: "Steady, boys! Steady, there! B. very, very careful."

The meanest man on record sent through a postoffice presided over by a woman a postal card on which was written:—"Dear Jack—here's the details of that scandal." And then the rest was in Greek.

HOUSEHOLD.

INGROWING TOE NAILS.—Put a very small piece of tallow in a spoon and heat it very hot. Pour it on the corner of the toe, and the inflammation and granulation will subside, and the parts will become dry and destitute of all feeling. The nail can then be pared away without the least pain.

MENDING LACE CURTAINS.—Old lace curtains that have little holes in the netting can be made to appear whole when they are laundered. Take a piece of lace, or very thin muslin, and when the curtain is starched starch this piece also and put it over the spot which needs mending. It will show very little if at all, and the starch will keep it in place.

VANILLA EXTRACT.—Vanilla extract can be made as easily as the lemon. To half a pint of alcohol allow two vanilla beans; cut them in very small bits, put them in a bottle, and pour the spirits over them. If possible have a bottle with glass stopper. In two weeks the extract will be ready for use, and will be very satisfactory as well as inexpensive.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.—It may be interesting to some housekeepers to know that one quart of wheat flour, or of soft butter, or of broken loaf sugar makes a pound; a quart of cornmeal or of best brown sugar, 1 pound; sixteen large table-spoonfuls make one liquid half pint; a common-sized tumbler holds half a pint; a common wine-glass half a gill; sixty drops make one table-spoonful.

LIABILITY TO INFECTION.—A man wearing dark clothes is more liable to infection from contagious disease than he who wears light-colored garments, because particles which emanate from diseased or decayed bodies are much more rapidly absorbed by dark than by light fabrics. This easy is of proof. Expose a light and dark coat to the fumes of tobacco for five minutes, and it will be found that the dark one smells stronger than the other of tobacco smoke.

BAKED OX TONGUE.—Soak the tongue well in lukewarm water for about twelve hours, scrape and trim it, stick it over with cloves (about twenty-four), and boil slowly according to size for two or three hours. Then take it up and brush it over with the yolks of two or three eggs, and sprinkle it with bread-crumbs (six ounces). Next bake it to a good brown, beating it constantly with a quarter of a pound of butter. Put it on a dish, and pour round it half a pint of good gravy. Serve with red currant jelly.

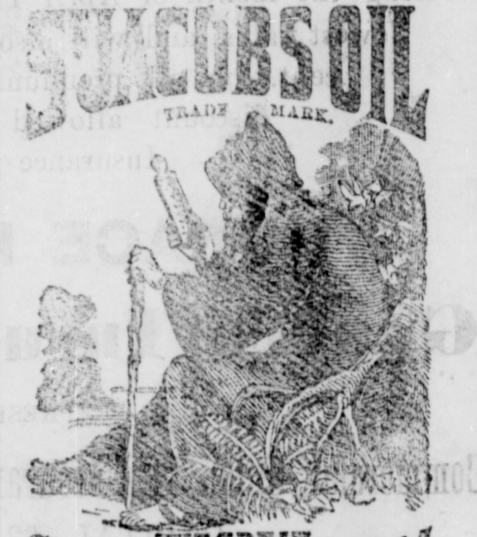
EGG-BALLS FOR SOUP.—Egg-balls to be served in soup make a welcome addition to a plain beef or mutton soup.—Boil four eggs hard, say for ten minutes, then put them in cold water; when cold, cut the yolk soft with the yolk of one raw egg, and one teaspoonful of flour; and pepper and salt and some bits of parsley. Make in the shape of balls and drop them in the soup; let them boil for about two minutes. The whites of the eggs can be used to garnish a platter of gold meat for supper, or may be chopped fine or be added to the soup.

TO WASH SILK HANDKERCHIEFS.—Put a flatiron on the stove, and when it is hot wash the handkerchiefs through very warm soapsuds. If they are much soiled pass them through two waters. Do not rub the soap directly on the handkerchiefs. Then pass through another warm water without soap, and thoroughly rinse them; squeeze dry and iron immediately, to prevent the colours from running. A bit of muslin may be laid over the handkerchief to absorb the excessive moisture when iron is first applied. For white handkerchiefs, blanch last rinse water. Thus washed they will look almost as good as new.

RECOVERING A CHAIR.—An ingenious and exceedingly pretty way to fix a chair whose covering is soiled and faded is to buy two of the cheap but durable squares of lace used for pillow covers and ties; line them with some bright color, and fasten securely with long pins to the seat and back of the chair. Small squares can be lined and fastened to the arms. If the chair is a handsome color, even if good deal faded, no lining is required. These covers can be taken off so easily, and can be laundered so successfully, that they are really useful; the coarse, strong thread of which they are woven renders them more serviceable than cheap cretonne. For a common chair, squares of Turkish towelling, pinned on the same way, do very well.

RE-COOKING OF MEAT.—There are the remains of a joint of underdone mutton in the house; one woman will cut this meat into slices and put it into a saucepan with the materials for making hash, and boil altogether till done. The result is that the meat is cooked twice, and eats like leather, and people say that they hate hash. Another woman will cut all the meat off the bone in nice slices, flour the meat, sprinkle with a little pepper and salt, and set aside. The bone she will then break up into fragments, and boil it in water for two hours in a nice clean saucepan. The vegetables and seasoning she will then fry in fat or butter till they are cooked fairly and are nicely browned. She will then strain out all the fragments of bone (so that people can eat the hash without fracturing their teeth) from the stock, add the fried vegetables, and lastly put in the slices of meat. The whole will

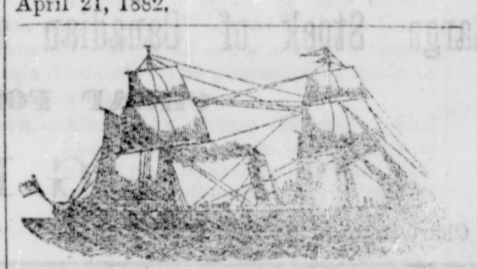
then be simmered for ten minutes, so as just to warm the meat through and carry the cooking of the underdone meat up to the proper point. Meanwhile some sippets of toast will be made ready to set around the dish into which the hash is poured. Here by attention to first principles the remains of an underdone leg of roast mutton, instead of being spoiled for food and made disagreeable, is converted into a wholesome and delicious dish.



JACOBS OIL THE GREAT REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains, Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frost-bitten Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches. No Preparation on earth equals St. Jacobs Oil as a safe, sure, simple and cheap External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims. Directions in Eleven Languages. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE. A. VOGELER & CO., Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

FRESH GARDEN & FARM SEEDS. Just Received! BY F. LePAGE & CO., PER NORTHERN LIGHT.

Catalogues on application. Glasgow House, 53 QUEEN STREET. April 21, 1882.



STEAMSHIP PRINCE EDWARD WILL SAIL FROM Charlottetown for Great Britain or France, On or About 10th May Next, and will carry products of this Island in freight at very lowest rates. ALSO CATTLE AND SHEEP ON THE UPPER DECK.

Shippers will please make early application in order to secure room. For Freight and other particulars apply to PEAKE BROS & CO., Charlottetown, April 10, '82—2aw Managers.

For Sale. THE pleasant residence of Dr. McIntosh, Pownal. Private offers made until 15th June. If not then disposed of, will be sold to the highest bidder. Apply to Dr. McIntosh and John Aconn. [ap 15]

MACK'S MAGNETIC MEDICINE. Nerve Food. Is a Sure, Prompt and Effective Remedy for Nervousness in ALL its stages, Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Sexual Prostration, Night Sweats, Supersensitiveness, Sensual Weakness, and General Loss of Power. It repairs Nervous Waste, Rejuvenates the Jaded Intellect, Strengthens the Enfeebled Brain and Restores Surprising Force and Vigor to the Exhausted Generative Organs. The experience of thousands proves it an INVALUABLE REMEDY. The Medicine is pleasant to the taste, and each box contains sufficient for two week's medication, and is the cheapest and best. Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to mail free to any address. Mack's Magnetic Medicine is sold by Druggists at 50 cts. per box, or 12 boxes for \$5, or will be mailed free of postage, on receipt of the money, by direct order.

MACK'S MAGNETIC MEDICINE (O. Windsor, Ont., Canada. Sold in Charlottetown by Apothecaries' Hall Co., Agents for Prince Edward Island, and by all Druggists.

To the Electors of the Second District of King's County.

GENTLEMEN.—The first act of the present Government on assuming the administration of affairs was to appeal to the Electorate of the Province for an indorsement of the personnel and policy of the Ministry. A programme was then formulated, which received the cordial approval of the people, and to which the Government have faithfully adhered.

The usual number of legislative sessions constituting a General Assembly, having terminated, the Government take the earliest opportunity of again consulting the constituencies, and of soliciting at the polls a renewal of public confidence.

On assuming office, the ministry found that the recklessness and extravagance of their immediate predecessors had resulted in imposing upon the Province a large amount of indebtedness. By amalgamating some of the Departments, reducing the salaries of officials, diminishing the cost of legislation and of administration, as well as by improved management in every branch of the public service, the Government have been enabled to remove the legacy of debt bequeathed to them by their opponents, and there is now a considerable surplus to the credit of the Province. In view of this state of things, and knowing that they shall have sufficient revenue, for some time to come, to meet the public requirements and amply provide for every interest, the Administration, in pursuance of their policy of lightening the burdens of the people, have felt justified in repealing the Assessment Act.

The Government have, by every means in their power, fostered agriculture and stock-raising, as the leading industries of the Province, and they intend to continue increased encouragement in the same direction.

It is much to be regretted that the measures framed by the Ministry for the abolition of the Legislative Council, failed to meet the approval of a majority of that body. The Government have done everything they could accomplish to give effect to the wishes of the people as expressed at the last General Election; and it is their intention to submit to the Legislature next Session measures providing for the constitution of one legislative body, and otherwise calculated to reduce the cost of legislation.

The Ministry are now engaged in endeavoring to secure for this Province a portion of the Fishery Award, with other compensation respecting the use of our fisheries by United States citizens, and the business shall be diligently prosecuted to its termination.

The attention of the Dominion Government has been called to the failure of Canada to carry out the Terms of Confederation with this Province, by providing efficient steam communication, winter and summer, between the Island and the mainland. The question is now under the consideration of the Privy Council, and it will be the duty of the Provincial Administration to adopt such measures as shall secure to Prince Edward Island a complete and satisfactory fulfillment of the Terms of Union.

On the subjects to which I have alluded, as well as on all other public questions, the policy which the Government submitted to the people at the last general election, remains unchanged, and shall be pursued.

During the term of office of the present Ministry, the blessings of contentment, happiness and peace have prevailed throughout the Province, and it is the desire and determination of the Government to contribute towards a continuance of this pleasing state of things, by the practice of economy and retrenchment in every department, and by an honest and faithful administration of public affairs.

I have the honor to be, Your obedient servant, W. W. SULLIVAN.

April 20th, 1882. [pres ne kas p 11]

To the Electors of the City of Charlottetown, Common and Royalty.

GENTLEMEN.—I have been requested by a number of the Electors of this District to offer myself as a candidate for your suffrages at the coming Election for the Local Legislature in opposition to nominees of the present Government, and have accepted the nomination.

The most important question at present affecting your interests, and the interests of the whole Island, is that of the proper prosecution of our undebated just claim to a share of the Fishery Award. In my opinion the Government have not taken adequate measures to press our demand. If elected I shall use every constitutional means to obtain a proper recognition of our rights on this question.

With regard to the administration of the finances of this Province, my views are that the strictest economy should be practised in every department, but at the same time due regard should be had to the efficiency of all branches of the public services.

Another question which must soon be settled is that of the reduction of the now excessive cost of legislation, and, if elected by you, my best efforts will be directed towards effecting such a reform as will best check the lavish expenditure in this respect.

Owing to the suddenness with which this Election has been forced upon the country, it will be impossible for me to make a thorough personal canvass of the City and Royalty, and I therefore take this means of asking you for your votes. FRED. PETERS.

April 20, 1882.

TO LET.

DWELLING HOUSE, containing 10 rooms and 2 Kitchens, with Coach House, Garden, etc., opposite the residence of the subscriber. Dry Cellar, and train to the River. Painters, etc., now at work. Possession 1st May. Apply to JNO. WM. MORRISON.

April 18, 1882.

Wanted.

TWO GOOD MEN TO PEDDLE GOODS FOR EGGS, &c. Must find their own Teams. Apply at once, with reference, to B. K. BRACE.

April 19, 1882—wkly

Freehold Farms.

FOR SALE—Several valuable Farms in different parts of the country. For particulars apply to A. McNEILL, Auct'r. April 13, '82—4f

TO SHOEMAKERS!

Boot Uppers, AND Leg Fronts.

A nice assortment of the above for sale.

C. I. MORRISON.

Charlottetown, April 14, 1882.

\$20,000 City Debentures.

TENDERS will be received at the City Clerk's Office, up to noon of

Saturday 6th May next,

for the purchase of (\$20,000) Twenty Thousand Dollars Debentures of the City of Charlottetown.

These Debentures are of the denomination of \$500 each, and are payable in twenty (20) years from date of issue, bearing interest at five (5) per cent. per annum, payable half yearly.

The Council do not bind themselves to accept the highest or any Tender. Any further information required, as to the issue of debentures, can be had on application to the undersigned.

WM. B. MORRISON, City Clerk.

City Clerk's Office, April 12, 1882. dwf

SALE OF Valuable Property

CHARLOTTETOWN ROYALTY.

THERE will be offered for sale by PUBLIC AUCTION, on THURSDAY, the 22nd day of June next, 1882, on the premises in Charlottetown Royalty, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon,—

ALL that tract, piece and parcel of land bounded as follows, that is to say: Commencing at a square stake fixed at the south-east angle of Pasture Lot Number Forty-two, lately the property of Hammond J. Jensen, now deceased, on the West Edge of a Royalty Road; thence by a right angle line with said Road westwardly for the distance of twenty chains or until it strikes the line dividing Pasture Lot Number Thirty-four from Pasture Lot Number Thirty-three; thence by a right angle line therewith southwardly for the distance of twelve chains, until it meets the north boundary of Pasture Lot Number Nineteen; thence along the same eastwardly for the distance of five chains and fifteen links, or until it meets the line dividing the property of the said Honorable James O'Leaga Pope and that of Richard Hertz, Esquire; thence along the same southwardly six chains; thence by a right angle therewith eastwardly for the distance of fourteen chains and eighty-five links to the place of commencement, containing thirty-three acres, one rood and twenty-two perches of land, a little more or less, including a right of way of twenty feet along the north boundary of Pasture Lot Number Thirty-four, in the Royalty of Charlottetown, save and except such portion thereof as has been appropriated for the Prince Edward Island Railway as appears by the plan annexed to the Mortgage hereinafter referred to.

The above land will be sold pursuant to a Power of Sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage, bearing date the 28th day of December, A. D. 1876, and made between the Honorable James Colledge Pope, of Ravenwood, in Charlottetown Royalty, of the one part, and the Trustees under the Marriage Settlement of Robert Bruce Stewart, Esquire, of the other part.

The above land shall be sold either as a whole or in parcels, as the Trustees may at the time of sale stipulate. If the said land, or any part thereof, should not be sold by Public Auction, on the day above mentioned, then the Trustees will sell the same after such day, by private contract.

Terms and conditions of sale made known at time of sale. Dated at Charlottetown, this 12th day of April, A. D. 1882.

HENRY J. CUNDALL, LOUIS H. DAVIES, Trustees and Mortgagees

[ap 14 law 2m wcd]

MORTGAGE SALE.

TO be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, on TUESDAY, the second day of May next, at the hour of eleven o'clock, in the forenoon, at the Court House in Charlottetown, under and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage dated the twenty-sixth day of April, A. D. 1880, and made between Albert Duchemin and Jeanina Duchemin, his wife, and Edmund Duchemin and Emily Duchemin, his wife, of the one part, and Edward Jarvis Hodgson and Neil McLeod of the other part,—

ALL that tract, piece or parcel of land situated, lying and being in the City of Charlottetown, in Queen's County, in Prince Edward Island, and being part of Town Lot Number Twenty-six in the second hundred of Town Lots in Charlottetown aforesaid, commencing at the corner of Prince and Sidney Streets, and running southerly along Prince Street the distance of eighty-six feet, or until it reaches the northern boundary of land in possession of Thomas Alley; thence at right angles with Prince Street easterly along the said boundary eighty-six feet, or until it meets the division line between Town Lots Twenty-six and Twenty-seven; thence along said division line parallel with Prince Street northerly eighty-six feet, or to Sidney Street aforesaid, and thence westerly along Sidney Street eighty-six feet, to the place of commencement.

For further particulars apply at the office of Hodgson & McLeod, Solicitors, Charlottetown.

Dated this 28th day of March, A. D. 1882. EDWARD J. HODGSON, NEIL McLEOD, ALBERT DUCHEMIN, EDMUND DUCHEMIN.

[mar 29 law w wkly]

For Sale or to Let.

THAT Freehold Property, with a front of eighty feet on Pownal Street and eighty-four feet on Sydney Street, the House containing 13 large rooms and two Kitchens. Can be turned into one Dwelling by unlocking a door. Apply on the premises to MRS. BOSWALL.

March 12, 1881

WANTED.

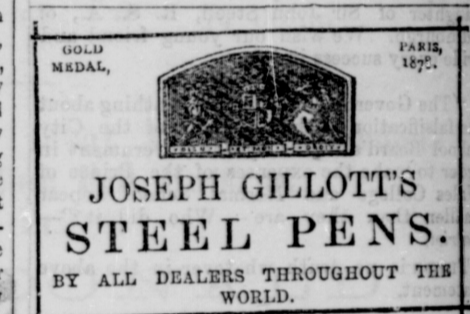
AT the JUNK STORE, Head Pownal Wharf, old Copper, Brass, Iron, Lead, Zinc, Rope and Canvas, Horse Hair, Bags, &c., for which the highest price will be paid. Ch'town, Jan 13, '82—3m



LORNE HIGHLAND WHISKY ANALYTICAL SANITARY INSTITUTION 54, Holborn Viaduct, E.C. London, Aug. 8, '79. Report on the LORNE HIGHLAND WHISKY: "We have visited the bottling stores of Greenless Brothers, and have selected from the vats, samples of their Lorne Highland Whisky, and have subjected them to careful examination and analysis. The samples were very fine, fragrant, mellow and of pleasant flavor, and possessed all the characteristics of pure and well-matured Scotch Whisky of the first quality." "ARTHUR HILL, HASSALL, M. D. "OTTO HEINER, F. C. S., F. I. C." Agent— OWEN CONNOLLY Charlottetown, P. E. I.

Feb. 24, 18-2.

DAVIE'S INSTANTANEOUS MUSIC for the Piano or Organ, by which any child or person can play any of the popular airs by note at sight, without study. Previous notice or even musical talent. Seven pieces of music, with instructions, mailed to any address on receipt of one dollar. Catalogue of tunes mailed free. Agents wanted. DAVIE'S MANUFACTURING CO. P. O. Box 211, Amherst N. S. [fe 9 im]



Prince Edward Island RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 17.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

To take effect on the 1st Dec. 1881.

TRAINS OUTWARD.

Table with columns: STATIONS, MIXED, MIXED, MIXED. Rows include Charlottetown, Royalty, N. Wiltshire, Hunter R.R., Bradaire, Co'ty Line, Freetown, Kensington, Summ'side, Welling'ton, Port Hill, O'Leary, Bloomfield, Alberta, Tignish, Royalty, York, Bedford, Mt. Stewart, Cardigan, Georgetown, Mt. Stewart, Morell, St. Peter's, Bear River, Souris.

TRAINS INWARD.

Table with columns: STATIONS, MIXED, MIXED, MIXED. Rows include Charlottetown, Royalty, N. Wiltshire, Hunter R.R., Bradaire, Co'ty Line, Freetown, Kensington, Summ'side, Welling'ton, Port Hill, O'Leary, Bloomfield, Alberta, Tignish, Royalty, York, Bedford, Mt. Stewart, Cardigan, Georgetown, Mt. Stewart, Morell, St. Peter's, Bear River, Souris.

E. B. ARCHIBALD, Superintendent. Railway Office, Charlottetown, P. E. I., 1881.

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