

**THE BUDGET SPEECH.**

[CONCLUDED.]

The question remaining to be answered is how do we propose to provide ways and means to meet the expenditures of 1880. The amount that will be required is estimated by the Government at \$252,602.94. I have shown you how economical we have been. I do not think any one will accuse the present Government of very great extravagance in the past; and I think this sum will meet our requirements. Now, I will tell you how we propose to raise it. We expect this year, as subsidy from the Dominion Government, an amount very much smaller than ever we received before; viz., about \$153,000. The public lands, last year, yielded about \$45,000. We did not, owing to the scarcity of money throughout the country, receive so much as we anticipated. I think we may fairly estimate the receipt this year from that source of rather more than we received last year. The amount paid at the Land Office during the early part of this year is largely in advance of that paid during the corresponding period of last year. I think we may fairly argue from this fact that we are likely to have an increase in that Department. The Department, as you are aware Mr. Speaker, has recently been placed under the charge of my Hon. friend, the Provincial Secretary-Treasurer. He will be responsible to the Government, to this House and to the country for the management of the Public Lands Office, and I feel sure that he will conduct the business of the Department with due regard to the interests both of the Government and of the people. In saying this I do not wish to insinuate that the Public Lands were not ably managed by the late Commissioner. I am well aware, and the country is well aware, that it would not be possible to get in this Province a man more capable of performing the duties of that responsible office than Mr. Pope. But it was considered to be in the interests of the public to amalgamate the Department with the office of Provincial Secretary-Treasurer, the duties of which are comparatively light. Well, we estimate that we shall receive from the Public Lands Office the sum of \$50,000. The amount owing to the Province on account of the Assessment is about \$16,000. I do not estimate that we shall receive the whole of that sum. Of course we shall not. But I think we may fairly calculate on \$8,000. It is possible that we shall get \$12,000 or \$14,000; and we are, I believe, safely within the mark when we say that we shall receive \$8,000. We received from the Assessment last year the sum of \$22,000. That amount collected this year and added to the \$3,000 of arrears, will give us \$30,000, and I believe we shall receive more than that sum from this source of revenue. The County Courts, we calculate, will give us \$7,000; the Registry Office, \$3,800; the Prothonotary's Office, \$3,800; Provincial Secretary-Treasurer's Office, \$800; Prince of Wales College, \$500, in the shape of fees. There is one public institution from which we never received any revenue before, viz.: the Asylum for the Insane. We expect, this year, to receive from it the sum of \$400. This sum will be paid by "paying patients"—persons who will be required, in return for the treatment they will receive at the Institution, to contribute small amounts according to their means. We expect to receive for private Bills passed by the Legislature, \$50.—nearly the whole of the amount being already paid. Rents of wharves and wharfage will probably amount to \$2,000; fines and penalties to \$600; casual revenue, \$600. Altogether, these several sums amount to \$262,850.00, which will more than meet the estimated expenditure. I wish to call attention to the fact that we have not in this estimate calculated on receiving any extraordinary payments. We are not calculating on windfalls this year. We have estimated the ordinary revenues at the lowest amount. It ought to be \$3,000 or \$4,000 more than we expect to receive. If nothing extraordinary happens, we expect to come out at the end of this year clear of all the indebtedness in which the Province was involved when we took office. Should this hope be gratified, we shall have carried on the business of the Province, and at the end of two years be able to show a clear sheet. That will not, I think, be a very discreditable showing for the Government. As you are aware, we last year called the attention of the proper authorities to the large sum in which the Dominion was indebted to this Province for services which they should properly be paid for by the General Government. I am happy to say that our representatives in this respect were favorably received. The Dominion Government admitted the justice of our claim; and we shall, during the present year, receive from them a considerable sum of money. Now, I don't know that I need take up the time of the House any longer. I have placed before you a statement regarding the financial position of the Province, which I believe to be correct. I have not sought to take an unfair advantage of our predecessors. We are desirous of giving the Opposition fair play, and of putting ourselves in a right position before the country. I challenge our opponents, either in the House or out of it, to show that the statement I have now made is not correct. When we stated last year that there was a large indebtedness at that time we took office, our opponents ridiculed the idea and said, "How could that be, seeing that the Province had to its credit in Ottawa upwards of \$900,000." But now the same gentlemen proclaim, through the length and breadth of the Province, that there is a public debt amounting to \$89,000, some say \$118,000—all incurred during the past year. This statement is utterly without foundation. It is not worthy of refutation. I do not think any one can fairly accuse the present administration of extravagance; and now that Government and Opposition are face to face, I ask our opponents to point to a single instance in which we have been guilty of an undue outlay of the public money. Their attacks have been directed

largely against the Public Works Department. The late Commissioner of Public Works, while meeting manfully and successfully the public requirements, endeavored, to the best of his ability, to economize. The consequence has been that never before was the business of the Department so carefully transacted, and never before were the public works so well managed, as during the period in which the present Government have held the reins of power. Universal satisfaction has been given by that Hon. gentleman. Only a few disappointed and rabid politicians have attempted to attack his management. We waited until this House met, and we should be able to lay our financial statement before the country. That statement is now before you, Mr. Speaker, and before the Province, and we challenge an investigation. I now leave this matter before the House. During the time we may remain in office we shall practice the utmost economy; and, if we do so, I think we need not be ashamed to go before the electors and tell them that we have kept our promises. When we last went to the country we told the people that we should reduce the salaries of public officials, that we should keep down expenditure, and that we intended to reduce the taxes. We have done so. We have reduced the volume of expenditure by nearly \$800,000; we have paid off a great part of our indebtedness; we have very materially lessened the taxation of the people. Next year we hope to have a small surplus to the credit of the Province; and to be able to further lessen the burdens of the country. On these grounds I think we are fairly entitled to some credit from this House and from the country.

To the Editor of the Examiner.

SIR,—In the EXAMINER of yesterday there appears a notice of a meeting said to have been held at Georgetown, a few days ago, for the purpose of bringing these called the "Atlas swindlers" to justice.

This is an error. No such meeting was held in Georgetown, those who subscribed for the work, accepted the same and paid for the Atlas according to agreement.

May I request you to correct the error. Respectfully yours,

D. G.

April 17, 1880. [By reading the article in the Advertiser, we were led to believe that said meeting was held in Georgetown, but have since learned that it was held in Prince Co.]

RETURNING HOME.—The St. John Sun of the 14th inst., says "the American boat last evening brought between eighty and a hundred passengers, including several young men who left New Brunswick in search of employment. They report that hundreds of Provincialists can be seen loafing around Boston Common, out of work and out of money. Many would gladly return home if they were able to pay their passage. Every few days one or two Provincialists find their way back by the St. John & Maine railway. A young man who recently passed through the city from the Western States, on his way to the homestead at Cape Breton gave a gloomy account of the state of affairs at Leadville. Thousands, he said, were flocking in from the East swelling the number of desperate idlers, who, do what they could, were hardly able to earn enough to cover the bare cost of board. Among these destitute ones he met many Nova Scotians and New Brunswickers, all of whom wanted to come home, but been "strapped" could not get away. The money some of them had wasted in looking for the mythical sources of wealth so glowingly depicted by Yankee land and railway agents, would tide them over till work turned up at home at remunerative wages, or go a long way in settling them in good farms on our Free Grants lands.

The following touching statement by Sekukuni appears in a Parliamentary Blue book, March 10:—Further Correspondence, &c., c. 2305, sent by Sir Garnet Wolseley:—"I left my kraal before the fighting commenced, and was high up in the mountain in a cave watching. The Swazis killed lots of people going down, and cleared out many of the caves. The one in which I was, they overlooked. After they had passed down, we went out to see who had been killed. I saw my brothers, Muriwani and Simppuru, dead—the first shot, the other assegaid. I saw my two sons lying dead, assegaid by the Swazis. I saw six other children dead, killed by the Swazis. I am childless and alone now. My wife and the two girls with me are all that are left."

On account of a widely extended strike among the factories of New England, several agents of the manufacturers have been scouring the Province of Nova Scotia, offering young Nova Scotia women high wages as operatives. This fact explains the somewhat larger migration of Nova Scotia girls to the United States, which has been magnified by Opposition writers and speakers into an exodus.

THE CANADA TELEPHONE COMPANY.—Notice is given in the Canadian Gazette that application will be made for the incorporation of the Canadian Telephone Company, with a capital of \$200,000, the chief place of business being Montreal. The applicants are William Hathaway Forbes, Montreal, Theodore Newton Vail, manager, and Charles Fleetwood Size, merchant, of Boston, Andrew Robertson, Duncan McIntyre, Joseph Rosaire Thibaudan and Hugh Mackay, all merchants of Montreal.

It is estimated that 13,000,000 cows are in the United States, which is six times the number in Great Britain, more than twice the number in France, two-and-a-half times more than in England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, Denmark, Norway, Sweden, Russia, Finland, Austria, Hungary and Switzerland combined, although these countries contain four times the population of the United States. No adequate comparison can be made with Canada as yet, as the statistical returns have not been received.

**Emigrants, Attention.**

THE BEST ROUTE FOR

Manitoba, Colorado, and the West,

IS VIA THE Intercolonial and Grand Trunk Railway.

QUICKER TIME, SHORTER DISTANCE and FARES always LOWER from Prince Edward Island than by any other route. For TICKETS and all information about Luggage, Freights, &c., apply to

F. W. HALES, Agent Grand Trunk Railway. Charlottetown, April 17, 1880—3ra wkly

**CHARLOTTETOWN MUTUAL Fire Insurance Company.**

THE Directors, on and after WEDNESDAY, the 21st inst., will pay to Policy Holders their proportion of Division of Funds in accordance with prepared Schedule to be seen at the Office of the President, H. J. CALLECK. Payment made between the hours of 10 o'clock, a. m., and 4 p. m., at said place.

H. V. PALMER, Acting Secretary. Ch'town, April 17, 1880—3i

**FIVE THOUSAND TWO-BUSHEL SACKS.**

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN. HORACE HASZARD. Charlottetown, April 17, 1880—1w

**Codfish. Codfish.**

FOR SALE, CHEAP.—60 Quintals Codfish. W. D. STEWART, April 17, '80—4i cod Auctioneer.

**CANNED GEESE.**

IN ONE POUND TINS, at 22 CENTS. For sale at BEER & GOFF'S. April 17, 1880.

**Potato Farina.**

AN EXCELLENT SUBSTITUTE FOR CORN STARCH, and CHEAPER, at BEER & GOFF'S. April 17, 1880.

**TEA. TEA.**

CHESTS AND HALF CHESTS, Wholesale, Cheap, at BEER & GOFF'S. April 17, 1880.

**Marmalade and Jams.**

FOR SALE IN BULK, AT BEER & GOFF'S. April 17, 1880.

**The Insolvent Act of 1875 and Amending Acts.**

In the matter of JOHN SELLAR, an Insolvent.

**FURNITURE SALE.**

I WILL sell AT AUCTION, on WEDNESDAY NEXT, the 21st of April, at the residence of the above Insolvent, Upper Prince Street, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, the following articles of Household Furniture,—1 Organ and Stool, Sewing Machine, Sofa, Centre Table, Rocking Chair, Window Curtain and Cornices, Carpet, Clothes Press, Book Case and Desk, set Drawers and Glass, 1 Sink, lot Carpeting and Mats, 1 Chest Drawers, Bedsteads, Tables, Wash Stands, 1 set Parlor Furniture, etc., etc. Also, a lot of Black-Thorn Plants.

B. WILSON HIGGS, Assignee. Charlottetown, P. E. I., April 16, 1880. [till sale, pat li]

**ROOFING SLATES.**

IN STOCK, and FOR SALE, CHEAP,—35 Tons Pennsylvania Slates, Direct from the Quarries. Imported previous to advance in duties. Builders are invited to call and inspect samples. Terms of payment easy.

F. S. HANFORD, April 16, 1880—5i 43 Water Street.

**LONDON HOUSE**

Tailoring Department.

GEO. DAVIES & CO. beg to announce that they have secured the services of Mr. R. MAYNARD, late cutter to Mr. H. G. Laurellard, of Halifax, who comes to them with the highest recommendations.

From the long experience of Mr. Maynard in one of the leading establishments in Halifax, they have no hesitation, at the commencement of their Spring Work, in promising to their customers entire satisfaction.

No pains will be spared to make this Department of the London House as perfect as it possibly can be.

Ch'town, April 10, 1880.—ed t i cod wk sf

**83.**

**QUEEN STREET,**

Opposite Bell Tower,

The Best place to Buy

**DRESS GOODS,**

Printed, White and Grey

**COTTONS,**

MILLINERY!

OF ALL KINDS.

Beddings, Tablings,

&c., &c.

**TWEEDS,**

Suitings, &c.,

READYMADE

**CLOTHING,**

HATS, &c.

**CARPETS**

A GOOD ASSORTMENT, CHEAP.

**Room Papers,**

A GREAT VARIETY.

**DELICIOUS TEAS.**

ALL KINDS OF

**DRY GOODS!**

AT VERY LOW PRICES, AT

**TREMAINE &**

**METCALF'S,**

83 QUEEN STREET.

Ch'town, March 30, 1880.

**In the Vice-Admiralty Court of the Province of Prince Edward Island.**

DANIEL McDONALD against the Schr. "Emilienne," her Tackle, Apparel and Furniture.

IN pursuance of a decree of appraisement and Sale issued out of the above Court, dated the 14th April 1880, and to me directed, I will set up and sell, or cause to be sold, at PUBLIC AUCTION, on THURSDAY, the 22nd day of April, inst., at 12 o'clock, noon, where she now lies near Prince Street Wharf, the above named Schooner "Emilienne," together with her Tackle, Apparel and Furniture.

Dated this fifteenth day of April, 1880. FRED. W. HYNDMAN, Marshal Vice-Admiralty Court. [ap 15, pat till sale]

**ONE-THIRD DISCOUNT.**

THE Subscriber wishes to intimate to the public in general that he has just fitted up apartments in his Warerooms purposely for the Undertaking business in addition to his former appliances, and is prepared to furnish Caskets, Coffins, Hearses, &c., on the shortest notice, and at greatly reduced prices. Telegraph orders from the country will be specially attended to at one hour's notice. He has on hand a large assortment of Rosewood, Walnut and Mahogany, Rosewood and Walnut imitation Caskets in a variety of Patterns and sizes, and prices below any in the city, with silver-plated (Canadian and American) mounting in beautiful designs as well as modifications of old and approved patterns of mounting.

Hearses of every class, and horses well trained, with careful drivers, and at prices lower than any other Establishment; and 33 per cent. less will be charged on the Hearse when ordered with the Casket.

MARK BUTCHER, Queen Square Warerooms, Ch'town. April 13, '80—pres ar wkly 4w cod

**Fire, Life, Marine.**

**INSURANCE OFFICE.**

THE undersigned has removed his Office from Queen Square to No. 61 WATER STREET, the Building lately occupied by HASZARD BROS.

HORACE HASZARD, Charlottetown, April 14, '80—1w

**BRICKS.**

ON SALE, ABOUT 50,000 BRICKS! Apply to TREMAINE & METCALF. April 12, 1870.—1m

**Wants, Lost, Found, &c.**

TO LET—The commodious and neat COTTAGE, with good yard, Garden, Coach House and Stables, conveniently situated on Richmond Street west. Possession given about the 17th May, ensuing. Apply to JAMES D. MASSON. [ap 17, 3i cod]

LOST—In this City, a case of Surgical Instruments. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at APOTHECARIES HALL. [ap 16]

WANTED—A GIRL to do general Housework. Apply at M. STEVENSON'S, Richmond Street. [ap 15]

HOUSE TO LET—A large and commodious Dwelling of 13 apartment, suitable for Hotel accommodation, centrally located on Hillsborough Street, within a few minutes walk of Railway Depot, Market House, and Post Office. Possession given 1st May proximo. Apply to ROBT. BRIDGES. [alstf]

WANTED—A COOK, well recommended. Apply to Mrs. MAC-SAB, Dundas Esplanade, any morning between 10 and 12 o'clock. [a 13. if]

LOST.—In this city a GOLD BROOCH. The finder will please leave it at the EXAMINER Office. [ap 12]

FOR SALE OR TO LET.—The House at present occupied by the subscriber, on West Street, opposite the residence of James Peako, Esq., apply to SAMUEL N. EARLE.—ap 12.

TO LET—Good Pasturage for seven Cows, within a convenient distance of the city. Apply at this office. [a 9]

TO LET FOR THE SEASON—Large Garden in high state of cultivation, well stocked with choice fruit trees; centrally situated. Apply at this office. [a 9]

FOR SALE—VIS-A-VIS WAGON, nearly new. Will sell cheap for cash. Apply at this office. [a 9]

TO LET—On or about the first April, the House now occupied by Mr. Benjamin Davies, junr., fronting on Water Street. For information apply to W. W. CLARKE [m 18 if]

TO LET That comfortable and convenient COTTAGE (9 rooms), with stable and coach house, situate on Dorchester Street, adjoining the premises of the undersigned. Possession given 1st May. Apply to H. J. CUNDALL. [a 13, cod]

BOARDERS WANTED—Two or three persons can be accommodated with furnished rooms and board in a pleasant part of the city. Enquire at this office. [a 14 cod]

TO LET—On the ninth of April, the HOUSE now occupied by R. Young, Esq. W. J. BOSWALL. [te 21]