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NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1889.

VOL. 25.—NO. 24

The Daily Examiner

Is issued Every Evening by  
The Examiner Publishing Co.,  
FROM THEIR OFFICE,

"LONDON HOUSE," QUEEN SQUARE  
Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION:  
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WE have rented the premises lately occu-  
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confident of keeping up the reputation of the  
old factory.

EDWARD HARRIS,  
GEORGE BLAKE.

Referring to the above, I desire to thank  
the public for the liberal patronage which I  
received while in business, and solicit for the  
new firm a continuance of the same.

J. J. SEAMAN.

nov26—dy 1w wky 1m

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DECEMBER.

DURING THIS MONTH WE WILL OFFER OUR STOCK OF

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Overcoats, Reefers, Suits, Boys' Clothing,

ALL NEW GOODS IMPORTED THIS YEAR,

AT VERY LOW PRICES TO CLEAR.

It will Pay You to See Our Stock Before Buying.

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Beautiful Fancy Tables,  
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VERY CHEAP AT

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nov26—eod

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Cough medicines, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is in greater demand than ever. No preparation for Throat and Lung Troubles is so prompt in its effects, so agreeable to the taste, and so widely known, as this. It is the family medicine in thousands of households.

"I have suffered for years from a bronchial trouble that, whenever I take cold or am exposed to inclement weather, shows itself by a very annoying tickling sensation in the throat and by difficulty in breathing. I have tried a great many remedies, but none does so well as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral which always gives prompt relief in returns of my old complaint."—Ernest A. Hepler, Inspector of Public Roads, Parish Terrebonne, La.

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I have tested its curative power, in my family, many times during the past thirty years, and have never known it to fail. It will relieve the most serious affections of the throat and lungs, whether in children or adults."—Mrs. E. G. Egerly, Council Bluffs, Iowa.

"Twenty years ago I was troubled with a disease of the lungs. Doctors afforded me no relief and considered my case hopeless. I then began to use Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and before I had finished one bottle, found relief. I continued to take this medicine until a cure was effected. I believe that Ayer's Cherry Pectoral saved my life."—Samuel Griggs, Waukegan, Ill.

"Six years ago I contracted a severe cold, which settled on my lungs and soon developed all the alarming symptoms of Consumption. I had a cough, night sweats, bleeding of the lungs, pains in chest and sides, and was so prostrated as to be confined to my bed most of the time. After trying various prescriptions, without benefiting my physician finally determined to give me Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I took it, and the effect was magical. I seemed to rally from the first dose of this medicine, and after using only three bottles, am as well and sound as ever."—Rodney Johnson, Springfield, Ill.

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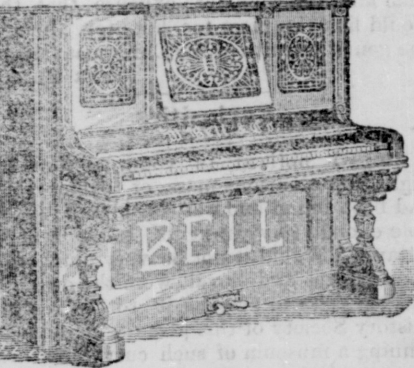
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THE "BELL" ORGANS need no putting. The fact that we have sold over Twelve Hundred (which is over double the number of that of any other make sold) on the Island, is sufficient proof of their superiority over all others.

TESTIMONIAL FROM PROF. EARLE.

CH'TOWN, P. E. I., Aug. 29th, 1888.

DEAR SIR—The many stores of Bell Organs which I have had the pleasure of testing, have given me the utmost satisfaction. They possess excellent qualities of tone and touch, and the general workmanship is first-class. Having been organist of St. Paul's for 22 years, and during all that time teaching the piano and organ to upwards of 400 persons in this and country, experience has taught me that Canada has turned out an organ which for qualities referred to above, and durability, is hard to excel.

S. N. EARLE,  
Teacher of Piano, Organ and Singing.

Always on hand, a full line of VIOLINS, ACCORDEONS, CONCERTINAS, FLUTES, and all other small musical instruments

Best Quality Violin Strings,  
Sheet Music and Music Books,  
and general MUSICAL GOODS of every description.

As we buy all for cash, we can sell low.

PIANOS, ORGANS and SEWING MACHINES sold on terms to suit everybody.

JOHN WILKINSON, Agent at Alberton

T. C. P. YEO, Agent at Summerside.

C. P. FLETCHER.

Ch'town, Nov. 10, 1889—eod & wky tf

## Insult to Injury.

A wise professor loved a pretty maid,  
Calling the cause of science to his aid,  
"Twas thus he wooed her:  
"My life work on the prehistoric Human  
Has need of your bright wits, as I'm a true  
man;  
Oh, share my toil and fame, most lovely  
woman!"

"Twas thus he sued her.

The mercenary girl made answer true:  
"I really fear I must sit, in that light  
Decline to view you;

Although you cause me pride and great elation,  
I cannot wed above my mental station,  
But I'll become, for a consideration,  
Assistant to you."

Fishery Meeting at Fairfield, King's County.

A meeting was held at Fairfield School-house on Monday, 19th inst., for the purpose of discussing the means by which the present destructive methods of catching mackerel by gill nets and purse seines could be effectually restricted in the waters of P. E. Island.

The meeting was organized by appointing Captain John McIntyre Chairman and the undersigned secretary.

The chairman, after defining the object of the meeting, reviewed the various methods resorted to for destroying our fisheries, and was most emphatic in denouncing the use of gill nets as the most disastrous to our mackerel fishery. He urged upon the meeting the necessity of at once uniting in an effort to prevent their use in our waters.

Mr. Angus E. McIntyre said he had long experience as a fisherman, when the old method—the hook and line—was in use. Then our shores teemed with mackerel, and the employment afforded gratifying results, but now the indiscriminate use of the gill net of late years has almost totally destroyed the industry by driving the fish from the haunts usually frequented by them. He further stated that it was now clearly defined that the spawning season for mackerel extended to the 20th July in our waters, hence it was no exaggeration to say that nearly half the fish taken up to that date were unspawned, or mother-fish—a fact which should convince all persons that the unrestricted use of the gill nets, during that season, will effectually destroy the fish in a short time. He also explained that in places along our coast where netting was employed, few if any fish were taken by hook and line; whereas, where looking alone was resorted to, the result was very remunerative.

A. F. Rose described the value of the fishing industry to our people, and how the loss of it would effect the whole Province. Foreigners are now invading our shores with destructive appliances, which, if permitted to continue, will in a few years rob us of one of our chief sources of livelihood. The use of the gill net during the spawning season inevitably results in driving the fish from our shores out to deep water, not to return again, but to seek other haunts where they can spawn unmolested.

J. J. Campbell agreed with the opinions of previous speakers, and did not want foreigners or others to think that we were actuated by selfish motives, in trying to stop the wholesale extinction of our fisheries by the destructive methods used. He would welcome any fishermen to our shores who would resort to the old method—hook and line—but thought we should not stand aloof while the fish were driven from our shores by means of gill nets, &c. He showed by statistics that fishing grounds, where seining and netting were employed, during the last few years, are now no longer fishing grounds, and capitalists who invested in these methods are fast getting out of the business, very much poorer, though perhaps wiser men. The report of Lieut. Gordon, R. N., in reference to the methods of capturing mackerel, states, that at least one-third of the catch taken north of Cape Sable, N. S., is that of unspawned fish, and further states that the unrestricted use of the present appliances (seines, nets, &c.), means the destruction of our mackerel grounds within a few years.

T. B. Barker, J. P. McDonald, J. J. McPhee, and M. J. Harris, also addressed the meeting, and spoke in the same tenor as the previous speakers—all agreeing that unless seining and netting be prohibited in our waters (particularly the latter), the total annihilation of our fishery will be the result.

The following resolutions were then unanimously adopted:—

Whereas, It has been brought to the knowledge of our fishermen that the several methods now in use, viz., netting, seining, &c., (particularly the former) are a source of the greatest injury to the mackerel fishery along our coast; and

Whereas, In various localities where the catch of mackerel was formerly large, this year, owing to netting being carried on extensively, the catch was, comparatively speaking, very small by hook and line; while in places where hook and line was exclusively used, the catch was good; and

Whereas, It has been clearly demonstrated in Lieut. Gordon's report to the Minister of Marine and Fisheries last year (based on information obtained from experienced American and Canadian captains), that the greatest destruction to our mackerel fishery occurs during the spawning season, and that the use of purse seines, nets, etc., means the total destruction of our mackerel fishery within a few years; therefore

Resolved, That in the opinion of this meeting, the Minister of Marine and Fisheries be memorialized, setting forth the above facts, with a view to having them submitted to Parliament, with a request that such legislation as will effectually restrict the use of purse seines during the spawning season (up to the 20th July) and netting during all seasons, be enacted; and further

Resolved, That the law relating to pollution of fishing grounds, by fish offal, etc. dropped from fishing vessels be strictly enforced, as such practices are very injurious to the fishing grounds.

Resolved, That the law relating to pollution of fishing grounds, by fish offal, etc. dropped from fishing vessels be strictly enforced, as such practices are very injurious to the fishing grounds.

Mr. A. E. McIntyre and the undersign-

ed were then appointed to draft a petition to the Minister of Marine and Fisheries in accordance with the above resolution.

A report of the meeting was ordered to be sent to THE EXAMINER and Patriot for publication. The meeting then adjourned.

A. J. McPHEE,  
Secretary.

Dec. 18th, 1889.

Patriot please copy.

The Late Father Damien.

WORDS OF PRAISE CALLED OUT BY AN ATTACK ON HIS CHARACTER.

(Boston Herald.)

My attention has been called to some articles respecting Father Damien's character which have appeared in Boston, and as I had the privilege of spending last Christmas with him at Molokai, and of seeing a good deal of his work, I venture to make a few remarks on the subject. It is difficult to understand the impetuosity and irritability which are his characteristics, and I wonder exceedingly that any good man should wish to assume the office of detractor of this truly heroic person. I sent the substance of this letter to the paper which published the attack, but the editor writes me that he does not think it advisable to print it. I took the trouble when I was in Hawaii to inquire of different persons who were hostile to him concerning the reports against his character. But I could discover no evidence that was worthy of the slightest respect, and I do not believe such evidence existed. He had made himself very unpopular by his successful war against intoxicating spirits, and I believe that whatever hatred he incurred was the result of his goodness.

Personally he struck me as a man of great intelligence, much practical power and high moral character, and his long articles in the printed official reports of the board of health certainly confirm my impression and show the high value which the authorities regarded his works.

He was singularly modest, and I never heard him say a boastful word, but I learned from these official reports of his performance as water supply, temperance, dress, clothing and medicine. As to his habits and home life, I can testify that he had two little rooms, though he was always fresh and clean, and that there was not the which characterized Franciscan Sisters, respect much as I have lived with them.

He was always kind and considerate to the lepers, and I never saw him in his stair case and I never saw him played and laughed at by boys, and I hear that he was a great deal of his people that they could scarcely be distinguished from his sick chamber.

He is accused of being ambitious, or ecclesiastical authority. What charge means I cannot conceive. What ambition is possible for a leper priest? He can only live and die among lepers. Do his critics imagine he hoped to be a cardinal or archbishop? I asked him if he expected to become a leper when he devoted himself to Molokai, and he told me that he was well aware at the time that he could not escape. Such close association with the sufferers (before the health reforms which he aided the governor to establish) must be fatal. He washed their sores, attended to them when dying, breathed their atmosphere, cleansed their dead bodies and helped to dig their graves. He told me, however, that he would not purchase health at the price of leaving his work in the leper settlement.

I am myself a Protestant, and have no leaning to the Roman Catholic Church (as I have explained at length in my little book on Fr. Damien), but I rejoice to discover that God has his saints wherever the name of Christ is believed in.

In trying to give Fr. Damien his due I do not wish to undervalue the work of other noble men and women who have given their lives to the same service. The Moravians especially deserve great honor, and so do the Roman Catholics who have comparatively recently gone over to help Fr. Damien at Molokai. I think it not improbable that they may be fully his equals in heroism. But it is no wonder that the world at large should exhibit the memory of the one man who went out to Molokai when it was filthy and horrible; who lived there without flinching for 16 years, and who, after six years' endurance of the foul disease, died at his post.

EDWARD CLIFFORD,  
Cambridge, Dec. 13, 1889.

Odds and Ends.

City cousin—"How's your father, James?" Country cousin—"Father isn't very well." City cousin—"He must be getting along in years." Country cousin—"Only 80 last spring." City cousin—"What seems to be the matter with him?" Country cousin—"Can't just say; I guess farming is beginning to tell on him."

M. Dufauré went to roost with the chickens, and rose with the lark. A minister of state pressed him to attend a ball he was giving. M. Dufauré at first suddenly refused, but after a while he said: "By-the-by, when do you go to supper?" "About 9 a. m." "Very good; I'll get up half an hour sooner, join you, and make it my breakfast."

A farmer read in an agricultural journal: "A side window in a stable makes a horse's eyes weak on that side; a window in front hurts his eyes by the glare; a window behind makes him squint-eyed; a window on a diagonal line makes him shy when he travels and a stable without windows makes him blind." The farmer has written to the editor of the agricultural paper asking what effect a window without a stable would have on his horse's eyes.